



Developer Technical Training

CityIQ APIs

San Diego API Working Session
January 30, 2019



Training : Developer Technical Training – How To Consume CityIQ APIs

Attendees: Developers & other interested parties (City of San Diego data scientists/developers, SCALE SD, STIR winners, etc)

Agenda

- Intro to CityIQ
- API Structure
- Methods of Accessing the API (REST API vs WebSocket)
- Getting Started
 - Parking API
 - Traffic API
 - Pedestrian API
- Additional Questions / Wrap Up

Intro to CityIQ



The CityIQ IoT Platform is an all-inclusive digital infrastructure living within street lamp posts and on the Cloud.



San Diego Vision Zero

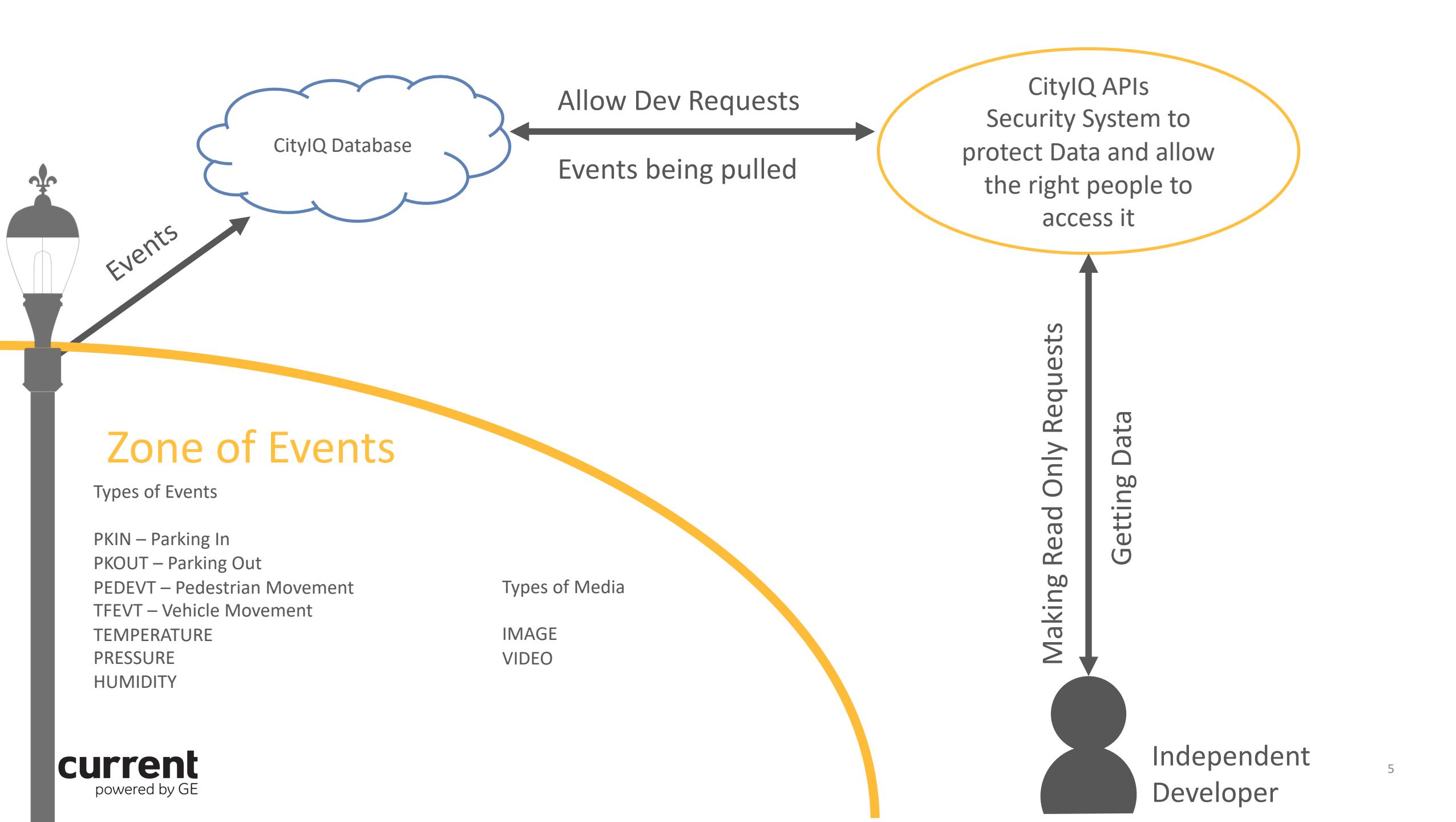
- Improving Safety and Reducing Accidents
- Improving City Planning and Road/Walkway Conditions

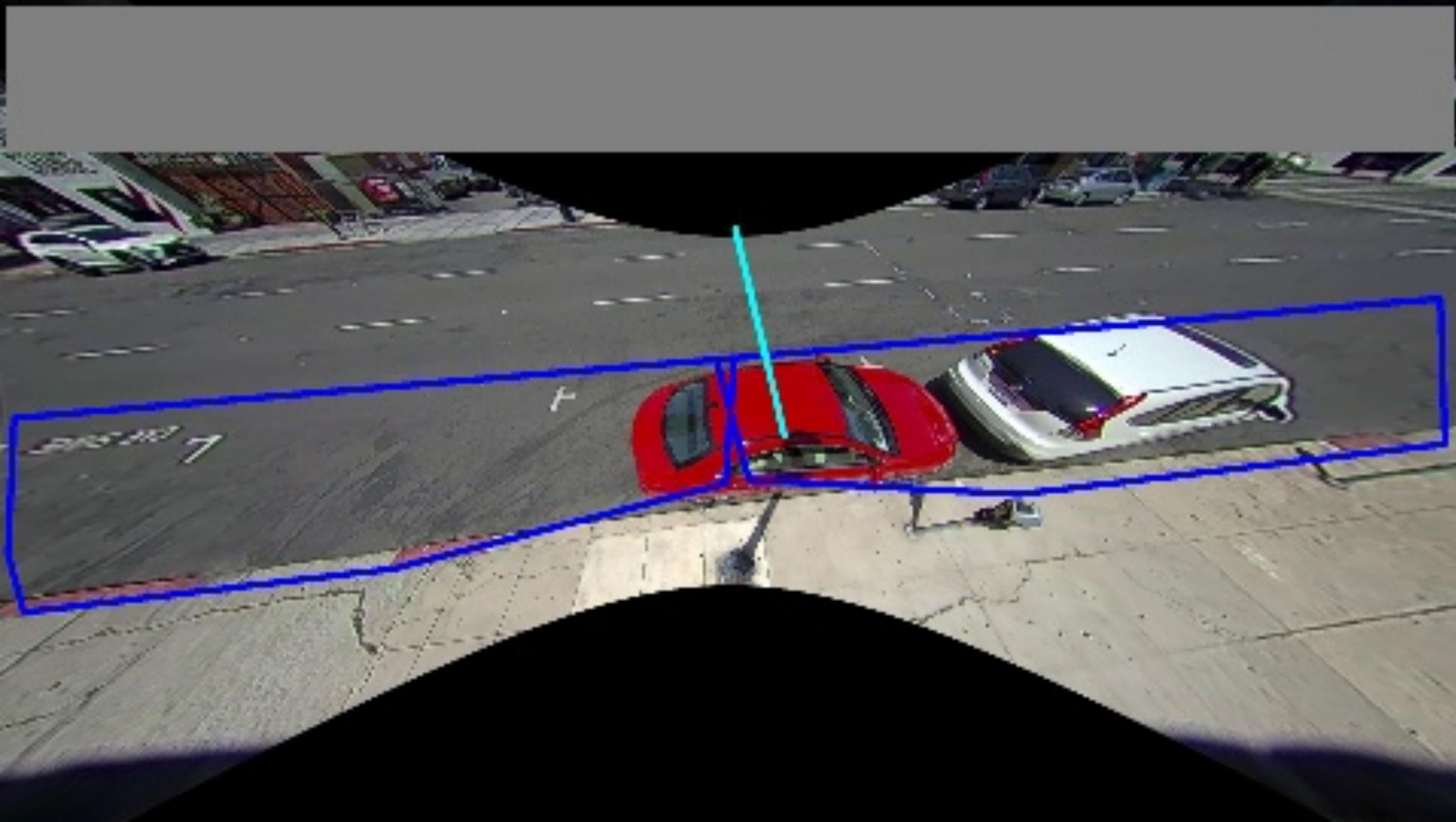
Why is this training necessary?

Data produced by CityIQ Nodes is protected and managed by the CityIQ APIs

Understanding the APIs enables....

- **Distributors** to know who needs what and why.
- Smart City **Advisors** to know how to guide Developers and **Drive Innovation**
- **Developers** to use SD Data optimally and effectively





API Structure

This will clarify the CityIQ Database Structure to help developers visualize the API

The following questions will be answered:

1. What information do I need when accessing the API?
2. What are the different services and why do I need them?
3. What are the authentication mechanisms for each service?
4. Why do I need Metadata?
5. What does the Asset/Location Event Tree Structure look like?

API Structure

Necessary Input Parameters

Client_ID and Client_Secret

Client-Token
• Obtained via
UAA URL
*** Always needed**

Predix-Zone-ID
• Subscription ID
*** Always needed**

Necessary URLs

1

User Account and Authentication Service

- Overarching URL Service which provides security for the overall API Services

2

MetaData Service

- Independent URL Service which provides clients information pertaining to the assets and locations available for monitoring.

