

Getting fancy with texture mapping (Part 2)

CS559 – Spring 2017

6 Apr 2017

Review ...



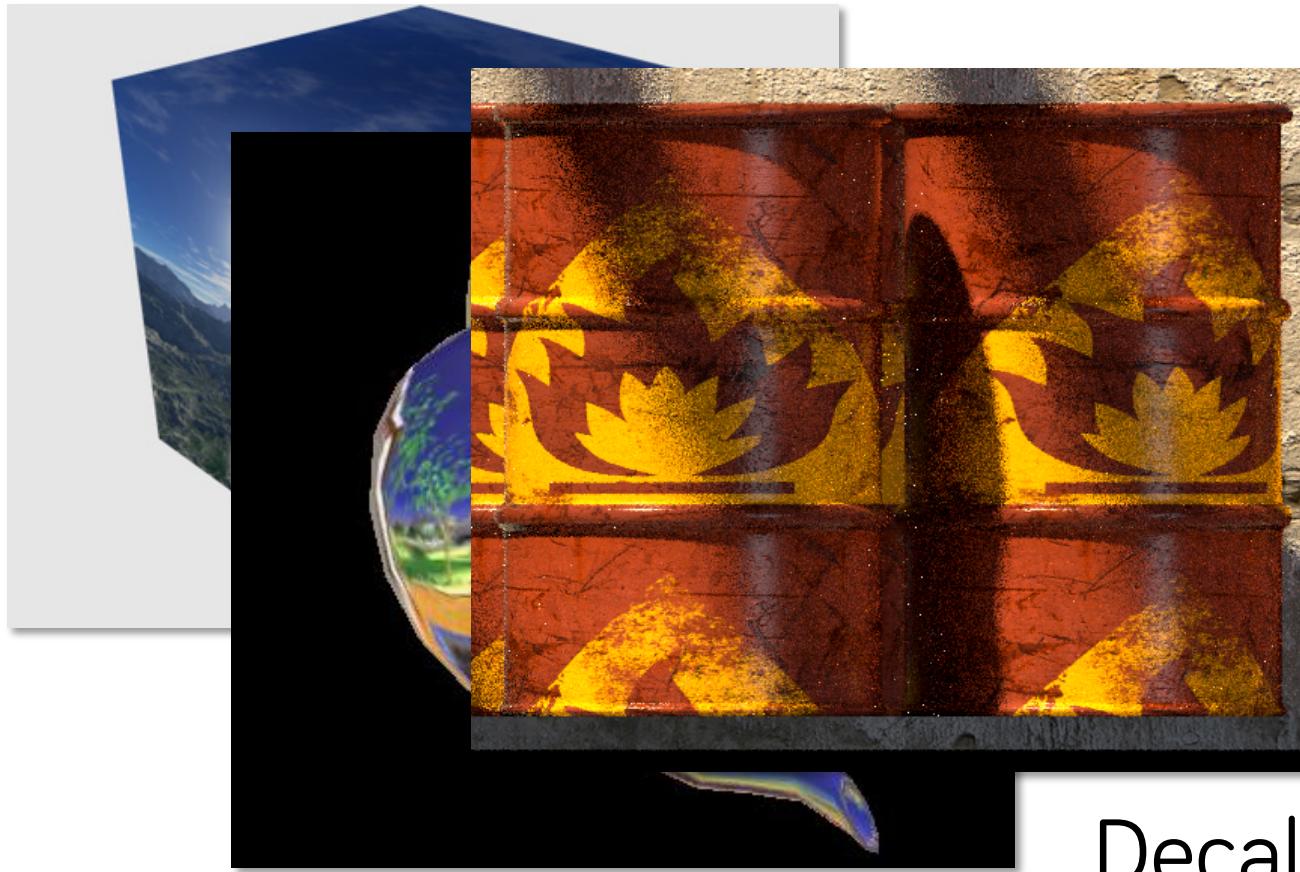
Skyboxes as backdrops

Review ...



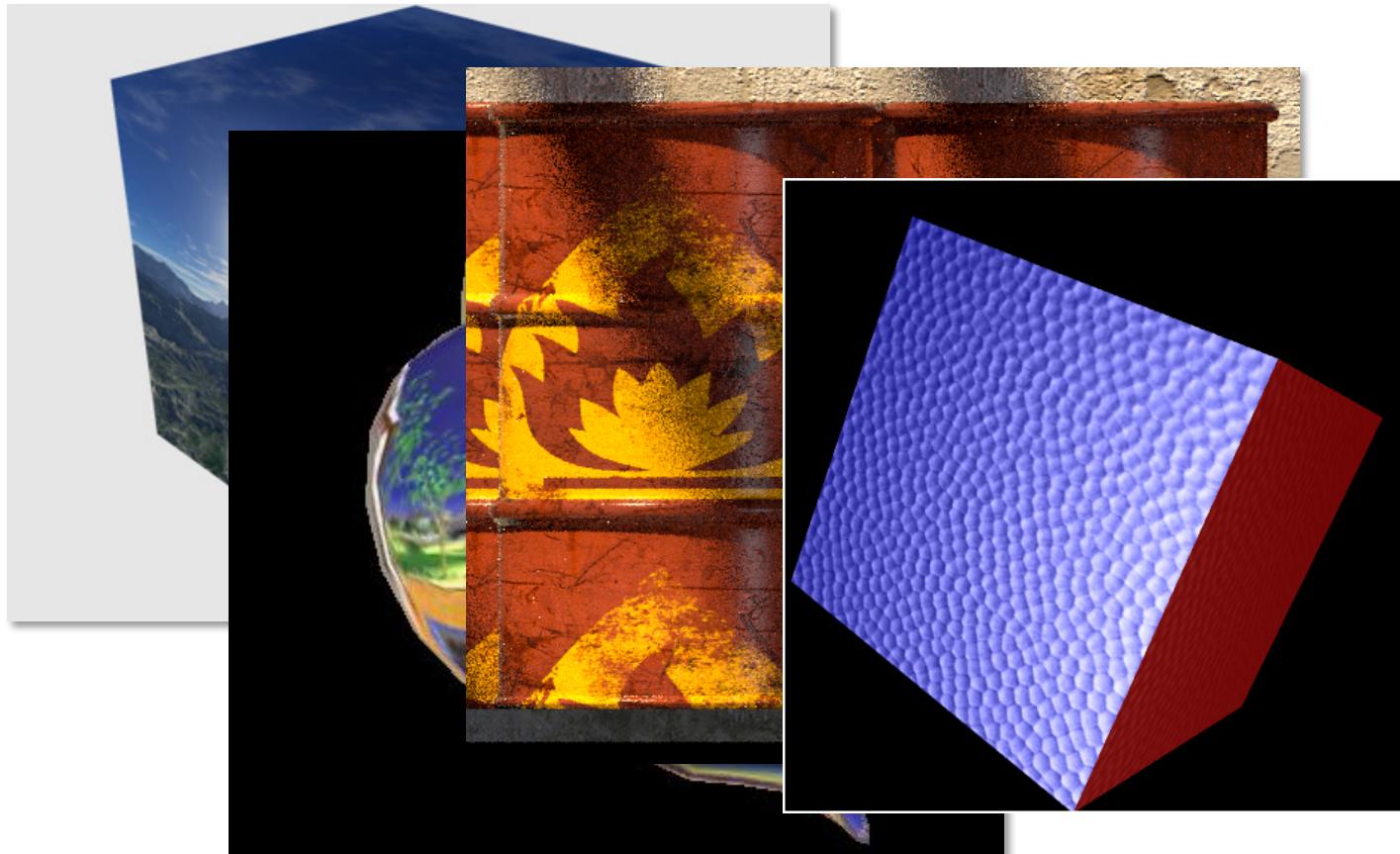
Reflection maps

Review ...



