

Color trends are getting wacky.

Gradients everywhere, companies rebranding with bold, bright colors at every turn...it's a lot to take in. If you've been living under a rock and have no idea what I'm talking about, take a look at our analysis of the <u>otop graphic design trends for 2021</u>.

How can you possibly keep up?

Well, I'd like to throw an even crazier idea out there: creating compelling color schemes for infographics is not all about following the hottest trends.

Yes, you should definitely consider what's trending when thinking about color. But if you're not a full-time designer, you'll probably struggle to make most of those trends work for you.

My advice: focus less on style, and more on substance.

Researchers spend a lot of time investigating the perception and cognition of color, and we can use what they learn to design better, more effective graphics.

WATCH: Everything you need to know about COLOR... in under 3 minutes!

#### A bit about color theory

We can't discuss color without a bit of basic color theory. I'll keep it to a bare minimum, I promise.

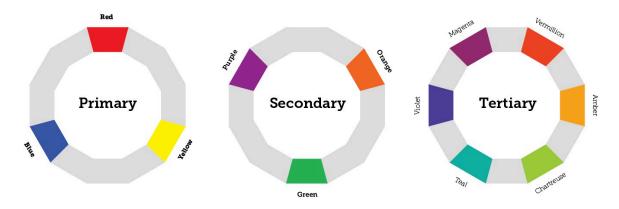
Meet the color wheel:



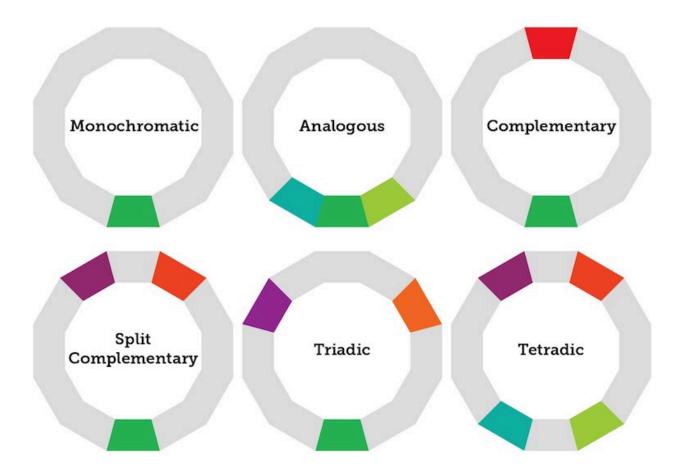
If you're anything like me, you're flashing back to elementary school art class right about now. Believe it or not, the color wheel is actually a very useful tool when it comes to design. It can help us understand color relationships, which are indispensable for ovisual communication.

I'm sure you know that the primary colors (red, yellow, and blue) mix to form the secondary colors (orange, green, and purple).

Take it a step further, and you'll see that the secondary colors mix to form the tertiary colors (vermillion, amber, chartreuse, teal, violet, and magenta), rounding out the color wheel.



How can we use this color wheel to create impactful color palettes? Let's start by reviewing the classic color relationships.



- \*\*Monochromatic: A monochromatic color scheme consists of a single color (or multiple variants of that color).\*\*
- Analogous: Analogous colors are side-by-side on the color wheel.
- Complementary: Complementary colors are across from each other on the color wheel.
- **Split-complementary:** A split-complementary color scheme is a variant of the complementary color scheme, with one base color and two secondary colors adjacent to its complementary color.
- Triadic: A triadic color scheme features three equidistant colors.
- Tetradic: A tetradic color scheme features two pairs of complementary colors.

That's all you need to know for now. I'll be using these terms later on, so feel free to refer back here to refresh your memory.

#### Harnessing the power of color for communication

Graphic designers use all sorts of tricks to enhance visual communication. When it comes to communication, color is one of the most powerful tools in the designer's toolkit.

#### Color is particularly useful for:

- 1. Creating contrast
- 2. Grouping elements
- 3. Encoding quantity

Let's take a look at each of these in turn.