3

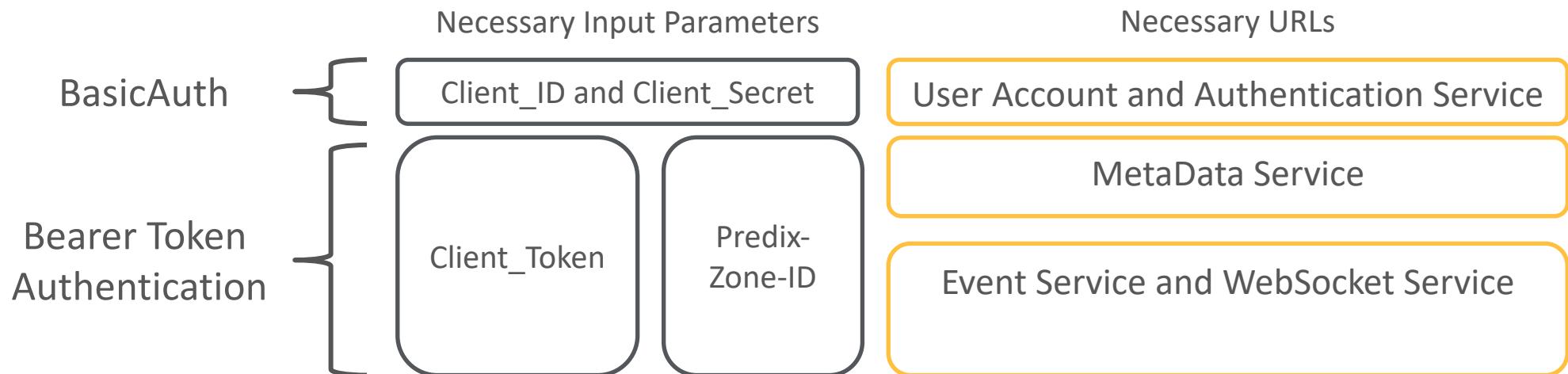
*Event Service and WebSocket Service**

- URL Services which provides clients with the events recorded at specific locations via specific assets.

User Account and Authentication Service

BasicAuth

- Base 64 encoded client_id and client_secret
- Returns Token used for future credential validation



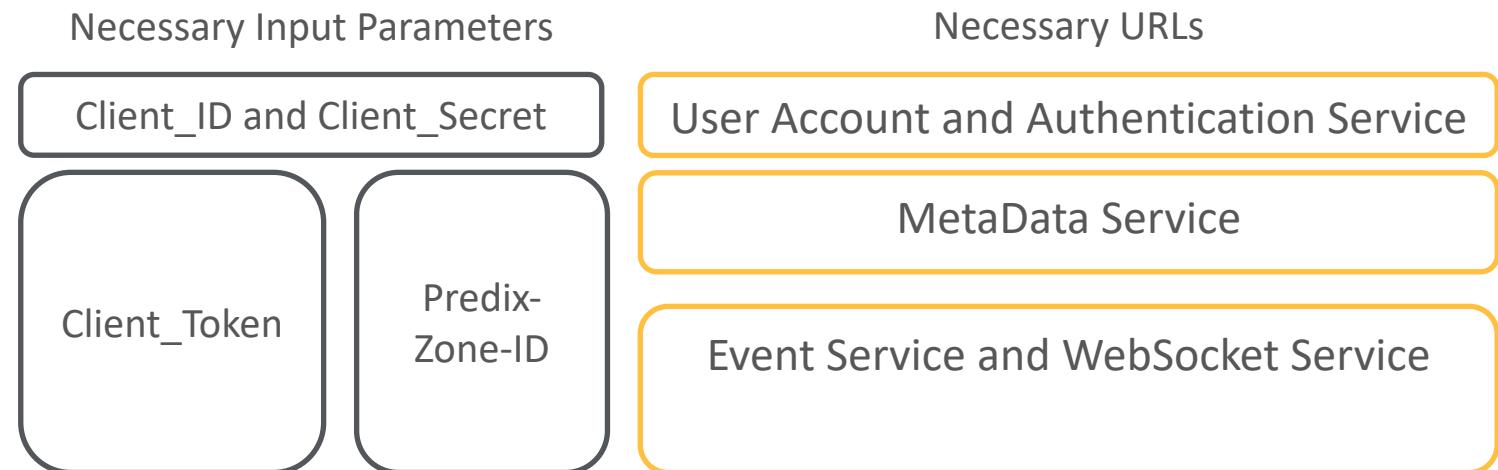
Metadata Service

Bearer Token Authentication

- Requires BasicAuth Token & Predix-Zone-ID

Static Data

- Asset Details (Device Details)
- Location Details (Coordinates and Types)



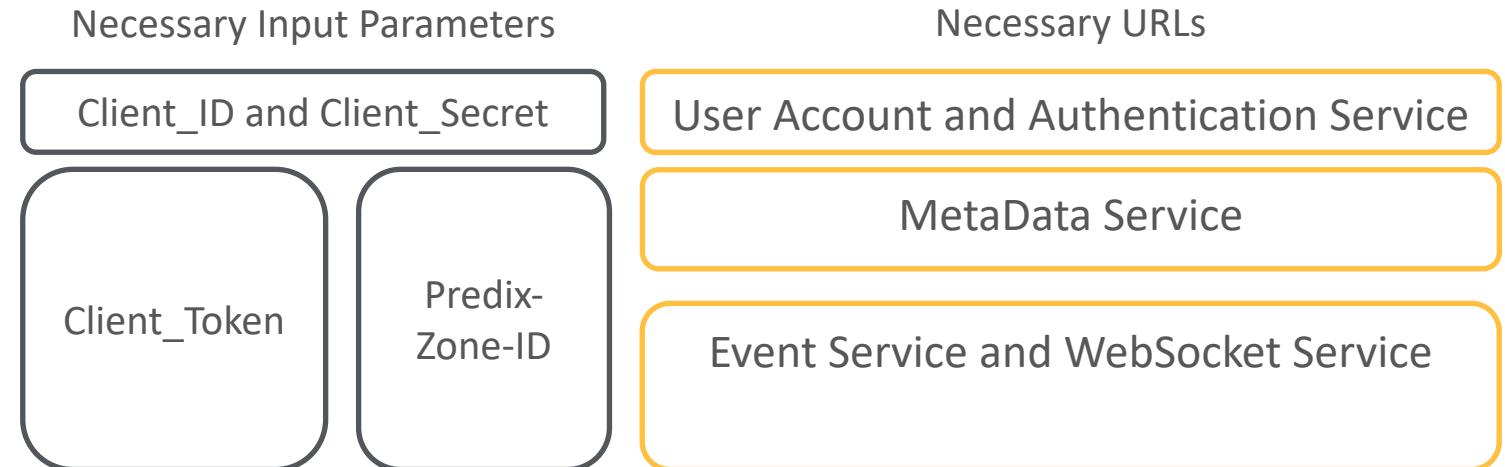
Event Service and WebSocket Service

Bearer Token Authentication

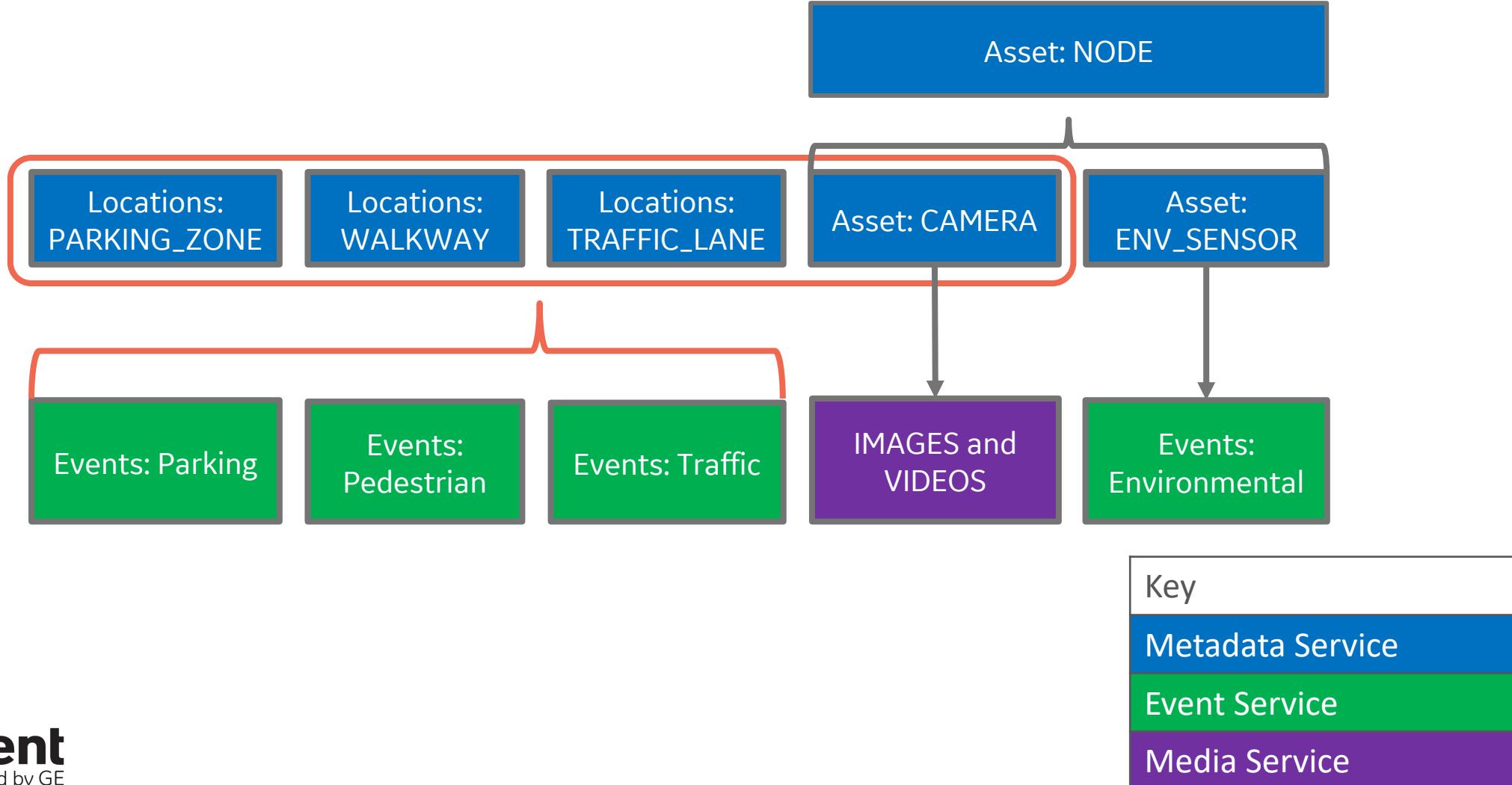
- Requires BasicAuth Token & Predix-Zone-ID

Dynamic Data

- Events recorded with Asset and Location Details



Asset/Location Event Tree



Methods of Accessing the API

REST API vs WebSocket

This will clarify the CityIQ Methods of Access to help developers understand implementation options

The following questions will be answered:

1. What is the difference between the REST API and the WebSocket?
2. When do I use the WebSocket?
3. What are the necessary credentials. To access the REST API? And the WebSocket?
4. Why must I always use the REST API for UAA and Metadata calls?

