

This is your personalised First Steps Checklist!

The First Steps Checklist is a personalised list of the first steps you need to take in association with your move to Finland.

Each list has about a dozen steps. The first few focus on the necessary permits and registration for your specific situation. The others contain information on important steps like opening a bank account, buying home insurance and using healthcare.

Start by answering the questions below. When you are finished, you will be able to save your personalised list as a PDF file or print it out.

More than 90 days

Citizens of non-EU countries who plan to come to Finland for more than 90 days must first apply for a residence permit from the Finnish Immigration Service (Migri.fi). It is not possible to apply for a residence permit on another person's behalf.

The type of residence permit you need to apply for depends on your reason for coming to Finland. Residence permit applications are different if you plan to 1) work in Finland, 2) be with a family member in Finland, 3) study in Finland, 4) return migrate to Finland, or 5) come to Finland on other grounds.

You can apply for a residence permit online at EnterFinland.fi, but within three months of submitting the application, you will need to visit a Finnish mission (embassy or consulate) in person to confirm your identity and present original copies of your application appendices. Check if your documents must be translated or legalised before your scheduled visit.

Applicants must wait for their residence permit decisions in the same country they submitted the application.

Once the Finnish Immigration Service has granted you a residence permit and you have moved to Finland, you must register your municipality of residence with the population register (Dvv.fi). You will then be assigned a Finnish personal identity code. This means you will be considered a Helsinki resident and be entitled to municipal services.

l will work

Citizens of non-EU countries who plan to come to Finland to work must first secure a job here and apply for a residence permit for employed persons before they enter the country. The employer in question must also complete a form and append it to the residence permit application.

If you already have a residence permit for Finland based on some other grounds, such as family ties, you may already have the right to work. A few special permits are granted for specialists, researchers and seasonal work. Consult the Finnish Immigration Service (Migri.fi) for more information.

If your stay in Finland will exceed three months, you must register your municipality of residence at the population register (<u>Dvv.fi</u>) after your arrival. Once you have registered in person with these two authorities, you will receive a personal identity code. This means you will be considered a Helsinki resident and be entitled to municipal services.

You will need a tax card from the Tax Administration (Vero.fi), if you plan on working. If you work in construction, you also need a tax number. In order to get a tax card, you will need an identity code.

If you have not received a personal identity code yet, you can apply for one at the tax office. You will be asked to show your employment contract, residence permit, and a valid passport or photo ID to receive this code.

I'm already in Finland

If you are already in Finland, within three months of submitting your application for a residence permit, you must visit the Finnish Immigration Service (Migri.fi) in person to confirm your identity and present original copies of your application appendices. Check if your documents must be translated or otherwise legalised before your scheduled visit.

ore s	steps to consider
Aı	rrange to use an interpreter, if necessary
	you do not speak Finnish or Swedish, you have the right to use an interpreter when interacting with some public authorities. Interpreter rvices must be arranged in advance and often come at no cost. Find more information at InfoFinland.fi .
O	pen a bank account
	ook an in-person visit at your bank of choice to open an account. Ask beforehand about the documents you will need to show them. The member to request access codes for online banking.
Se	et up a form of strong identification
	u will need to acquire a form of strong identification, i.e., online banking codes, a mobile ID or a police-issued ID card, to use various e-rvices in Finland. Learn more at <u>Suomi.fi</u> .
] Fi	nd a place to live and buy home insurance
	most all rental agreements will require you to buy home insurance. Some banks in Finland offer bundled banking and insurance services at a scount, so ask around for different offers. See the <u>Housing in Helsinki</u> section of welcome.helsinki for more information.
] Bu	uy a phone and internet service
his su	u must have a <u>personal identity code</u> and Finnish address to buy a mobile service and/or broadband subscription. If you do not have a credit story in Finland, you will be asked to make an advance payment. If you do not yet have an ID code or address, you can purchase a pre-paid bscription. Check if your housing agreement includes broadband before you buy a subscription from an operator. Let your operator know if u want to use a <u>mobile ID</u> .
Us	se your Kela card and learn about state benefits
be	you are <u>eligible for national health insurance</u> in Finland, you will be issued a Kela card. You can also apply for it yourself from the state inefits agency (<u>Kela.fi</u>). You will need to show this card to receive state-supported healthcare and subsidies. Each Kela benefit must be plied for separately, and decisions are made on a case-by-case basis.
] м	ake it a habit to use public transport
	ablic transport in Helsinki is convenient, reliable and eco-friendly. The handy <u>HSL app</u> allows you to buy tickets and access the <u>Journey</u> and an access the <u>Journey</u> on your mobile phone. Check the <u>Getting around the city</u> section of welcome.helsinki for more information.
Ex	kchange your driving license
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Driving licenses issued in EU/EEA countries are valid in Finland indefinitely, but it is a good idea to exchange your license for a Finnish one if you plan to live here permanently. Owners of driving licenses issued by other countries will need to pass a Finnish driving exam if they do not exchange their license by the deadline. See more at Ajokortti-info.fi.

Sign up for Finnish or Swedish language lessons
While it is true that almost everyone in Helsinki speaks English, we suggest you start learning one or both of the national languages right away, as it will bring many advantages. Check <u>Finnishcourses.fi</u> for suitable courses near you.
Explore your new home
Once you have settled in, remember to take some time to get to know Helsinki's different neighbourhoods. MyHelsinki is great source of ideas for fun things to see and do!
Enjoy your new life in Helsinki!

website, if you have any more questions.

Congratulations! You have now finished all the steps and are ready to start your Helsinki adventure. Remember to visit the welcome.helsinki

Any questions? Contact one of Helsinki's helpful services listed below:

International House Helsinki

Lintulahdenkuja 2 D, 00530 Helsinki Monday–Friday 9:00–16:00

Please note the following exceptions to regular service hours: TE office desk is closed daily between 12:00–13:00. The Finnish Centre for Pensions (ETK) is present at the service point from Monday to Wednesday, 9:00–12:00 and 13:00–16:00.

Helsinki-info

Tel 09 31011 111 Chat neuvonta.hel.fi Service point IHH and Oodi