# CMSC 131 Introduction to Computer Organization & Machine-level Programming CAPSTONE PROJECT

# BLACK JACK

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# TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	Projec	t S	umn	nary	7															
Α.	Project	Des	crip	otio	n a	and	. Ga	ame	Sı	ımm	ar	у.								. 2
В.	GitHub	Link		•	•		•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 3
II.	Proced	lure	s I	List	t															
Α.	Main Pr	ocedi	ure.					•			•							•	•	. 4
В.	Set Cur	sor.						•			•							•	•	. 8
С.	Get Key						•	•	•		•				•	•		•	•	. 8
D.	Player	Move					•	•	•		•				•	•		•	•	. 8
E.	Enemy M	ove.					•	•	•		•				•	•		•	•	. 9
F.	Randomi	ze.			•	•	•		•	•		•	•				•		•	10
G.	Give Ca	rd.			•	•	•		•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	10
Н.	Display	S																		
	1. Ace	e & T	'WO (	Card			•	•		•		•		•	•	•			•	11
	2. Thi	ree ~	Niı	ne C	arc	ds.	•	•		•	•			•	•				•	12
	3. Ter	n ~ K	ing	Car	ds.	•	•	•		•	•				•				•	13
I.	Clear S	cree	Ω.		•	•	•		•	•		•	•				•			13
J.	Display	Str			•	•	•		•	•		•	•				•			13
К.	Accept	Str1			•	•	•		•	•		•	•				•			14
L.	Termina	te.			•	•	•		•	•		•	•				•			14
М.	Procedu	re F	lowc	char	t.	•	•			•		•	•				•		•	15
III.	Game S	cre	ens	shot	ts															
Α.	Main Me	nu.																		16
В.	Play St	ate																		18
С.	Game Ov	er.													_	_		_	_	20

## PROJECT SUMMARY

#### **Project Description**

This was made in compliance with the requirements for CMSC 131, Introduction to Computer Organization & Machine-level Programming. The project requires teams to design and develop a video game which should be unique, meaning no duplicate games among teams. The game should be coded or programmed using only the Machine-level programming language known as Assembly which was introduced during the start of the sem. Assembly is also known as a low-level programming language. Low-level programming languages, such as Assembly, have syntax structures which are as close to machine code as possible. This means there is not as much translation from syntax to machine language as compared to high-level programming languages causing compilation to be relatively faster. The project aims to test all the learnings obtained over the course of the semester, and to showcase them to people who are possibly not informed on the possibilities of the Assembly programming language.

### **Game Summary**

The selected concept revolves around the game of Blackjack. Blackjack, also known as Twenty-One, is a comparing card game which utilizes all 52 cards in a standard deck. The game consists of a player, or players, and a dealer. The dealer is in charge of distributing the cards amongst the players and theirselves. Each card has a value which would added to the player's or dealer's current points. Cards 1 through 10's value corresponds to their number, while the cards Jack, Queen and King each have a value of 10. The Ace card can either be a value of 1 or 11, depending on the player's decision. The objective of the game is simple. In order for the player to win, they must either get points exactly summing up to 21, or get a point value which is greater than the dealer's without exceeding 21. The game starts of with each person having one face up card among them. The player can then choose either to "hit" or to "stand". When hit is chosen, they

are given a card by the dealer. When stand is chosen, the player is no longer given any cards, and the dealer starts drawing cards for themselves until their points reaches or is over 17. A combination of an Ace card and a 10 card is known as a natural or "blackjack", since the Ace can have a value of 11 totaling to 21 points with only two cards. Any other two card combination with an Ace is known as a "soft hand" since the Ace can either have a value of 1 or 11, depending on the player.

