Practice Assignment Part 2



Objectives

After completing the lab you will be able to:

- · Create a dash board layout with a RadioItem and a Dropdown
- Add Pie chart and Bar chart

Estimated time needed: 45 minutes

About Skills Network Cloud IDE

This Skills Network Labs Cloud IDE (Integrated Development Environment) provides a hands-on environment in your web browser for completing course and project related labs. It utilizes Theia, an open-source IDE platform, that can be run on desktop or on the cloud.

So far in the course you have been using Jupyter notebooks to run your python code. This IDE provides an alternative for editing and running your Python code. In this lab you will be using this alternative Python runtime to create and launch your Dash applications.

Important Notice about this lab environment

Please be aware that sessions for this lab environment are not persisted. When you launch the Cloud IDE, you are presented with a 'dedicated computer on the cloud' exclusively for you. This is available to you as long as you are actively working on the labs.

Once you close your session or it is timed out due to inactivity, you are logged off, and this .d computer on the cloud嬥ted along with any files you may have created, dowloaded or installed. The next time you launch this lab, a new environment is created for you.

If you finish only part of the lab and return later, you may have to start from the beginning. So, it is a good idea to plan to your time accordingly and finish your labs in a single session.

Components of Dashboard and Expected layout

Components of the Dashboard

- 1. Select Region
- 2. Select Year
- 3. Divison to display
 - Pie Chart to display Monthly Average Estimated Fire Area for the selected Regions in the selected Year
 - Bar Chart to display Monthly Average Count of Pixels for Presumed Vegetation Fires for the selected Regions in the selected Year

Expected Layout

Australia Wildfire Dashboard

Select Region:

® New South Wales ○ Northern Territory ○ Queensland ○ South Australia ○ Tasmania ○ Victoria ○ Western Australia

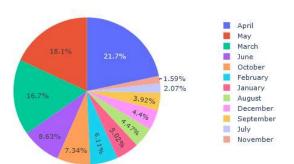
Select Year:

2005

NSW : Average Count of Pixels for Presumed Vegetation Fires in ye

0 4 - 0 0

NSW: Monthly Average Estimated Fire Area in year 2005



30
25
20
15
10
5
0
April August December Vary

Month

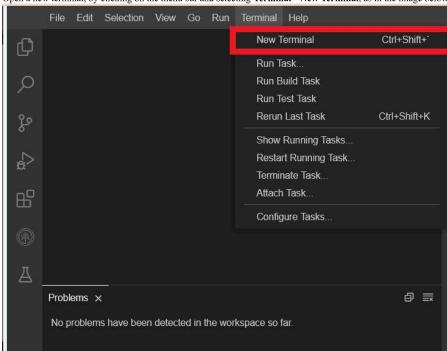
- A dropdown menu: For choosing year
- A radioitem for choosing the Region
- The layout will be designed as follows:
- An outer division with two inner divisions (as shown in the expected layout)
- One of the inner divisions will have information about the radioitem and dropdown (which are the input) and the other one is for adding graphs(the 2 output graphs).
- Callback function to compute data, create graph and return to the layout.

To do:

- 1. Import required libraries and read the dataset
- 2. Create an application layout3. Add title to the dashboard using HTML H1 component
- 4. Add a radioitem using dcc.RaioItems and dropdown using dcc.dropdown
- 5. Add the pie chart and bar chart core graph components.
- 6. Run the app

Get the tool ready

1. Open a new terminal, by clicking on the menu bar and selecting **Terminal->New Terminal**, as in the image below.



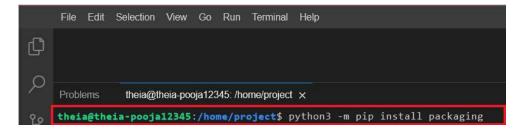
2. Install python packages required to run the application. Copy and paste the below command to the terminal.

pip3.8 install setuptools

python3.8 -m pip install packaging

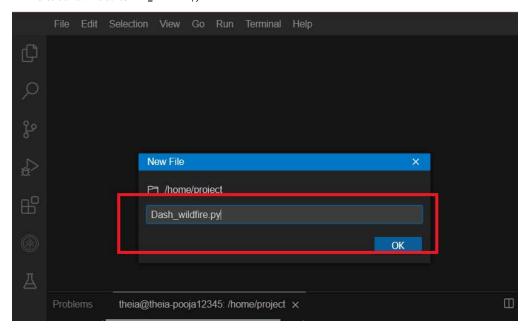
python3.8 -m pip install pandas dash

pip3 install httpx==0.20 dash plotly



Let's create the application

• Create a new file called Dash_wildfire.py



Get the application skeleton

Note: Throughout this lab, you will see placeholder text like '......' or groupby(......). These dots should be replaced with appropriate values such as column names ('Year', 'Vehicle_Type', etc.), grouping keys, or chart titles.