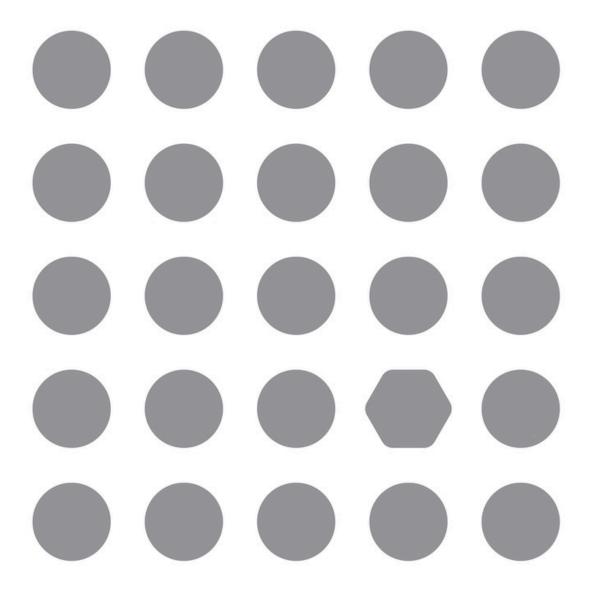
#### 1. Use color contrast to make your most relevant content visually salient

Salience is a quality that makes an object stand out against its surroundings. Like a loud phone ringing in a quiet room, or the flash of some (terrifying) creature's eyes on a dark evening, salient objects or events immediately grab our attention.

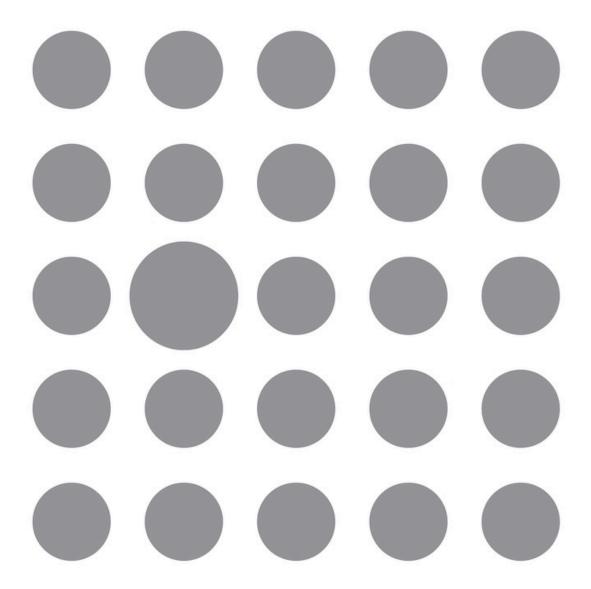
We can learn to control salience in our infographics to help our viewers pay attention to the most important elements of a composition. By playing with attributes like color, shape, size, position, and orientation we can create the contrast that our brain is hardwired to pay attention to.

Let's do a little test.

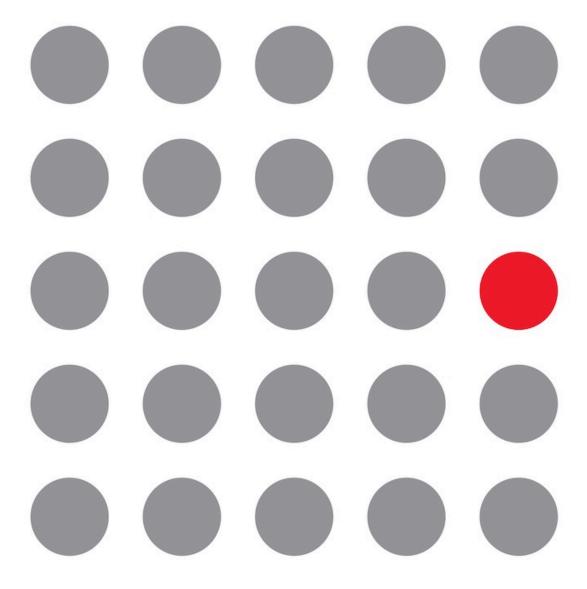
How long does it take you to find the odd one out in this image?



How about this one?



And this one?



In the first example, we have to do a bit of work to pick out the unique shape. In the second, the larger circle jumps out pretty quickly. In the last example, we barely have to glance at the image to know that the odd one out is the far-right circle in the central row.