#### **GitHub Link**

https://github.com/CjLapuz/BlackJack

# **PROCEDURES**

#### **Main Procedure**

MOV FILEHANDLE, AX

- Contains the main logic for the game and the flow of procedure calls and input listeners. Also in charge of outputting the right displays

MAIN PROC FAR

```
MOV AX, @data
MOV DS, AX
MOV ES, AX
;---- MAIN MENU STATES -----
MOV AH, 3DH
MOV AL, 00
LEA DX, START1_PATH ; open start is selected display
INT 21H
MOV FILEHANDLE, AX
MOV AH, 3FH
MOV BX, FILEHANDLE
MOV CX, 2000
LEA DX, START_1 ; save file contents to a variable
INT 21H
MOV AH, 3EH
                    ;request close file
MOV BX, FILEHANDLE
INT 21H
MOV AH, 3DH
MOV AL, 00
LEA DX, START2_PATH ; open how to play is selected display
INT 21H
MOV FILEHANDLE, AX
MOV AH, 3FH
MOV BX, FILEHANDLE
MOV CX, 2000
LEA DX, START 2 ; save file contents to a variable
INT 21H
MOV AH, 3EH
                    ;request close file
MOV BX, FILEHANDLE
INT 21H
MOV AH, 3DH
MOV AL, 00
LEA DX, START3_PATH
                        ; open exit is selected display
INT 21H
```

MOV AH, 3FH

MOV BX, FILEHANDLE

MOV CX, 2000

LEA DX, START\_3; save file contents to a variable

INT 21H

MOV AH, 3EH ;request close file

MOV BX, FILEHANDLE

INT 21H

MOV AH, 3DH MOV AL, 00

LEA DX, HOW\_PATH ; open how to play display

INT 21H

MOV FILEHANDLE, AX

MOV AH, 3FH

MOV BX, FILEHANDLE

MOV CX, 2000

LEA DX, HOW ; save file contents to a variable

INT 21H

MOV AH, 3EH ;request close file

MOV BX, FILEHANDLE

INT 21H

;---- END OF LOADING OF STATES ------

START\_SLCT:

CALL \_CLEAR\_SCREEN

MOV DL, 0 ; set cursor to 0,0

MOV DH, 0 ; for entire screen coverage

CALL \_SET\_CURSOR

MOV STATE, 01 ; set state to 1

LEA DX, START\_1 ; display start is selected

CALL DISPLAY\_STR
JMP LISTENER
HOW\_SLCT:

MOV STATE, 02; set state to 3

LEA DX, START\_2 ; display exit is selected

CALL DISPLAY\_STR JMP LISTENER

EXIT SLCT:

MOV STATE, 03 ; set state to 2

LEA DX, START\_3; display how to play is selected

CALL DISPLAY\_STR
JMP LISTENER

RIGHT\_MOV: ; right arrow navigation MOV DL, 0 ; set cursor to 0,0

MOV DH, 0 ; for entire screen coverage

CALL \_SET\_CURSOR

CALL \_CLEAR\_SCREEN ; reset the screen before display

CMP STATE, 01 ; moving to how to play is selected display

JE HOW\_SLCT

CMP STATE, 02 ; moving to exit is selected display

JE EXIT SLCT

JMP START\_SLCT ; when exit is selected moves back to start is selected

LEFT\_MOV: ; left arrow navifation MOV DL, 0 ; set cursor to 0,0

MOV DH, 0 ; for entire screen coverage

CALL \_SET\_CURSOR

CALL \_CLEAR\_SCREEN ; reset the screen before display

CMP STATE, 01 ; jump to exit when start is the current selected option

JE EXIT\_SLCT

CMP STATE, 02 ; moving to start is selected display

JE START\_SLCT

JMP HOW\_SLCT ; moving to how to play is selected display

BACK MAIN:

CMP STATE, 04 ; check if current screen is how to play display

JE START\_SLCT

JMP LISTENER ; if not do nothing

HOW\_DISPLAY:

MOV STATE, 04 ; set state to 2

LEA DX, HOW ; display how to play the game

CALL DISPLAY\_STR
JMP LISTENER

LISTENER:

MOV NEW\_INPUT, '\$' ; clear input holder CALL \_GET\_KEY ; listen for inputs

CMP NEW\_INPUT, 4DH ; right arrow key press

JE RIGHT\_MOV

CMP NEW\_INPUT, 4BH ; left arrow key press

JE LEFT\_MOV

CMP NEW\_INPUT, 1B ; esc press [;!change to enter!;]