Refer to the comments and hints above each task to determine what needs to be filled in.

You can use this as a base code to complete the task below.

Structure of the skeleton file

```
import pandas as pd
import dash
from dash import html, dcc
from dash.dependencies import Input, Output, State
import plotly.graph_objects as go
import plotly.express as px
from dash import no_update
import datetime as dt
#Create app
app = dash.Dash(
app = dash.Dash(_name__)
# Clear the layout and do not display exception till callback gets executed
app.config.suppress_callback_exceptions = True
# Read the wildfire data into pandas dataframe
df = pd.read_csv('https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-DV0101EN-SkillsNetwork/Data%20Files/Historical_
#Extract year and month from the date column

df['Month'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date']).dt.month_name() #used for the names of the months

df['Year'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date']).dt.year

#Layout Section of Dash
#Task 2.1 Add the Title to the Dashboard
app.layout = html.Div(children=[html.H1(.....), # TASK 2.2: Add the radio items and a dropdown right below the first inner division
#outer division starts
        html.Div([
                              # First inner divsion for adding dropdown helper text for Selected Drive wheels
                                html.Div([
                                            html.H2(.....
                                #Radio items to select the region
#dcc.RadioItems(['NSW',.....], value ='...', id='...',inline=True)]),
dcc.RadioItems([{"label":"New South Wales","value": "NSW"},
                                                          {.....,},
                                                          {.....},
                                                          <u>{</u>.....},
                                                         {......,
,
{"label":"...","value": ...}], value = "...", id='.....,inline=True)]),
                                #Dropdown to select year
                                html.Div([
                                            html.H2('.....', style={.....}),
                                      dcc.Dropdown(.....)
```

TASK 2.1: Add title to the dashboard

Update the html.H1() tag to hold the application title.

- Application title is Australia Wildfire Dashboard
- Use style parameter provided below to make the title center aligned, with color code #503D36, and font-size as 26

After updating the html.H1() with the application title, the app.layout will look like:

Australia Wildfire Dashboard

Reference Links: H1 component

Dash HTML Components

TASK 2.2: Add the radio items and a dropdown right below the first inner division.

Radio items to choose the Region

The radio items work similar to the dropdown, you need to call dcc.RadioItems and pass the list of items. Make use of inline=True property to display the radio items in a horizontal line

- You can extract the regions from the dataframe using df.Region.unque() or pass the list of all regions directly as ['NSW', 'QL', 'SA', 'TA', 'VI', 'WA', 'NT'].
- · Assign radioitems id as region
- Label as Select Region
- value as NSW

Dropdown to choose the Year

- The dropdown has an id as year.
- The label as Select Year
- The values allowed in the dropdown are years from 2005 to 2020
- The default value when the dropdown is displayed is 2005.

```
html.Div([
    html.H2('Select Year:', style={'margin-right': '2em'}),
    dcc.Dropdown(df.Year.unique(), value = 2005,id='year')
    #notice the use of unique() from pandas to fetch the values of year from the dataframe for dropdown
]),
```

Reference link

TASK 2.3: Add two empty divisions for output inside the next inner division.

- Use 2 html.Div() tags.
- Provide division ids as plot1 and plot2.

```
html.Div([ ], id='plot1'),
html.Div([ ], id='plot2')
```

TASK 2.4: Add the Ouput and input components inside the app.callback decorator.

• The inputs and outputs of our application's interface are described declaratively as the arguments of @app.callback decorator.

-In Dash, the inputs and outputs of our application are simply the properties of a particular component.

- In this example, we have two inputs:-
 - input for $\stackrel{\frown}{\operatorname{Region}}$ is the value property of the component that has the ID region
 - input for Year is the value property of the component that has the ID year
- Our layout has 2 outputs so we need to create 2 output components.

It is a list with 2 output parameters with component id and property. Here, the component property will be children as we have created empty division and passing in dcc.Graph (figure) after computation.

Component ids will be plot1, plot2.

TASK 2.5: Add the callback function.

