

Wochenplan Nr.: 3 Zeitraum: 27.08 - 02.09

Montag: Bestimmen Sie die Lösungsmenge der Gleichungen und Ungleichungen:

(a)
$$\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{2} = 1 + \frac{5}{2}x$$

$$\left| -\frac{1}{2}x; -1 \right|$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = 2s$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = 3$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = 2x$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = x$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbb{L} = \{\frac{1}{4}\}$$

(b)
$$-\frac{2}{9}x - \frac{1}{4} = -\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{6}x$$

 $\frac{5}{4} = \frac{1}{18}x$
 $\frac{45}{2} = x$
 $\Rightarrow \mathbb{L} = \{\frac{45}{2}\}$

$$\left| +\frac{2}{9}x; +\frac{3}{2} \right|$$

$$\frac{5}{4} = \frac{1}{18}x$$

$$\frac{45}{2} = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbb{L} = \{\frac{45}{2}\}$$

(c)
$$x - 12 = 3 - 4x$$

$$|+4x;+12|$$

$$5x = 15$$

$$x = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbb{L} = \{3\}$$

(d)
$$(13a+12)(12a-13) = (12a+3)(13a+9)$$
 | AM

$$156a^{2} \underbrace{-25a}_{-169a+144a} -156 = 156a^{2} + \underbrace{147a}_{108a+39a} +27 \quad |-156a^{2}; +25a; -27$$

$$-183 = 172a$$
 |: 172

$$-\frac{183}{172} = a$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbb{L} = \left\{-\frac{183}{172}\right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbb{L} = \{ -\frac{183}{172} \}$$

(e)
$$-\frac{3}{5}x - \frac{5}{2} > -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{2}{5}$$
 $-\frac{29}{10} > \frac{1}{10}x$

$$\left| +\frac{3}{5}x; -\frac{2}{5} \right|$$

$$-\frac{29}{10} > \frac{1}{10}x$$

$$|\cdot 10$$

$$-29 > x$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbb{L} = \{x < -29\}$$

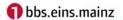
(f)
$$\frac{1}{5}x - \frac{1}{2} > 1 + \frac{2}{5}x$$

 $-\frac{3}{2} > \frac{1}{5}x$
 $-\frac{15}{2} > x$

$$\left| -\frac{1}{5}x; -1 \right|$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} > \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbb{L} = \{x < -\frac{15}{2}\}$$



Dienstag: Berechnen Sie die Lösung der nachfolgenden Bruchrechnungen:

(a)
$$\frac{1}{a-3} - \frac{1}{a+3} = \frac{a+3}{(a-3)(a+3)} - \frac{a-3}{(a-3)(a+3)} = \frac{a+3-(a-3)}{(a-3)(a+3)} = \frac{6}{(a-3)(a+3)}$$

(b)
$$\frac{a+b}{a-3} - \frac{a-b}{a+3} = \frac{(a+b)(a+3)}{(a-3)(a+3)} - \frac{(a-b)(a-3)}{(a-3)(a+3)} = \frac{(a^2-3a+ab+3b)-(a^2-3a-ab+3b)}{(a-3)(a+3)}$$

$$= \frac{a^2 - 3a + ab + 3b - a^2 + 3a + ab - 3b}{(a - 3)(a + 3)} = \frac{2ab}{(a - 3)(a + 3)}$$

(c)
$$\frac{a+1}{a-2} - \frac{a-1}{a+3} = \frac{(a+1)(a+3)}{(a-2)(a+3)} - \frac{(a-1)(a-2)}{(a-2)(a+3)} = \frac{(a^2+4a+3)-(a^2+a-6)}{(a-2)(a+3)}$$

$$= \frac{a^2 + 4a + 3 - a^2 - a + 6}{(a - 2)(a + 3)} = \frac{3a + 6}{(a - 2)(a + 3)}$$

(d)
$$\frac{2a+1}{a-b} + \frac{a-2}{a+2} = \frac{(2a+1)(a+2)}{(a-b)(a+2)} - \frac{(a-2)(a-b)}{(a-b)(a+2)} = \frac{(2a^2+5a+3)-(a^2-ab-2a+2b)}{(a-b)(a+2)}$$

$$\frac{2a^2+5a+3-a^2+ab+2a-2b)}{(a-b)(a+2)} = \frac{a^2+7a+ab-2b+3}{(a-b)(a+2)}$$

Mittwoch: Stellen Sie eine Wertetabelle, von f(x) auf. Beginnen Sie mit x=-2 und geben die Werte bis x=6 an. Schrittweite 1.