Methods of Accessing the API

Main Method

REST API:

- Historical Data Notifications
- Client notifies API when data is needed
- Postman demos the REST API

Necessary when using UAA and Metadata Services

Optional Method

WebSocket:

- Near real-time Data Notifications
- Opens a connection
- Custom programming necessary

Only available when accessing events

Accessing Steps



Necessary Input Parameters

Client_ID and Client_Secret

Client-Token
• Obtained via
UAA URL
*** Always needed**

Predix-Zone-ID
• Subscription ID
*** Always needed**

Necessary URLs

1

1

User Account and Authentication Service

- Overarching URL Service which provides security for the overall API Services

2

2

MetaData Service

- Independent URL Service which provides clients information pertaining to the assets and locations available for monitoring.

3

Events Service

- URL Service which provides clients with the events recorded at specified time intervals

3

WebSocket Service

- URL Service which provides clients the ability to stream event data

The screenshot shows the Postman application interface with several UI elements highlighted by red circles:

- A**: A red circle highlights the "Import" button in the top navigation bar.
- B**: A red circle highlights the "Collections" tab in the left sidebar.
- C**: A red circle highlights the "SDSIM" environment dropdown in the top right.
- D**: A red circle highlights the "Untitled Request" title in the main request list.
- E**: A red circle highlights the "Enter request URL" input field in the request builder.
- F**: A red circle highlights the "Params", "Authorization", and "Headers" tabs in the request builder.

Definitions

Query: a request for data or information from a database table or combination of tables. [Ref1](#)

GET Request: One of the four basic HTTP request methods that allows read only action by the user

Postman Collections: a group of preset queries able to be shared and used as a guide to APIs. [Ref2](#)

Postman Environment: a group of variables implemented in the collections that allow the user to assign values to those variables once. [Ref 3](#)

Params:

The screenshot shows the Postman interface with a request titled "GET Get client Token". The URL is {{UAAURL}}/oauth/token?grant_type=client_credentials. The "Params" tab is selected, displaying a table with two rows: "grant_type" with value "client_credentials" and "Key" with value "Value".

KEY	VALUE
grant_type	client_credentials
Key	Value

Authorization:

The screenshot shows the Postman interface with a request titled "GET Get client Token". The URL is {{UAAURL}}/oauth/token?grant_type=client_credentials. The "Authorization" tab is selected, showing "Basic Auth" selected. A note says: "Heads up! These parameters hold sensitive data. To keep this data secure while working in a collaborative environment, we recommend using environment variables or a vault." The "Username" field contains {{client}} and the "Password" field contains A "Show Password" checkbox is unchecked.

Headers:

The screenshot shows the Postman interface with a request titled "GET Get client Token". The URL is {{UAAURL}}/oauth/token?grant_type=client_credentials. The "Headers" tab is selected, displaying a table with three rows: "Authorization" with value "Basic aWMuc3RhZ2Uuc2ltLmRldmVs3A6ZGV2", "Content-Type" with value "application/x-www-form-urlencoded", and "Key" with value "Value".

KEY	VALUE
Authorization	Basic aWMuc3RhZ2Uuc2ltLmRldmVs3A6ZGV2
Content-Type	application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Key	Value

Getting Started

This will clarify the process of getting started using the CityIQ APIs

The following questions will be answered:

1. How do I use the REST API?
2. How do I use the WebSocket?
3. What is the process to obtain CityIQ dynamic data?
4. How do I get a client_token? Is it the same process when using the WebSocket?
5. What queries can I make to get metadata information?
6. What does metadata look like in the real world?
7. Where do I input the Predix-Zone-Id (Subscription-ID)?

San Diego Simulated Data Credentials

Client_id: SanDiego

Client_secret : \$aND!3g0

&

Postman Link:

https://app.getpostman.com/join-team?invite_code=cc8b0ffa5ba954fd01d0dac299ac030b&ws=6eece5f6-4729-40bf-8b1c-5dbedc667286

Getting Started

3 Step Process

1 UAA URL – Get Client Token

- Token expires every 24 hours
- Must make as REST API Request
- Requires base 64 encryption of client_id and client_secret

2 Metadata Service URL – Find the Asset or Location you would like event data for

- Must be done when configuring your app
- Once assets/locations are known, not necessary to do again until new assets are available
- Must make as REST API Request

3 Event Service URL – Ask the API for the specific events related to that Asset or Location

- Can use REST API or WebSocket

My Workspace Upgrade

New Import Runner Filter SDSIM Edit

History Collections Trash

CityIQ-OnBoarding-Collection ★ 35 requests

Tokens

1 Get client Token

2 Get Sub Assets

3 Get Asset Detail

Get Asset->Location list

Get All Assets

Get Asset Detail

Get All Locations

Get Location Detail

Get Location-->Asset list

Events

Parking

Pedestrian

Traffic

Environmental & Energy

Media (follow 3 Steps process)

GET Get client Token

Get client Token

GET {{UAAURL}}/oauth/token?grant_type=client_credentials

Params Authorization Headers (2) Body Pre-request Script Tests

KEY	VALUE
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> grant_type	client_credentials
Key	Value

Response

SDSIM

VARIABLE	INITIAL VALUE	CURRENT VALUE
client_token		
client		myClientID
pwd		myClientSecret
UAAURL		https://890407d7-e617-4d70-985f-01792d693387.predix-uaa.run.aws-usw02-pr.ice.predix.io
metadataurl		https://ic-metadata-service.run.aws-usw02-pr.ice.predix.io
eventurl		https://ic-event-service.run.aws-usw02-pr.ice.predix.io
mediaurl		https://ic-media-service.run.aws-usw02-pr.ice.predix.io
traffic_zone_id		SDSIM-IE-TRAFFIC
parking_zone_id		SDSIM-IE-PARKING
ped_zone_id		SDSIM-IE-PEDESTRIAN

Hit the Send button to get

Import your Postman Collection and Environment
Provided to you by email as two separate .json attachments

New Import Runner Filter SDSIM Edit

Learn Build Browse

1 Get Client Token

The screenshot shows the Postman interface with a successful API call. The collection on the left is 'CityIQ-OnBoarding-Collection' containing various requests like 'Get client Token', 'Get Sub Assets', etc. The main window shows a GET request to '{{UAAURL}}/oauth/token?grant_type=client_credentials'. The response body is highlighted with a red box and contains a large access token string.

My Workspace

Get client Token

GET {{UAAURL}}/oauth/token?grant_type=client_credentials

Params: grant_type (client_credentials)

Body:

```
"access_token": "eyJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiIsImtpZCI6ImxI2ZfjeS10b2tIbi1rZXkilCj0eXAiOiJKV1Qifq...  
.eyJqdGkiOiJ1NDY3M205YTEyYzU0YTUxOTq4NWEwNmU5NWQ2MmEwZCIsInN1YiI6ImIjLnN0YWdlLnNpbS5kZXZlbg9wiwic2NvcGUiOlsidWFhLnJlc291cmNIiwiaWUtY3VycmVudC5TRFNJTS1JRS10VUJMSUMtU0FGRVRZLk1FLVBVQkxJQy1TQUZVFkuteZGSUMuTE1NSVRFC5SERVZFTI9QIiwiwUUtY3Vyc...  
lNSVRFC5SERVZFTI  
mVudC5TRFNJTS1Ji  
U1RSSUF0LkxJTuI  
zIwiwicmV2X3NpZy:  
lVL29hdXRoL3Rva:  
EFSS01ORySMSU1J:  
LmRldmVsba3AiLCjpZS1jdXJyZW50L1NEU01NLULFLUVOVk1ST05NRU5UQuwuSUUTru5WSVJPTk1FT1RBTC5MSU1JVEVEIiwiaWUtY3VycmVudC5TRFNJTS1JRS1QRURFU1RSSUF0Lk1FLVBFRREVTFJJQU4uTE1NSVRFCJdfq...  
.vk_Nk4R3rT_qvS00mjWQUVXWnqHQK7nT-n_nJdUDnAGjKK23CEPR8knzEGw  
-os_BAM00UuAVP_51800LLx0FLsIlnNIGsZJPTsQw4Glp2ZPkqmfw85jxdT2CLE4Be7SzQyLSEe35JLsnz2Hcd4qY01dF1oDvcPP_fgamgyh3FgGEMI0r1qjFJ1BRawn6TW2CK50WhvjxIM2gf9myUaMJ75xrCr3Wggz04ATdh69DXeDWGzwUIYoRl  
-f3Z9agwzsSdokXqK8_b0WNooggM1u7VC01Q3YqoeSf56fu0L9AYMwB7dxBZNNFCBHkyhZkSc5rTTKNeKJPbKFIN7WFAta",  
token_type : bearer,  
expires_in: 604799,  
scope": "uaa.resource ie-current.SDSIM-IE-PUBLIC-SAFETY.IE-PUBLIC-SAFETY.LIMITED.DEVELOP ie-current.SDSIM-IE-ENVIRONMENTAL.IE-ENVIRONMENTAL.LIMITED.DEVELOP ie-current.SDSIM-IE-TRAFFIC.IE-TRAFFIC.LIMITED...  
DEVELOP ie-current.SDSIM-IC-METROLOGY.IC-METROLOGY.LIMITED.DEVELOP ie-current.SDSIM-IE-PARKING.IE-PARKING.LIMITED.DEVELOP ie-current.SDSIM-IE-PEDESTRIAN.IE-PEDESTRIAN.LIMITED.DEVELOP",  
"jti": "b4673d9a12c54a519885a06e95d62a0d"
```

Metadata

Get All Assets:

- Get a list of all the assets within a specific eventType or within a certain geographic region
- Get a list of all the locations within a specific geographic region

