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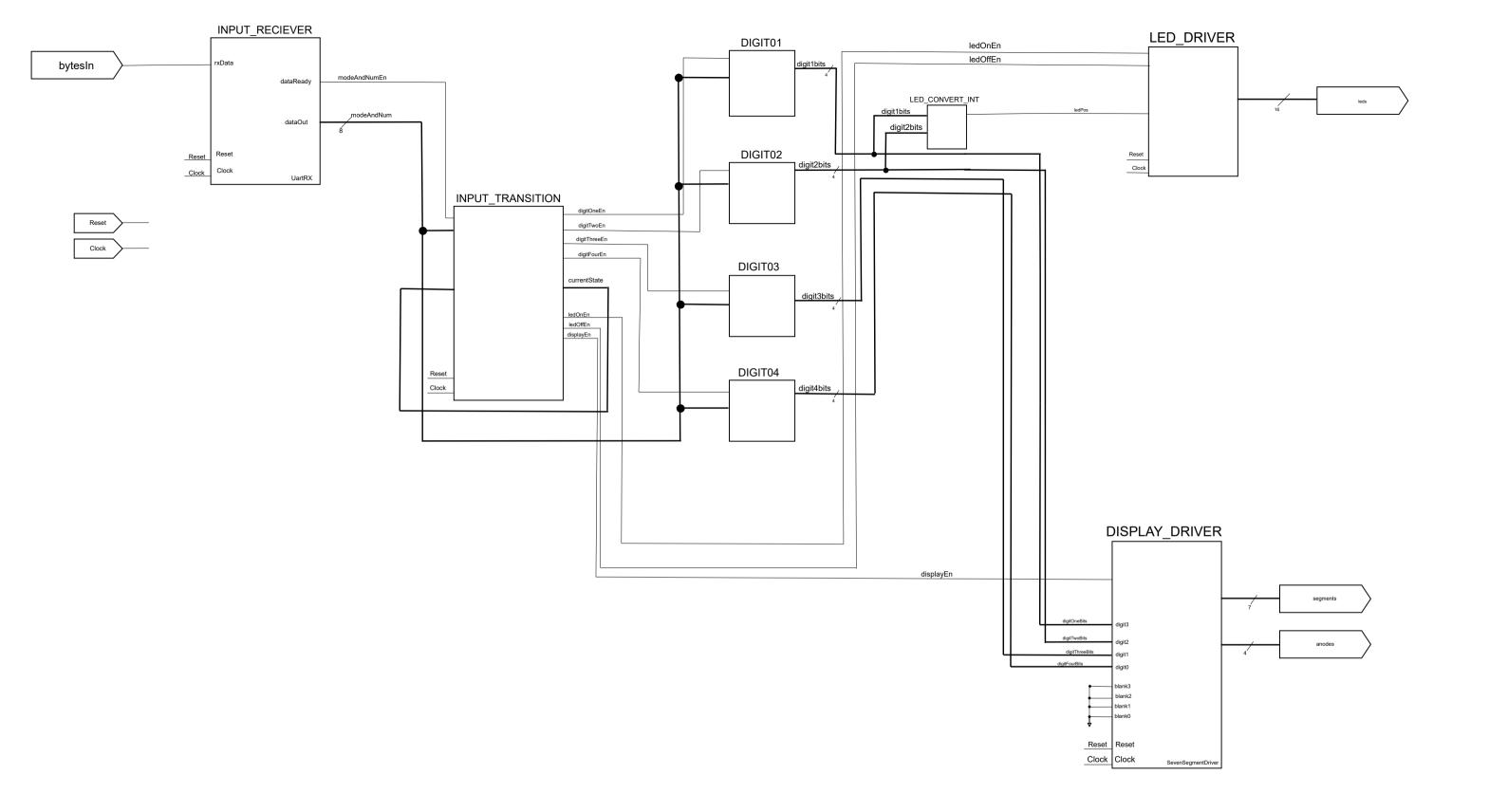
SerialControl Lab Report

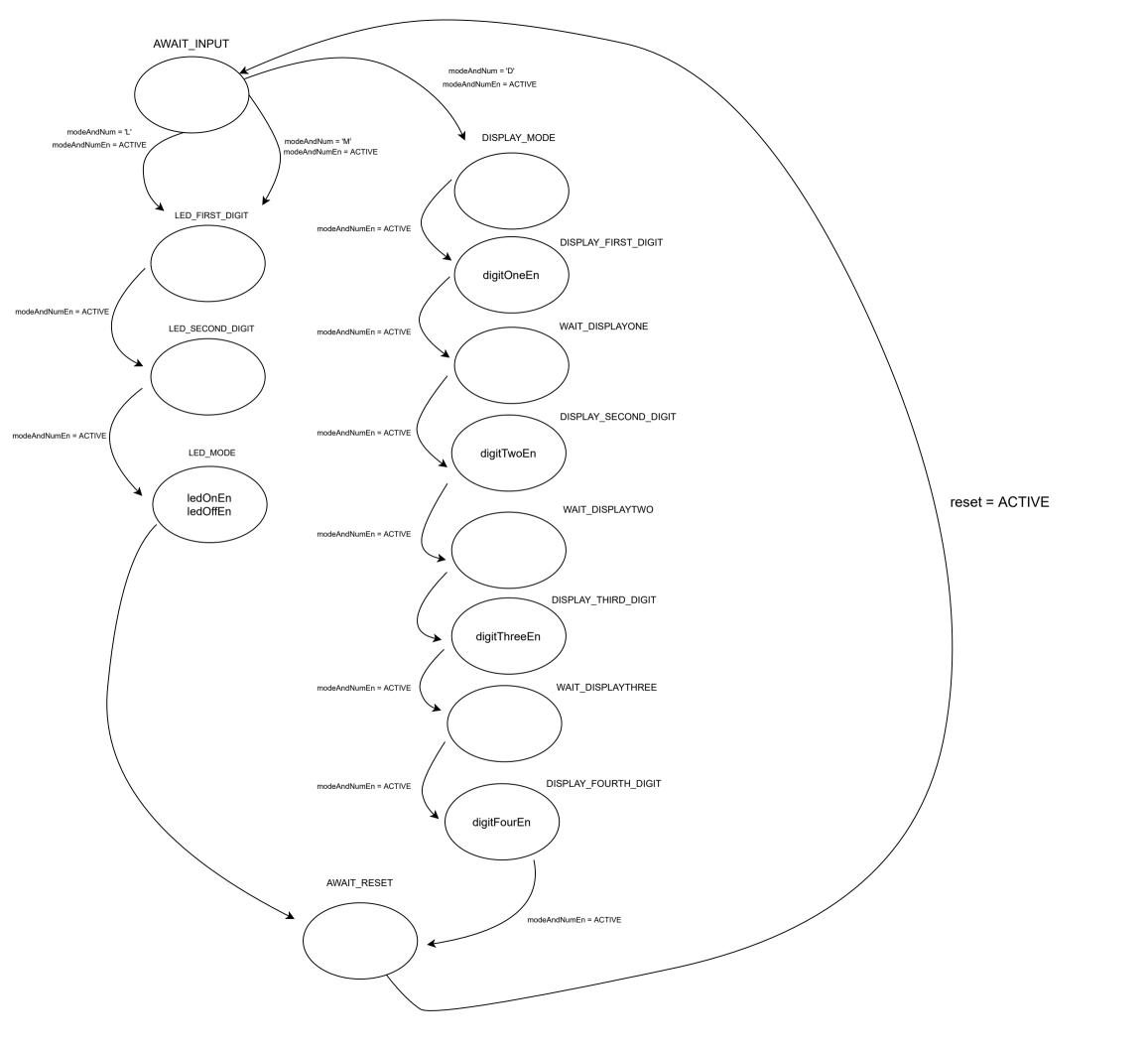
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CPE 3020

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-- Group Members; Clarence Barron, Rodrigo Corral, Paul Hughes
-- This is the wrapper file for the Serial Control file of the system.
library ieee;
use ieee.std logic 1164.all;
entity SerialControl Basys3 is
    Port ( clk:
                  in std logic;
           btnD: in std_logic;
           RsRx: in std logic;
           led: out std_logic_vector (15 downto 0);
           seg:    out std_logic_vector (6 downto 0);
an:    out std_logic_vector (3 downto 0));
end SerialControl Basys3;
architecture SerialControl Basys3 ARCH of SerialControl Basys3 is
           component SerialControl
            Port ( reset : in std_logic;
                    clock : in std logic;
                    bytesIn : in std logic;
                    segments : out std logic vector (6 downto 0);
                    anodes : out std logic vector (3 downto 0);
                    leds : out std logic vector (15 downto 0));
            end component SerialControl;
begin
SYSTEM WORKINGS: SerialControl
            port map (
                   reset
                              => btnD,
                               => clk,
                    clock
                   bytesIn => RsRx,
leds => led,
                    segments => seg,
anodes => an);
end SerialControl Basys3 ARCH;
```

```
-- Group Members; Clarence Barron, Rodrigo Corral, Paul Hughes
                         -- Serial Control --
-- This is the component is suppose to take into bytes from the pc serial
-- and control the display and leds accordingly depending on the mode given.