JE EVENT

CMP NEW\_INPUT, '\$' ; any other key press

JNE BACK\_MAIN ; going back to title screen from how to play display

JMP LISTENER

**EVENT**:

MOV DL, 0 ; set cursor to 0,0

MOV DH, 0 ; for entire screen coverage

CALL \_SET\_CURSOR

CALL \_CLEAR\_SCREEN ; reset the screen before display

CMP STATE, 01 ; start game is selected

JE GAME

CMP STATE, 02 ; how to play is selected

JE HOW\_DISPLAY

JMP FIN ; exit game

GAME:

CALL PLAYER\_MOVE ; player's turn

MOV SCOREHOLDER, 0 ; reset player's points

ADD CURR\_CARDVAL, '0' ; convert to string value of int

LEA DX, CURR\_CARDVAL

CALL DISPLAY\_STR

; display current player points

CALL ENEMY\_MOVE ; dealer's turn

MOV SCOREHOLDER, 0 ; reset dealer's points

ADD ENEMY\_CARDVAL, '0' ; convert to string value of int

LEA DX, ENEMY\_CARDVAL

CALL DISPLAY\_STR

; display current dealer points

MOV AL, CURR\_CARDVAL ; moving player points to AL

CMP AL, ENEMY\_CARDVAL ; compare if player's points are higher

JG WIN JL LOSE JE DRAW

FIN:

CALL \_TERMINATE ; early terminate from game screen

FINISH:

LEA DX, EXIT\_STR ; display how to exit the game

CALL DISPLAY\_STR

B10:

MOV NEW\_INPUT, '\$' ; clear input holder CALL \_GET\_KEY ; listen for inputs

CMP NEW\_INPUT, 1B ; esc key press

JNE B10 ; loop in listening for esc key press

CALL \_TERMINATE

```
DRAW:

LEA DX, PRINT_DRAW ; Draw result display

CALL DISPLAY_STR

JMP FINISH

WIN:

LEA DX, PRINT_WIN ; Player wins display

CALL DISPLAY_STR

JMP FINISH

LOSE:

LEA DX, PRINT_LOSE ; Dealer wins display

CALL DISPLAY_STR

JMP FINISH
```

#### OTHER PROCEDURES

#### Set Cursor

- Sets the cursor pointer for printing and proper alignment when displaying the interfaces.

#### CODE:

```
_SET_CURSOR PROC NEAR

MOV AH, 02H

MOV BH, 00

INT 10H

RET
_SET_CURSOR ENDP
```

#### Get Key

- Listens in on any form of keyboard input, and returns when no key has been pressed.

#### CODE:

```
_GET_KEY PROC NEAR

MOV AH, 01H ; check for input

INT 16H

JZ __LEAVETHIS ; no input returns to the caller

MOV AH, 00H

INT 16H

MOV NEW_INPUT, AH ; set the value of the input

__LEAVETHIS:

__RET

_GET_KEY_ENDP
```

#### Player Move

- Asks the player to either hit or stand. When hit is chosen, the give card procedure is called, if the total points reach past 21 the player loses.

When stand is chosen the total player points are saved, and would then proceed to enemy move procedure.

#### CODE:

PLAYER\_MOVE PROC NEAR

LEA DX, PRINT ; hit or stand choice

CALL DISPLAY\_STR

CALL ACCEPT\_STR1 ; take the selected choice

MOV BH, 'h' ; set bh to 'q' MOV BL, 's' ; set bl to 's'

CMP KBINPUT1, BH ; check if hit

JE HIT

CMP KBINPUT1, BL ; check if stand

JE STAND

HIT:

CALL GIVE\_CARD ; call give card CMP SCOREHOLDER, 21 ; check if over 21

JG LOSE

JMP PLAYER\_MOVE ; else, player's move again

STAND: ; if stand return value

JMP \_RET

\_ret:

MOV BL, SCOREHOLDER ; take the current score and save to BL MOV CURR\_CARDVAL, BL ; save the score value to the dealers points

RET

PLAYER\_MOVE ENDP

#### Enemy Move

 Dealer draws cards until he reaches points exceeding 17 which would return the obtained value. Or when the points exceed 21, resulting in the dealer's loss.

