

# Artificial Intelligence

Zenith Special Interest Group

*Executive Primer*

## 3 Types of Artificial Intelligence:

### Weak AI

- Limited by programming – won't develop new skills
- Analyses preferences and improves over time

### Strong AI

- Learns new skills through contextualisation
- Applies knowledge to plan ahead
- Can adapt as changes occur

### Superintelligence

- Self-aware
- Surpasses human intelligence
- Only exists in science fiction

# Artificial Intelligence

Artificial Intelligence is revolutionizing the financial technology (fintech) industry, offering unprecedented opportunities and challenges alike. As a rapidly advancing branch of computer science, AI enables the simulation of human thought and language through code, with recent breakthroughs in machine learning and deep learning propelling the field's growth.

For fintech companies, embracing AI presents a pathway to stay competitive amid the increasing investments in AI innovation by big tech firms. However, alongside these opportunities, several critical challenges arise, demanding careful attention.

**In this executive briefing, we will explore the key challenges facing the fintech industry as it harnesses the potential of AI. Specifically, we will examine the issues of bias in AI systems, the ethical implications of AI adoption, and the importance of addressing security and maintenance concerns for AI systems.**

By addressing these challenges, fintech companies can pave the way for widespread and responsible adoption of AI tools, ensuring a safe, secure, and sustainable transformation of the financial services industry.

In the following sections, we will delve deeper into each challenge, highlighting the Zenith program's opportunities to assist fintech and financial services firms in overcoming these hurdles and unlocking the full potential of AI technology. In our appendices, we will brief you on the landscape of each underlying technology.

AI Industry  
**\$190bn**  
(by 2025)



Amazon Lex



## Key Highlights

- AI algorithms can inherit biases from the data they are trained on, leading to unfair and discriminatory outcomes.
- Identifying and mitigating bias in AI systems is crucial to building trust and ensuring ethical AI adoption.
- Biases in AI can have significant consequences in sensitive domains such as finance, impacting customer satisfaction and regulatory compliance.

# Biases in AI Systems

Artificial Intelligence (AI) systems are prone to inheriting biases present in the data used for their training. Technologies such as **Data Annotation** and **Data Quality & Observability** play vital roles in identifying potential biases and ensuring that training data is diverse and representative. By incorporating these technologies, fintech companies can reduce the risk of biased AI outcomes and promote fairness in their algorithms.



By adopting **Synthetic Data** generating practices, fintech companies can broaden the training data sets to include more diverse demographics in their customer data to improve the quality of the data in.

To ensure ethical AI adoption, fintech companies should also invest in technologies that relate to **Model Validation & Monitoring**. These technologies help in understanding how AI models arrive at decisions, making the decision-making process more transparent and interpretable for customers and regulators.

To tackle biases effectively, fintech firms should adopt strategies such as **diverse and representative data collection**, **regular audits**, and **fairness-aware machine learning algorithms**. Transparency in AI decision-making can also aid in identifying potential biases and gaining customer trust.

## Key Highlights

- Ethical considerations in AI adoption involve privacy, transparency, fairness, and accountability.
- Fintech companies must balance AI-driven innovation with societal and ethical responsibilities.
- Responsible AI practices enhance brand reputation and foster long-term customer loyalty.

# Ethical Implications of AI Adoption

As fintech companies embrace AI-driven innovation, they must navigate the ethical implications associated with its adoption. Ethical considerations involve ensuring customer privacy, maintaining transparency in AI decision-making, promoting fairness in algorithms, and being accountable for AI-driven outcomes.

To address ethical concerns related to data privacy, fintech companies should implement **Data De-Identification** techniques. These technologies protect sensitive customer information while still allowing AI models to derive valuable insights.

Transparency and explain-ability are vital to address ethical concerns in AI adoption. Consumers and regulators are increasingly demanding explanations for AI-driven decisions. To enhance transparency, fintech firms should adopt Interpretable AI models and establish clear communication channels to explain the logic behind AI recommendations.

Fintech companies should acknowledge their responsibility for AI-driven outcomes and establish mechanisms to rectify errors and address customer complaints. Being accountable for AI systems' behaviour fosters trust and loyalty among customers and stakeholders.

Responsible AI practices not only align with societal values but also enhance the reputation of fintech companies. Customers are more likely to engage with companies that demonstrate a commitment to ethical AI practices, leading to long-term customer loyalty and sustainable growth.

Interpretable AI	Explainable AI
Small models that are inherently interpretable  e.g. Small decision trees or linear models with a small number of input variables	The process of applying a method that models the output of a more complex model  This is performed after model training has been completed

## Key Highlights

- The integration of AI in fintech increases cybersecurity risks and potential vulnerabilities.
- Continuous monitoring and updates are essential to ensure the robustness and reliability of AI systems.
- Investing in AI security and maintenance is a proactive approach to safeguarding financial data and operations.