Color is by far the most powerful visual quality when it comes to creating visual salience through contrast.

How do we can apply this to infographics?

#### 2. Add a single highlight color to a black and white composition

Here's a Venngage email newsletter template aimed at sharing monthly revenue results with employees. I've made this first example black and white to remove any of the visual salience gained from color information:





#### THOUGHTS FROM THE CEO

ALEX BANNISTER

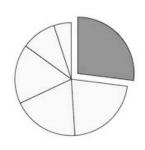
"The world of coffee is changing rapidly. It seems like just yesterday we caught on that inhome coffee sells better than cafe options, whether it's slow pour, cold-press, pods whatever. Industry leaders changed their entire operations and product line ups to cash in on this growing market. But now it's about curating an aromatic and flavorful experience for the consumer, at least, that's a significant growing market. People want good coffee but in the right mug, surrounded by the right ambience, and around people. It is as much a social drink as a private one. Havmor Coffee has managed two specific coffee chains in two different large cities, faced intense competition from a multitude of competitors and has still managed to stay on top of its game. What does it all come down to? Knowing our craft. This past month has been one of consistent wins, reassuring the people at Havmor that what it does, it does better than rest."

#### MONTHLY REVENUE RESULTS

APRIL

\$410,000 from 27,000 customers

April 2020 sales show a 1.24% growth over previous month



Havmor current coffee market share at **27**%.

Havmor Starbucks Second Cup Tim Hortons Timothys Other

When I glance at this, I immediately see the banner image at the top and the highlighted chunk of the pie chart at the bottom, because they're particularly dark. But the most important information here (the revenue, customer base, and market share) doesn't stand out.

Realistically, we only have a few seconds to catch our readers' attention before they send our email hurtling towards the trash. Using color to highlight the key bits of information, we can capture our readers in a fraction of that time:





#### THOUGHTS FROM THE CEO

ALEX BANNISTER

"The world of coffee is changing rapidly. It seems like just yesterday we caught on that inhome coffee sells better than cafe options, whether it's slow pour, cold-press, pods whatever. Industry leaders changed their entire operations and product line ups to cash in on this growing market. But now it's about curating an aromatic and flavorful experience for the consumer, at least, that's a significant growing market. People want good coffee but in the right mug, surrounded by the right ambience, and around people. It is as much a social drink as a private one. Havmor Coffee has managed two specific coffee chains in two different large cities, faced intense competition from a multitude of competitors and has still managed to stay on top of its game. What does it all come down to? Knowing our craft. This past month has been one of consistent wins, reassuring the people at Havmor that what it does, it does better than rest."

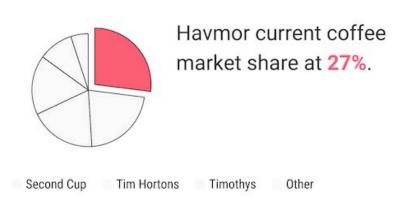
#### MONTHLY REVENUE RESULTS

Starbucks

APRIL

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With a single color strategically creating some visual salience, we've dramatically improved our chances of engaging with our readers.

When working with black and white compositions, adding a highlight color is fairly straightforward. Let's see if we can use what we know about color theory to apply the same principles to more complex situations.

#### 3. Use black and white to add contrast to monochromatic compositions

Monochromatic color schemes are great because you don't have to worry about matching or balancing different colors, and they automatically inject a sense of cohesion into your piece.

But they are inherently lacking in color contrast, which is dangerous from a communication standpoint.

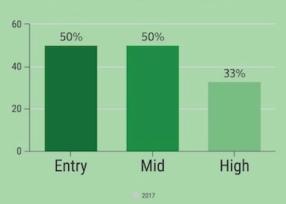
The workaround: use white to draw attention to the important elements, and use black to improve the readability of smaller text.

Here, the large white title captures your attention before your eye is drawn to the white highlight in the bottom right corner:

# EVOLUTION OF "HOT" MARKETING SKILLS



#### Data Skills Are Demanded Across All Job Levels



The most popularly demanded skills by marketing directors and hiring managers include: "Data Analysis," "SEO," "SQL," "Google Analytics" and "HTML."