-- L = Leds On, M = Leds Off, D = Display
_____
library ieee;
use ieee.std logic 1164.all;
use ieee.numeric std.all;
entity SerialControl is
    Port ( reset : in std logic;
           clock : in std logic;
           bytesIn : in std logic;
           segments : out std logic vector (6 downto 0);
           anodes : out std logic vector (3 downto 0);
           leds : out std logic vector (15 downto 0));
end SerialControl;
architecture SerialControl ARCH of SerialControl is
 component SevenSegmentDriver
        port (
            reset: in std logic;
            clock: in std logic;
            digit3: in std logic vector(3 downto 0); --leftmost digit
            digit2: in std logic vector(3 downto 0); --2nd from left digit
            digit1: in std logic vector(3 downto 0); --3rd from left digit
            digit0: in std logic vector(3 downto 0); --rightmost digit
            blank3: in std_logic; --leftmost digit
blank2: in std_logic; --2nd from left digit
blank1: in std_logic; --3rd from left digit
            blank0: in std logic; --rightmost digit
            sevenSegs: out std_logic_vector(6 downto 0); --MSB=a, LSB=g
            anodes: out std logic vector(3 downto 0) --MSB=leftmost
digit
        );
    end component;
component UartRx
        port (
            clock: in std_logic;
reset: in std_logic;
rxData: in std_logic;
            dataReady: out std logic;
            dataOut: out std logic vector(7 downto 0)
            );
```

```
end component UartRx;
              serialMode t is (AWAIT INPUT, LED MODE, AWAIT RESET,
LED FIRST DIGIT, LED SECOND DIGIT, DISPLAY MODE, DISPLAY FIRST DIGIT,
WAIT DISPLAYONE, WAIT DISPLAYTWO, WAIT DISPLAYTHREE, DISPLAY SECOND DIGIT,
DISPLAY THIRD DIGIT, DISPLAY FOURTH DIGIT);
    type
               ledMode_t is (LED_WAIT, LED_OFF, LED_ON);
                              std_logic := '1';
    constant ACTIVE:
                               std logic vector(7 downto 0);
    signal modeAndNum:
    signal currentState: serialMode_t;
signal nextState: serialMode_t;
    signal modeAndNumEn: std_logic;
    signal ledOnEn: std_logic;
signal ledOffEn: std_logic;
signal digitOneEn: std_logic;
signal digitTwoEn: std_logic;
signal digitThreeEn: std_logic;
signal digitFourEn: std_logic;
signal digitOneBits: std_logic;
signal digitOneBits: std_logic;
signal digitOneBits: std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
    signal digitTwoBits: std logic vector(3 downto 0);
    signal digitThreeBits: std logic vector(3 downto 0);
    signal digitFourBits: std logic vector(3 downto 0);
    signal ledMode:
                              ledMode t;
    signal ledPos:
                                 integer range 0 to 16;
begin
-- The reciever taking in the bytes --
INPUT RECEIVER: UartRx
       port map (
                  clock =>
                                clock,
                  reset =>
                                 reset,
                              bytesIn,
                  rxData =>
                  dataReady => modeAndNumEn,
                  dataOut => modeAndNum);
-- Just a state proces to take in the current
-- state of the state machine
INPUT STATE: process (reset, clock)
begin
       if (reset = ACTIVE) then
         currentState <= AWAIT INPUT;</pre>
       elsif (rising edge(clock)) then
             currentstate <= nextState;</pre>
       end if:
end process INPUT_STATE;
-- The state machine is meant to change depending on what is given
-- from the reciever and changes accordingly and
-- stores the digits given in from the reciever
INPUT TRANSITION: process (modeAndNum, modeAndNumEn)
begin
    case currentState is
         when AWAIT INPUT =>
               if (modeAndNumEn = ACTIVE and modeAndNum = x"4C") then
                  ledMode <= LED ON;</pre>
                  nextState <= LED FIRST DIGIT;</pre>
               elsif (modeAndNumEn = ACTIVE and modeAndNum = x"4D") then
                  ledMode <= LED OFF;</pre>
                  nextState <= LED FIRST DIGIT;</pre>
```

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elsif(modeAndNumEn = ACTIVE and modeAndNum = x"44") then
         nextState <= DISPLAY MODE;</pre>
         nextState <= AWAIT INPUT;</pre>
     end if;
when LED FIRST DIGIT =>
    digitOneEn <= ACTIVE;</pre>
    digitTwoEn <= not ACTIVE;</pre>
    if (modeAndNumEn = ACTIVE) then
        nextState <= LED SECOND DIGIT;</pre>
    end if;
when LED SECOND DIGIT =>
    digitOneEn <= not ACTIVE;</pre>
    digitTwoEn <= ACTIVE;</pre>