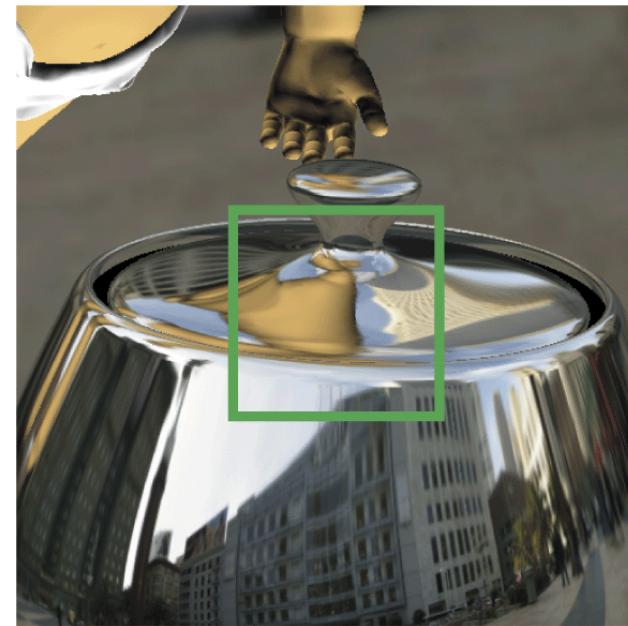
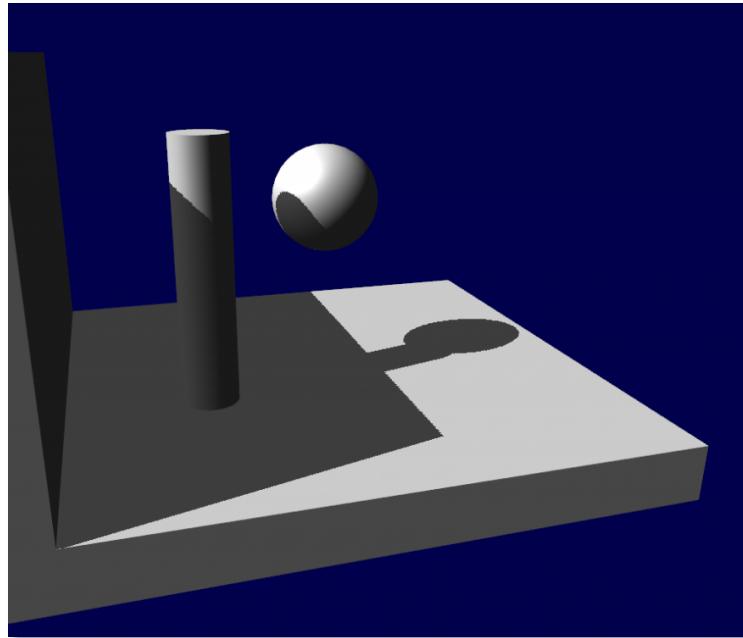
Decal textures

Review ...



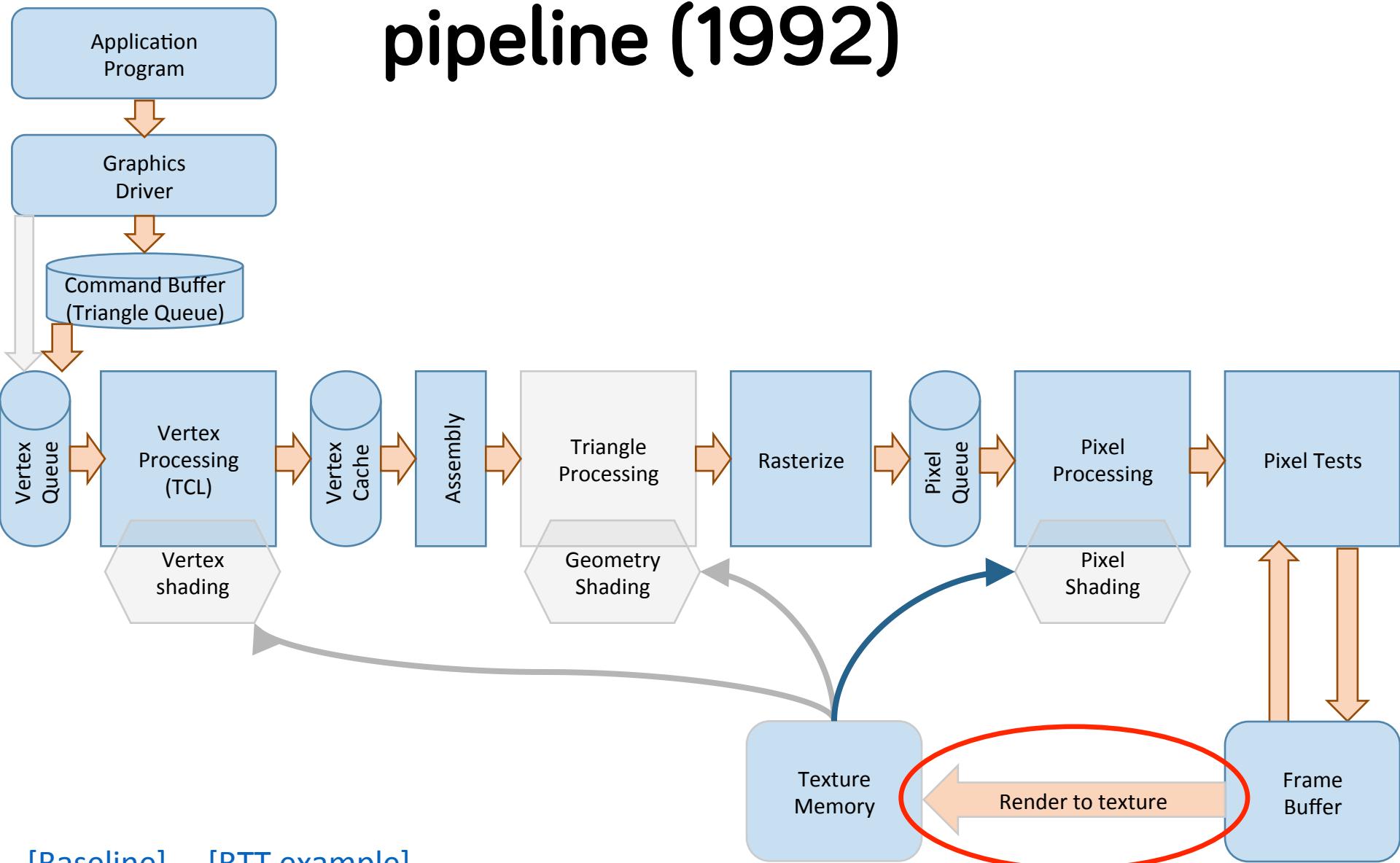
Normal maps

Two-pass effects ...



(b)

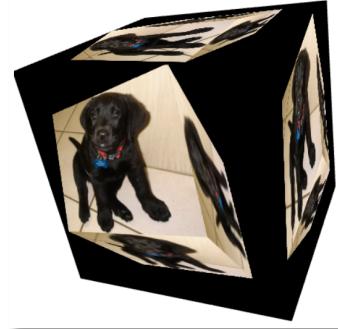
The full fixed-function pipeline (1992)



[Baseline]

[RTT example]

Render-to-texture



Framebuffer objects

A destination buffer for offscreen rendering

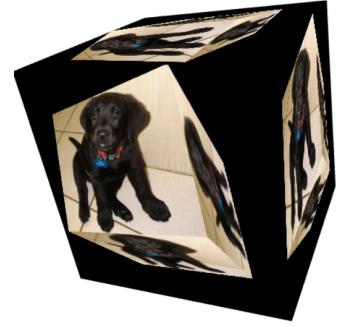
Separate rendering pass per framebuffer (including on-screen)

Prior passes available to the shaders (just use the results as textures)

Render-to-texture

.js

```
start(){  
    initShaders();  
    sendData();  
    initTextures();  
    draw()  
}
```