#### **Shortage Of Data Skills**





#### Demand

Supply

There is a MASSIVE shortage of marketers with Data analytics skills. In fact, only 3% of all marketers are competent in crunching data. The discrepancy between supply and demand is over 10x for every level!

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This hammers home the main takeaway of the infographic: the imbalance between supply and demand for data skills in marketing.

The added bonus of using black and white in otherwise monochromatic palettes: it breaks up the composition, giving the eye a rest from the abundance of color.

#### 4. Use a complementary color to highlight very small bits of important information

Complementary colors (directly across from each other on the color wheel) have the greatest possible color contrast. It can be hard to make highly contrasting colors look good together in large amounts, but in small amounts they can be really powerful.

In this infographic, complementary orange contrasts with the central blue theme, drawing attention to a key statistic:

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# THE SECRET FORMULA FOR FACEBOOK ADVERTISING

It has never been more important to include paid social advertising as part of your LEAD GENERATION STRATEGY. For a very low cost, you can get your message in front of a huge number of people with Facebook Ads.



C

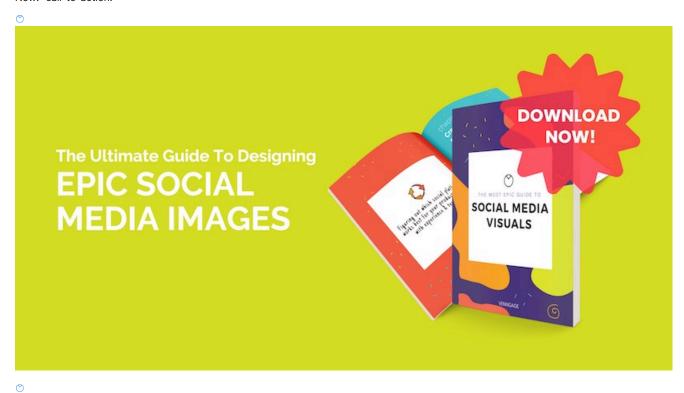
If possible, limit the complementary color to a very small area. This will keep the contrast from feeling overwhelming and clownish.

Another trick that can help here is to think about color temperature. Ninety percent of the time, a complementary color scheme works because a cool color is used for the background, while the warm color is reserved for highlights.

This is because warm colors are naturally more salient, and tend to feel like they are "advancing" towards us, demanding our attention, while the opposite is true for cool colors.

Let's look at an example.

In this Facebook Ad template, red does its job by contrasting with the complementary <u>mgreen base color</u> to highlight the key "Download Now!" call-to-action:



When the roles are reversed, the red background competes with the green CTA, demanding more attention:



It's just as important to recognize and suppress this inadvertent visual salience as it is to consciously add visual salience to important elements.

If you want a simple take-away from this whole discussion of color and visual salience: use high contrast, warm colors to draw attention to key information.

#### 5. Use different colors to create visual groupings

We've established that color is one of the first things we notice when we look at a graphic. It's also particularly good at encoding categorical data.

#### Translation: we can use color to create visual groupings.

Consider this graphic <u>ocommunicating a company's business strategy</u>. It features three tiers of information (represented in three columns, each with a different visual treatment) and three categories (marketing, customer service, and productivity) which are visually identical.

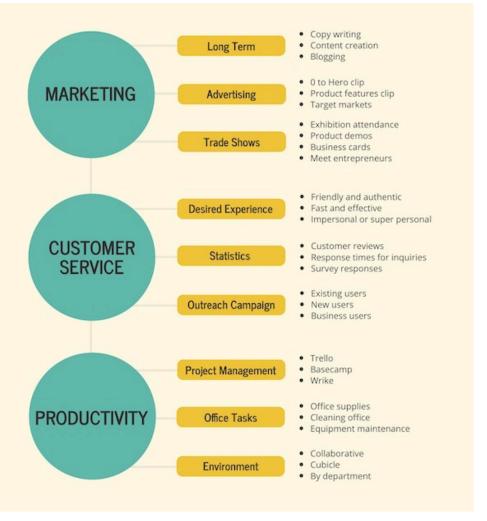
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We can use color to reinforce the tiers:

## OUR BUSINESS STRATEGY

Once goals and objectives are developed, the next step is to determine the best strategy to achieve them. Growing the business might involve a strategy of reaching out to new market segments. Businesses must select the most appropriate strategies given their goals, objectives, mission, vision and values.



