Move to Change Ana, Christian, Jimmy, Michael, and Owen

Overall Goals



To help activism-focused organizations with managing growth and membership at a growing scale



To assist with distributing content i.e., announcements and events



To help organizations or people with similar goals find each other

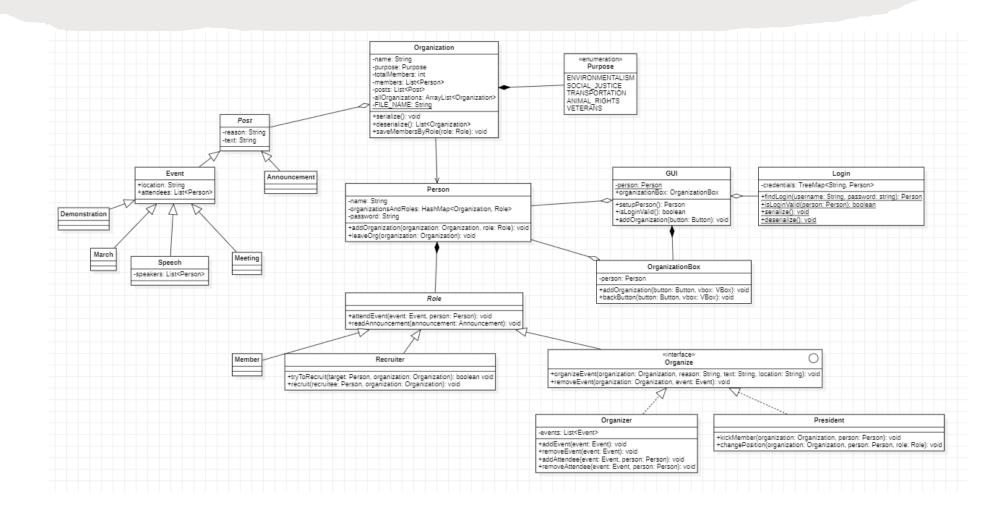


Why is this helpful?



Many activist
organizations struggle to
organize people and
often, there are many
organizations all
separately trying to
achieve a single goal

UML Class Diagram



How we Achieved our Goals (Functionality)



ABILITY TO JOIN OR CREATE NEW ORGANIZATIONS



SEARCH VIA TAGS TO FIND SIMILAR ORGANIZATIONS



OPTIONS TO CREATE AND DISTRIBUTE EVENTS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

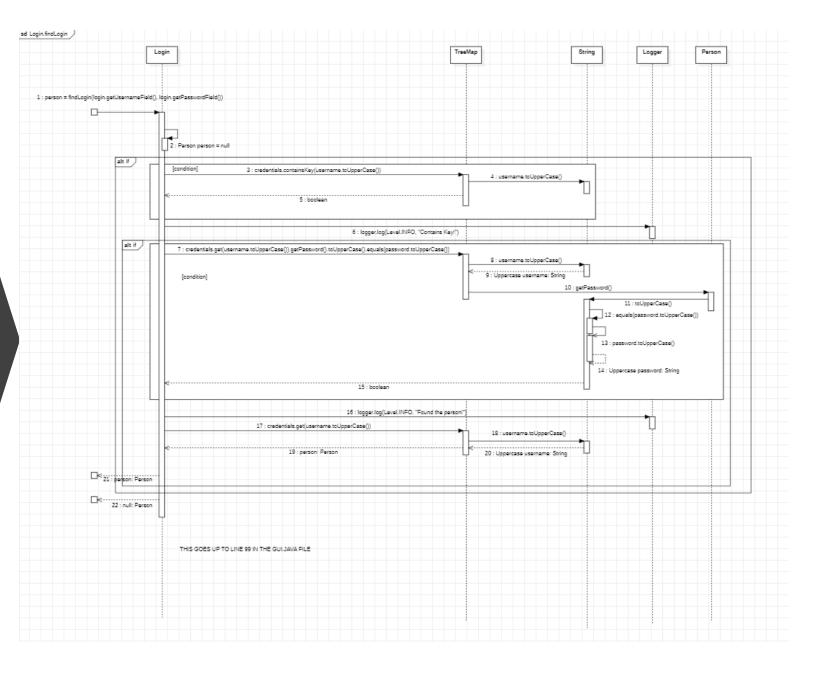


ABILITY TO CHANGE ROLES
OF INDIVIDUAL MEMBERS
TO DELEGATE
RESPONSIBILITY



MEMBERS AUTOMATICALLY
SEE EVENTS AND
ANNOUNCEMENTS UPON
LOGGING IN

UML Sequence Diagram



Polymorphic Collections



Each Organization object had a polymorphic collection in the form of a List of Post objects

