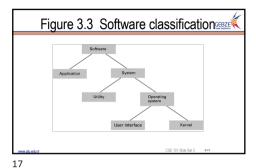
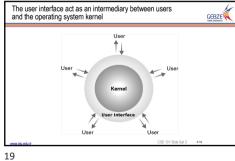


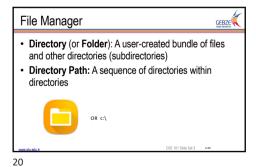
Types of Operating Systems Batch Operating System- Sequence of jobs in a program on a computer without manual interventions. Time-sharing operating System- allows many users to share the computer resources. (Max utilization of the resources). Distributed operating System- Manages a group of different computers and makes appear to be a single computer. Network operating system- computers running in different operating systems can participate in a common network (It is used for security purposes). Real-time operating system – meant applications to fix the deadlines. 15

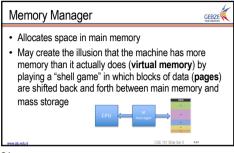
GEBZE Types of Software · Application software - Performs specific tasks for users System software - Provides infrastructure for application software - Consists of operating system and utility software 16



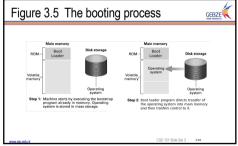
GEBZE **Operating System Components** • User Interface: Communicates with users - Text based (Shell) - Graphical user interface (GUI) Kernel: Performs basic required functions - File manager Device drivers - Memory manager Scheduler and dispatcher







Getting it Started (Bootstrapping)
 Boot loader: Program in ROM (example of firmware)
 Run by the CPU when power is turned on
 Transfers operating system from mass storage to main memory
 Executes jump to operating system



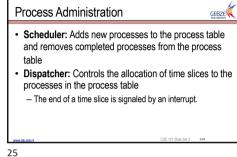
Processes

• Process: The activity of executing a program
• Process State: Current status of the activity

- Program counter

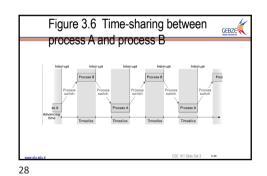
- General purpose registers

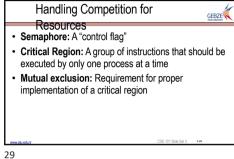
- Related portion of main memory

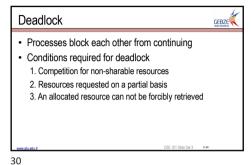


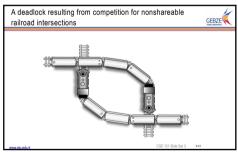


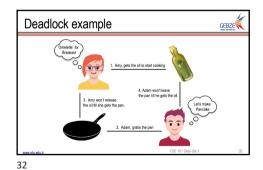


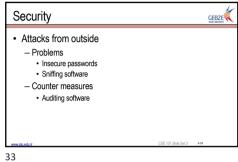


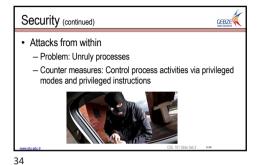












GEBZE Questions?

35

Intro to Programming in High Level Languages • What is high level? • Why C

