

Quentin_Trombini_Week13

S13_01_a

```
import matplotlib.backends.backend_agg as agg
import photutils.background as background
import astroquery.simbad as simbad
import astropy.coordinates as coord
import astropy.units as units
import astroquery.skyview as skyview
import astropy.wcs as wcs
import matplotlib.backends.backend_agg as agg
import matplotlib.figure as figure
import astropy.stats as stats
import astropy.table as table
import numpy as np
import astropy
import photutils
import astropy
import os
import matplotlib
import astroalign

# ----- RETRIEVE AND DOWNLOAD STAR DATA -----
if not os.path.isfile("./S13/optical.fits") or not os.path.isfile("./S13/optical.meta"):
    query_result = simbad.Simbad.query_object("M31")

    RA = query_result['RA']
    Dec = query_result['DEC']

    coordinates = coord.SkyCoord(RA[0], Dec[0], unit=(units.hourangle, units.degree))
    image = skyview.SkyView.get_images(position=coordinates, survey='SDSS')
    astropy.io.fits.writeto("./S13/optical.fits", image[0][0].data, overwrite=True)
```

```

ir_ra_decimal = coordinates.ra.deg + 1 /60
ir_dec_decimal = coordinates.dec.deg + 2 /60

ir_coordinates = coord.SkyCoord(ir_ra_decimal,ir_dec_decimal)
ir_image = skyview.SkyView.get_images(position=ir_coordinates)
astropy.io.fits.writeto("./S13/IR.fits",ir_image[0][0].data,overwrite=True)

# ----- CREATE AND PRINT OPTICAL IMAGE -----
with astropy.io.fits.open("./S13/optical.fits") as hdu_list:
    header = hdu_list[0].header
    wcs_head= wcs.WCS(header)
    image = hdu_list[0].data

fig= matplotlib.figure.Figure()
canvas = agg.FigureCanvasAgg(fig)
ax = fig.add_subplot(111, projection=wcs_head)

norm = astropy.visualization.mpl_normalize.ImageNormalize(
im = ax.imshow(image, origin='lower', cmap="grey", norm=norm)
fig.savefig("./S13/optical.png", dpi=150)
fig.clf()

# ----- CREATE AND PRINT IR IMAGE -----
with astropy.io.fits.open("./S13/IR.fits") as hdu_list:
    header = hdu_list[0].header
    wcs_head= wcs.WCS(header)
    image = hdu_list[0].data

canvas = agg.FigureCanvasAgg(fig)
ax = fig.add_subplot(111, projection=wcs_head)

norm = astropy.visualization.mpl_normalize.ImageNormalize(
im = ax.imshow(image, origin='lower', cmap="grey", norm=norm)
fig.savefig("./S13/IR.png", dpi=150)

# ----- CATALOGUE CREATION -----

```

```

def catalogue_creation(input):
    sigma_sky = 3.0
    maxiters = 10
    box_size = 50
    filter_size = 3
    thresh = 2
    kernel = 3.0
    array_size = 5
    nb_pixel = 10
    nb_level = 32
    vontrast = 0.001

    with astropy.io.fits.open("./S13/"+input+".fits") as hdu:
        header = hdu[0].header
        image = hdu[0].data
        if(header['NAXIS'] == 0):
            header = hdu[1].header
            image = hdu[1].data
    sigma_clip = stats.SigmaClip(sigma=sigma_sky, maxiters=maxiters)
    skybg_estimator = background.SExtractorBackground()

    image_skybg = background.Background2D(image, box_size=(box_size, box_size))
    image_skysub = image - image_skybg.background
    detection_threshold = thresh * image_skybg.background_rms_mean
    convolution_kernel = photutils.segmentation.make_2dgaussian_kernel(filter_size, kernel)
    image_convolved = astropy.convolution.convolve(image_skysub, convolution_kernel)
    image_segmented = photutils.segmentation.detect_sources(image_convolved, detection_threshold)
    catalogue = photutils.segmentation.SourceCatalog(data=image_segmented)
    table_source = catalogue.to_table()
    astropy.io.ascii.write(table_source, "./S13/"+input+".cat", format='ascii')

    if not os.path.isfile("./S13/optical.cat") or not os.path.isfile("./S13/IR.cat"):
        catalogue_creation("optical")
        catalogue_creation("IR")

# ----- LOOKING FOR COMMON STAR -----

```

```

table1 = table.Table.read("./S13/optical.cat",format='ascii.com
table2 = table.Table.read("./S13/IR.cat",format='ascii.commen

list_source1_x = list (table1['xcentroid'])
list_source1_y = list (table1['ycentroid'])
list_source2_x = list (table2['xcentroid'])
list_source2_y = list (table2['ycentroid'])
position_1= np.transpose ( (list_source1_x, list_source1_y) )
position_2= np.transpose ( (list_source2_x, list_source2_y) )

# finding star-to-star matching
transf, (list_matched_2, list_matched_1) = astroalign.find_tran
list_matched_2_aligned = astroalign.matrix_transform (list_matc

# ----- STAR ALIGNEMENT -----
# ----- THIS PART IS COMING FROM THE COURSE SINCE IN COULDN

(header1, image1) = astropy.read_fits("./S13/optical.fits")
(header2, image2) = astropy.read_fits("./S13/IR.fits")

image1 = image1.byteswap ().newbyteorder ()
image2 = image2.byteswap ().newbyteorder ()

st = coord.skimage.transform.SimilarityTransform (scale=transf.
image2_aligned = coord.skimage.transform.warp (image2, st.inver

markers = ['o', 'v', '^', 's', 'p', 'h', '8']
colours = ['maroon', 'red', 'coral', 'bisque', 'orange', 'wheat

fig = figure.Figure ()
agg.FigureCanvasAgg (fig)
ax1 = fig.add_subplot (121)
ax2 = fig.add_subplot (122)

norm1 = astropy.visualization.mpl_normalize.ImageNormalize ( sti