    if (modeAndNumEn <= ACTIVE) then</pre>
         nextstate <= LED MODE;</pre>
    end if;
 when LED MODE =>
   if (ledMode = LED ON) then
             ledOnEn <= ACTIVE;</pre>
             nextState <= AWAIT RESET;</pre>
         elsif(ledMode = LED OFF) then
             ledOffEn <= ACTIVE;</pre>
             nextState <= AWAIT RESET;</pre>
  end if;
 when DISPLAY MODE =>
    if (modeAndNumEn = ACTIVE) then
         nextState <= DISPLAY FIRST DIGIT;</pre>
         nextState <= DISPLAY MODE;</pre>
    end if;
 when DISPLAY FIRST DIGIT =>
       digitOneEn <= ACTIVE;</pre>
       nextState <= WAIT DISPLAYONE;</pre>
 when WAIT DISPLAYONE =>
        if (modeAndNumEn = ACTIVE) then
           nextState <= DISPLAY_SECOND_DIGIT;</pre>
            nextState <= WAIT DISPLAYONE;</pre>
            digitOneEn <= not ACTIVE;</pre>
        end if;
  when DISPLAY SECOND DIGIT =>
       digitTwoEn <= ACTIVE;</pre>
       nextState <= WAIT DISPLAYTWO;</pre>
  when WAIT DISPLAYTWO =>
        if (modeAndNumEn = ACTIVE) then
           nextState <= DISPLAY THIRD DIGIT;</pre>
        else
```

```
nextState <= WAIT DISPLAYTWO;</pre>
                    digitTwoEn <= not ACTIVE;</pre>
                end if;
          when DISPLAY THIRD DIGIT =>
               digitThreeEn <= ACTIVE;</pre>
               nextState <= WAIT DISPLAYTHREE;</pre>
         when WAIT DISPLAYTHREE =>
                if (modeAndNumEn = ACTIVE) then
                   nextState <= DISPLAY_FOURTH_DIGIT;</pre>
                   digitThreeEn <= not ACTIVE;</pre>
                    nextState <= WAIT DISPLAYTHREE;</pre>
                    digitThreeEn <= not ACTIVE;</pre>
                end if;
           when DISPLAY FOURTH DIGIT =>
               digitFourEn <= ACTIVE;</pre>
               digitTwoEn <= not ACTIVE;</pre>
               if (modeAndNumEn = ACTIVE) then
                 digitFourEn <= not ACTIVE;</pre>
                 nextState <= AWAIT RESET;</pre>
           end if;
           when AWAIT RESET =>
                                  <= not ACTIVE;
                 digitOneEn
                 digitTwoEn
                                  <= not ACTIVE;
                 digitThreeEn
                                 <= not ACTIVE;
                 digitFourEn <= not ACTIVE;</pre>
    end case;
end process INPUT TRANSITION;
-- Holds the first digit given by the last 3 bits of
-- the byte given from the reciever
-- The bits from the byte given [3 downto 0]
-- is consitant for all the digit processes
DIGIT01: process(reset, clock)
begin
    if (reset = ACTIVE) then
        digitOneBits <= (others => '0');
    elsif (rising edge(clock))then
          if (digitOneEn = ACTIVE) then
            digitOneBits <= modeAndNum(3 downto 0);</pre>
          end if;
  end if;
 end process DIGIT01;
-- Holds the second digit --
DIGIT02: process(reset,clock)
begin
    if (reset = ACTIVE) then
        digitTwoBits <= (others => '0');
    elsif (rising edge(clock)) then
          if (digitTwoEn = ACTIVE) then
            digitTwoBits <= modeAndNum(3 downto 0);</pre>
          end if;
```

```
end if;
 end process DIGIT02;
 -- Holds the third digit --
DIGIT03: process (reset, clock)
 begin
    if (reset = ACTIVE) then
        digitThreeBits <= (others => '0');
    elsif (rising edge(clock)) then
          if (digitThreeEn = ACTIVE) then
            digitThreeBits <= modeAndNum(3 downto 0);</pre>
          end if;
  end if;
 end process DIGIT03;
 -- Holds the fourth digit --
DIGIT04: process (reset, clock)
 begin
    if (reset = ACTIVE) then
        digitFourBits <= (others => '0');
    elsif (rising edge(clock))then
          if (digitFourEn = ACTIVE) then
            digitFourBits <= modeAndNum(3 downto 0);</pre>
          end if;
  end if;
end process DIGIT04;
-- Converts the Digit 1 and Digit 2 values
-- to integers
LED CONVERT INT: process (digitOneBits, digitTwoBits)
variable tensDigit: integer range 0 to 9;
variable onesDigit: integer range 0 to 9;
begin
    tensDigit := (to integer(unsigned(digitOneBits)) * 10);
    onesDigit := to integer(unsigned(digitTwoBits));
    ledPos <= (tensDigit + onesDigit);</pre>
end process LED CONVERT INT;
-- Drives the LEDs depending on if they turn off or turn on --
LED DRIVER: process (reset, clock)
begin
    if (reset = ACTIVE) then
        leds <= "0000000000000000";</pre>
    elsif (rising edge(clock)) then
        if (ledOnEn = ACTIVE) then
            leds(ledPos) <= ACTIVE;</pre>
        elsif (ledOffEn = ACTIVE) then