Or to give each category a different visual treatment, adding a new layer of information:

## OUR BUSINESS STRATEGY

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This kind of encoding facilitates visual comparison within categories, which is especially useful if you're visualizing data:



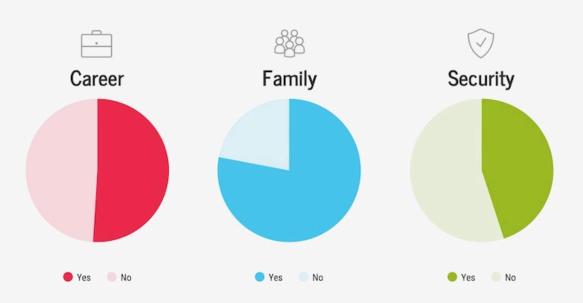




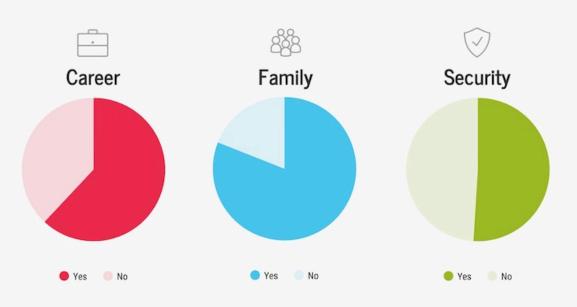
# Are People Happy?

Survey administered between August 2016 to August 2017

## North America



## Central America



## Europe



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What colors should you use to create visual groupings?

Triadic and tetradic color schemes are perfect for creating visual groupings when each category is equally important. As seen below, the yellow, red, and blue sections bear equivalent visual weight:

#### - ABOUT ME -

Solid success directing and implementing broad range of revenue-generating design projects, from conception to launch. Readily translate business requirements into effective advertising campaigns. Partner cross-functionally to build consensus and ensure projects meet all milestones.

#### - EDUCATION -

Bachelor of Arts Management, Minor in Graphic Arts, 2007 University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point

#### - CONTACT -

miabriggs@email.com miabriggs.ca

## Mia Briggs

#### - AREAS OF EMPHASIS -

- · Full Life Cycle Project Management
- Cutting-edge Graphic Design
- Web Usability Best Practices / UX
- Targeted E-mail Campaigns
- Newsletters / Brochures / Flyers

#### - INTERESTS -





Travelling



Reading Reading Pets





Painting





Nature



Indie Music

#### - EXPERIENCE -

#### Art Director, 5/2014 to Present Clevinger-Orr Marine - Madison, Wisconsin

Efficiently lead and administer creative design projects in support of ongoing marketing and merchandizing programs for national manufacturer specializing in inflatable fishing and recreational boats.

#### Copy Director / Creative Associate, 4/2008 to 5/2014 Daneeka Medical Group - Green Bay, Wisconsin

Led user-facing graphic design / content development for physician-owned, multispecialty group delivering highest quality medical care across three states.

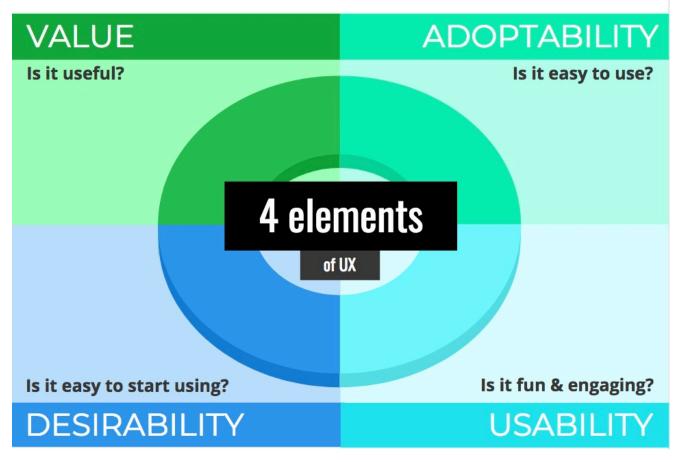
#### Graphic Designer, 7/2004 to 3/2008 Minderbinder Farms - Marshfield, Wisconsin

Developed, rendered, and expanded art concepts throughout production of advertising campaigns for region's third largest distributor of eggs and poultry.

