# Anthony Thap & Brian Ackley

### 4 February 2014

## **CSE460 Operating Systems**

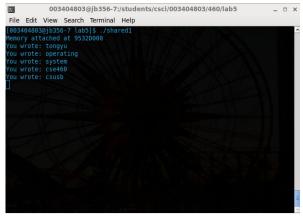
# Tong Yu

#### **LAB #5**

- Shared 1 & Shared 2, we saw when we ran both programs that once we responded as clients, the program would tell us our response that we sent and then waits again for another input.

```
After the headers the shared memory segment
 (the size of our shared memory structure) is created with a call to shmget, with the IPC_CREAT bit specified. It reads data from the shared memory. */
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#define TEXT SZ 2048
struct shared_use_st {
  int written_by_you;
  char some_text[TEXT_SZ];
int main()
      int running = 1;
      void *shared_memory = (void *)0;
struct shared_use_st *shared_stuff;
      srand((unsigned int)getpid()):
      shmid = shmget((key_t)1234, sizeof(struct shared_use_st), 0666 | IPC_CREAT);
      if (shmid == -1) {
            fprintf(stderr, "shmget failed\n");
exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
/* We now make the shared memory accessible to the program. */
      shared_memory = shmat(shmid, (void *)0, 0);
if (shared_memory == (void *)-1) {
    fprintf(stderr, "shmat failed\n");
             exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
      printf("Memory attached at %X\n", (long)shared_memory);
/* The next portion of the program assigns the shared_memory segment to shared_stuff,
 which then prints out any text in written_by_you. The loop continues until end is found in written_by_you. The call to sleep forces the consumer to sit in its critical section,
 which makes the producer wait. */
       shared_stuff = (struct shared_use_st *)shared_memory;
      shared_stuff = (struct shared_use_st *)shared_memory;
shared_stuff->written_by_you = 0;
while(running) {
    if (shared_stuff->written_by_you) {
        printf("You wrote: %s", shared_stuff->some_text);
        sleep( rand() % 4 ); /* make the other process wait for us ! */
        shared_stuff->written_by_you = 0;
    if (strncmp(shared_stuff->some_text, "end", 3) == 0) {
        running = 0.
                         running = 0;
            }
/st Lastly, the shared memory is detached and then deleted. st/
      if (shmdt(shared_memory) == -1) {
    fprintf(stderr, "shmdt failed\n");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
```

```
exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
     }
     exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
}
/*
   shared2.cpp: Similar to shared1.cpp except that it writes data to
   the shared memory.
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#define TEXT SZ 2048
struct shared_use_st {
   int written_by_you;
   char some_text[TEXT_SZ];
};
int main()
     int running = 1;
     void *shared_memory = (void *)0;
struct shared_use_st *shared_stuff;
char buffer[BUFSIZ];
     int shmid;
     shmid = shmget((key_t)1234, sizeof(struct shared_use_st), 0666 | IPC_CREAT);
     if (shmid == -1) {
    fprintf(stderr, "shmget failed\n");
           exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
     shared_memory = shmat(shmid, (void *)0, 0);
if (shared_memory == (void *)-1) {
    fprintf(stderr, "shmat failed\n");
           exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
     printf("Memory attached at %X\n", (long)shared_memory);
     shared_stuff = (struct shared_use_st *)shared_memory;
     while(running) {
   while(shared_stuff->written_by_you == 1) {
                printf("waiting for client...\n");
           printf("Enter some text: ");
fgets(buffer, BUFSIZ, stdin);
           \label{eq:stricpy} $$ strncpy(shared\_stuff->some\_text, buffer, TEXT\_SZ); $$ shared\_stuff->written\_by\_you = 1;
           if (strncmp(buffer, "end", 3) == 0) {
    running = 0;
     }
     if (shmdt(shared_memory) == -1) {
           fprintf(stderr, "shmdt failed\n");
exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
     exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
                003404803@jb356-7:/students/csci/003404803/460/lab5
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```



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[903404803@jb356-7 lab5]s ./shared2

Memory attached at 1C600800

Enter some text: tongyu

waiting for client...

Enter some text: operating

waiting for client...

Enter some text: system

waiting for client...

Enter some text: system

waiting for client...

Enter some text: cse460

waiting for client...

Enter some text: csusb

waiting for client...

waiting for client...

waiting for client...

waiting for client...

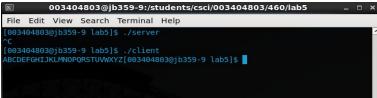
Enter some text: ■
```

Semaphores – It prints out e & l because it is entering the process in this case, it is only one process.



Semaphores – The letters E & L get capitalized because the "a" meets the argument for being greater than 1.





- We put all the assigned tasks in this page, we will be giving ourselves full credit.	