             leds(ledPos) <= not ACTIVE;</pre>
        end if;
    end if:
end process LED DRIVER;
DISPLAY DRIVER: SevenSegmentDriver port map (
                            reset => reset,
                                       => clock,
=> digitOneBits,
=> digitTwoBits,
                            clock
                            digit3
                            digit2
                            digit1
                                          => digitThreeBits,
```

end SerialControl_ARCH;

```
-- Group Members; Clarence Barron, Rodrigo Corral, Paul Hughes
-- This is the test bench to test to see if the Serial Control component
-- works with the design using the LEDs and the Displays.
-- In order to work the test bench, comment out either the LED
-- Process or the Display Process then change the middle 8 bits.
______
library ieee;
use ieee.std logic 1164.all;
entity SerialControl tb is
end SerialControl tb;
architecture SerialControl tb ARCH of SerialControl tb is
    component SerialControl
    Port ( reset : in std logic;
          clock : in std logic;
          bytesIn : in std logic;
           segments : out std logic vector (6 downto 0);
          anodes : out std logic vector (3 downto 0);
          leds : out std logic vector (15 downto 0));
    end component SerialControl;
signal reset: std logic;
signal clock: std logic;
signal bytesIn: std logic;
signal segments: std_logic_vector (6 downto 0);
signal anodes: std_logic_vector (3 downto 0);
signal leds: std_logic_vector (15 downto 0);
constant ACTIVE: std logic := '1';
constant BAUD RATE: integer := 115 200;
constant BIT TIME: time := (1 000 000 000/BAUD RATE) * 1 ns;
constant CLOCK FREQ: integer := 100 000 000;
begin
UUT: SerialControl port map(
           reset => reset,
           clock => clock,
           bytesIn => bytesIn,
           segments => segments,
           anodes => anodes,
           leds => leds);
SYS CLOCK: process
begin
    clock <= not ACTIVE;</pre>
   wait for 5 ns;
    clock <= ACTIVE;</pre>
   wait for 5 ns;
   end process SYS CLOCK;
 RESET CLOCK: process
   begin
       reset <= ACTIVE;
```

```
wait for 200ns;
       reset <= not ACTIVE;</pre>
       wait;
   end process;
-- Test Bench for the LEDS --
-- LED TEST DRIVER: process
-- begin
         ----set serial line to idle-----
        bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
         wait for 316 ns;
         ----transmit L-----
         bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
        wait for BIT TIME;
        bytesIn \leftarrow '\overline{0}';
        wait for BIT TIME;
--
        bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
        wait for BIT TIME;
--
        bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
         wait for BIT TIME;
        bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
--
         wait for BIT TIME;
        bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
--
         wait for BIT TIME;
--
        bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
         wait for BIT TIME;
___
        bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
        wait for BIT TIME;
        bytesIn \leftarrow '0';
--
        wait for BIT TIME;
--
        bytesIn <= '1';
         wait for BIT TIME;
         ----transmit 1 for Tens place ------
_____
-- bytesIn <= '0';
        wait for BIT TIME;
--
       bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
        wait for BIT TIME;
        bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
--
        wait for BIT TIME;
___
        bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
        wait for BIT TIME;
--
        bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
--
___
         wait for BIT TIME;
         bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
         wait for BIT TIME;
        bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
___
         wait for BIT TIME;
--
        bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
         wait for BIT TIME;
--
         bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
```

```
wait for BIT TIME;
         bytesIn \ll '1';
         wait for BIT TIME;
         ----transmit 5 for Ones place ------
-----
         bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
         wait for BIT TIME;
       bytesIn <= '1';
wait for BIT_TIME;
bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
--
__
        wait for BIT TIME;
__
        bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