Source

## USER EXPERIENCE

User experience (UX) covers a whole range of website features from ease of use to user engagement and visual appeal. UX always has four elements.



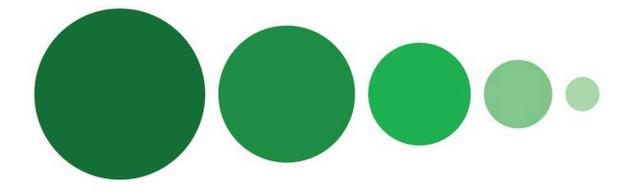
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In contrast, monochromatic color schemes are rarely useful for creating visual groupings because darker shades are more prominent than lighter shades.

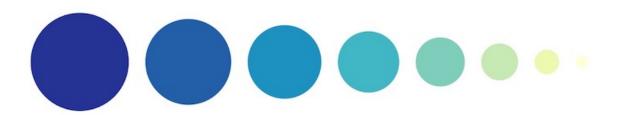
This makes monochromatic color schemes useful for encoding quantity.

#### 6. Use a single color to encode quantity or represent progression

It's natural to use ordered monochromatic shades to represent sequential quantities or to suggest progression:



Analogous color schemes can be similarly useful for encoding quantities when you have many data points:



To make sure you represent quantity accurately, use **©**Color Brewer to generate monochromatic or analogous color schemes. It was initially conceived as a color tool for maps, but it's perfect for creating color schemes for data visualization.

#### **Color meanings and what colors represent**

The effects that different colors have on our mood and perception of the world around us is known as *color psychology*. Society attributes different personality traits with different colors.

The meanings of colors are deeply entrenched in our storytelling (we actually did a whole study on <u>othe color psychology of Disney characters</u>). Color psychology also plays a big role in marketing, in <u>obrand colors</u> and in the <u>ologo colors</u> that companies choose. You will often see different colors of emotions represented in media and products, based on the target audience.

When creating visuals like infographics and charts, the colors you use can help tell the story behind your data.

Here is an overview of some different meanings of colors:		

## **Color Meanings**





Red Color Meanings: Power, excitement, love, passion, strength, energy, danger.

**Orange Color Meanings:** Playfulness, cheerfulness, friendliness, creativity, confidence.

Yellow Color Meanings: Playfulness, cheerfulness, friendliness, creativity, confidence.

**Green Color Meanings:** Nature, growth, freshness, wealth, health.

**Blue Color Meanings:** Stability, competence, trust, loyalty, security.

Purple Color Meanings: Authority, sophistication, power, ambition, mystery, creativity.

Brown Color Meanings: Ruggedness, earthiness, warmth.

**Black Color Meanings:** Power, sophistication, elegance, prestige, timeliness, value.

White Color Meanings: Health, cleanliness, purity, sincerity.

#### Easy to use color schemes for every project

There you have it. Use color to enhance visual communication in infographics by creating visual salience, creating visual groupings, and representing progression.

By now, you should be ready to choose a color scheme and make it work for your project. To help you out, I've created a collection of color schemes tailored for different visual styles.