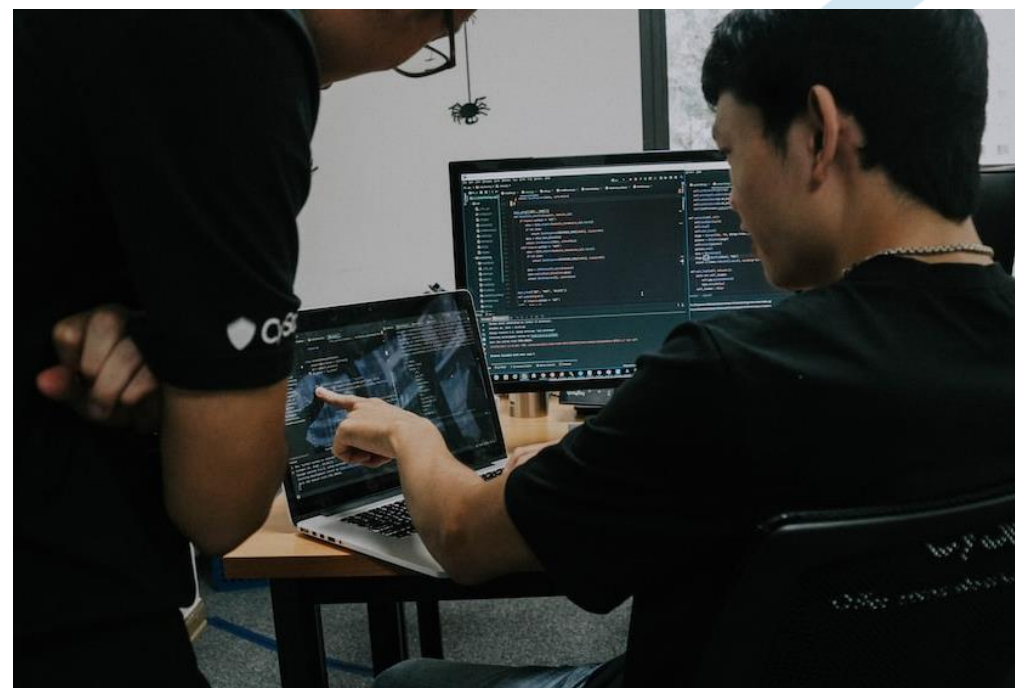
# Security & Maintenance Concerns of Artificial Intelligence

While AI offers transformative opportunities for fintech, it also introduces new cybersecurity risks and vulnerabilities. The integration of AI in financial services creates potential entry points for cyber threats, necessitating a proactive approach to security and maintenance.

Technologies like **Resource Optimisation** and **Machine Learning Deployment** are essential in enhancing AI system robustness. These technologies ensure that AI models are efficiently deployed and managed, minimizing potential vulnerabilities and optimizing real-time resource usage.

AI can also play a pivotal role in fraud prevention and risk mitigation within fintech. Implementing **AI-driven Fraud Detection** systems enhances the security of financial transactions and improves overall risk management.

Considering the rapid evolution of cyber threats, fintech companies must stay informed about emerging security challenges and invest in state-of-the-art AI security technologies. Collaborating with industry experts and sharing insights on security best practices can further fortify fintech systems against potential threats.







## Benefits of Exploration Through Zenith

1. Common frameworks for adoption can be crowdsourced
2. Reduce internal expertise limitations through community engagement
3. Time-to-market of exploration in innovation labs reduced
4. Reserve resources for high-value development
5. Interoperability improves adoption across the industry
6. Keep in step with security, standards, and new feature development
7. Benefit from community contributions across key themes
8. Empower, retain, and attract innovators and developers

# Zenith Opportunities

12  
Identified  
AI Themes

In the Appendix, we have outlined 12 key themes that serve as innovation verticals within the Zenith program.

These themes encompass cutting-edge technologies and trends in Artificial Intelligence.

Embracing these themes will drive transformative advancements in fintech, fostering collaboration, and collective innovation within our foundation.

26  
Identified  
Blockers

We have identified 26 crucial blockers impeding the widespread adoption of AI technologies in the fintech industry. These will be posted on the Zenith site and repository.

To address these challenges, we call upon the wider development community to propose open source solutions through the Zenith program.

Together, we can leverage the power of collective expertise to overcome these obstacles and shape the future of AI-powered fintech solutions.

Join us in our mission to create secure, transparent, and ethical AI applications that redefine the financial services landscape.