#### CODE:

ENEMY\_MOVE PROC NEAR

MOV CX, 0FH ; hit until enemy reaches 17

MOV DX, 4240H ; or until dealers value overpasses the player's

MOV AH, 86H ; but must not overpass 21

INT 15H

E HIT:

CALL GIVE\_CARD ; call give card

CMP SCOREHOLDER, 21 ; check if over 21

JG WIN

CMP SCOREHOLDER, 17 ; check if over 17 JG \_\_ret ; if so save the value JMP ENEMY\_MOVE ; else hit again

ret:

MOV BL, SCOREHOLDER ; take the current score and save to BL MOV ENEMY\_CARDVAL, BL ; save the score value to the dealers points

ENEMY\_MOVE ENDP

#### Randomize

Randomly generates a number from 1 to 52, this corresponds to the cards in a standard deck

#### CODE:

RANDOMIZE PROC NEAR

RANDSTART:

MOV AH, 00h ; interrupts to get system time

; CX:DX now hold number of clock ticks since midnight INT 1AH

mov ax, dx xor dx, dx mov cx, 12

; here dx contains the remainder of the division - from 0 to 14 div cx

RET

RANDOMIZE ENDP

#### Give Card

Takes the randomly generated number and gives the card that is bound to the random number generated.

#### CODE:

GIVE\_CARD PROC NEAR

CALL RANDOMIZE ; generate a random number MOV RAND\_NUM, DL ; save randomly generated number

CMP RAND\_NUM, 0

; ace is drawn

JE DISPLAY\_ACE

CMP RAND\_NUM, 1 ; two is drawn

JE DISPLAY\_2

CMP RAND\_NUM, 2 ; three is drawn JE DISPLAY\_3 CMP RAND\_NUM, 3 ; four is drawn JE DISPLAY\_4 CMP RAND\_NUM, 4 ; five is drawn JE DISPLAY\_5 CMP RAND\_NUM, 5 ; six is drawn JE DISPLAY\_6 CMP RAND\_NUM, 6 ; seven is drawn JE DISPLAY\_7 CMP RAND\_NUM, 7 ; eight is drawn JE DISPLAY\_8 CMP RAND\_NUM, 8 ; nine is drawn JE DISPLAY\_9 CMP RAND\_NUM, 9 ; ten is drawn JE DISPLAY\_10 CMP RAND\_NUM, 10 ; jack is drawn JE DISPLAy\_JACK CMP RAND\_NUM, 11 ; queen is drawn JE DISPLAY\_QUEEN CMP RAND\_NUM, 12 ; king is drawn JE DISPLAY\_KING RET GIVE\_CARD ENDP

#### Displays

- Display an individual card from a standard deck from Ace to King, and adds their value to the current points of either the player or the dealer.