        wait for BIT TIME;
__
__
        bytesIn <= '\overline{0}';
        wait for BIT_TIME;
        bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
--
        wait for BIT TIME;
___
        bytesIn \leftarrow '1';
--
        wait for BIT TIME;
--
        bytesIn \ll '0';
         wait for BIT TIME;
         bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
         wait for BIT TIME;
--
         bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
         wait for BIT TIME;
--
         wait;
     end process LED TEST DRIVER;
DISPLAY TEST: process
begin
       ----set serial line to idle-----
       bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
       wait for 316 ns;
       ----transmit 'D'-----
       bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
       wait for BIT TIME;
       bytesIn <= '0';
       wait for BIT_TIME;
       bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
       wait for BIT TIME;
       bytesIn \leftarrow '1';
       wait for BIT TIME;
       bytesIn <= '0';
       wait for BIT TIME;
       bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
       wait for BIT TIME;
       bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
       wait for BIT TIME;
       bytesIn <= '1';
       wait for BIT TIME;
```

```
bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
wait for BIT TIME;
bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
wait for BIT TIME;
----transmit 1 for Tens place ------
bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
wait for BIT TIME;
bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
wait for BIT TIME;
bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
wait for BIT TIME;
bytesIn <= '0';
wait for BIT_TIME;
bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
wait for BIT TIME;
bytesIn \leftarrow '1';
wait for BIT TIME;
bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
wait for BIT TIME;
bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
wait for BIT TIME;
bytesIn \leftarrow '\overline{0}';
wait for BIT TIME;
bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
wait for BIT TIME;
----transmit 5 for Ones place ------
bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
wait for BIT TIME;
bytesIn \leftarrow '1';
wait for BIT TIME;
bytesIn <= '0';
wait for BIT TIME;
bytesIn <= '1';
wait for BIT TIME;
bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
wait for BIT TIME;
bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
wait for BIT_TIME;
bytesIn \leftarrow '1';
wait for BIT TIME;
bytesIn <= '0';
wait for BIT TIME;
bytesIn \leftarrow '\overline{0}';
wait for BIT TIME;
bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
wait for BIT_TIME;
 ----transmit 8 for Ones place ------
bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
wait for BIT TIME;
```

```
bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
         wait for BIT TIME;
         bytesIn \leftarrow '\overline{0}';
         wait for BIT TIME;
         bytesIn \leftarrow '\overline{0}';
         wait for BIT TIME;
         bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
         wait for BIT TIME;
         bytesIn \leftarrow '1';
         wait for BIT TIME;
         bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
         wait for BIT TIME;
         bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
         wait for BIT TIME;
         bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
         wait for BIT TIME;
         bytesIn \leftarrow '\overline{1}';
         wait for BIT TIME;
          ----transmit 2 for Ones place ------
         bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
         wait for BIT TIME;
         bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
         wait for BIT TIME;
         bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
         wait for BIT TIME;
         bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
         wait for BIT TIME;
         bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
         wait for BIT_TIME;
         bytesIn \leftarrow '1';
         wait for BIT TIME;
         bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
         wait for BIT TIME;
         bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
         wait for BIT TIME;
         bytesIn <= '0';</pre>
         wait for BIT TIME;
         bytesIn <= '1';</pre>
         wait for BIT TIME;
end process DISPLAY TEST;
end SerialControl tb ARCH;
```