Get Asset Detail

- Get the asset details to one particular asset

Get Asset → Location List associated with that asset

- Get all the locations within view of one asset

Get All Locations

- Get the location details to one particular location

Get Location Details

- Get the location details to one particular location

Get Location → Asset List associated with that location

- Get all assets that are currently monitoring that location

Get SubAssets

- Get all the children assets (sensors) assigned to a node asset

assetType NODE



```
{ assetUid: 'NODE-X',  
  parentAssetUid: null,  
  eventTypes: [ 'HEALTH_REPORT' ],  
  mediaType: null,  
  assetType: 'NODE',  
  coordinates: '{LAT}:{LONG}',  
  status: 'ONLINE',  
  properties: {} }
```

assetType CAMERA

```
{ assetUid: 'CAM-X',  
  parentAssetUid: 'NODE-X',  
  eventTypes: [ 'PKOUT', 'PKIN',  
    'TFEVN', 'PEDEVN' ],  
  mediaType: 'IMAGE,VIDEO',  
  assetType: 'CAMERA',  
  coordinates: '{LAT}:{LONG}',  
  status: 'ONLINE',  
  properties: {  
    HOMOGRAPHY: 'x,x,x,x,x,x,x',  
    CENTER_GEO_COORDINATE:  
      '{LAT}:{LONG}',  
    IMAGE_SIZE: 'X:Y',  
    VIEW: 'X' } }
```

assetType ENV_SENSOR

```
{ assetUid: 'ENV-X',  
  parentAssetUid: 'NODE-X',  
  eventTypes: [ 'TEMPERATURE',  
    'HUMIDITY',  
    'PRESSURE' ],  
  mediaType: '',  
  assetType: 'ENV_SENSOR',  
  coordinates: '{LAT}:{LONG}',  
  status: 'ONLINE',  
  properties: {} }
```

assetType EM_SENSOR

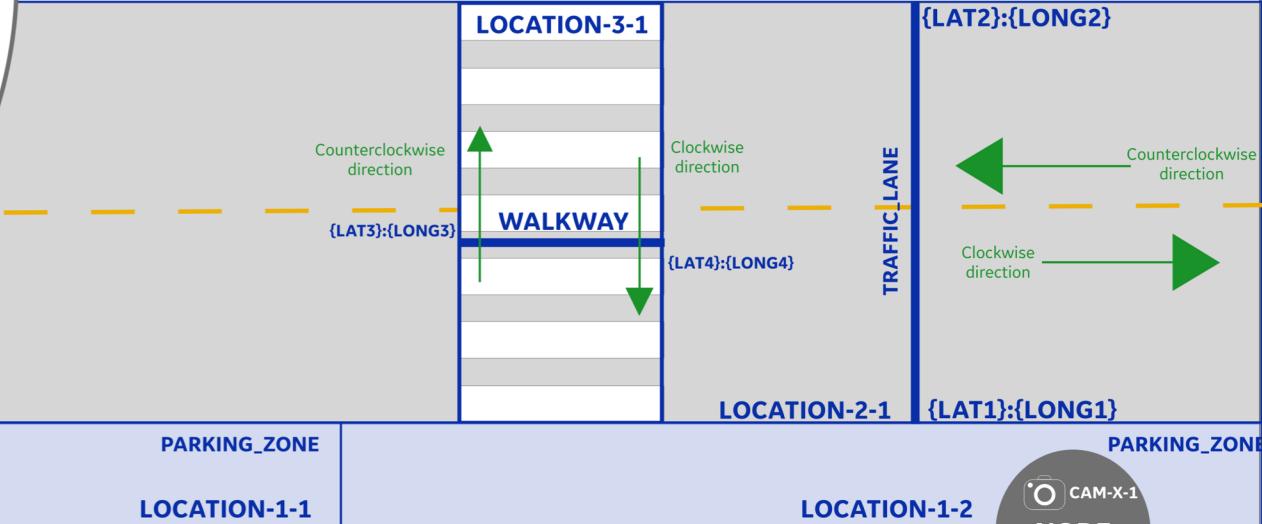
```
{ assetUid: 'EM-X',  
  parentAssetUid: 'NODE-X',  
  eventTypes: [ 'METROLOGY',  
    'ENERGY_ALERT',  
    'ENERGY_TIMESERIES' ],  
  mediaType: null,  
  assetType: 'EM_SENSOR',  
  coordinates: '{LAT}:{LONG}',  
  status: 'ONLINE',  
  properties: {} }
```

CityIQ Metadata Service

The Metadata Service provides users with static data such as assets and physical locations with their properties and identifiers.

json responses in blue are obtained using the metadata service url

Sample Responses are described here in json. Please note, data is only available by permissions granted by your municipality.



locationType PARKING_ZONE

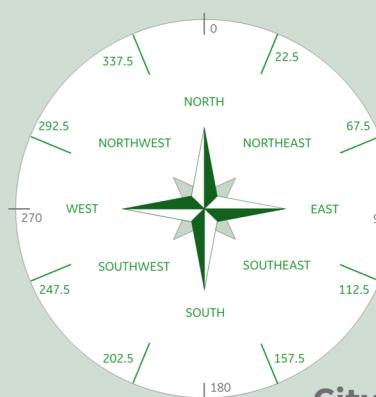
```
{ locationUid: 'LOCATION-1-1',  
  locationType: 'PARKING_ZONE',  
  parentLocationUid: 'LOCATION-1',  
  coordinatesType: 'GEO',  
  coordinates: '{LAT}:{LONG},{LAT}:{LONG},  
    {LAT}:{LONG},{LAT}:{LONG}',  
  name: '1ST-AVE-PARKING-SOUTH',  
  city: 'SPRINGFIELD',  
  state: 'ILLINOIS',  
  country: 'USA',  
  zipcode: '12345',  
  timezone: 'CDT',  
  properties: {  
    CD: 'X',  
    CCD: 'Y' },  
  address: null,  
  analyticCategory: {} }
```

locationType TRAFFIC_LANE

```
{ locationUid: 'LOCATION-2-1',  
  locationType: 'TRAFFIC_LANE',  
  parentLocationUid: 'LOCATION-2',  
  coordinatesType: 'GEO',  
  coordinates: '{LAT1}:{LONG1},{LAT2}:{LONG2}',  
  name: '1ST-AVE',  
  city: 'SPRINGFIELD',  
  state: 'ILLINOIS',  
  country: 'USA',  
  zipcode: '12345',  
  timezone: 'CDT',  
  properties: {  
    CD: 'X',  
    CCD: 'Y' },  
  address: null,  
  analyticCategory: {} }
```

locationType WALKWAY

```
{ locationUid: 'LOCATION-3-1',  
  locationType: 'WALKWAY',  
  parentLocationUid: 'LOCATION-3',  
  coordinatesType: 'GEO',  
  coordinates: '{LAT3}:{LONG3},{LAT4}:{LONG4}',  
  name: '1ST-AVE-WALKWAY-SOUTH',  
  city: 'SPRINGFIELD',  
  state: 'ILLINOIS',  
  country: 'USA',  
  zipcode: '12345',  
  timezone: 'CDT',  
  properties: {  
    CD: 'X',  
    CCD: 'Y' },  
  address: null,  
  analyticCategory: {} }
```



CityIQ API Version 1.0



2 Metadata - Get All Assets

The screenshot shows the Postman application interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with a tree view of collections and requests. The main area displays a request configuration for a 'Get All Assets' endpoint.

Request Details:

- Method: GET
- URL: `{{metadataurl}}/v2/metadata/assets/search?bbox={{bbox}}&page=0&size=200&q=eventTypes:TFEV`
- Headers tab is selected, showing two entries:
 - Authorization: Bearer {{client_token}}
 - Predix-Zone-Id: {{traffic_zone_id}}
- Body tab is selected, showing a JSON response with two asset objects.

Response Body (Pretty Print):

```
1 {
2   "content": [
3     {
4       "assetUid": "CAM-HYP1004-F",
5       "parentAssetUid": "NODE-HYP1004",
6       "eventTypes": [
7         "PKOUT",
8         "TFEVT",
9         "PKIN"
10      ],
11      "mediaType": "IMAGE,VIDEO",
12      "assetType": "CAMERA",
13      "coordinates": "32.7162474:-117.1639189"
14    },
15    {
16      "assetUid": "CAM-HYP1008-F",
17      "parentAssetUid": "NODE-HYP1008",
18      "eventTypes": [
19        "PKIN",
20        "PKOUT",
21        "TFEVT"
22      ],
23      "mediaType": "IMAGE,VIDEO",
24      "assetType": "CAMERA",
25      "coordinates": "32.7162474:-117.1639189"
26    }
27  ]
28}
```

Input Params for Get All Assets

Query Parameters

Parameter	Description	Required?	Filter Values
bbox	The bounded area for your search; establishes the periphery of a searchable area for assets and nodes, identified by GPS coordinates.	Yes	<p>bbox= <lat1:long1>, <lat2:long2></p> <p>Replace <lat1:long1>, <lat2:long2> with your actual GPS coordinates, similar to the following:</p> <p>Example: 32.715675:-117.161230,32.708498:-117.151681</p> <p>You can use Google Maps to obtain the latitude and longitude. To locate GPS coordinates for the area and identify the boundaries, place the cursor in the upper left location of the area, then right-click and select What's here? to obtain the first set of coordinates. Right-click on the lower-right location and repeat this procedure to obtain the second set of coordinates.</p> 
q	Identifies a "type" query.	No	Query to search by assetType, mediaType, or eventTypes.
assetType	Filter by type of asset. Note: CAMERA is the only sensor that will generate eventTypes and mediaType.	No	See the enumeration codes for assetType in the Glossary for Intelligent Cities .
mediaType	Filter by type of media. Note: Get Media only works when you have access to the Situational Awareness API.	No	See the enumeration codes for mediaType in the Glossary for Intelligent Cities .
eventTypes	Filter by type of event.	No	See the enumeration codes for eventTypes in the Glossary for Intelligent Cities .
size	Maximum number of records to return per page; if none specified, the default value of 2 is used automatically.	No	Numerical value, such as 20.
page	Indicates the page number; default is 0.	No	Numerical value, such as 1.

Output Response Parameters for Get All Assets

Response Parameters		
Parameter	Data Type	Description
assetUid	String	A unique identifier established by a customer or external resource. For example, CAMERA-STG-HYP1042-CAM-L to identify a camera.
parentAssetUid	String	A unique identifier assigned to the asset at the top of a hierarchical set of assets, in other words, the parent of a child asset. For example, a node is a parent asset, comprising child assets such as cameras or microphones.
eventTypes	String	The event type that was recorded. In the sample response data, the camera on the specified node is collecting data on parking instances (vehicle in, vehicle out) and traffic flow in the parking area. See the enumeration codes for eventTypes in the Glossary for Intelligent Cities .
assetType	String	Type of asset that records the events. See the enumeration codes for assetType in the Glossary for Intelligent Cities .
mediaType	String	Media output. In the sample response data, the camera on the specified node is collecting video to record when vehicles enter and exit a parking space. See the enumeration codes for mediaType in the Glossary for Intelligent Cities .
coordinates	String	The GPS coordinates (latitude, longitude) for the referenced asset (identified by assetUid), such as 32.711653,-117.157314 to identify where the camera is installed.