(a)
$$f(x) = 12x^2 - 4x$$

X	l .	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
у	56	16	0	8	40	96	176	280	408

(b)
$$f(x) = -3x + 5$$

(c)
$$f(x) = 12x^2 - 21x + 13$$

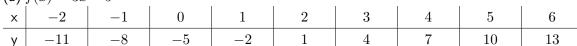
X	ı ' '	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
У	103	46	13	4	19	58	121	208	219

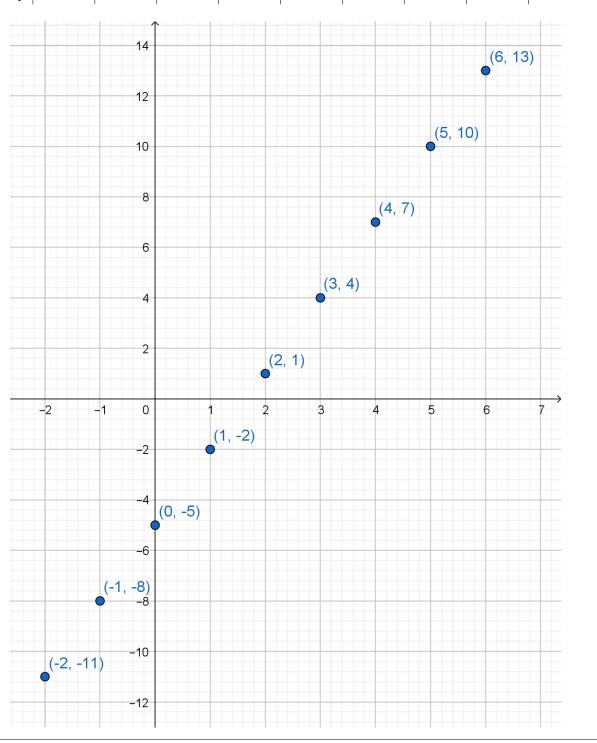
(d)
$$f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 1$$

								5	
у	-19	-5	-1	-1	1	11	35	79	149

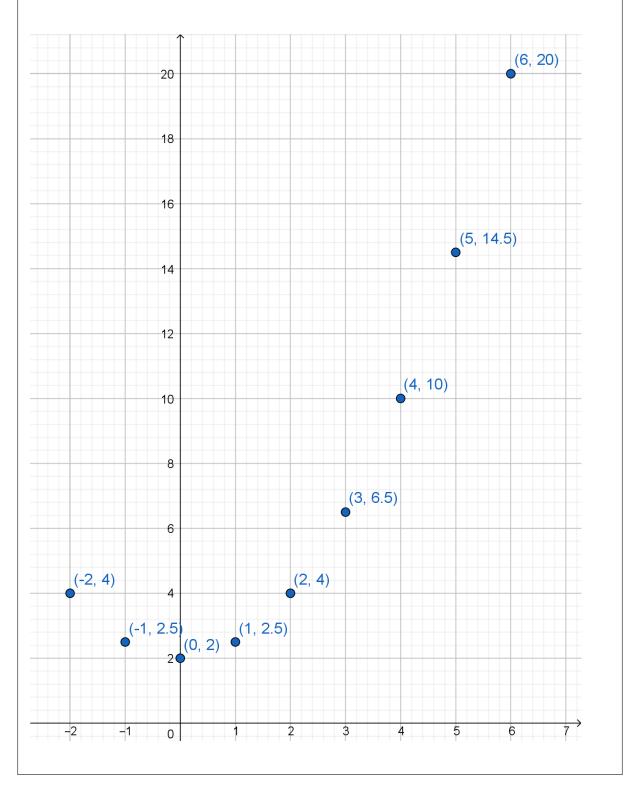
Donnerstag: Bestimmen Sie die Wertetabelle zu f(x) und übertragen Sie die berechneten Punkte in ein Koordinatensystem:

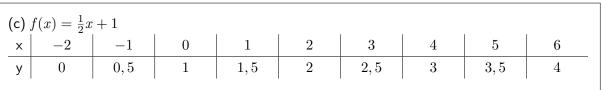
(a)
$$f(x) = 3x - 5$$

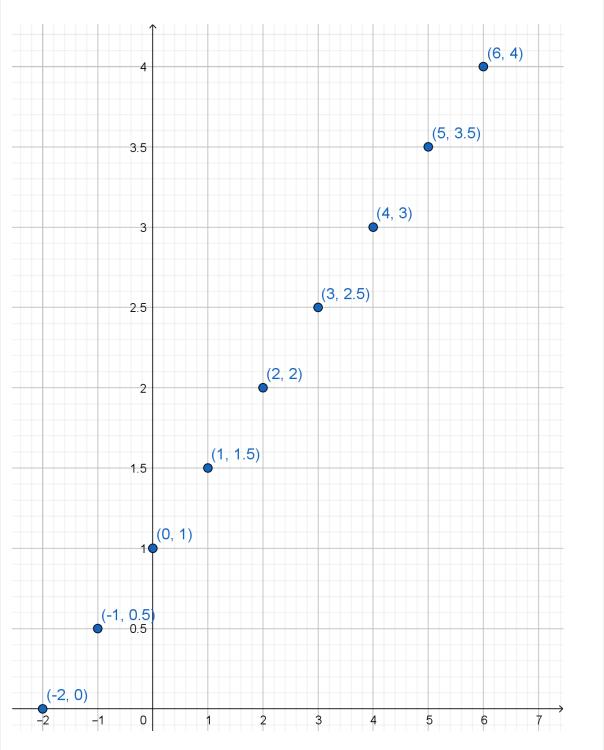


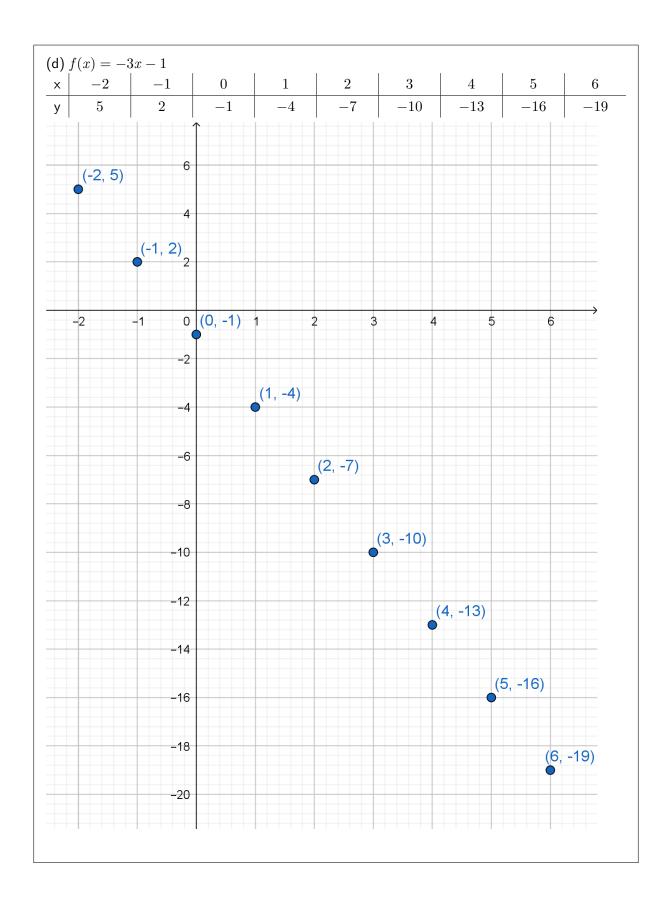


(b) $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2$ $x \mid -2 \mid -1 \mid 0 \mid 1 \mid 2 \mid 3 \mid 4 \mid 5 \mid 6$										
x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	
								14, 5		









Freitag: Berechnen Sie den Wert der Funktion an der Stelle x=3.

(a)
$$f(x) = -\frac{1}{3}x + 3$$

(b)
$$f(x) = 3x^2 - 3x + 12$$

$$f(3) = -\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3 + 3 = 2$$

$$f(3) = 3 \cdot 3^2 - 3 \cdot 3 + 12 = 30$$

(c)
$$f(x) = (x+2)^2$$

(d)
$$f(x) = \frac{17}{4}x^3 - 3x^2 + x - 14$$

$$f(3) = (3+2)^2 = 5^2 = 25$$

$$f(x) = \frac{17}{4} \cdot 3^3 - 3 \cdot 3^2 + 3 - 14 = \frac{307}{4}$$