Backend code demo project

idea-case-backend (Not model for all parts, but contains several good ideas)

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There are max 11 files you need to look into

- README.md
- .gitignore
- .env
- package.json
- src/index.js
- src/routes/index.js
- src/routes/category.js
- src/db/index.js
- src/responseHandlers/index.js
- src/utils/logger.js
- logs/winstonBackendLog.log

README.md

- Write here how to setup/install/clone/run the project.
- Possibly introduce the libraries and give links to information about each library
- Here are some Markdown markup (yep, the name is playing with words) syntax examples:
 https://github.com/haagahelia/swd4tn023/blob/master/08 seminaari/markdown file1.md

.gitignore

- file that lists what files and folders will not be tracked nor added to the git repository
- e.g. we do not want to put the .env file anywhere in public place, it might contain secrets, like ip addresses, usernames, passwords...
 - Thus you will also not get it with git clone.
 - Thus you will manually add that file to your project
- if you forget to enter the file / folder in the gitignore the non-ignored file will be in the version history, and could be exposing secrets in remote repo, like github!

.env file

- The .env file (1.) that the dotenv library (see in the package.json (2.), added there with npm install dotenv) after you have run dotenv.config({}); (3.) that library reads from file system and offers as 'environment variables' to other modules with this kind of code process.env.VARIABLE_NAME_HERE (4.)
- Here we can keep the settings we want to be able to change without changing the tested code
 - e.g. IP address of the database server
 - or usernames and passwords
- per developer file, thus could also contain developer's preference, like ip to own version of database

package.json

- Created when the Node project was created, e.g. with the npm init command
- Locate e.g. the 'npm start' script and see how it will run 'node src/index.js' / 'nodemon src/index.js'
- See also the dependencies and development dependencies
 - New libraries can be added there like this: npm install dot_env
 - When you have cloned a project, the dependencies mentioned in package.json can be installed with the npm install command
- package.json file you want to keep in git, as it's important file that makes a Node/npm project to be a project and also e.g. keeps track of the libraries
- (...whereas node_modules folder and package-lock.json file can always be removed if needed for fixing some probs. npm install creates them again)

src/index.js

- This is the starting point of the Node backend.
- Not the starting point of end-point routing, but a file that setups up and configures the Node project
- Things here are usually run only ones, at the server startup
- Identify where the all the API routing starts!

src/routes/api/index.js

- Just routing the endpoint calls to specific routing files, based on part of the URI pattern.
- Common file, add your entries to common files fast and deliver them to others also fast

src/routes/api/category.js

- An example how the category business object related REST API endpoints are gathered in one file
 - Other options could be role based bundling of the endpoints
- Now there are about nine endpoints, and file length ~260 lines
 - Thus maybe could be divided into category.js and categoryMultiple.js (or something like that),
 - first one with endpoints adding, updating, finding, deleting single categories. The other one having all the endpoints
 related to multiple category objects.
- Here only look at the five endpoints marked with >>> for Exam
 - Why? Because they follow the new idea of responseHandler and logging
 - Why aren't all endpoints in this project with the new model? That would take time, and the five already demonstrate
 the new model well
 - Old examples are also interesting for comparison. They are remarkably longer and have unnecessarily repeating code lines.

src/db/index.js

- File that (1.) defines a database configuration object
 - (Though the database settings are also originally from the .env file)
- ...and (2.) exports a database connection object (we call it this time 'knex') based on that configuration object
- Other code modules can then execute database operations with that knex object

src/responseHandlers/index.js

- File that unifies the handling of the response, after database operation has been completed, either successfully or unsuccessfully
- Kind of a utility library, reusable functions. Elsewhere we save a lot of code writing
- Writes also to the log using the logger.
- Finally gives the caller (e.g. our Frontend, or some test system, like PostMan client) the HTTP response too.
 - In case of total success from business point of view: "200" and the possible data
 - In case of error that can be somehow pointed at the request: "400" and "Request error"
 - In case or error that can be somehow pointed at the backend server or database: "500" and "Server error"

src/utils/logger.js

- File first defines configuration for the winston logging library
 - E.g. we can define what is the least serious message level we write to log file / console
 - Logging levels are: error, warning, info, verbose, silly.
 - If you set level to silly, you get all of the above
 - If you set level to info, you only get error, warning and info
- Then the file creates and exports a logger object based on that configuration

logs/winstonBackendLog.log

- File that keeps history of the logged messages
- We don't put theis to git repository as it will be generated when needed. That means, when the application
 is running
- From time to time we might empty the log file

This log could be improved by putting date and time stamp to the front of each message. Important fact for debugging.