2 Metadata - Get All Locations

Get All Locations Query is

`{{metadataurl}}/v2/metadata/locations/search?{{inputparams}}`

The screenshot shows the Postman application interface. On the left, the sidebar lists collections and requests, including 'CityIQ-OnBoarding-Collection' which contains 'Get All Assets', 'Get Asset Detail', 'Get Asset-->Location list', and 'Get All Locations'. The main workspace shows a 'Get All Locations' request. The request details are as follows:

- Method: GET
- URL: `{{metadataurl}}/v2/metadata/locations/search?q=locationType:TRAFFIC_LANE&bbox={{bbox}}&page=0&size=50`
- Params:
 - q: locationType:TRAFFIC_LANE
 - bbox: {{bbox}}
 - page: 0
 - size: 50
- Body: JSON (Pretty, Raw, Preview, JSON)

The response body is displayed in a JSON tree view, showing a list of locations with their details like locationUid, locationType, coordinates, and name.

Documentation for this Request:

https://ie-cities-docs.run.aws-usw02-price.predix.io/#r_get_list_of_locations_a_pi.html

Getting Started Summary

Always need REST API for UAA URL Queries and Metadata Queries

- UAA provides access_token = client_token necessary for future calls
- Metadata provides access to static data such as assets and locations
- Events are obtained by REST API - or - WebSocket



Parking Planning API

This section clarify the process required to access Parking specific events:

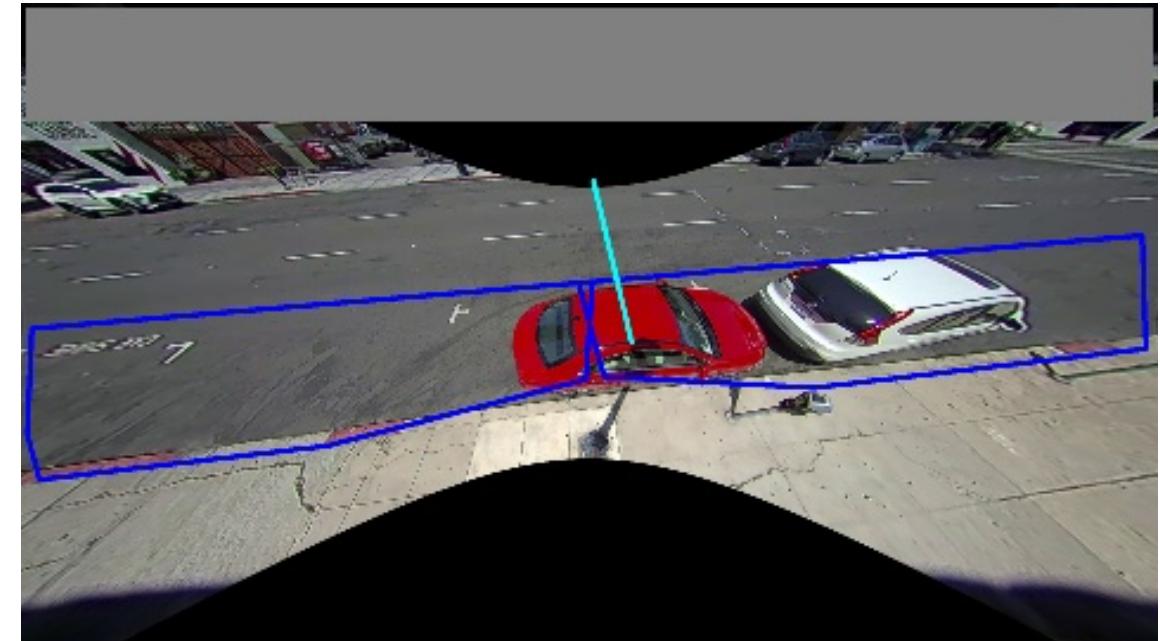
1. What is the Parking Planning API?
2. What data does the Parking Planning API report?
3. What can I do with this data?
4. How do I access the Parking Planning API? And what URLs do I need to access it?

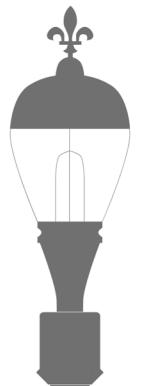


Parking Planning API

Allows clients access to data related to Parking In (PKIN) and Parking Out (PKOUT) Events

- PKIN: Parking Space Occupied
- PKOUT: Parking Space Vacated
- Returns coordinates of vehicle
- Monitors events occurring within Parking_Zone predetermined by configurator





**assetType
NODE**

```
{ assetUid: 'NODE-X',
  parentAssetUid: null,
  eventTypes: [ 'HEALTH_REPORT' ],
  mediaType: null,
  assetType: 'NODE',
  coordinates: '{LAT}:{LONG}',
  status: 'ONLINE',
  properties: {} }
```



**assetType
CAMERA**

```
{ assetUid: 'CAM-X',
  parentAssetUid: 'NODE-X',
  eventTypes: [ 'PKOUT', 'PKIN', 'TFEVT', 'PEDEVT' ],
  mediaType: 'IMAGE,VIDEO',
  assetType: 'CAMERA',
  coordinates: '{LAT}:{LONG}',
  status: 'ONLINE',
  properties: {
    HOMOGRAPHY: 'x,x,x,x,x,x,x,x',
    CENTER_GEO_COORDINATE: '{LAT}:{LONG}',
    IMAGE_SIZE: 'X:Y',
    VIEW: 'X' } }
```

CityIQ Parking Planning API

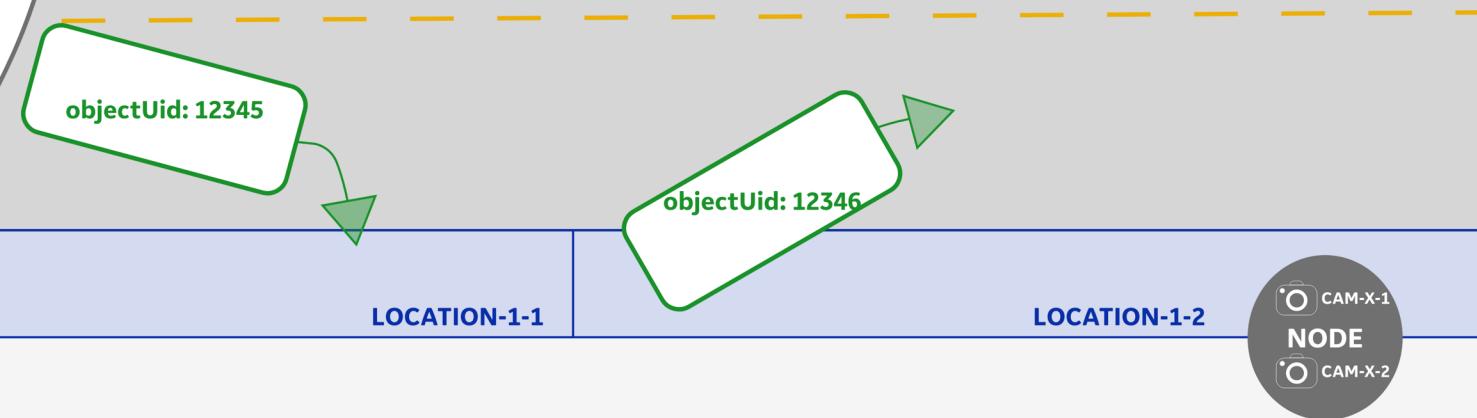
The Parking API uses the camera asset and performs CityIQ Analytics on the node and returns Parking In (PKIN) and Parking Out (PKOUT) events



Sample Responses are described here in json. Please note, the Parking Predix Zone ID is a necessary header input to access this API.

json responses in blue are obtained using the metadata service url

json responses in green are obtained using the events service url



locationType PARKING_ZONE

```
{ locationUid: 'LOCATION-1-1',
  locationType: 'PARKING_ZONE',
  parentLocationUid: 'LOCATION-1',
  coordinatesType: 'GEO',
  coordinates: '{LAT}:{LONG},{LAT}:{LONG},{LAT}:{LONG},{LAT}:{LONG}',
  name: '1ST-AVE-PARKING-SOUTH',
  city: 'SPRINGFIELD',
  state: 'ILLINOIS',
  country: 'USA',
  zipcode: '12345',
  timezone: 'CDT',
  properties: {
    CD: 'X',
    CCD: 'Y',
    address: null,
    analyticCategory: {} } }
```

eventType PKIN

```
{ locationUid: 'LOCATION-1-1',
  assetUid: 'CAM-X',
  eventType: 'PKIN',
  timestamp: 1539090000000,
  properties: {
    orgPixelCoordinates: 'X:Y,X:Y,X:Y,X:Y',
    pixelCoordinates: 'A:B,A:B,A:B,A:B',
    objectUid: '12345',
    geoCoordinates: '{LAT}:{LONG},{LAT}:{LONG}',
    imageAssetUid: 'CAM-X',
    measures: {} } }
```

eventType PKOUT

```
{ locationUid: 'LOCATION-1-2',
  assetUid: 'CAM-X',
  eventType: 'PKOUT',
  timestamp: 1539090011000,
  properties: {
    orgPixelCoordinates: 'X:Y,X:Y,X:Y,X:Y',
    pixelCoordinates: 'A:B,A:B,A:B,A:B',
    objectUid: '12346',
    geoCoordinates: '{LAT}:{LONG},{LAT}:{LONG}',
    imageAssetUid: 'CAM-X',
    measures: {} } }
```



Accessing the Parking Planning API

REST API

- Requires: Event Service URL
- Historical Events
- One-time request for events specified within a time frame
- Requires use of Unix Epoch
<https://currentmillis.com/>

WebSocket

- Requires: WebSocket URL
- Near-real-time Events
- Open connection that updates client when events occur with the event details