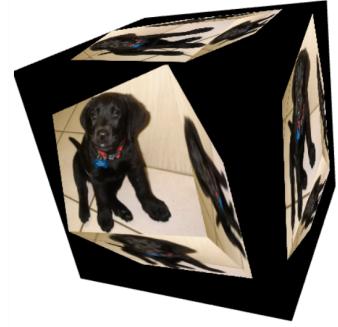


```
// Set up a texture (initially blank) to bind to the framebuffer object  
var FBtexture = gl.createTexture();  
gl.bindTexture(gl.TEXTURE_2D, FBtexture);  
gl.texImage2D(gl.TEXTURE_2D, 0, gl.RGBA, 512, 512, 0, gl.RGBA, gl.UNSIGNED_BYTE, null);  
gl.texParameteri(gl.TEXTURE_2D, gl.TEXTURE_MIN_FILTER, gl.LINEAR);  
  
// Now create a framebuffer object and attach the texture  
var framebuffer = gl.createFramebuffer();  
gl.bindFramebuffer(gl.FRAMEBUFFER, framebuffer);  
gl.framebufferTexture2D(gl.FRAMEBUFFER, gl.COLOR_ATTACHMENT0, gl.TEXTURE_2D, FBtexture, 0);  
gl.bindFramebuffer(gl.FRAMEBUFFER, null); // restore default FB (onscreen rendering)
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Render-to-texture

.js

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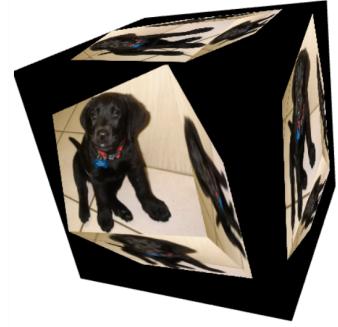


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Render-to-texture

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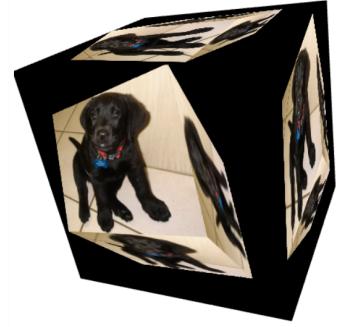


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Render-to-texture

.js

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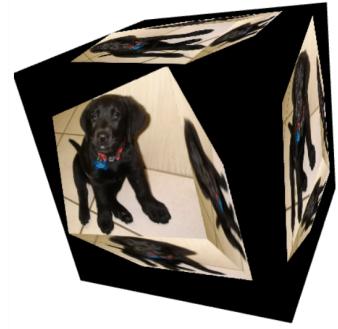


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Render-to-texture

.js

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gl.bindFramebuffer(gl.FRAMEBUFFER,null); // restore default FB (onscreen rendering)
```



Render-to-texture



```
gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, textureBuffer),
gl.vertexAttribPointer(shaderProgram.texcoordAttribute, textureBuffer.itemSize,
  gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);

// -----
// PASS 1 -- DRAW TO THE FRAMEBUFFER (with original texture)
// ----

gl.bindFramebuffer(gl.FRAMEBUFFER, framebuffer);

// Clear screen, prepare for rendering
gl.clearColor(0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
gl.disable(gl.DEPTH_TEST);
gl.clear(gl.COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);

// Bind texture
gl.bindTexture(gl.TEXTURE_2D, texture);

// Do the drawing
gl.drawElements(gl.TRIANGLES, triangleIndices.length, gl.UNSIGNED_BYTE, 0);
```

```
js
start(){
  initShaders();
  sendData();
  initTextures();
  draw()
}
```

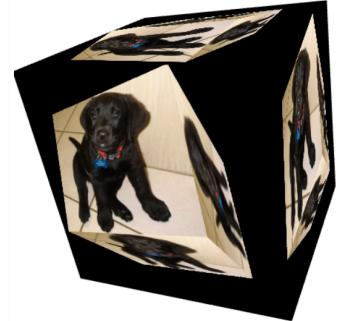
Render-to-texture



```
gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, textureBuffer),  
gl.vertexAttribPointer(shaderProgram.texcoordAttribute, textureBuffer.itemSize,  
gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);  
  
// -----  
// PASS 1 -- DRAW TO THE FRAMEBUFFER (with original texture)  
// -----  
  
gl.bindFramebuffer(gl.FRAMEBUFFER, framebuffer); // An arrow points from this line to the start() function below.  
  
// Clear screen, prepare for rendering  
gl.clearColor(0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);  
gl.disable(gl.DEPTH_TEST);  
gl.clear(gl.COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);  
  
// Bind texture  
gl.bindTexture(gl.TEXTURE_2D, texture);  
  
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gl.drawElements(gl.TRIANGLES, triangleIndices.length, gl.UNSIGNED_BYTE, 0);
```

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    sendData();  
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```

Render-to-texture



```
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gl.vertexAttribPointer(shaderProgram.texcoordAttribute, textureBuffer.itemSize,  
gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);  
  
// -----  
// PASS 1 -- DRAW TO THE FRAMEBUFFER (with original texture)  
// -----  
  
gl.bindFramebuffer(gl.FRAMEBUFFER, framebuffer);  
  
// Clear screen, prepare for rendering  
gl.clearColor(0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);  
gl.disable(gl.DEPTH_TEST);  
gl.clear(gl.COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);  
  
// Bind texture  
gl.bindTexture(gl.TEXTURE_2D, texture);  
  
// Do the drawing  
gl.drawElements(gl.TRIANGLES, triangleIndices.length, gl.UNSIGNED_BYTE, 0);
```

```
js  
start(){  
    initShaders();  
    sendData();  
    initTextures();  
    draw()  
}
```

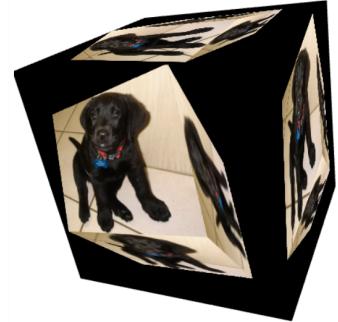
Render-to-texture



```
gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, textureBuffer),  
gl.vertexAttribPointer(shaderProgram.texcoordAttribute, textureBuffer.itemSize,  
gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);  
  
// -----  
// PASS 1 -- DRAW TO THE FRAMEBUFFER (with original texture)  
// -----  
  
gl.bindFramebuffer(gl.FRAMEBUFFER, framebuffer);  
  
// Clear screen, prepare for rendering  
gl.clearColor(0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);  
gl.disable(gl.DEPTH_TEST);  
gl.clear(gl.COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);  
  
// Bind texture  
gl.bindTexture(gl.TEXTURE_2D, texture); ←  
  
// Do the drawing  
gl.drawElements(gl.TRIANGLES, triangleIndices.length, gl.UNSIGNED_BYTE, 0);
```

```
js  
start(){  
    initShaders();  
    sendData();  
    initTextures();  
    draw()  
}
```

Render-to-texture



```
// -----
// PASS 2 -- DRAW ONSCREEN (with framebuffer texture)
// -----  
  
gl.bindFramebuffer(gl.FRAMEBUFFER,null);  
  
// Clear screen, prepare for rendering  
gl.clearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0);  
gl.enable(gl.DEPTH_TEST);  
gl.clear(gl.COLOR_BUFFER_BIT | gl.DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT);  
  
// Bind texture  
gl.bindTexture(gl.TEXTURE_2D, FBtexture);  
  
// Do the drawing  
gl.drawElements(gl.TRIANGLES, triangleIndices.length, gl.UNSIGNED_BYTE, 0);
```

```
.js  
start(){  
  initShaders();  
  sendData();  
  initTextures();  
  draw()  
}
```

Render-to-texture



```
// -----
// PASS 2 -- DRAW ONSCREEN (with framebuffer texture)
// -----
gl.bindFramebuffer(gl.FRAMEBUFFER,null);           ←

// Clear screen, prepare for rendering
gl.clearColor(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
gl.enable(gl.DEPTH_TEST);
gl.clear(gl.COLOR_BUFFER_BIT | gl.DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT);

// Bind texture
gl.bindTexture(gl.TEXTURE_2D, FBtexture);

// Do the drawing
gl.drawElements(gl.TRIANGLES, triangleIndices.length, gl.UNSIGNED_BYTE, 0);
```

```
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start(){
  initShaders();
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  initTextures();
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}
```

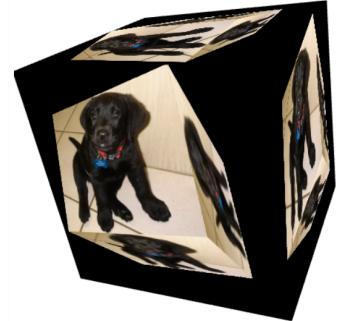
Render-to-texture



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js  
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Render-to-texture

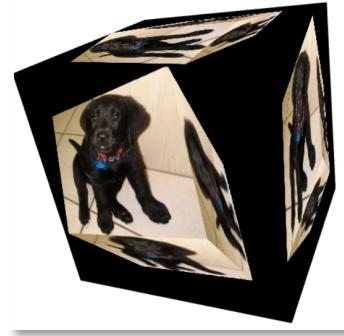


```
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// Bind texture  
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// Do the drawing  
gl.drawElements(gl.TRIANGLES, triangleIndices.length, gl.UNSIGNED_BYTE, 0);
```

```
.js  
start(){  
  initShaders();  
  sendData();  
  initTextures();  
  draw()  
}
```

Render-to-texture

In *real* use you may have to ...