```


All of this part is done inside this if condition to avoid loosing time when I try different things after.

First of I try to query my star data using `simbad.Simbad.query object()`

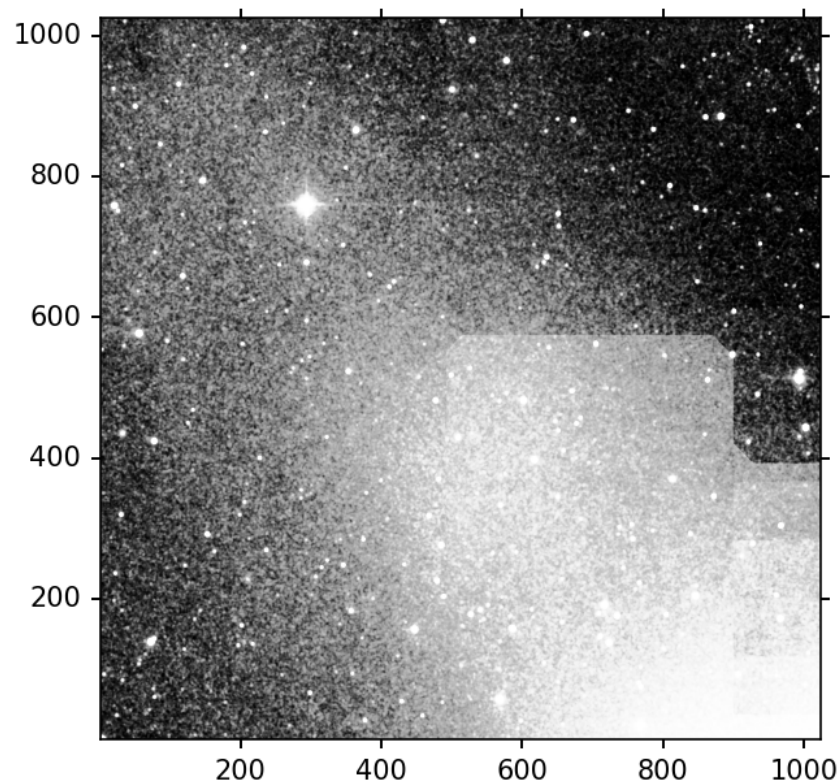
once this is done I extract the coordinate from the query result using `astropy.coordinate.Skycoord`

Then I will add the offset to the coordinate and download the two image of the sky: the first one using SDSSr to get an optical version, the second one using 2MASS-J to get the near-infrared version.

those data will be converted and stored as fits file

Print image

Once i have the fits data I will use `matplolib` to print the image to see if there is a problem as you can see the image below is really blurry so my data must have been wrongly downloaded



Catalogue creation

To use the alignment I need a catalogue I will create it from some data and the image previously collected:

```
image_skybg = background.Background2D(image, box_size=(box_size,
image_skysub = image - image_skybg.background
detection_threshold = thresh * image_skybg.background_rms_median
convolution_kernel = photutils.segmentation.make_2dgaussian_kernel
image_convolved = astropy.convolution.convolve(image_skysub, convolution_kernel)
image_segmented = photutils.segmentation.detect_sources(image_convolved, detection_threshold)
catalogue = photutils.segmentation.SourceCatalog(data=image_skybg, image=image_skysub, image_convolved=image_convolved, image_segmented=image_segmented)
table_source = catalogue.to_table()
```

once the catalogue is created I will store it

```
astropy.io.ascii.write(table_source, "./S13/"+input+".cat", format='ascii.commented_header_only')
```

Star matching

```
table1 = table.Table.read("./S13/optical.cat", format='ascii.commented_header_only')
table2 = table.Table.read("./S13/IR.cat", format='ascii.commented_header_only')

list_source1_x = list (table1['xcentroid'])
list_source1_y = list (table1['ycentroid'])
list_source2_x = list (table2['xcentroid'])
list_source2_y = list (table2['ycentroid'])
position_1= np.transpose ( (list_source1_x, list_source1_y) )
position_2= np.transpose ( (list_source2_x, list_source2_y) )

transf, (list_matched_2, list_matched_1) = astroalign.find_transformations(position_1, position_2)
```

This code is taking each catalogue file and try to make star match together, then he will try to make triangle of star to know how to rotate the image.

It's where my code crash so I cant assure the part after are working since I cannot test them. I think the problem come from the Blur you can see on the image. I you have a feedback on this I would like to hear where the error is coming from and how to correct it.