

START

Usage: ./seqConvolve.out [-i input.wav] [-r filter.wav] [-o output.wav]

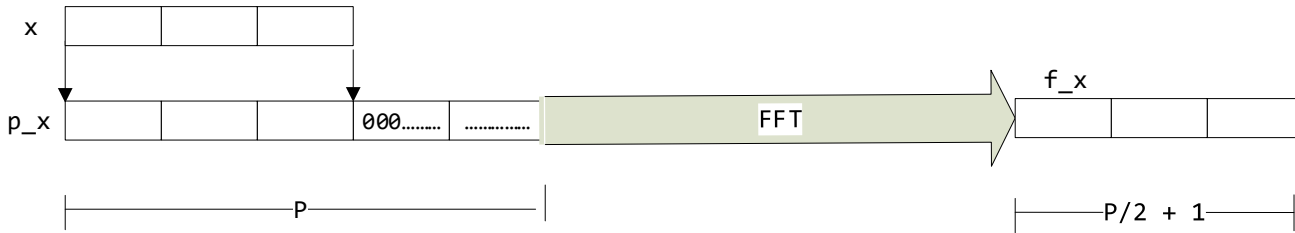
*Assuming files are
mono so # frames = #
samples*

N = # frames in input
Allocate memory for x
x = data of input

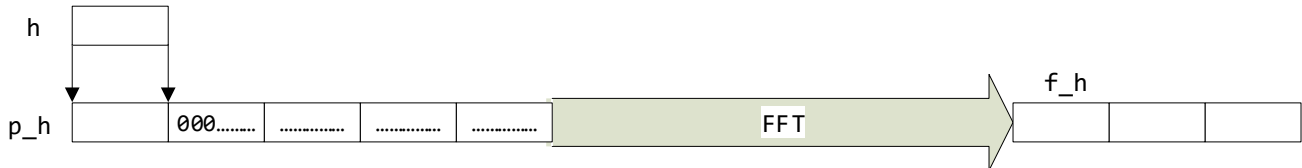
K = # frames in filter
Allocate memory for h
h = data of filter

peakIn = max(abs(ibuf))
 $Y = N + K - 1$
 $P = 2^{\lceil \log_2(Y) \rceil}$
Allocate memory for y

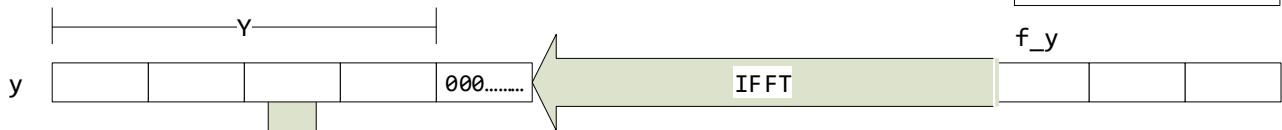
Copy x into p_x and pad the rest with 0's



Copy h into p_h and pad the rest with 0's



$f_y = f_x \cdot f_h$



peakOut = max(abs(y))