#### CODE:

```
LEA DX, C_TWO
     CALL DISPLAY_STR ; display the card
     RET
DISPLAY_2 ENDP
._____
DISPLAY_3 PROC NEAR
     ADD SCOREHOLDER, 3 ; store the card value
     LEA DX, C_THREE
     CALL DISPLAY_STR ; display the card
DISPLAY_3 ENDP
;-----
DISPLAY_4 PROC NEAR
     ADD SCOREHOLDER, 4 ; store the card value
     LEA DX, C_FOUR
     CALL DISPLAY_STR ; display the card
     RET
DISPLAY_4 ENDP
<u>-----</u>
DISPLAY 5 PROC NEAR
     ADD SCOREHOLDER, 5 ; store the card value
     LEA DX, C_FIVE
     CALL DISPLAY_STR ; display the card
     RET
DISPLAY_5 ENDP
<u>-----</u>
DISPLAY_6 PROC NEAR
     ADD SCOREHOLDER, 6 ; store the card value
     LEA DX, C_SIX
     CALL DISPLAY_STR ; display the card
     RET
DISPLAY_6 ENDP
DISPLAY 7 PROC NEAR
     ADD SCOREHOLDER, 7 ; store the card value
     LEA DX, C_SEVEN
     CALL DISPLAY_STR ; display the card
     RET
DISPLAY_7 ENDP
<u>:------</u>
DISPLAY_8 PROC NEAR
     ADD SCOREHOLDER, 8 ; store the card value
     LEA DX, C_EIGHT
     CALL DISPLAY_STR ; display the card
     RET
DISPLAY_8 ENDP
DISPLAY_9 PROC NEAR
      ADD SCOREHOLDER, 9 ; store the card value
      LEA DX, C_NINE
```

```
CALL DISPLAY_STR ; display the card
     RFT
DISPLAY_9 ENDP
DISPLAY 10 PROC NEAR
      ADD SCOREHOLDER, 10 ; store the card value
     LEA DX, C_TEN
     CALL DISPLAY_STR ; display the card
     RET
DISPLAY_10 ENDP
;-----
DISPLAY_JACK PROC NEAR
      ADD SCOREHOLDER, 10 ; store the card value
     LEA DX, C_JACK
     CALL DISPLAY_STR ; display the card
     RET
DISPLAY JACK ENDP
DISPLAY_QUEEN PROC NEAR
      ADD SCOREHOLDER, 10 ; store the card value
      LEA DX, C_QUEEN
      CALL DISPLAY_STR ; display the card
      RET
DISPLAY_QUEEN ENDP
:-----
DISPLAY_KING PROC NEAR
     ADD SCOREHOLDER, 10 ; store the card value
     LEA DX, C_KING
     CALL DISPLAY_STR ; display the card
     RET
DISPLAY_KING ENDP
```

#### • Clear Screen

- Clears the screen with the default colors of dosbox for background and foreground

#### CODE:

```
_CLEAR_SCREEN PROC NEAR

MOV AX, 0600H

MOV BH, 07H ; default dosbox colors

MOV CX, 0000H ; from index (0,0)

MOV DX, 184FH ; to index (24, 79)

INT 10H

RET

_CLEAR_SCREEN ENDP
```

#### Display Str

Used for saving one line of code when needing to display using the LEA syntax

#### CODE:

```
DISPLAY_STR PROC NEAR
       MOV AH, 09H
                           ; used to shorten code by 1 line per print method
       INT 21H
       RET
DISPLAY_STR ENDP
```

#### Accept Str1

Listener for user inputs during gameplay. Listens for choices of either hit or stand

#### CODE:

```
ACCEPT_STR1 PROC NEAR
        MOV AH, 3FH
                                     ; read input of player
        MOV BX, 00
       MOV CX, MAXLEN
                                    ; max length of 30
       LEA DX, KBINPUT1
                                     ; display input in real time
       INT 21H
       RET
ACCEPT_STR1 ENDP
```