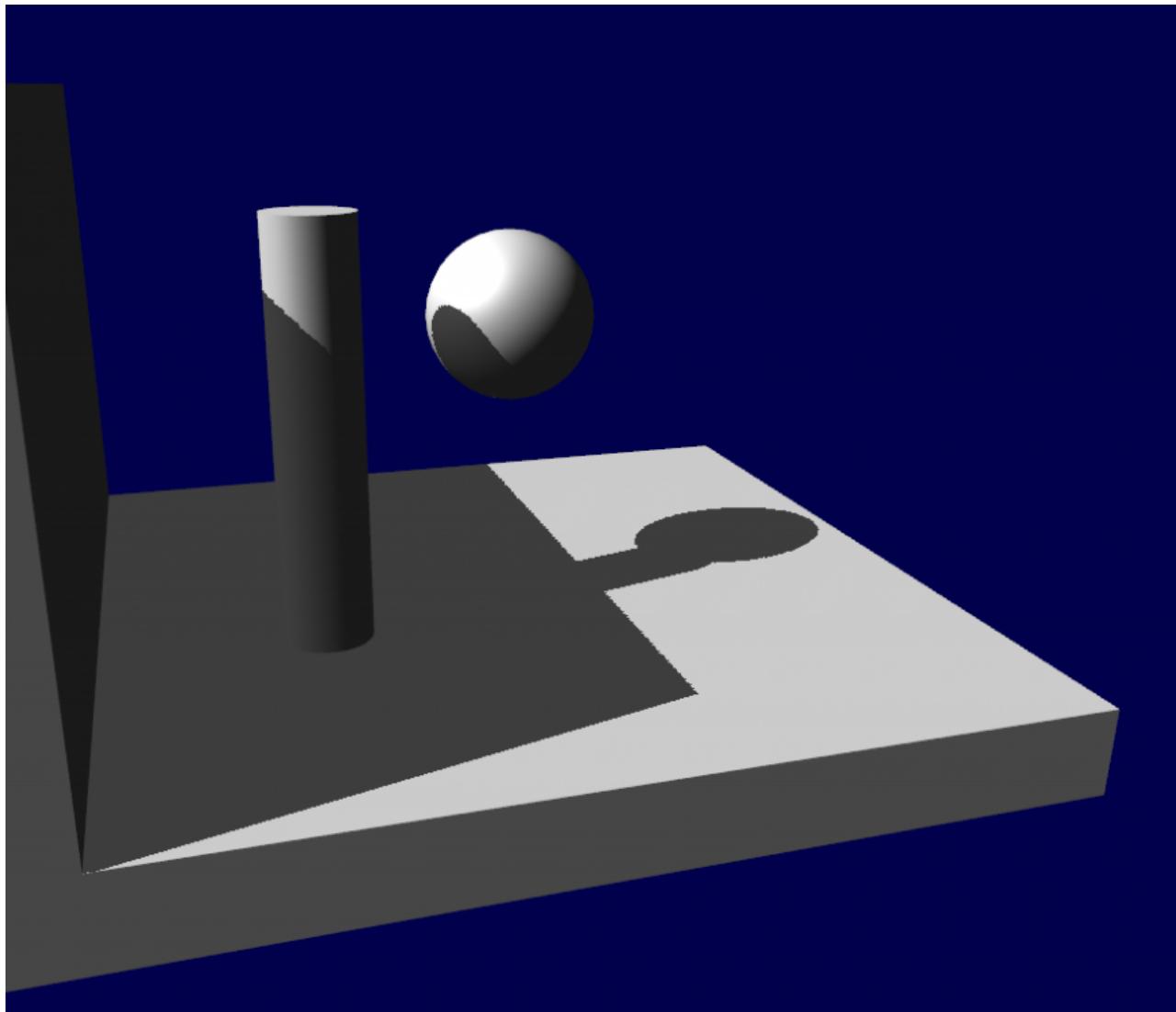
Use different shaders per pass ...

Use depth buffer ...

Selectively draw objects ...

(and many other adjustments, depending
on the algorithm implemented via RTT)

Shadow mapping

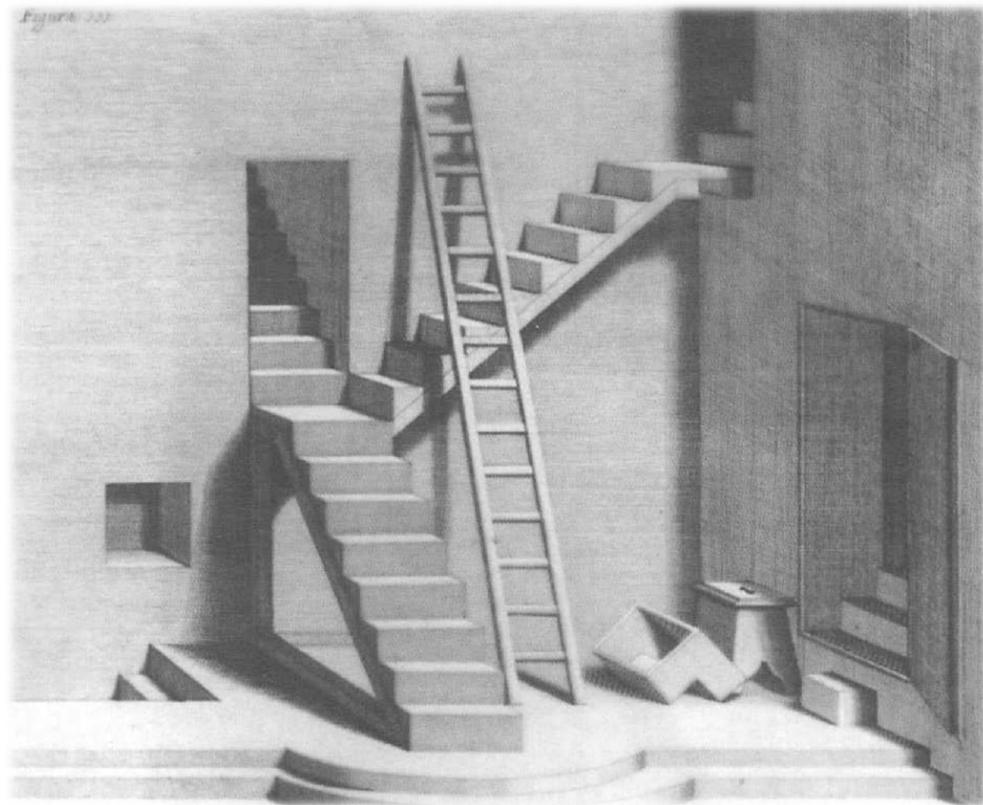


Shadow mapping

Why shadows?

Enrich lighting

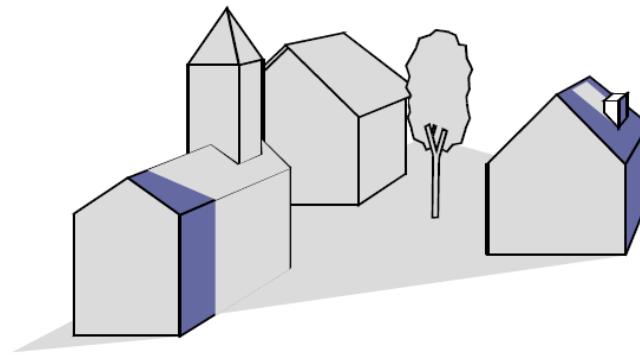
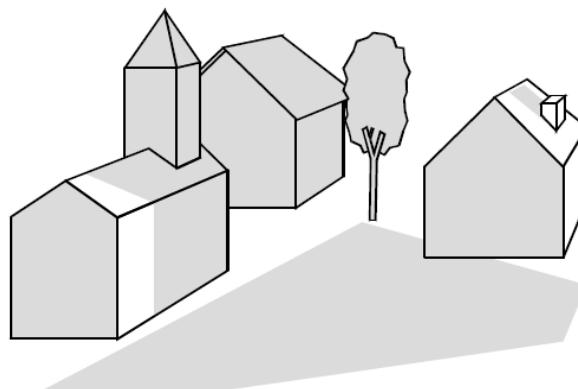
Provide significant
cues on scene
(order, depth ...)



