

A black and white photograph of a prison corridor. The corridor is long and narrow, with a tiled floor and a concrete wall on the left. On the right, there are multiple levels of cell windows, each with vertical bars. The perspective is looking down the corridor towards a bright light at the end. The text "Prison release and community spread of COVID-19" is overlaid in white, bold, sans-serif font in the upper half of the image.

Prison release and community spread of COVID-19

Team A-009 Final Presentation

Research Question & Hypothesis



Research Question: What is the impact of prison population reduction policies on COVID-19 infection rates in the surrounding county population?



Hypotheses:

- A. County-level COVID-19 rates are related to local prison populations
- B. Counties with greater reductions in prison population will have lower COVID-19 infection rates

Background

Problem: Overcrowding, rapid turnover of inmates, and high daily foot traffic in jail and prison facilities may exacerbate spread

Policies to reduce incarcerated population:

- Reduce admissions
- Release currently incarcerated (e.g. people who are medically vulnerable or nearing the end of their sentence)

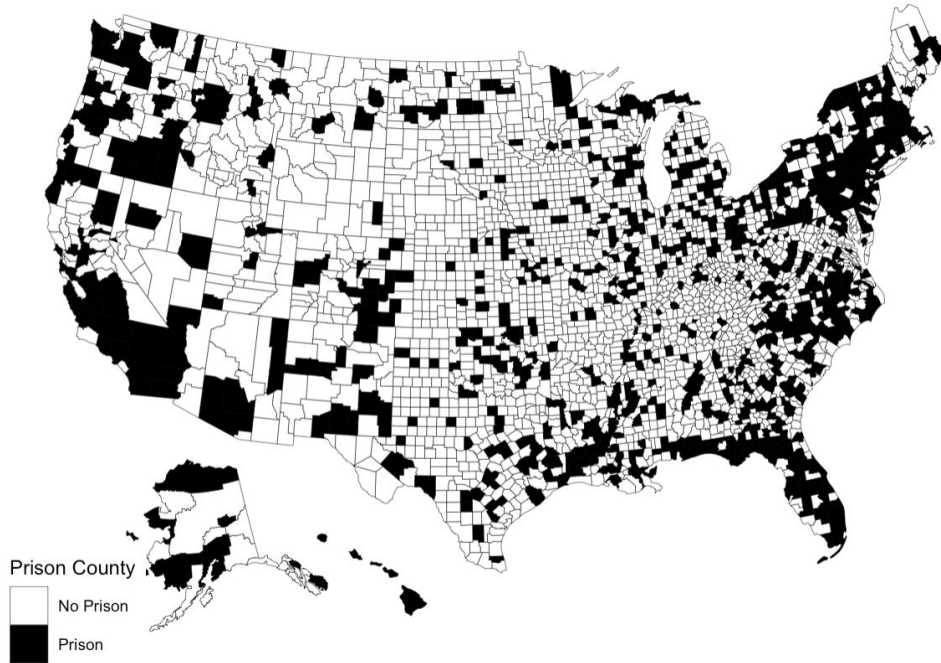
Reducing the jailed population could be an effective way to minimize COVID-19 infection rates within jails and in the surrounding communities (Lofgren et. al., 2020)

“We can save as many as 23,000 people in jail and 76,000 in the broader community if we stop arrests for all but the most serious offenses and double the rate of release for those already detained.”