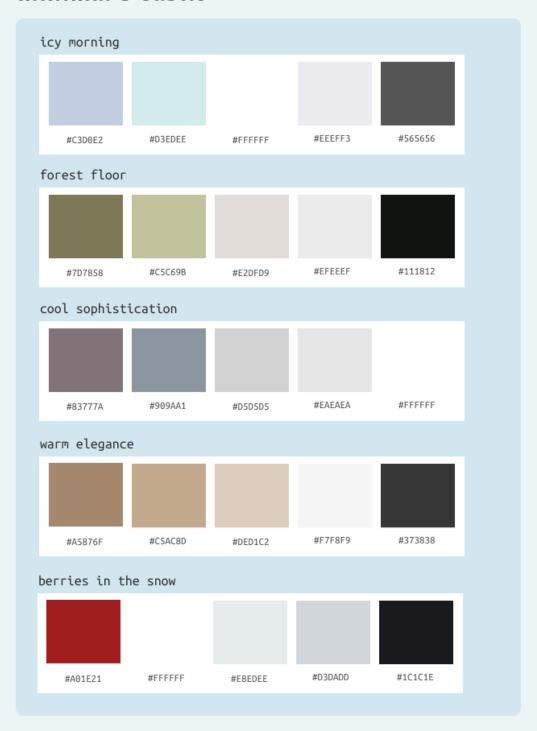
Color palettes based on color harmonies and the meanings of colors	
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## professional & stylish



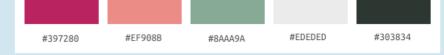
## minimal & subtle



### modern & dramatic

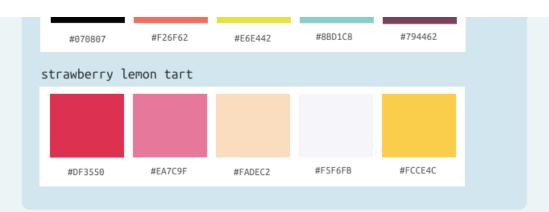




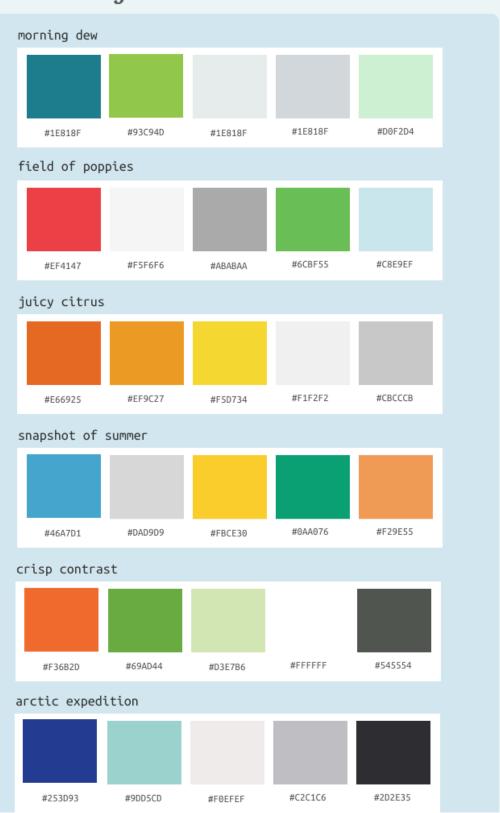


## playful & cheerful





## clean & bright





## earthy & natural





Just pick one of these, and try applying it to your next infographic. You can also consider creating your own marketing color wheel. More than a color swatch, a marketing color wheel informs you which colors contrast and which ones complement each other.

If you want to save color palettes so you can easily apply them to any design, learn more about a handy feature Venngage offers 

Remember to identify the most salient color and use it to highlight important information. Use the remaining colors to create logical groupings which will help your readers interpret your content.

And that's it! Everything you'll ever need to know about color.

Kidding.

There's a multitude of other things designers consider when it comes to color, including ⊙color blindness, ⊙the psychology of color, and the cultural significance of color. But if you focus on the things we discussed today, you're well on your way to creating beautiful, effective graphics.

#### **NEW! Introducing: Marketing Statistics Report 2022**

It's 2022 already. Marketers, are you still using data from pre-COVID times?

Don't make decisions based on outdated data that no longer applies. It's time you keep yourself informed of the latest marketing statistics and trends during the past two years, and learn how COVID-19 has affected marketing efforts in different industries — with this FREE 

The report uses data gathered from over 100,000 customers of HubSpot CRM. In addition to that, you'll also know about the trends in using visuals in content marketing and the impacts of the pandemic on visual content, from 200+ marketers all over the world interviewed by Venngage.

Grab your copy now — it's not like any other marketing reports out there, plus it's 100% free!





## Marketing **Statistics** Report 2022

Free Report