Shadow mapping

Intuition:

Locations that are *lit* are *visible* from the light source's viewpoint

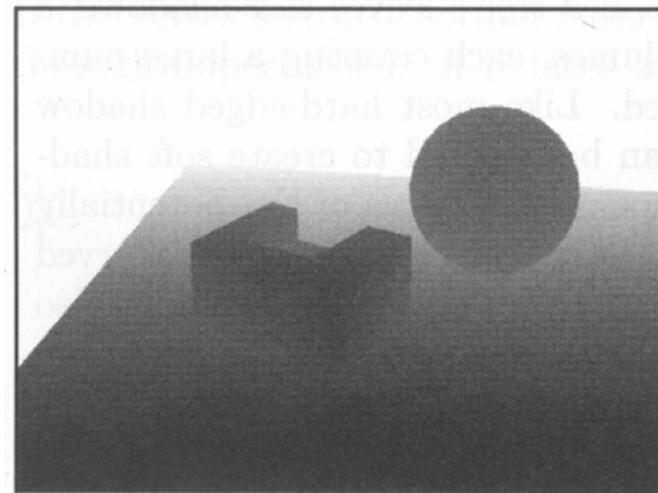
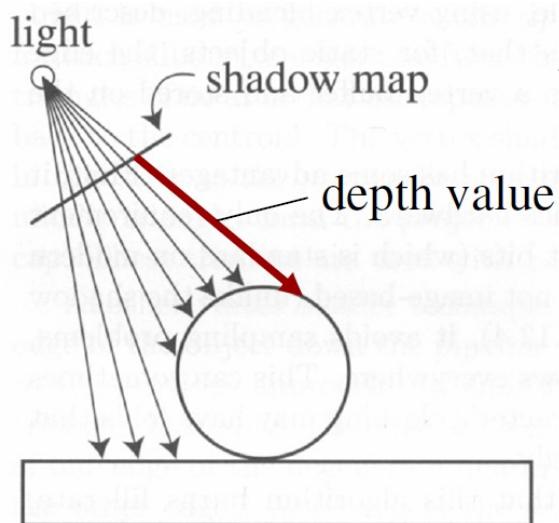


Shadow mapping

First step:

Place camera at light's location

Render & store *depth* image (*shadow map*)

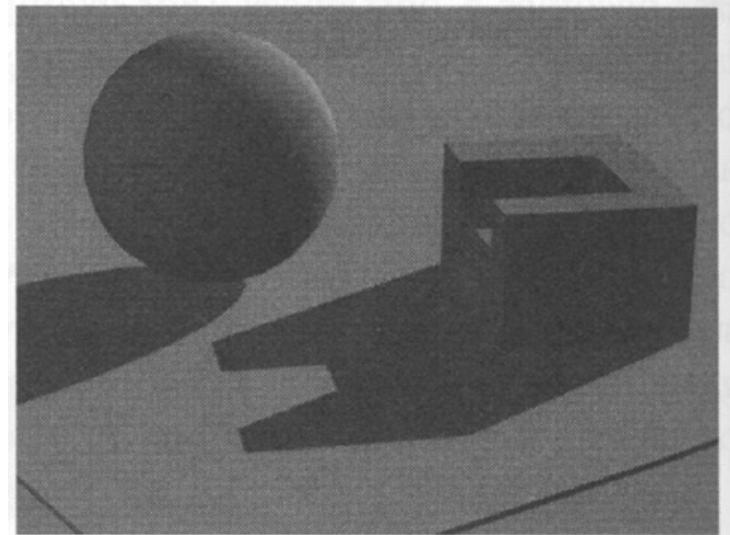
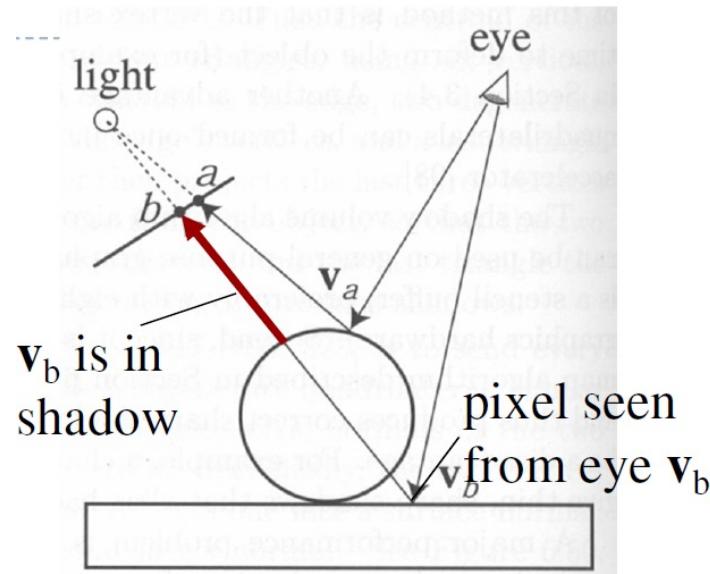


Shadow mapping

Second step:

Render from camera's position

(Per fragment) compare distance to light
with shadow map value

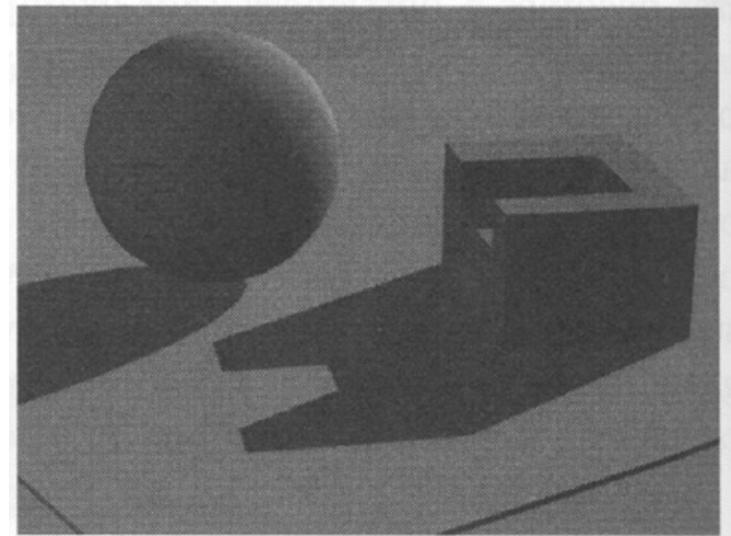
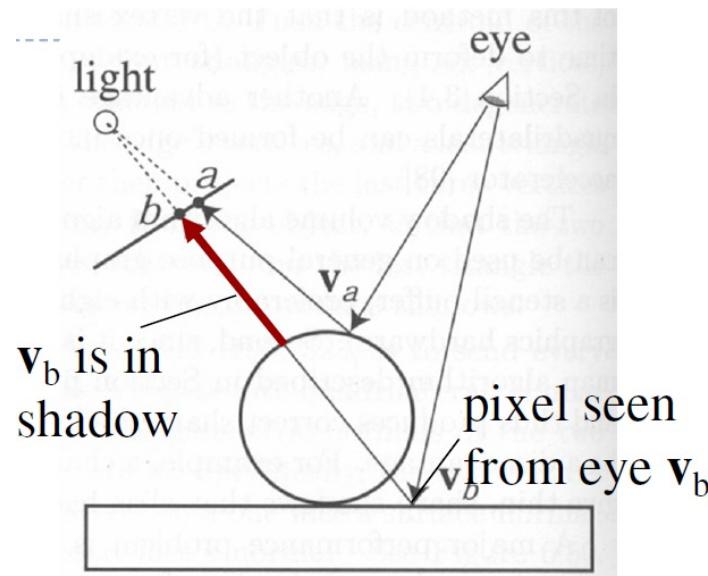


Shadow mapping

Second step:

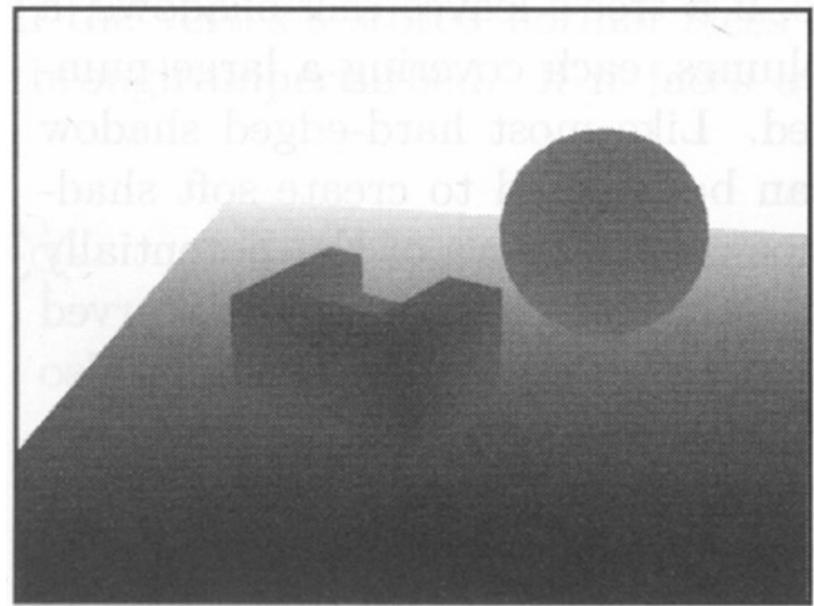
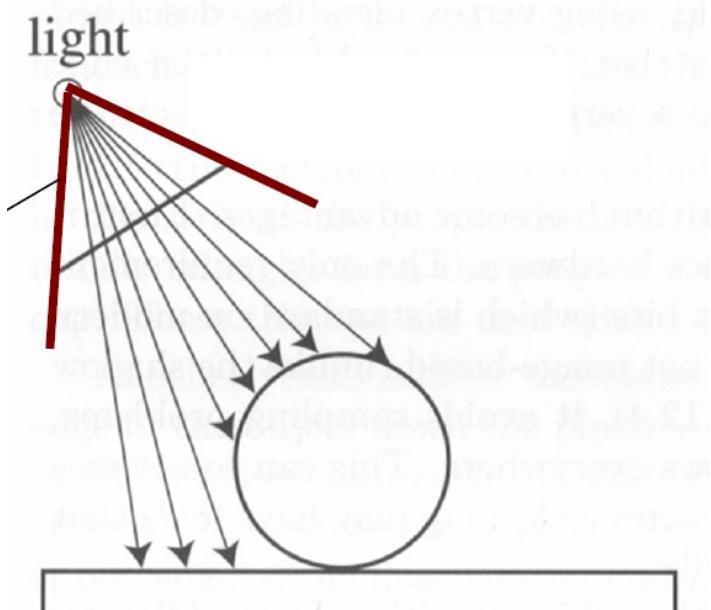
Shadow map value larger \rightarrow Fragment shadowed