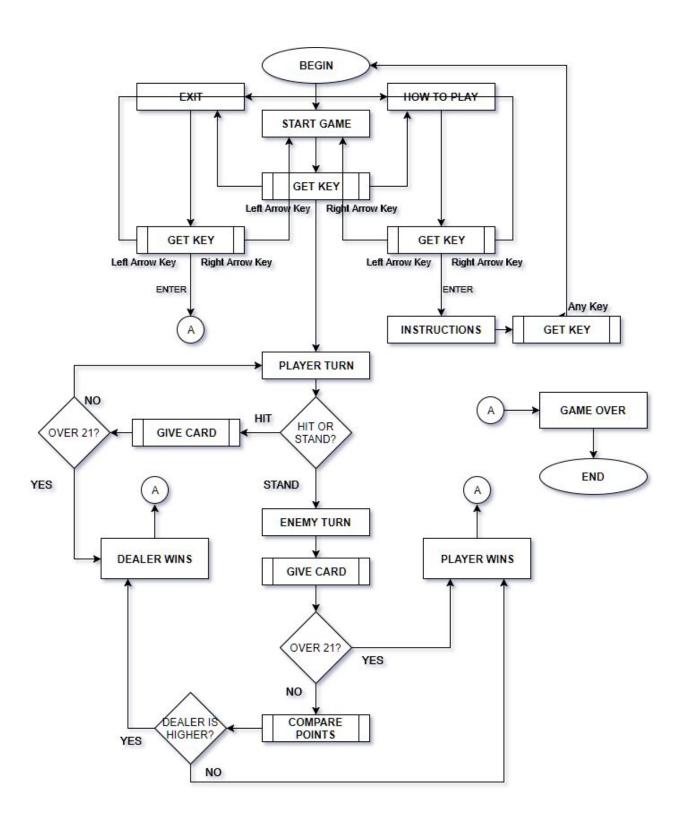
#### Terminate

Ends the program and stops the game completely. Leaves a message for the users to read after terminating

#### CODE:

```
TERMINATE PROC NEAR
       MOV AX, 0600H
                                ; clear screen
       MOV BH, 02H
                                ; green foreground with black background
       MOV CX, 0000H
                                ; index (0, 0)
       MOV DX, 184FH
                                ; to index (24, 79)
       INT 10H
       MOV DL, 20
                                 ; set cursor so that the message would be at the center
       MOV DH, 12
       CALL _SET_CURSOR
       LEA DX, TERMINATE_STR ; display game over screen is selected
       MOV AH, 09
       INT 21H
       MOV DL, 0
                                 ; set the cursor to the bottom of the screen
       MOV DH, 24
       CALL _SET_CURSOR
       MOV AX, 4C00H
                                 ; terminate program
       INT 21H
_TERMINATE ENDP
```

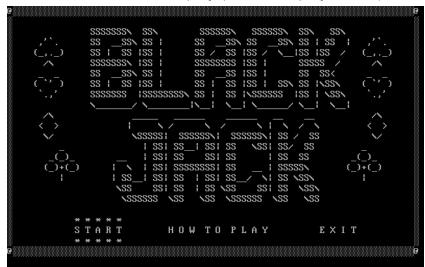
#### **Procedure Flowchart**



# **GAME SCREENSHOTS**

#### Main Menu

Start is selected display (default display on run)



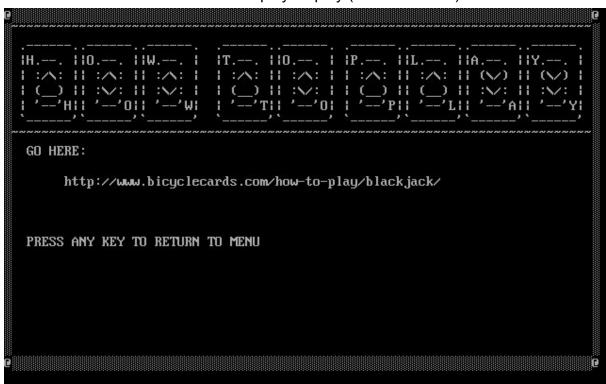
How to play is selected (as of 12/12/17)



Exit is selected (as of 12/12/17)



#### Current how to play display (as of 12/12/17)



# **Play State**



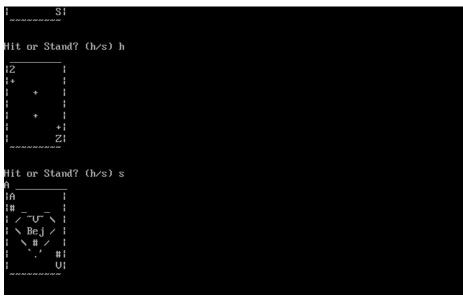
A choice of either hitting or standing is shown

Player chooses to hit, and a Jack is given. Current player point of 10.

Player hits again, and a 5 is given. Current player points totaling 15.



Player hits again, and receives a 2. Current player points totals to 17.



Player stands, and it is the dealer's turn to play. The dealer draws an Ace. Current dealer points is 10.



The dealer draws another card, and receives a 7. Total points 17. Dealer draws again, and is dealt with an Ace. And has a total of 27 points. Dealer's loss, player wins.

# **Game Over Screen**