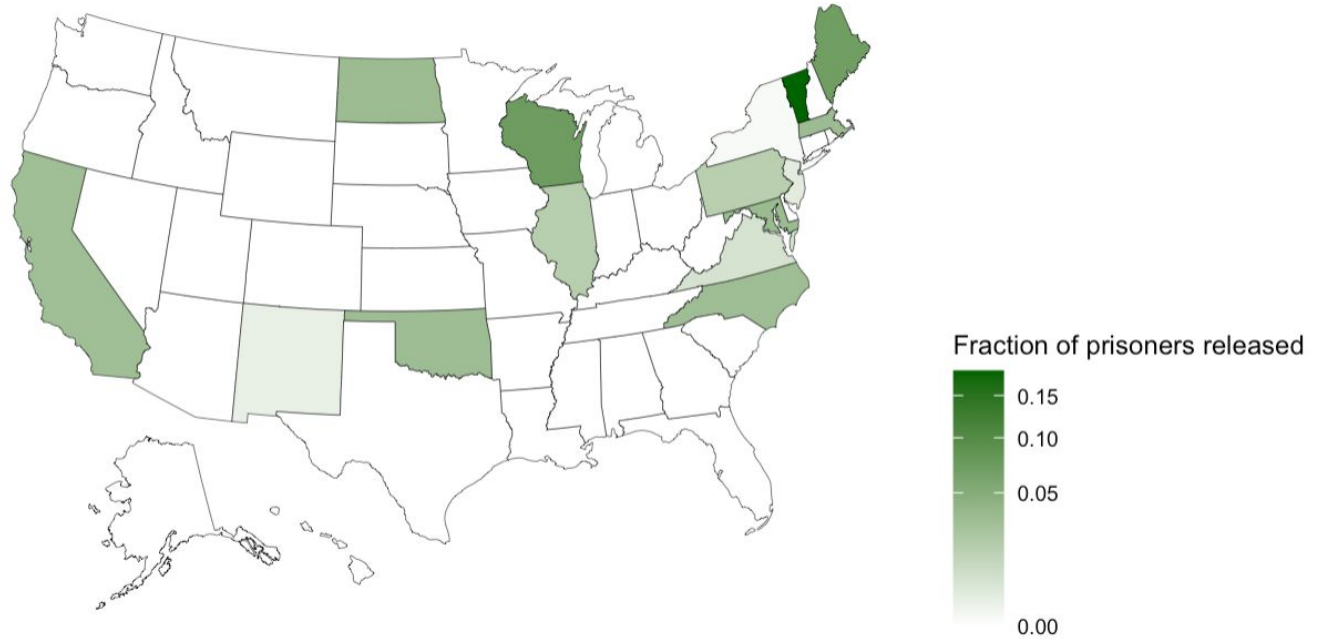
- The American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU)

We expand on existing research by looking at the relationship between reducing populations in *prisons* and the incidence of COVID-19 cases in surrounding counties.

Background: Prisons by county



Background: Fraction of prisoners released by state



Data Sources on incarceration population are limited



Jail and Prison Data

- Incarcerated COVID-19 rates
 - **The Marshall Project** data relies on testing availability, limited to some states
- Jail and prison population and release data
 - **UCLA Law Covid-19 Behind Bars Data Project** - release rates over the entire state and among limited states*
 - **Vera Institute of Justice** (jail only)



State and County Data

- Rates of COVID-19 infection
 - **New York Times** Covid-19 Data (county level)
- **Census** tract data
 - County demographics, population density
- Indicator of a prison within county boundaries
 - **Homeland Infrastructure** Foundation Level Data

Relationship between infection rates and presence of local prisons

$$\Delta C \sim I_{\text{prison county}} + \rho + N$$

ΔC : Weekly county-level change in COVID-19 cases

$I_{\text{prison county}}$: indicator variable for prison county

ρ : population density

N : total county population

(1)	
VARIABLES	diff_cases
prison_county	10.400*** (3.396)
population_density	0.103*** (0.006)
tot_population	0.000*** (0.000)
Constant	-11.042*** (1.115)
Observations	111,865
Robust standard errors in parentheses	
*** p<0.01, ** p<0.05, * p<0.1	

Empirical Model

Covariate controls in a generalized linear model (GLM)

$$\Delta C \sim r + p + d$$

ΔC : Weekly change in COVID-19 cases in prison county

r : Fraction of prisoners released statewide

p : Population controls (total population, population density, etc.)

d : Demographic controls (age, race, gender, etc.)