Shadow map value less/equal \rightarrow Fragment lit



Shadow mapping

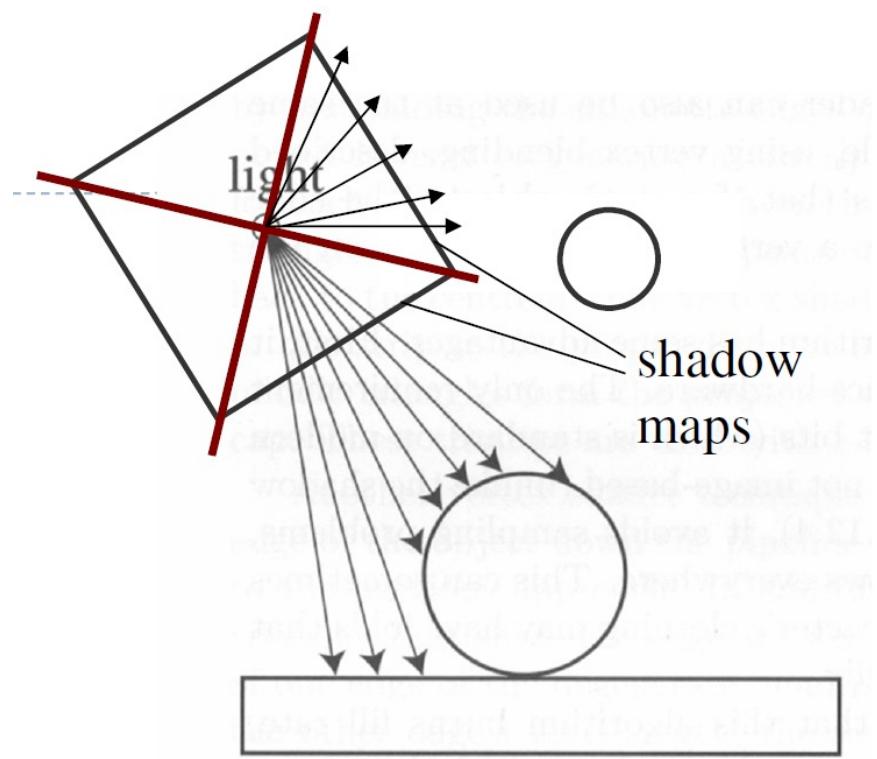
Issues : Field of view



Shadow mapping

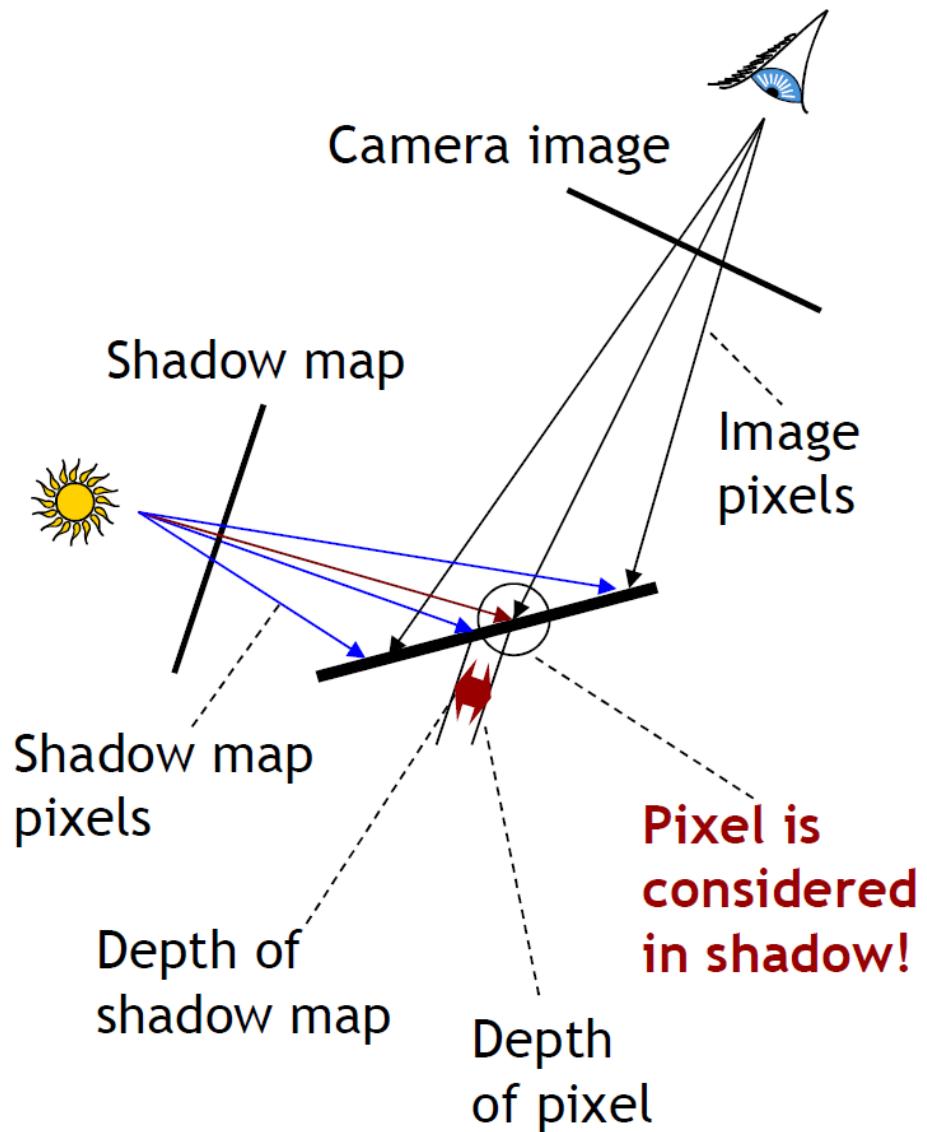
Issues : Field of view

Remedy ... render 6 shadow maps in a cube



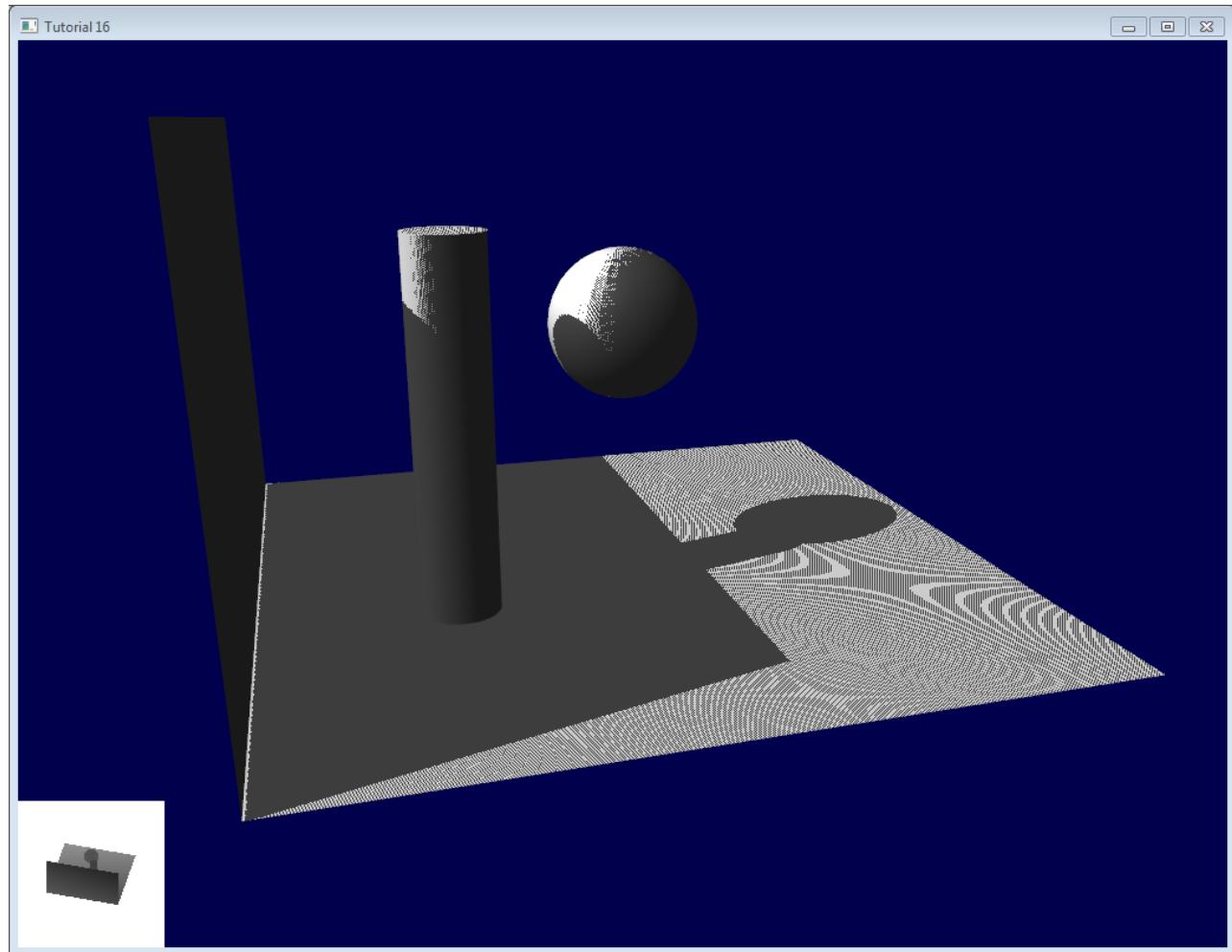
Shadow mapping

Issues : Z-fighting



Shadow mapping

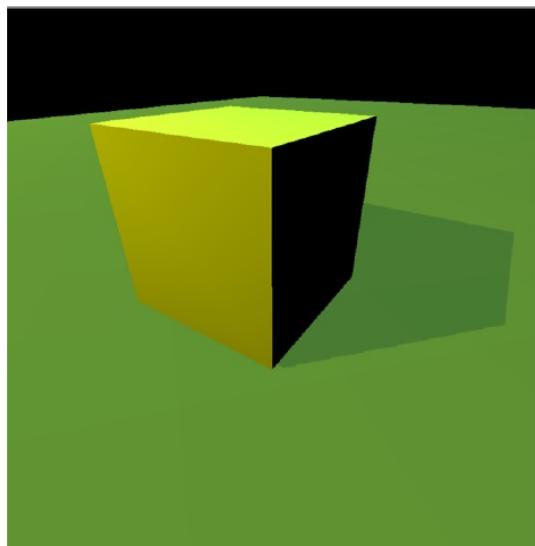
Issues : Z-fighting



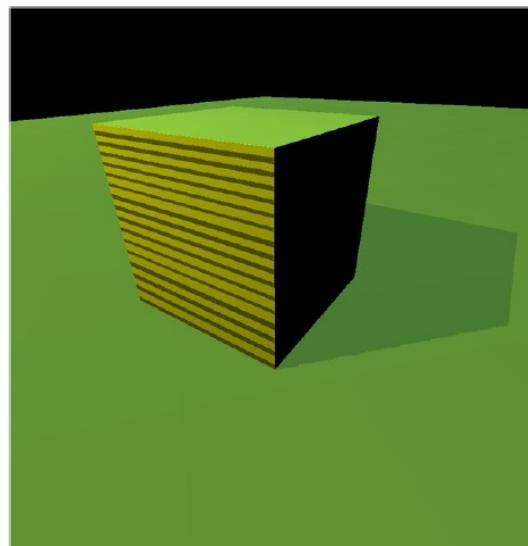
Shadow mapping

Issues : Z-fighting

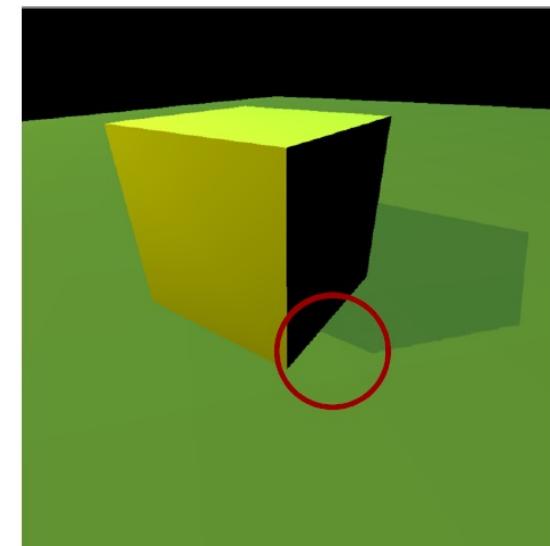
Solution : Bias (be careful how much!)