Regardless of Method Chosen, UAA and Metadata need to be accessed via REST API



How to Get Parking Planning Events (REST API)

3 Step Process

1 UAA URL – Get Client Token (Skip if token already obtained)

2 Metadata Service URL – Find the Asset or Location you would like event data for

- Example: Get all parking locations on E street between 7th and 8th Ave
- Q=locationType:PARKING_ZONE
- Bbox= 32.714858:-117.158431,32.714562:-117.157248

3 Event Service URL – Ask the API for the specific events related to that Asset or Location

- Example: Get all the events at locationUid (found in step 2) and return all PKIN events between 9am PST and 10am PST
- locationUid: dvi25bk0tcfjk01npf9
- eventType=PKIN
- startTime=1548867600000
- endTime= 1548871200000

Sample Response

```
{  
  "content": [  
    {  
      "locationUid": "dvi25bk0tcfjk01npf9",  
      "assetUid": "daab92c2-ed35-4171-85fb-feb1de55efde",  
      "eventType": "PKIN",  
      "timestamp": 1548082737314,  
      "properties": {  
        "orgPixelCoordinates": "267.0:96.0,267.0:139.0,331.0:139.0,331.0:96.0",  
        "pixelCoordinates": "174.0:37.0,157.0:75.0,190.0:49.0,208.0:9.0",  
        "objectUid": "1548063154",  
        "geoCoordinates": "32.71464384735591:-117.15782474409559,  
                         32.71465410670605:-117.1577391696346,  
                         32.71468110671108:-117.15774374222988,  
                         32.71467084736094:-117.15782931669035",  
        "imageAssetUid": "ac8c83dc-818a-4be2-98b3-aa178223e7b5"  
      },  
      "measures": {}  
    }, ...  
  ]  
}
```

The diagram illustrates the structure of the sample response with several callout boxes and associated descriptions:

- Location Name**:
 - locationUid: "dvi25bk0tcfjk01npf9"
 - assetUid: "daab92c2-ed35-4171-85fb-feb1de55efde"
 - eventType: "PKIN"
 - timestamp: 1548082737314
- Camera observing Event**:
 - orgPixelCoordinates: "267.0:96.0,267.0:139.0,331.0:139.0,331.0:96.0"
 - pixelCoordinates: "174.0:37.0,157.0:75.0,190.0:49.0,208.0:9.0"
- Event that occurred**:
 - objectUid: "1548063154"
- When it happened.**:
 - geoCoordinates: "32.71464384735591:-117.15782474409559, 32.71465410670605:-117.1577391696346, 32.71468110671108:-117.15774374222988, 32.71467084736094:-117.15782931669035"
- Image Reference Number (for Media API Clients only)**:
 - imageAssetUid: "ac8c83dc-818a-4be2-98b3-aa178223e7b5"

current
} powered by GE

Traffic Planning API



This section clarify the process required to access Traffic specific events:

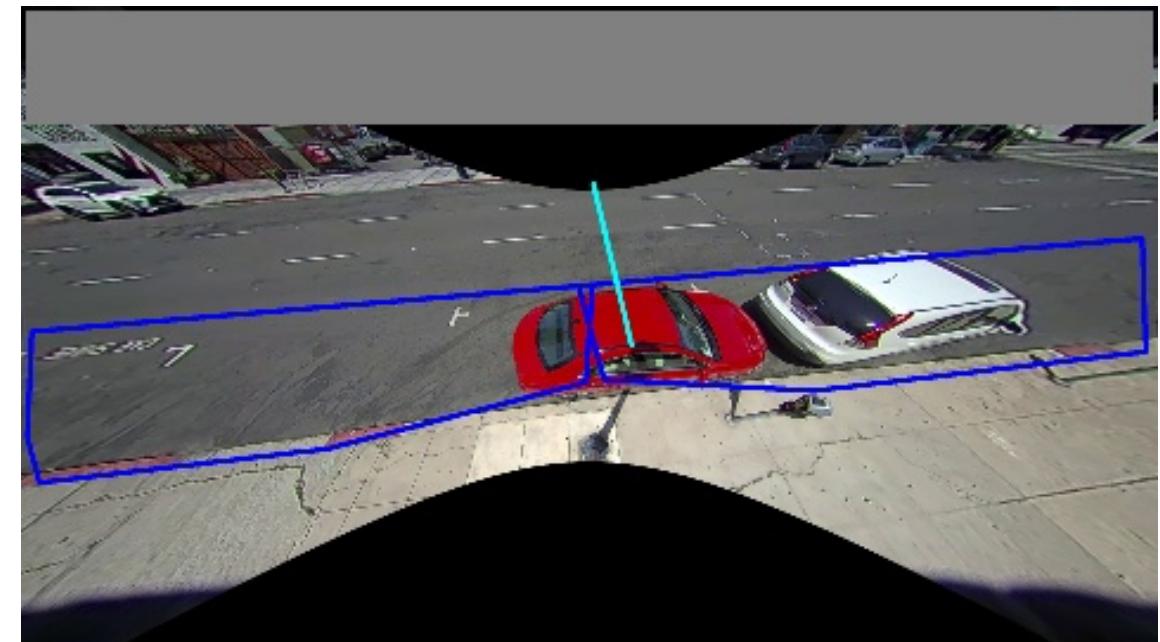
1. What is the Traffic Planning API?
2. What data does the Traffic Planning API report?
3. What can I do with this data?
4. How do I access the Traffic Planning API? And what URLs do I need to access it?



Traffic Planning API

Allows clients access to data related to Traffic Group movements as individual events

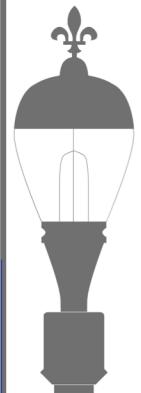
- TFEVT: Summary of vehicles crossing the trip wire with direction, velocity and count.
 - Traffic 2.0 will report bicycles, small vehicles, large vehicles, etc.
 - Location is indicated with a trip wire (two geographic coordinates)





CityIQ Traffic Planning API

The Traffic API uses the camera asset and performs CityIQ Analytics on the node to return Traffic Events (TFEVT) which register vehicles passing the tripwire in blue.



assetType NODE

```
{ assetUid: 'NODE-X',
  parentAssetUid: null,
  eventTypes: [ 'HEALTH_REPORT' ],
  mediaType: null,
  assetType: 'NODE',
  coordinates: '{LAT}:{LONG}',
  status: 'ONLINE',
  properties: {} }
```



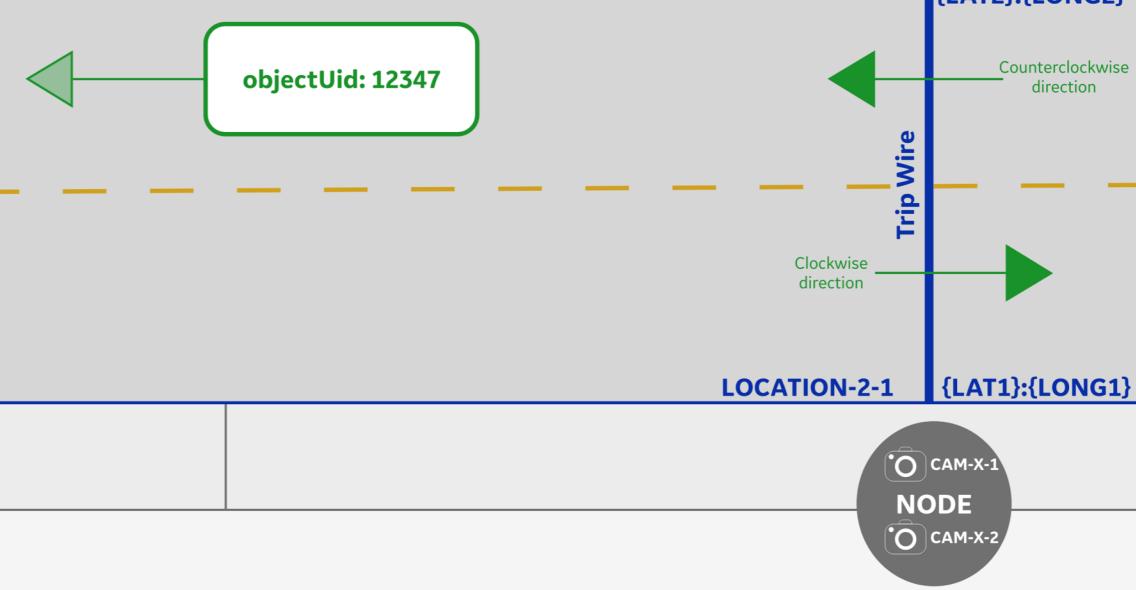
assetType CAMERA

```
{ assetUid: 'CAM-X',
  parentAssetUid: 'NODE-X',
  eventTypes: [ 'PKOUT', 'PKIN', 'TFEVT', 'PEDEVT' ],
  mediaType: 'IMAGE,VIDEO',
  assetType: 'CAMERA',
  coordinates: '{LAT}:{LONG}',
  status: 'ONLINE',
  properties: {
    HOMOGRAPHY: 'x,x,x,x,x,x,x,x',
    CENTER_GEO_COORDINATE: '{LAT}:{LONG}',
    IMAGE_SIZE: 'X:Y',
    VIEW: 'X' } }
```

Sample Responses are described here in json. Please note, the Traffic Predix Zone ID is a necessary header input to access this API.