$y = y \cdot \text{peakIn} / \text{peakOut}$



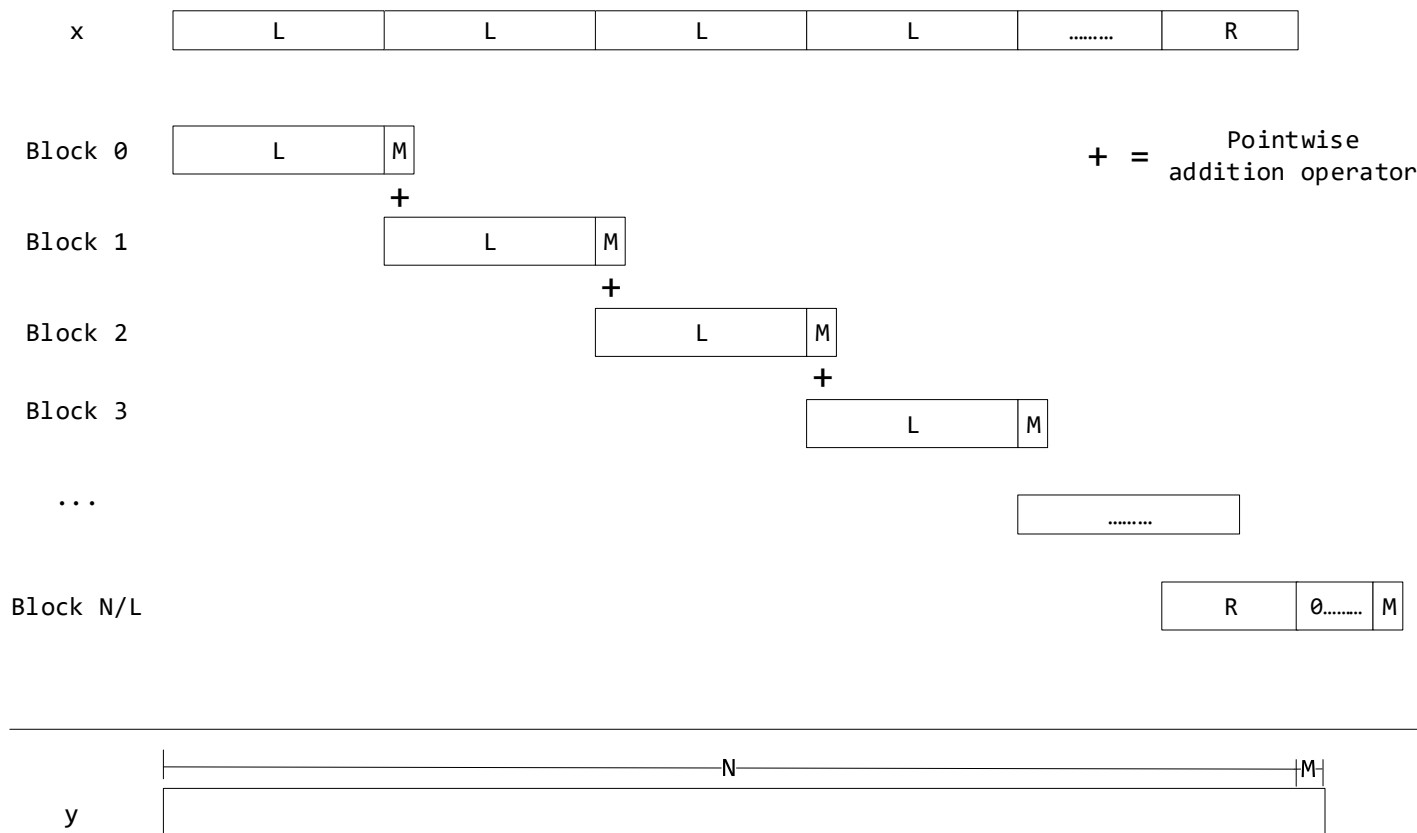
Write Y # of samples in y to file

Write to output.wav

x = input
 N = size of input
 h = filter
 K = size of filter
 $Y = N + K - 1$ = length of output

L = input block amount
 $R = \text{remainder} = N \% L$
 $M = K - 1$
 Block Size = $L + M$

L can be any length and can change in size. For simplicity, here L is constant and L is chosen so that the block size is a factor of 2



- 1 - Copy L elements from the input to the block
- 2 - Pad the block with M number of 0's
- 3 - Convolve the block
- 4 - Repeat for all blocks until the last block
- 5 - For the last block, copy R elements and pad the remainder of the block with 0's
- 6 - Reconstruct the output from the collection of blocks

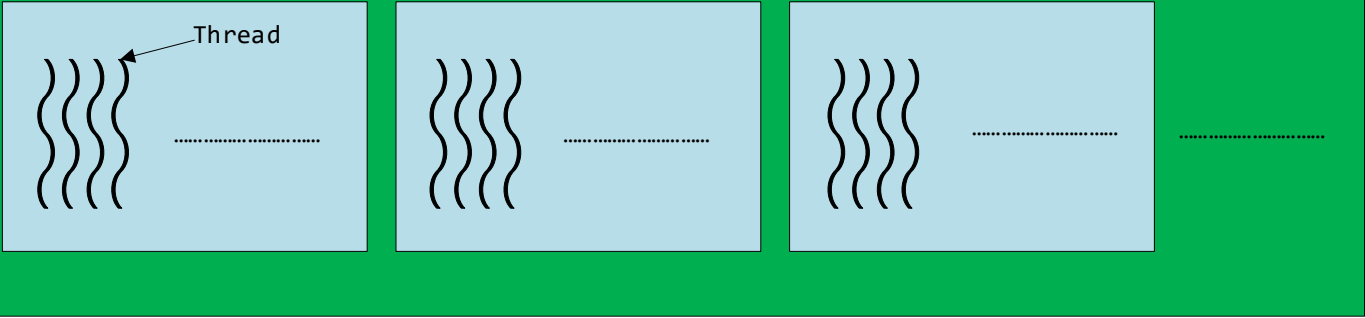
Excluding the first and last block, M number of elements are pointwise added together at both the beginning and the end of each block.

For the first block, M elements at the end are pointwise added. For the last block, M elements at the beginning are pointwise added.

