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...signments\131_Assignment_11\Question-2\Question-2.cpp
 1 // Question-2.cpp : This file contains the 'main' function. Program
     execution begins and ends there.
 2 //// Question1.cpp : This file contains the 'main' function. Program
     execution begins and ends there.
 ~ ------
4 //Name
                                Sai Chaitanya Kilambi
 5 //Course
                                CPSC 131 Data Structures, Fall, 2022
6 //Assignment
                                No.11 question:2
7 //Due date
                                11/30/2022
8 // Purpose:
9 // This program demonstrates insertion of data in array into a Binary
     Search Tree along with inorder traversal.
10 // It also demonstrates how to search display the min and max
11 //------
12 // list of libraries
13 //
14 //importing the required libraries
15
16 #include<iostream>
17 #include<climits>
18 using namespace std;
19 typedef struct node {
20
    int value;
   node* pLeft;
node* pRight;
node(int val);
21
22
     node(int val = 0)
23
24
     {
25
          value = val;
          pRight = NULL;
26
27
          pLeft = NULL;
28
      }
29 } node;
30 void insert(node** pRoot, int val) {
31 if (*pRoot == NULL)
32
          *pRoot = new node(val);
      else if ((*pRoot)->value <= val)</pre>
33
34
          insert(&((*pRoot)->pRight), val);
      else if ((*pRoot)->value > val)
35
36
          insert(&((*pRoot)->pLeft), val);
37 }
38 node* getBST(int* arr, int size) {
   node* pRoot = NULL;
39
40
      for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
41
          insert(&pRoot, arr[i]);
42
      return pRoot;
43 }
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44 void inOrderTraversal(node* pRoot) {
45
        if (pRoot && pRoot->pLeft)
46
            inOrderTraversal(pRoot->pLeft);
47
        if (pRoot)
            std::cout << pRoot->value << " ";
48
49
        if (pRoot && pRoot->pRight)
50
            inOrderTraversal(pRoot->pRight);
51
52 }
53 int findMin(node* root)
54 {
55
        // Base case
        if (root == NULL)
56
57
            return INT_MAX;
        int res = root->value;
58
59
        int lres = findMin(root->pLeft);
        int rres = findMin(root->pRight);
        if (lres < res)</pre>
61
62
            res = lres;
        if (rres < res)</pre>
63
64
            res = rres;
65
        return res;
66 }
67 int findMax(node* root)
68 {
69
        if (root == NULL)
            return INT_MIN;
70
71
        int res = root->value;
        int lres = findMax(root->pLeft);
72
73
        int rres = findMax(root->pRight);
74
        if (lres > res)
75
            res = lres;
76
        if (rres > res)
77
            res = rres;
78
        return res;
79 }
80 int main() {
81
        int arr[12];
        srand(time(0));
82
        cout << "Array elements are: ";</pre>
        for (int i = 0; i < 12; i++) {</pre>
84
            arr[i] = rand() % 100;
85
86
            cout << arr[i] << " ";
87
        }
        cout << endl;</pre>
88
        node* pRoot = getBST(arr, sizeof(arr) / sizeof(int));
89
90
        cout << "Inorder traversal of tree is: ";</pre>
91
        inOrderTraversal(pRoot);
        cout << endl;</pre>
92
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```
cout << "Maximum element is BST is " << findMax(pRoot) << endl;
cout << "Minimum element is BST is " << findMin(pRoot) << endl;
return 0;

96 }
```

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