- AI Chipsets
- AI-Driven Fraud Detection
- Computer Vision
- Data Annotation
- Data De-Identification
- Data Quality & Observability
- Machine Learning Platforms & Deployment
- Model Validation & Monitoring
- Natural Language Processing
- Resource Optimisation
- Synthetic Data
- Version Control & Experiment Tracking

# Appendices

## Data Sheets

*This report uses Technology Readiness Levels. For more information as to this classification system, please refer to <https://zenith.finos.org/docs/roadmap/TRL>*



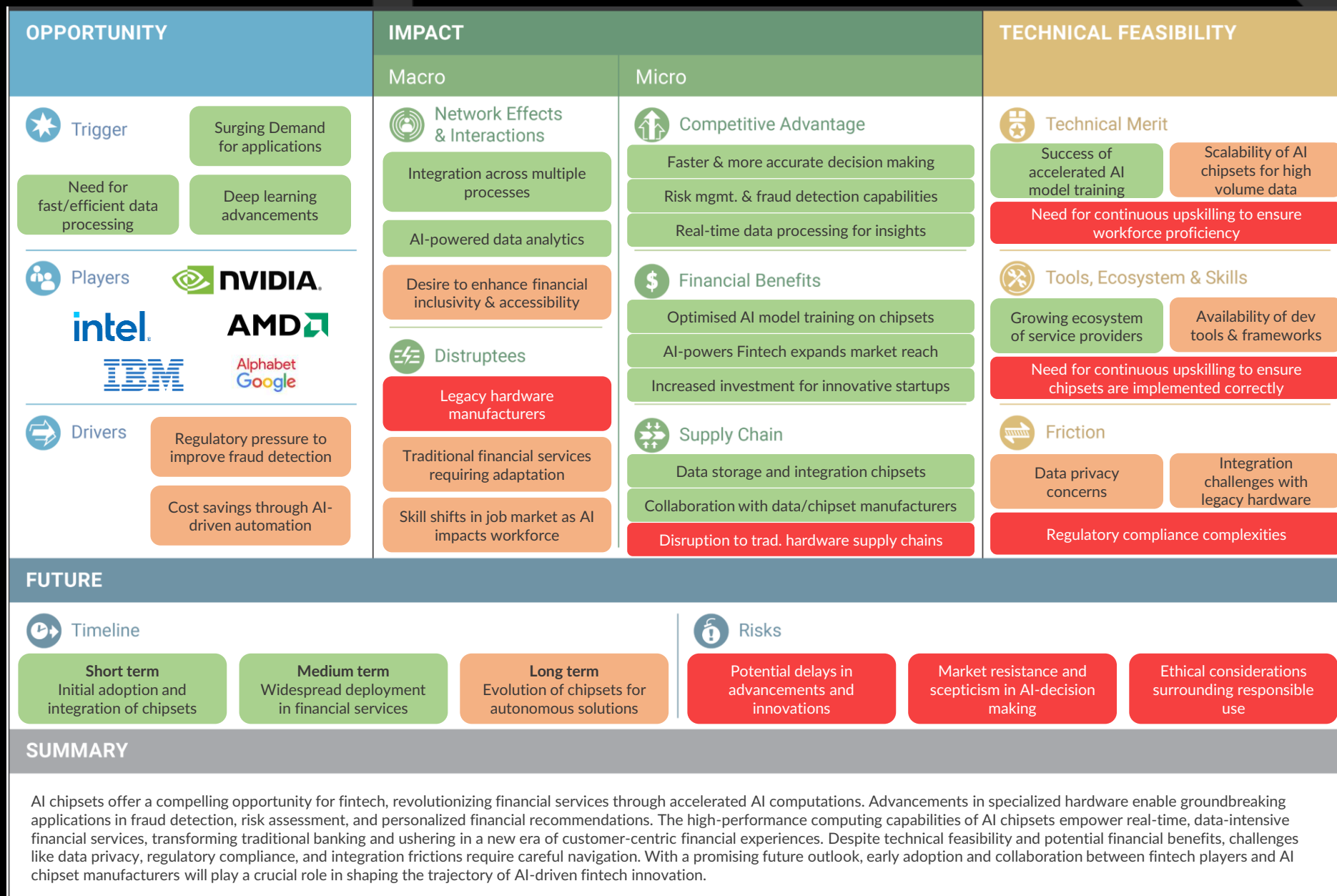
## AI Chipsets

Specialized processors designed to accelerate AI computations, enabling faster and more efficient AI model training and inference.

In fintech, AI chipsets drive groundbreaking advancements, powering complex algorithms for fraud detection, risk assessment, and personalized financial recommendations.

The high-performance computing capabilities of AI chipsets empower fintech companies to deliver real-time, data-intensive services, transforming the way financial institutions operate and serve their customers.

You can find out more about this subject in our AI Chipset Primer on the Zenith GitHub.





## AI-Driven Fraud Detection

This leverages advanced machine learning algorithms to detect and prevent fraudulent activities in real-time.

In fintech, this technology acts as a vigilant security layer, continuously analysing vast volumes of financial data to identify suspicious patterns and transactions.

By swiftly detecting and mitigating fraud, AI-driven systems protect financial assets, preserve customer trust, and enhance overall cybersecurity in the rapidly evolving digital financial landscape.

You can find out more about this subject in our AI Chipset Primer on the Zenith GitHub.