Grid

Block

Thread

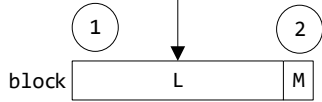




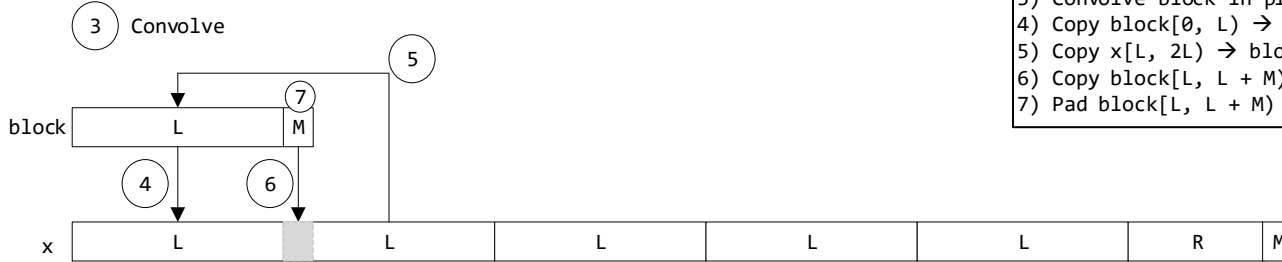
x = input
 N = size of input
 h = filter
 K = size of filter

L = input block amount
 R = remainder = $N \% L$
 $M = K - 1$
 Block Size = $L + M$

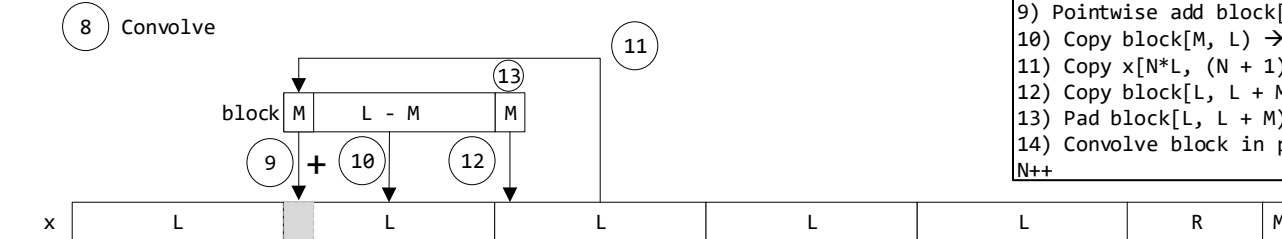
L can be any length and can change in size. For simplicity, here L is constant and L is chosen so that the block size is a factor of 2



$N = 0$
 1) Copy $x[0, L) \rightarrow \text{block}[0]$
 2) Pad $\text{block}[L, L + M)$ with 0's
 3) Convolve block in place with filter
 4) Copy $\text{block}[0, L) \rightarrow x[0]$
 5) Copy $x[L, 2L) \rightarrow \text{block}[0]$
 6) Copy $\text{block}[L, L + M) \rightarrow x[L]$
 7) Pad $\text{block}[L, L + M)$ with 0's



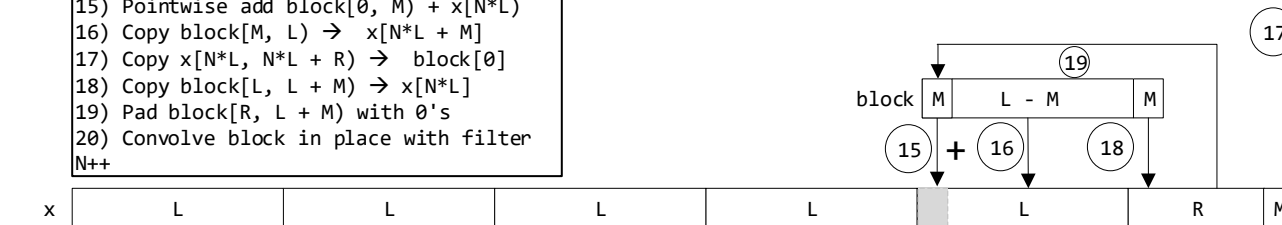
$N = 1$
 8) Convolve block in place with filter
 9) Pointwise add $\text{block}[0, M) + x[N * L)$
 10) Copy $\text{block}[M, L) \rightarrow x[N * L + M]$
 11) Copy $x[N * L, (N + 1) * L) \rightarrow \text{block}[0]$
 12) Copy $\text{block}[L, L + M) \rightarrow x[N * L]$
 13) Pad $\text{block}[L, L + M)$ with 0's
 14) Convolve block in place with filter
 $N++$



Repeat steps 9 - 14 until no more whole blocks size L and increment N each time

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15) Pointwise add $\text{block}[0, M) + x[N * L)$
 16) Copy $\text{block}[M, L) \rightarrow x[N * L + M]$
 17) Copy $x[N * L, N * L + R) \rightarrow \text{block}[0]$
 18) Copy $\text{block}[L, L + M) \rightarrow x[N * L]$
 19) Pad $\text{block}[R, L + M)$ with 0's
 20) Convolve block in place with filter
 $N++$



21) Pointwise add $\text{block}[0, M) + x[N * L)$
 22) Copy $\text{block}[M, R + M) \rightarrow x[N * L + M]$