Results: Fraction released and county infection rates, with covariate controls

Robust standard errors in parentheses

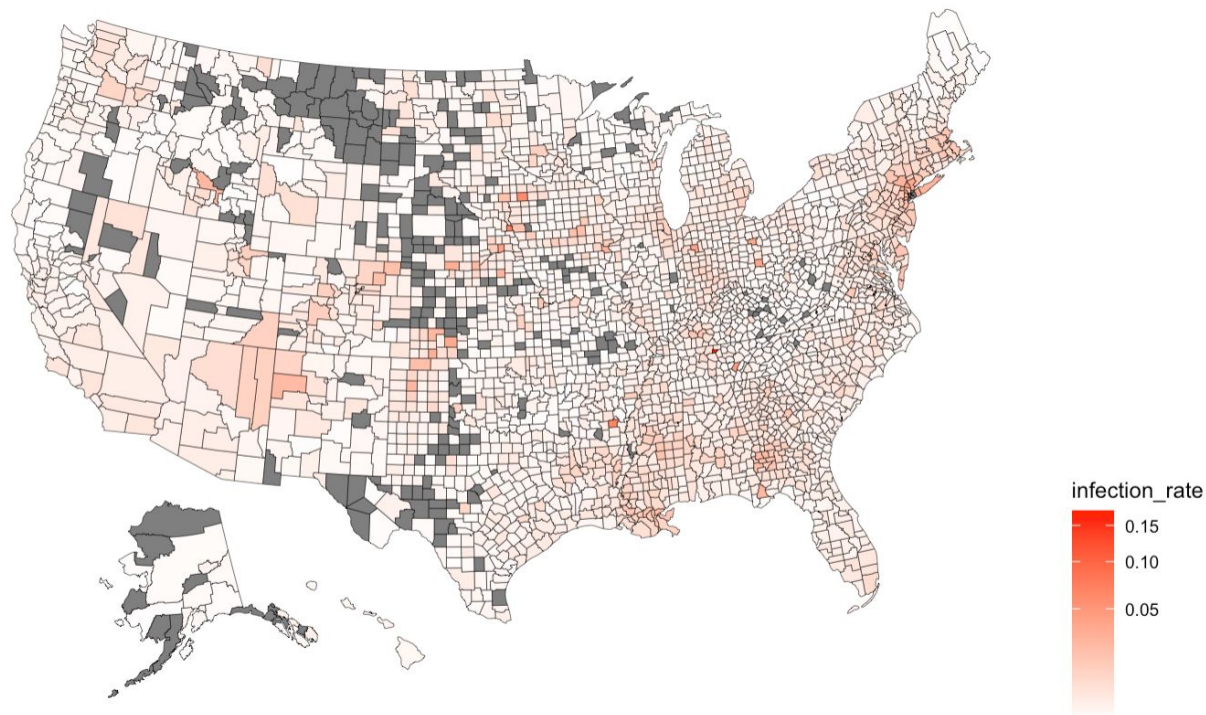
*** p<0.01, ** p<0.05, * p<0.1

	(1)	(2)	(3)
VARIABLES	diff_cases	diff_cases	diff_cases
frac_released	-342.242***	-457.922***	-476.597***
	(48.482)	(51.594)	(52.383)
population_density	0.157***	0.157***	0.158***
	(0.007)	(0.007)	(0.007)
tot_pop	0.000***	0.000***	0.000***
	(0.000)	(0.000)	(0.000)
prison_pop		0.006***	0.007***
		(0.002)	(0.002)
highrisk_agegroup_perc			277.201***
			(45.005)
Constant	-2.908	-9.075**	-61.013***
	(3.306)	(3.863)	(11.469)
AIC	14.64017	14.69915	14.6983
Observations	37,772	33,790	33,790

Limitations

Missingness

- General population COVID infection data
- Prison infection rates due to limited testing
- County-level or prison-level release information



Policy implications & areas for future research

Policy Implications

A better understanding of the relationship between prison release on population health may:

- Support policymakers to take the necessary measures to protect communities proximate to prisons
- Equip advocacy groups such as the [Vera Institute](#) and the [ACLU](#) to continue to advocate for policies to reduce the size of prison populations
- Help states better manage future disease outbreaks

Areas for Future Research

- Dig deeper into the nuances of release policies within states to isolate which policies most effectively reduce incarcerated populations in prisons
- Better understand the cost of policies and predict cost-benefit estimates

Sources: Github https://github.com/CindyXin97/MIT_COVID-19_Datathon

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