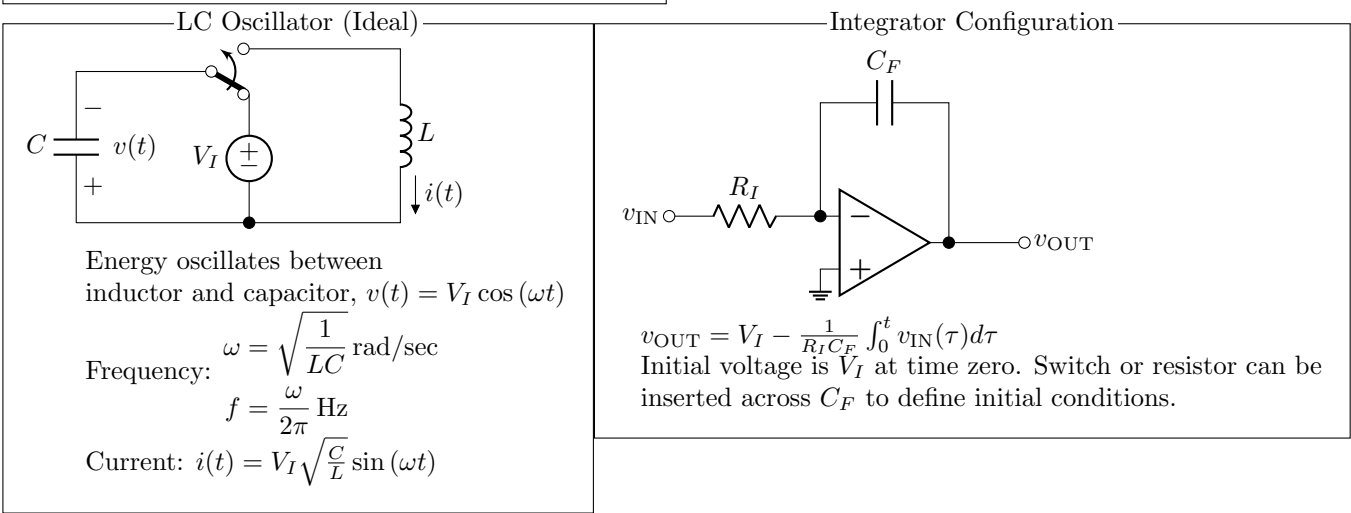
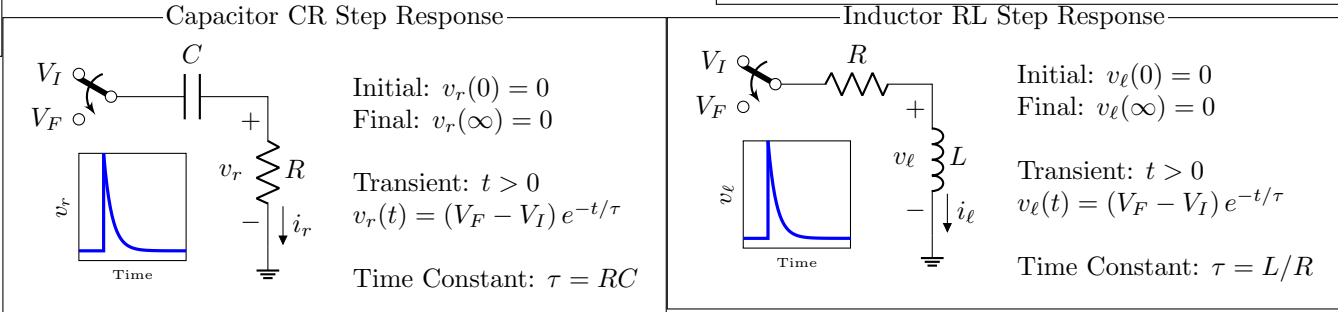
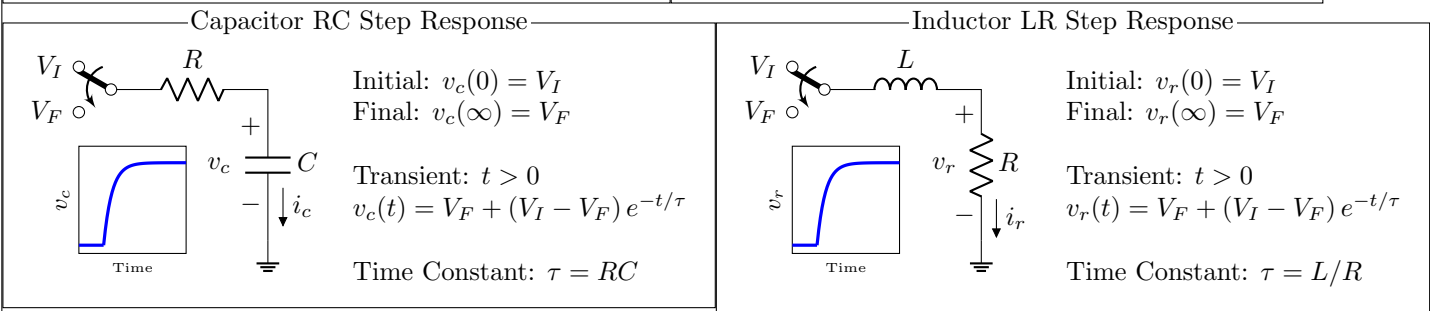
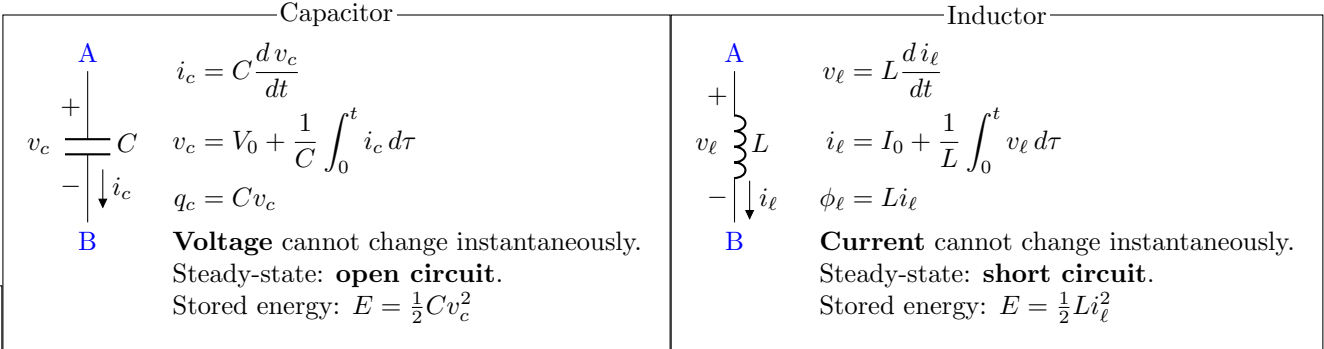
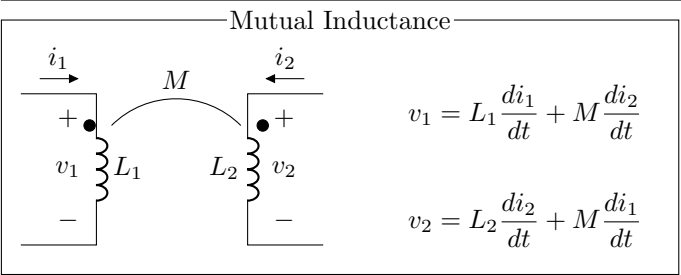