json responses in blue are obtained using the metadata service url

json responses in green are obtained using the events service url

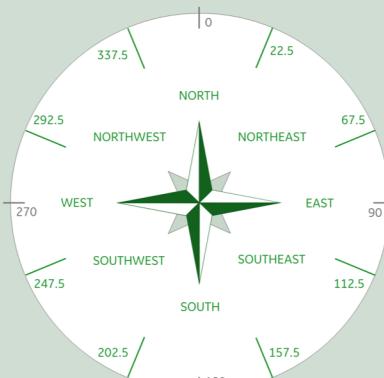


locationType TRAFFIC_LANE

```
{ locationUid: 'LOCATION-2-1',
  locationType: 'TRAFFIC_LANE',
  parentLocationUid: 'LOCATION-2',
  coordinatesType: 'GEO',
  coordinates: '{LAT1}:{LONG1},{LAT2}:{LONG2}',
  name: '1ST-AVE',
  city: 'SPRINGFIELD',
  state: 'ILLINOIS',
  country: 'USA',
  zipcode: '12345',
  timezone: 'CDT',
  properties: {
    CD: 'X',
    CCD: 'Y' },
  address: null,
  analyticCategory: {
    TFEVT: "TRAFFIC_FLOW" } }
```

eventType TFEVT

```
{ locationUid: 'LOCATION-2-1',
  assetUid: 'CAM-X',
  eventType: 'TFEVT',
  timestamp: 1539090011000,
  properties: {
    speedUnit: 'METERS_PER_SEC',
    eventUid: '12347',
    directionUnit: 'DEGREE',
    counter_direction_vehicleType: 'vehicle',
    vehicleType: "" },
  measures: {
    counter_direction: "270",
    counter_direction_speed : "20",
    counter_direction_vehicleCount: '1',
    direction: "90",
    speed: "0",
    vehicleCount: "1" } }
```



Accessing the Traffic Planning API



REST API

- Requires: Event Service URL
- Historical Events
- One-time request for events specified within a time frame
- Requires use of Unix Epoch
<https://currentmillis.com/>

WebSocket

- Requires: WebSocket URL
- Near-real-time Events
- Open connection that updates client when events occur with the event details

Regardless of Method Chosen, UAA and Metadata need to be accessed via REST API



How to Get Traffic Planning Events (REST API)

3 Step Process

1 UAA URL – Get Client Token (Skip if token already obtained)

2 Metadata Service URL – Find the Asset or Location you would like event data for

- Example: Get all locations that are TRAFFIC_LANE(s) on E street between 7th and 8th Ave
- Q=locationType:TRAFFIC_LANE
- Bbox= 32.714858:-117.158431,32.714562:-117.157248

3 Event Service URL – Ask the API for the specific events related to that Asset or Location

- Example: Get all the TFEVTs that occur at location 25c2e11b (found in step 2) and return all TFEVTs events between 9am PST and 10am PST
- assetUid:25c2e11b
- eventType=TFEVT
- startTime=1548867600000
- endTime= 1548871200000

Sample Response



```
{"content": [  
  {  
    "locationUid": "25c2e11b",  
    "assetUid": "6c0a042a-bd4d-4b33-90fa-ab09022c078c",  
    "eventType": "TFEVT",  
    "timestamp": 1548048753023,  
    "properties": {
```

```
      "speedUnit": "METERS_PER_SEC",  
      "eventUid": "NmMwYTA0MmEtYmQ0ZC00YjMzLTkwZmEtYWIwOTAyMmMwNzhjLDE1NDgwNDg3NTMwMjM=",  
      "directionUnit": "DEGREE",  
      "counter_direction_vehicleType": "vehicle",  
      "vehicleType": "vehicle"  
    },  
    "measures": {
```

```
      "counter_direction_speed": 0,  
      "vehicleCount": 3,  
      "counter_direction_vehicleCount": 0,  
      "counter_direction": 183,  
      "speed": 18.399834,  
      "direction": 3  
    }
```

- Location Name
- Camera observing Event
- Event that occurred
- When it happened.

- Measurement Properties
- Event Identifier

- Event Measurements for both directions



Pedestrian Planning API

This section clarify the process required to access Pedestrian specific events:

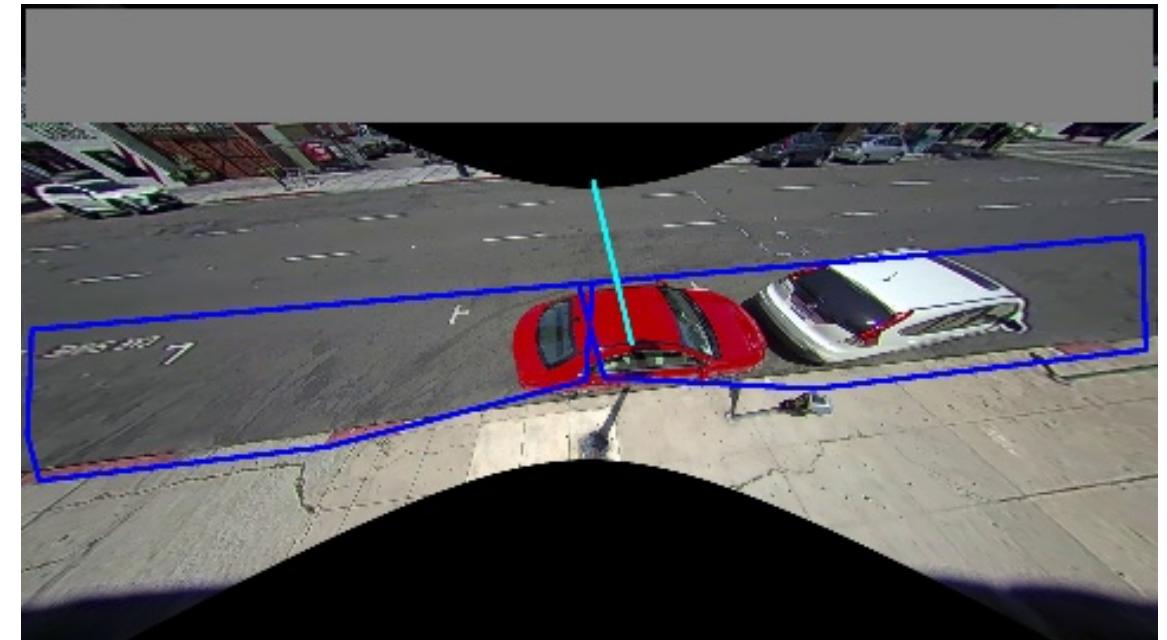
1. What is the Pedestrian Planning API?
2. What data does the Pedestrian Planning API report?
3. What can I do with this data?
4. How do I access the Pedestrian Planning API? And what URLs do I need to access it?

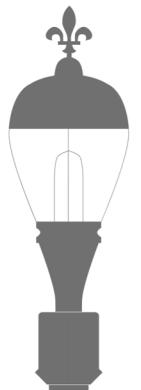


Pedestrian Planning API

Allows clients access to data related to Pedestrian Group movements as individual events

- PEDEVT: Summary of pedestrians crossing the trip wire with direction, velocity and count.
- Location is indicated with a trip wire (two geographic coordinates)





assetType NODE

```
{ assetUid: 'NODE-X',
  parentAssetUid: null,
  eventTypes: [ 'HEALTH_REPORT' ],
  mediaType: null,
  assetType: 'NODE',
  coordinates: '{LAT}:{LONG}',
  status: 'ONLINE',
  properties: {} }
```



assetType CAMERA

```
{ assetUid: 'CAM-X',
  parentAssetUid: 'NODE-X',
  eventTypes: [ 'PKOUT', 'PKIN', 'TFEVT', 'PEDEVT' ],
  mediaType: 'IMAGE,VIDEO',
  assetType: 'CAMERA',
  coordinates: '{LAT}:{LONG}',
  status: 'ONLINE',
  properties: {
    HOMOGRAPHY: 'x,x,x,x,x,x,x',
    CENTER_GEO_COORDINATE: '{LAT}:{LONG}',
    IMAGE_SIZE: 'X:Y',
    VIEW: 'X' } }
```

locationType WALKWAY

```
{ locationUid: 'LOCATION-3-1',
  locationType: 'WALKWAY',
  parentLocationUid: 'LOCATION-3',
  coordinatesType: 'GEO',
  coordinates: '{LAT1}:{LONG1},{LAT2}:{LONG2}',
  name: '1ST-AVE-WALKWAY-SOUTH',
  city: 'SPRINGFIELD',
  state: 'ILLINOIS',
  country: 'USA',
  zipcode: '12345',
  timezone: 'CDT',
  properties: {
    CD: 'X',
    CCD: 'Y' },
  address: null,
  analyticCategory: {} }
```

eventType PEDEVT

```
{ locationUid: 'LOCATION-3-1',
  assetUid: 'CAM-X-1',
  eventType: 'PEDEVT',
  timestamp: 1539090011000,
  properties: {
    directionUnit: 'DEGREE',
    speedUnit: 'METERS_PER_SEC',
    eventUid: 'ABC123' },
  measures: {
    counter_direction_speed: '0',
    counter_direction_pedestrianCount: '0',
    pedestrianCount: '1',
    counter_direction: '180',
    speed: '0.6',
    direction: '180' } }
```

CityIQ Pedestrian Planning API

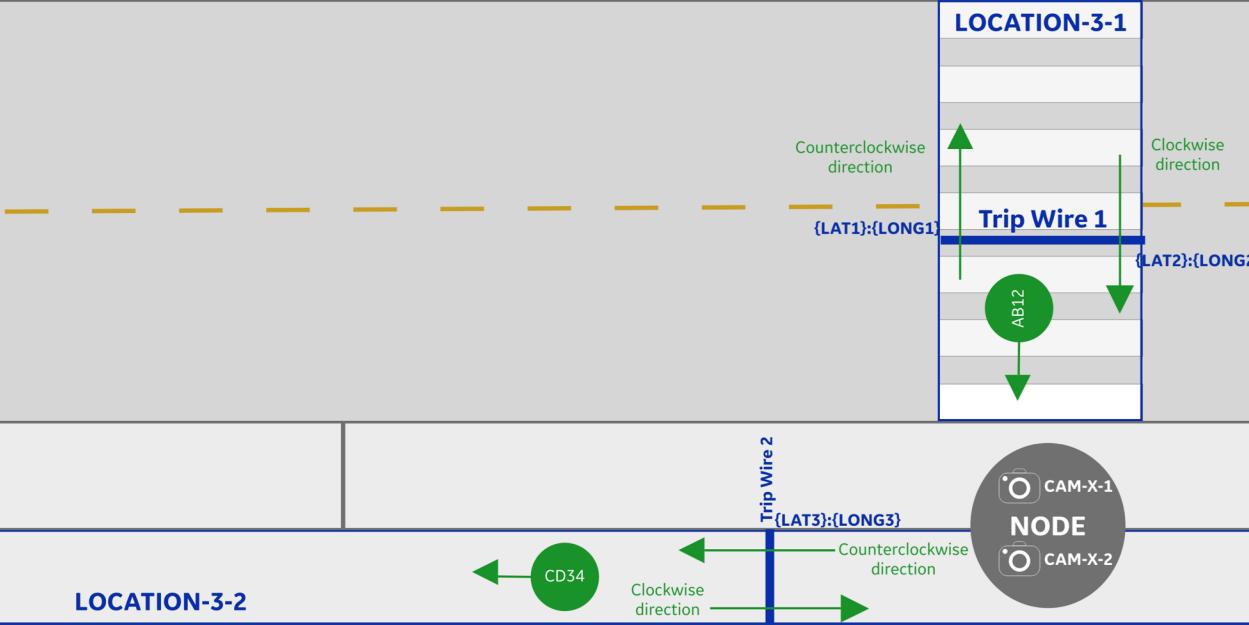
The Pedestrian API uses the camera asset and performs CityIQ Analytics on the node to return Pedestrian Events (PEDEVT)



