
WEEK TEN

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WHAT HAPPENS IF METHOD FROM IN

```
public static void sayHi() {  
    System.out.println("Hi!");  
    sayHi();  
}
```

Exc

Exception in thread "main" java.lang.StackOverflowError

WHAT JUST HAPPENED?

Recursion!

RECURSION

- **Recursive method:** any method that calls itself
- Starts with a complicated problem and breaks it down into smaller and smaller problems
 - aka divide and conquer decomposition
- Why use recursion?
 - Sometimes simpler/easier to understand and maintain
 - Sometimes more flexible
 - Sometimes faster
 - **Short answer:** it's another tool in your toolbox

OKAY, BUT HOW DO WE AVOID A STACK OVERFLOW ERROR?

An endpoint

Termination condition

A base case!

$$\lambda_{\text{um}} = 147$$

- process t
47
147

4

$$4 + 7 = 11$$

1

+

1.

(12)

HOW TO UNDERSTAND RECURSION

- A few very simple base cases (often just one)
- Rules to break down complex cases into simpler cases of the same general problem
- Are we done yet? If so, return the results.
- If not, simplify the problem (move towards the base case), by constructing a solution from smaller similar problems
- If you have an already solved similar but simpler problem, how can that help you solve a more complex problem?

PRACTICE TOGETHER

- Reverse a word
- **Input:** hello **output:** olleh
- What is our base case?
- What small step can we take before making the recursive call?

YOUR TURN

- Write a recursive method that counts how many even numbers are in a String
- You can assume the String will only include numbers
- **Input:** “2395832” **Output:** 3

HOW ABOUT ONE MORE?

- Write a recursive method that takes in an ArrayList of comparable generic types
- The method should find and return the “max” value of the ArrayList
- **Input:** [4, 1, 4, 6, 3, 9, -3, -6, 8] **Output:** 9
- **Input:** ["hi", "smile", "zoo", "laugh", "kind", "apple"] **Output:** “zoo”

LET'S TRY SOMETHING A BIT MORE DIFFICULT

- Write a recursive method that takes in a single word and returns every possible permutation of that word in a list
- **Input:** "cat" **Output:** [cat, cta, act, atc, tca, tac]
- What's our base case going to be?
- How do we break the problem down?
- What other structures may we need to use?

WHAT ACTUALLY HAPPENS WHEN A RECURSIVE CALL OCCURS IN A LOOP?

RECURSIVE CALLS IN LOOPS