Correct bias



Not enough bias



Too much bias

Shadow mapping

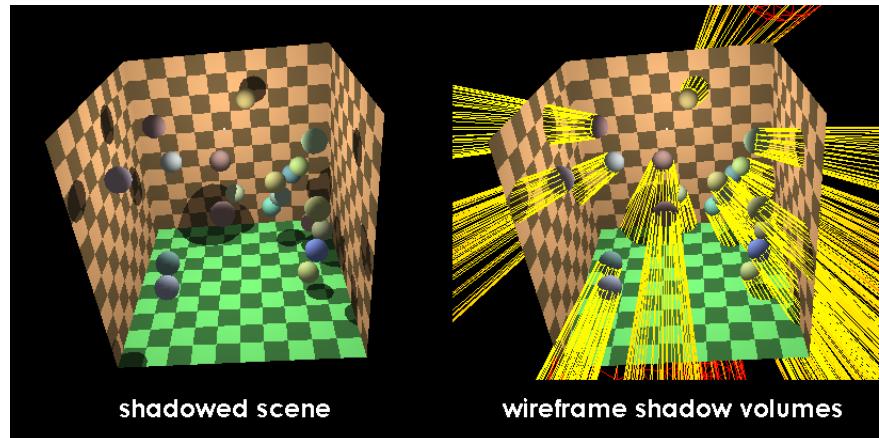
Additional issues:

Sampling (resolution of shadow map)

Thin objects

Multiple light sources

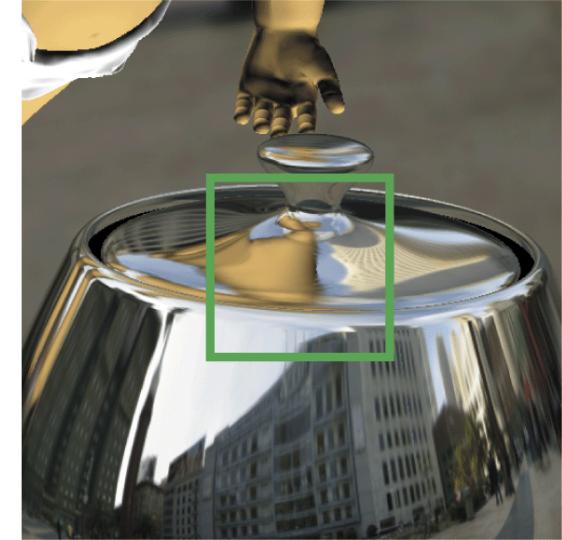
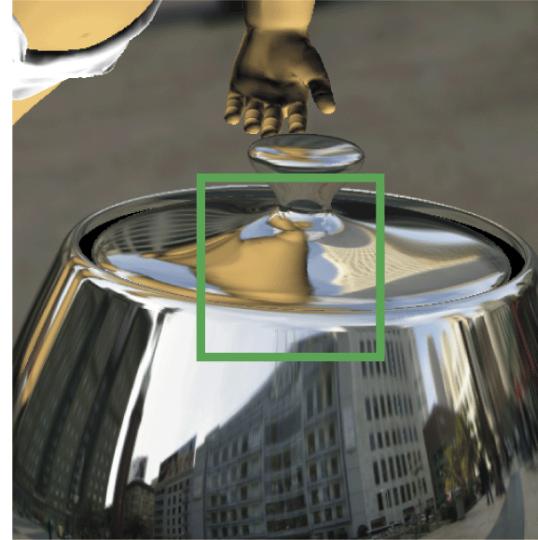
Other methods exist (e.g. shadow volumes)
(but may require CPU intervention)



Dynamic environment maps

First pass : Render scene into the 6 faces
of the environment cubemap

Second pass : Normal environment mapping
with rendered texture



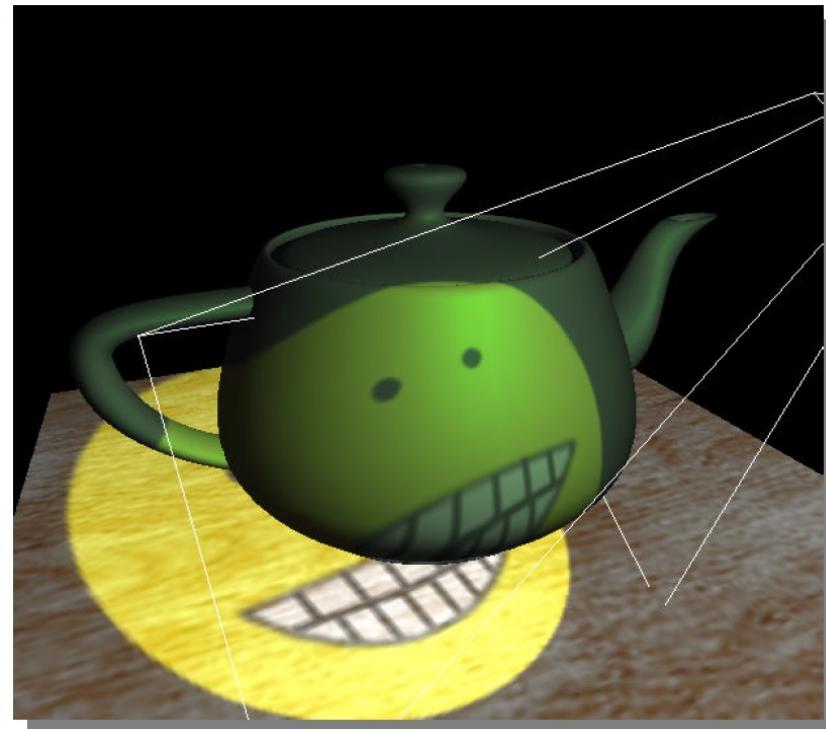
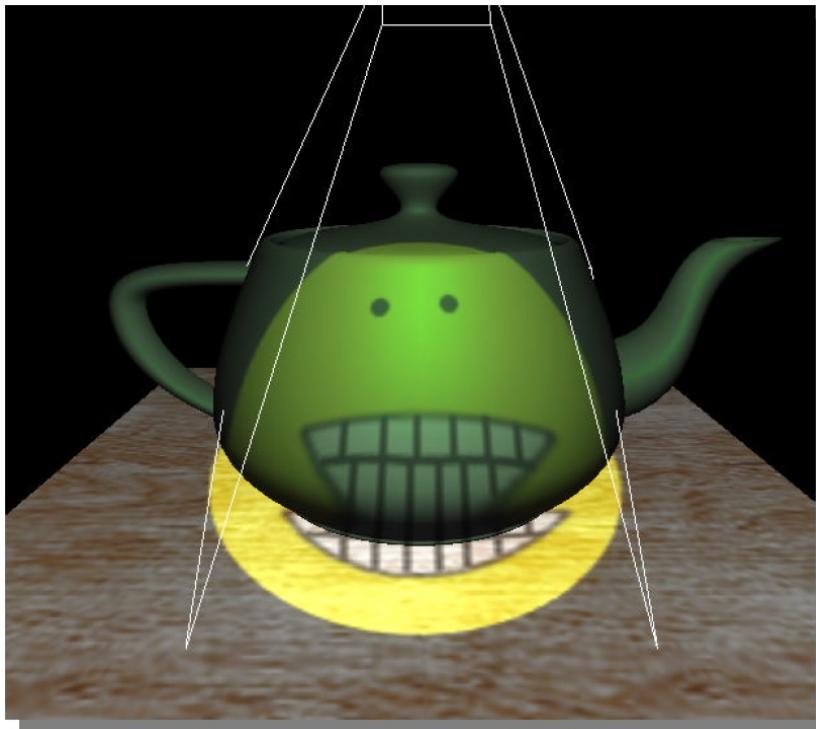
[\[Example\]](#)

[\[Example\]](#)

Projector textures

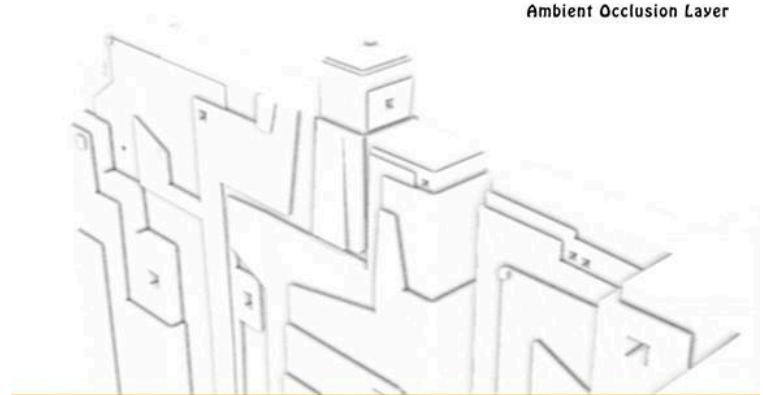
“Project” texture coordinates on scene,
to use with secondary texture

Need to worry about sampling issues all over
again (no direct mipmap help)



Ambient occlusion

Darken ambient lighting component near folds



Ambient occlusion

Can be very expensive (and very cool)

Screen-space approximation :

Uses depth field, estimates “occlusion factor”