Circuit With Multiple **Independent** Sources:
Solve **partial solutions** for one source at a time,
set all other independent sources to zero.
Combined Solution is the sum of partial solutions
for every node and branch.

Example:
First: Set $i_B = 0$, solve voltages v'_k and currents i'_j in the circuit.
Next: Set $v_A = 0$, solve voltages v''_k and currents i''_j in the circuit.
Combine: sum $v_k = v'_k + v''_k$ and $i_j = i'_j + i''_j$.



| SI Prefixes | | Basic Units | | |
|--------------------|------------|--------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| SI Prefix | Scale | Thing | Unit | Equivalent Units |
| a “atto” | 10^{-18} | Charge | Q or C “Coulomb” | |
| f “femto” | 10^{-15} | Energy | J “Joule” | |
| p “pico” | 10^{-12} | Power | W “Watt” | J/s |
| n “nano” | 10^{-9} | Voltage | V “Volt” | J/Q |
| u or μ “micro” | 10^{-6} | Current | A “Amp(ere)” | Q/s |
| m “milli” | 10^{-3} | Flux Linkage | Wb “Weber” | V·s |
| c “centi” | 10^{-2} | Frequency | Hz (cycles per second) | radians/sec = $2\pi \times$ Hz |
| d “deci” | 10^{-1} | Resistance | Ω “Ohm” | V/A |
| da “deka” | 10^1 | Conductance | \mathcal{U} “Mho” or S “Siemens” | A/V |
| h “hecto” | 10^2 | Capacitance | F “Farad” | V/Q |
| k “kilo” | 10^3 | Inductance | H “Henry” | Wb/A |
| M “mega” | 10^6 | | | |
| G “giga” | 10^9 | | | |
| T “terra” | 10^{12} | | | |