Sample Responses are described here in json. Please note, the Pedestrian Predix Zone ID is a necessary header input to access this API.

json responses in blue are obtained using the metadata service url

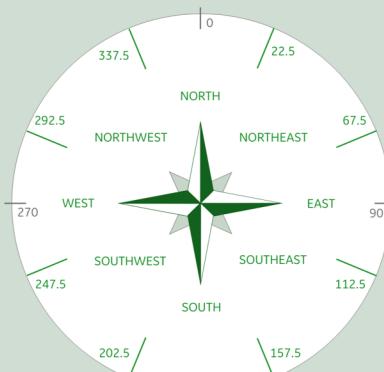
json responses in green are obtained using the events service url



LOCATION-3-2

eventType PEDEVT

```
{ locationUid: 'LOCATION-3-2',
  assetUid: 'CAM-X-2',
  eventType: 'PEDEVT',
  timestamp: 1539090011000,
  properties: {
    directionUnit: 'DEGREE',
    speedUnit: 'METERS_PER_SEC',
    eventUid: 'CD34' },
  measures: {
    counter_direction_speed: '0.5',
    counter_direction_pedestrianCount: '1',
    pedestrianCount: '1',
    counter_direction: '270',
    speed: '0',
    direction: '90' } }
```



Pedestrian Planning Version 1.0



Accessing the Pedestrian Planning API

REST API

- Requires: Event Service URL
- Historical Events
- One-time request for events specified within a time frame
- Requires use of Unix Epoch
<https://currentmillis.com/>

WebSocket

- Requires: WebSocket URL
- Near-real-time Events
- Open connection that updates client when events occur with the event details

Regardless of Method Chosen, UAA and Metadata need to be accessed via REST API



How to Get Pedestrian Planning Events (REST API)

3 Step Process

1 UAA URL – Get Client Token (Skip if token already obtained)

2 Metadata Service URL – Find the Asset or Location you would like event data for

- Example: Get all assets that register pedestrian events on E street between 7th and 8th Ave
- Q=eventTypes:PEDEVT
- Bbox= 32.714858:-117.158431,32.714562:-117.157248

3 Event Service URL – Ask the API for the specific events related to that Asset or Location

- Example: Get all the PEDEVTs within the view of camera 01a6769a-ccb0-41ee-af4c-b48d7265b03f (found in step 2) and return all PEDEVTs events between 9am PST and 10am PST
- assetUid:01a6769a-ccb0-41ee-af4c-b48d7265b03f
- eventType=PEDEVT
- startTime=1548867600000
- endTime= 1548871200000



Sample Response

```
{"content": [  
  {  
    "locationUid": "3f5e9490",  
    "assetUid": "01a6769a-ccb0-41ee-af4c-b48d7265b03f",  
    "eventType": "PEDEVT",  
    "timestamp": 1548045500020,  
    "properties": {  
      "directionUnit": "DEGREE",  
      "speedUnit": "METERS_PER_SEC",  
      "eventUid": "MDFhNjc2OWEtY2NiMC00MWVILWFmNGMtYjQ4ZDcyNjViMDNmLDE1NDgwNDU1MDAwMjA=",  
    },  
    "measures": {  
      "counter_direction_speed": 0,  
      "counter_direction_pedestrianCount": 0,  
      "pedestrianCount": 1,  
      "counter_direction": 270,  
      "speed": 2.641,  
      "direction": 90  
    }  
  },...  
]
```

- **Location Name**
- **Camera observing Event**
- **Event that occurred**
- **When it happened.**
- **Measurement Properties**
- **Measurement Properties**
- **Event Identifier**
- **Event Measurements for both directions**



Environmental Planning API

Allows clients access to data reporting Temperature,
Humidity and Pressure

- TEMPERATURE:
- HUMIDITY:
- PRESSURE:
- Returns sensor measurements

Must Use Asset (Node and Sensor) Metadata to obtain
Environmental Events



assetType
NODE

```
{assetUid: 'NODE-X',
parentAssetUid: null,
eventTypes: [ 'HEALTH_REPORT' ],
mediaType: null,
assetType: 'NODE',
coordinates: '{LAT}:{LONG}',
status: 'ONLINE',
properties: {} }
```

((•))
assetType
ENV_SENSOR

```
{assetUid: 'ENV-X',
parentAssetUid: 'NODE-X',
eventTypes: [ 'TEMPERATURE',
'HUMIDITY',
'PRESSURE' ],
mediaType: '',
assetType: 'ENV_SENSOR',
coordinates: '{LAT}:{LONG}',
status: 'ONLINE',
properties: {} }
```

Sample Calculation for Temperature:
Temp in Celsius = $2880 \text{ K} * 10^{-1} - 273 = 15^\circ\text{C}$

CityIQ Environmental Planning API

The Environmental API uses the sensor assets and reports measurements periodically in the form of Temperature, Humidity, and Pressure events.

Sample Responses are described here in json. Please note, the Environmental Predix Zone ID is a necessary header input to access this API.



json responses in blue are obtained using the metadata service url

json responses in green are obtained using the events service url

eventType TEMPERATURE

```
{locationUid: 'ENV_NODE_LOCATION',
assetUid: 'ENV-X',
eventType: 'TEMPERATURE',
timestamp: 1539090011000,
properties: {
  unit: 'KELVIN',
  powerOf10: '-1' },
measures: {
  min: '2880',
  median: '2890',
  max: '2930',
  mean: '2900' } }
```



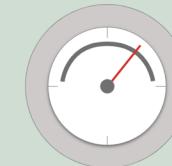
eventType HUMIDITY

```
{locationUid: 'ENV_NODE_LOCATION',
assetUid: 'ENV-X',
eventType: 'HUMIDITY',
timestamp: 1539090011000,
properties: {
  unit: 'PERCENT',
  powerOf10: '-2' },
measures: {
  min: '5416',
  median: '5420',
  max: '5421',
  mean: '5419' } }
```



eventType PRESSURE

```
{locationUid: 'ENV_NODE_LOCATION',
assetUid: 'ENV-X',
eventType: 'PRESSURE',
timestamp: 1539090011000,
properties: {
  unit: 'PASCALS',
  powerOf10: '0' },
measures: {
  min: '100711',
  median: '100717',
  max: '100722',
  mean: '100717' } }
```



Accessing the Environmental Planning API



REST API

- Requires: Event Service URL
- Historical Events
- One-time request for events specified within a time frame
- Requires use of Unix Epoch
<https://currentmillis.com/>

WebSocket

- Requires: WebSocket URL
- Near-real-time Events
- Open connection that updates client when events occur with the event details

Regardless of Method Chosen, UAA and Metadata need to be accessed via REST API



How to Get Environmental Planning Events (REST API)

3 Step Process

1 UAA URL – Get Client Token (Skip if token already obtained)

2 Metadata Service URL – Find the Asset you would like event data for

- Example: Get all parking locations on E street between 7th and 8th Ave
- Q=eventTypes:TEMPERATURE
- Bbox= 32.714858:-117.158431,32.714562:-117.157248

3 Event Service URL – Ask the API for the specific events related to that Asset

- Example: Get all the events at assetUid 1ec8a25b-fb17-4242-ab6c-1aeed5c32e59 (found in step 2) and return all TEMPERATURE events between 9am PST and 10am PST
- assetUid: 1ec8a25b-fb17-4242-ab6c-1aeed5c32e59
- eventType=TEMPERATURE
- startTime=1548867600000
- endTime= 1548871200000



Sample Response

```
{  
  "content": [  
    {  
      "locationUid": "ENVIRONMENTAL_NODE_LOCATION",  
      "assetUid": "1ec8a25b-fb17-4242-ab6c-1aeed5c32e59",  
      "eventType": "TEMPERATURE",  
      "timestamp": 1548050520023,  
      "properties": {  
        "unit": "KELVIN",  
        "powerOf10": "-1"  
      },  
      "measures": {  
        "min": 2896,  
        "median": 2896,  
        "max": 2896,  
        "mean": 2896  
      }  
    },  
  ]  
}
```

The JSON response contains an array of objects under the key "content". Each object represents a measurement event. The first object is highlighted with a yellow box and has three main sections: "properties" and "measures", each with two items, and a timestamp. To the right of this object, three orange curly braces map the fields to their meanings:

- Location Name
- Camera observing Event
- Event that occurred
- When it happened.

Below the timestamp, the "properties" section is mapped to:

- Measurement unit
- Measurement multiplier

Finally, the "measures" section is mapped to:

- Measurements that need to be adjusted for local units

Resources

API Documentation: https://ie-cities-docs.run.aws-usw02-pr.ice.predix.io/#c_overview_of_intelligent_cities_apis.html

Developer Portal: <https://developer.currentbyge.com/cityiq>

Email: support.cityiq@ge.com

CityIQ Starter Code: <https://github.com/jethompson911/CityIQ-Starter-Code>

Sample Query Formats

	Sample Query
UAA Service	[UAA_URL]/oauth/token?grant_credentials Authorization : Basic = btoa([client_id]:[client_secret])
Metadata Service	[metadata_url]/v2/metadata/assets/[known_asset] Or [metadata_url]/v2/metadata/locations/[known_location]
Event Service	[events_url]/v2/assets/[known_asset]/events?[search_parameters] OR [events_url]/v2/locations/[known_location]/events?[search_parameters]
Media Service	[media_url]/v2/mediastore/ondemand/assets/[camera_asset]/media?[search_parameters]
WebSocket	[websocket_url]/v2/events
Predix-Zone-ID	Input to Headers Predix-Zone-Id:[parking_zone_id]