Post is the generic superclass for any individual Event or Announcement



Each Person has a HashMap of Organizations to Roles

Abstract Classes and Interfaces

Role	an abstract class used for shared functionality of the subclasses like attending events
Interfaces	Organize – enforced methods for managing events
Necessity	This was not particularly necessary, but would be beneficial for scaling up the project
Benefits	Organizing functionality like this also helped ensure SRP compliance

JavaFX GUI

- We utilized a structure similar to Della's House of Bagels to organize our GUI
- Two separate GUIs, GUI and LoginGUI, each with various custom boxes
- Custom boxes

Custom Error Handling

- UnknownFileExtensionException
 - Used to track when incorrect files are input
 - Gives the time stamp and file name
 - Tells user that only .txt and .ser files are accepted

File I/O and Serialization

Organizations have the ability to save a list of all members and their role within that organization

The list of members could also be set using a text file

Organizations could also be serialized as a whole which would save events and organizations as well

To help with the enforcement of our File I/O methods, we utilized the custom FileExtensionNotFound

Logging

Logging was implemented in every class to make debugging substantially easier

Each method would log something whether it succeeded or failed

By implementing it this way, debugging was made easier because it would clarify which method failed and why

Because of this, we could also know if the method never ran at all because no log would appear

Lambda Expressions

Used both as instance variables and in streams for filtering

We primarily utilized Predicates to filter based on certain criteria

Streams

 Streams were used to create methods that allowed for members to be searched for by their role and output to a file

```
public void saveMembersByRole(Role role) {
   final boolean OVERWRITE_MODE = false;
   String filename = getName().strip() + role.toString() + ".txt";
   List<Person> filteredMembers = members.parallelStream()
        .filter(m -> (m.getOrganizationsAndRoles().get(this).equals(role)))
        .collect(Collectors.toList());
   try (BufferedWriter writer = new BufferedWriter(new FileWriter(filename, OVERWRITE_MODE))) {
       writer.write(str:"Member name, Member Role");
       writer.write(System.lineSeparator());
       filteredMembers.forEach(m -> {try {
           writer.write(m.getName() + ", " + m.getRole(this));
           writer.write(System.lineSeparator());
        catch (IOException i) {
           i.printStackTrace();
    } catch (Exception e) {
       e.printStackTrace();
```

Here used to Measure Event Success

```
private Predicate<Event> successMeasure = e -> e.getAttendees().size() > testVal;
```

```
public void checkEventSuccess(Event event, int minAttendees) {
    testVal = minAttendees;
    if(event != null) {
        if (!successMeasure.test(event)) removeEvent(event);
        else if(successMeasure.test(event)) {
            planEvent(reason:"Because it was so popular last time", event.getText(), event.getLocation());
        }
    }
}
```

Design Patterns (if any)



Had we learned about design patterns earlier, the MVC pattern would have been our go-to



Since our project has a very distinct front end and back end, MVC would have given us a very nice structure for designing our classes



While we did not struggle much with inheritance, our project likely could have still benefitted from a concrete structure

Threads

- We failed to implement threading due to time crunch, however, here is how we planned to implement it
- We intended to make a side pane in the main GUI that showed similar Organizations that you were a part of
- This would have functioned similarly to Social Media with one thread keeping track of the counts using on the Purpose enum
- Due to issues getting our GUI to work as intended, this had to be scrapped

Beginning the project too late

Challenges we Faced

Communicating effectively

Delegating responsibility

Divide between project in theory and in practice

What we learned



Interesting ways to use files to store and retrieve information



How to structure a GUI in an object-oriented fashion



New and clever ways to use logging to benefit ourselves



Overall project design and planning, although we struggled, we now are aware of difficulties that we previously overlooked

Team Contributions

Α	n	a

GUI

Design Planning

Helper

Methods/Classes

Base Classes

Error Handling and Custom Exceptions

Sequence Diagram

Christian

File I/O

Serialization

GUI

Helper Classes

Button handling in

the main GUI

Logging

Javadoc

Login class

<u>Jimmy</u>

Logging

Streams

File I/O

Interfaces

Abstract Classes

Lambdas

Role subclasses

Class diagram

<u>Michael</u>

Made main GUI

functional

On-click for

Organizations to

display different

controls

Search box in GUI

Add/Remove event buttons

<u>Owen</u>

Theme Creation

Project Direction

Planning

GUI

Helper Classes

Sequence diagram