
Student name: _____

Student number: _____

There are 9 questions and 100 marks total.

1. (15 points) **Show** that the compound proposition below is a **contradiction**:

$$(p \vee q) \wedge (\sim p \vee q) \wedge (p \vee \sim q) \wedge (\sim p \vee \sim q)$$

2. (10 points) **Find** $f \circ g$ and $g \circ f$, where $f(x) = x^2 + 1$ and $g(x) = x + 2$, are functions from \mathbf{R} to \mathbf{R} .

3. (10 points) Let $f(x) = 2x$. What is (a) $f(\mathbf{Z})$? (b) $f(\mathbf{R})$?

4. (10 points) **Find the inverse function** of $f(x) = x^3 + 1$ where $x \in \mathbf{R}$.

5. (10 points) Let $A_i = \{\dots, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, \dots, i\}$ for $i = 1, 2, 3, \dots$. **Find** (a) $\bigcup_{i=1}^n A_i$ (b) $\bigcap_{i=1}^n A_i$

6. (10 points) Suppose that the universal set is $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$. **Express each of these sets with bit strings** where the i th bit in the string is 1 if i is in the set and 0 otherwise. (Note, the elements of a bit string are numbered from zero up to the number of bits in the string less one, in *right to left order*, (the rightmost bit is numbered zero).)

(a) $\{3, 4, 5\}$ (b) $\{1, 3, 6, 10\}$

7. (15 points) The **symmetric difference** of A and B , denoted by $A \oplus B$, is the set containing those elements in either A or B , but not in both A and B . **Determine whether the symmetric difference is associative**; that is, if A , B , and C are sets, does it follow that $A \oplus (B \oplus C) = (A \oplus B) \oplus C$?

8. (10 points) **Compute** each of these double sums.

(a) $\sum_{i=1}^7 \sum_{j=1}^3 (-i + 4j)$ (b) $\sum_{i=0}^2 \sum_{j=0}^3 (i^2 j^3)$

9. (10 points) **Determine** whether the function $f: \mathbf{Z} \times \mathbf{Z} \rightarrow \mathbf{Z}$ is **onto** if

(a) $f(m, n) = m + n$ (b) $f(m, n) = m^2 + n^2$