

Arrange to use an interpreter, if necessary

Your personalised First Steps Checklist

The First Steps Checklist is a personalised list of the first steps you need to take, from registration to tasks associated with setting up your daily life.

Start by answering the questions below. You will be able to save the list as a PDF file when you are finished.

Citizens of non-EU countries who plan to come to Finland for more than 90 days must first apply for a residence permit from the Finnish Immigration Service (Migri.fi). It is not possible to apply for a residence permit on another person's behalf.
The type of residence permit you need to apply for depends on your reason for coming to Finland. Residence permit applications are different if you plan to 1) work in Finland, 2) be with a family member in Finland, 3) study in Finland, 4) return migrate to Finland, or 5) come to Finland on other grounds.
You can apply for a residence permit online at EnterFinland.fi, but within three months of submitting the application, you will need to visit a Finnish mission (embassy or consulate) in person to confirm your identity and present original copies of your application appendices. Check if your documents must be translated or legalised before your scheduled visit.
Applicants must wait for their residence permit decisions in the same country they submitted the application.
Once the Finnish Immigration Service has granted you a residence permit and you have moved to Finland, you must register your municipality of residence with the population register (<u>Dvv.fi</u>). You will then be assigned a Finnish personal identity code. This means you will be considered a Helsinki resident and be entitled to municipal services.
I will study Citizens of non-EU countries who plan on coming to Finland to study must already have been granted a study place before they can apply for a residence permit based on studies.
Please note that if your only reason for moving to Finland is to study, you will likely not be eligible for state-supported social benefits, as you will be considered a temporary resident. See the state benefit agency <u>Kela.fi</u> for more information.
You must register your municipality of residence at the population register (<u>Dvv.fi</u>) upon your arrival.
I'm not yet in Finland
You can apply for a residence permit online at EnterFinland.fi , but within three months of submitting the application, you will need to visit a Finnish mission (embassy or consulate) in person to confirm your identity and present original copies of your application appendices. Check if

If you do not speak Finnish or Swedish, you have the right to use an interpreter when interacting with some public authorities. Interpreter

services must be arranged in advance and often come at no cost. Find more information at InfoFinland.fi.

	Open a bank account
	Book an in-person visit at your bank of choice to open an account. Ask beforehand about the documents you will need to show them. Remember to request access codes for online banking.
	Set up a form of strong identification
	You will need to acquire a form of strong identification, i.e., online banking codes, a mobile ID or a police-issued ID card, to use various eservices in Finland. Learn more at Suomi.fi.
	Find a place to live and buy home insurance
	Almost all rental agreements will require you to buy home insurance. Some banks in Finland offer bundled banking and insurance services at a discount, so ask around for different offers. See the Housing in Helsinki section of welcome.helsinki for more information.
	Buy a phone and internet service
	You must have a <u>personal identity code</u> and Finnish address to buy a mobile service and/or broadband subscription. If you do not have a credit history in Finland, you will be asked to make an advance payment. If you do not yet have an ID code or address, you can purchase a pre-paid subscription. Check if your housing agreement includes broadband before you buy a subscription from an operator. Let your operator know if you want to use a <u>mobile ID</u> .
	Use your Kela card and learn about state benefits
	If you are eligible for national health insurance in Finland, you will be issued a Kela card. You can also apply for it yourself from the state benefits agency (Kela.fi). You will need to show this card to receive state-supported healthcare and subsidies. Each Kela benefit must be applied for separately, and decisions are made on a case-by-case basis. Find a step-by-step guide to using Helsinki's health services in the welcome.helsinki section Healthcare and social services.
	Make it a habit to use public transport
	Public transport in Helsinki is convenient, reliable and eco-friendly. The handy <u>HSL app</u> allows you to buy tickets and access the <u>Journey Planner</u> on your mobile phone. Check the <u>Getting around the city</u> section of welcome.helsinki for more information.
	Exchange your driving license
	Driving licenses issued in EU/EEA countries are valid in Finland indefinitely, but it is a good idea to exchange your license for a Finnish one if you plan to live here permanently. Owners of driving licenses issued by other countries will need to pass a Finnish driving exam if they do not exchange their license by the deadline. See more at Ajokortti-info.fi.
	Sign up for Finnish or Swedish language lessons
	While it is true that almost everyone in Helsinki speaks English, we suggest you start learning one or both of the national languages right away, as it will bring many advantages. Check <u>Finnishcourses.fi</u> for suitable courses near you.
	Explore your new home

Congratulations! You have now finished all the steps and are ready to start your Helsinki adventure.

Any questions?

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Service points: International House Helsinki and Central Library Oodi