- Whenever an input property changes, the function that the callback decorator wraps will get called automatically.
- In this case let us define a function reg_year_display() which will be wrapped by our decorator.
- The function first filters our dataframe df by the selected value of the region from the radio items and year from the dropdown as follows
- region_data = df[df['Region'] == input_region]
- y_r_data = region_data[region_data['Year']==input_year]
- For pie chart on Monthly Average Estimated Fire Area: -
 - Next we will group by the Month and calculate the mean Estimated_fire_area of the dataframe.
 - Use the px.pie() function to plot the pie chart
- For bar chart on Monthly Average Count of Pixels for Presumed Vegetation Fires: -
 - Next we will group by the Month and calculate the mean Count of the dataframe.
 - Use the px.bar() function to plot the bar chart

```
def reg_year_display(input_region,input_year):
    #data
    region_data = df[df['Region'] == input_region]
    y_r_data = region_data[region_data['Year']==input_year]
    #Plot one - Monthly Average Estimated Fire Area

est_data = y_r_data.groupby('Month')['Estimated_fire_area'].mean().reset_index()

fig1 = px.pie(est_data, values='Estimated_fire_area', names='Month', title="{} : Monthly Average Estimated Fire Area in year {}".format(input_region,input_y

    #Plot two - Monthly Average Count of Pixels for Presumed Vegetation Fires
    veg_data = y_r_data.groupby('Month')['Count'].mean().reset_index()
    fig2 = px.bar(veg_data, x='Month', y='Count', title='{} : Average Count of Pixels for Presumed Vegetation Fires in year {}'.format(input_region,input_year))
    return [dcc.Graph(figure=fig2)]
```

- Finally we return the 2 figure objects fig1 and fig2 in dcc. Graph method.
- Once you have finished coding save your code.

Run the Application

· Next Run the python file using the command

```
python3.8 Dash wildfire.py
```

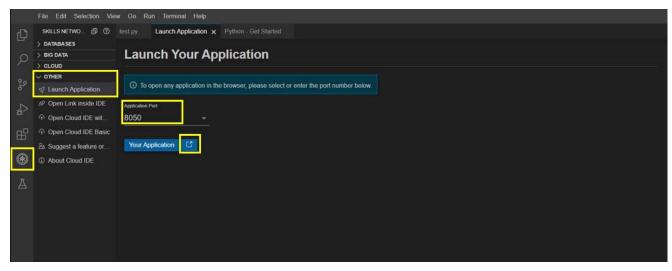
• Observe the port number shown in the terminal.

```
106 | app.run_server()

thein@theindocker.pooja12345 /home/project x

Import dash. html components as html
flight_delay.py:5; UserWarming;
The dash core_components package is deprecated. Please replace
'import dash_core_components as dcc' with 'from dash import dcc'
import dash_core_components as dcc' with 'from dash import dcc'
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import dash_core_components as dcc' with 'from dash
```

• Click on the Launch Application option from the menu bar. Provide the port number and click OK



Refer to the complete code Dash_wildfire.py here

```
import pandas as pd
  import dash
 from dash import html, dcc
from dash.dependencies import Input, Output, State
 import plotly.graph_objects as go
import plotly.express as px
 from dash import no_update
import datetime as dt
 #Create app
app = dash.Dash(__name__)
#Clear the layout and do not display exception till callback gets executed
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#lask 1 Add the little to the Mashboard app.layout = html.Div(children=[html.H1('Australia Wildfire Dashboard', style={'textAlign': 'center', 'color': '#503D36', 'font-size': 26}),
# TASK 2: Add the radio items and a dropdown right below the first inner division
                 #outer division starts
                 html.Div([
                                                              \mbox{\tt\#} First inner divsion for \mbox{\tt adding} dropdown helper text for Selected Drive wheels
                                                                 html.Div([
                                                               html.Div([
    html.H2('Select Region:', style={'margin-right': '2em'}),
#Radio items to select the region
#dcc.RadioItems(['NSW','QL','SA','TA','VI','WA'], 'NSW', id='region',inline=True)]),
dcc.RadioItems([*label":"New South Wales","value": "NSW"},
    {|label":"Northern Territory", 'value": "NT"},
    {"label":"Queensland","value": "QL"},
    {"label":"South Australia", 'value": "SA"},
    {"label":"South Australia", 'value": "SA"},
    {"label":"Value": "VI"},
    {"label":"Victoria", 'value": "VI"},
    {"label":"Western Australia", 'value": "WA"}], "NSW", id='region',inline=True)]),
#Dropdown to select year
                                                                  #Dropdown to select year
                                                                 html.Div([
                                                                              html.H2('Select Year:', style={'margin-right': '2em'}),
dcc.Dropdown(df.Year.unique(), value = 2005,id='year')
#TASK 3: Add two empty divisions for output inside the next inner division.
#Second Inner division for adding 2 inner divisions for 2 output graphs
                                                                 html.Div([
                                                                html.Div([ ], id='plot1'),
html.Div([ ], id='plot2')
], style={'display': 'flex'}),
              1)
              #outer division ends
 #lavout ends
#TASK 4: Add the Ouput and input components inside the app.callback decorator. #Place to add @app.callback Decorator
#TASK 5: Add the callback function.
#Place to define the callback function
 def reg_year_display(input_region,input_year):
          #Uddata
region_data = df[df['Region'] == input_region]
y_r_data = region_data[region_data['Year']==input_year]
#Plot one - Monthly Average Estimated Fire Area
```

Congratulations, you have successfully created dash application!

Author

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