

Week3 – Navigation page demo

There is a variety of ways to navigate through Xamarin.Forms, on which more can be found in your eBook – **chapter 24: Page navigation**. You can find various demo's in this repository to demonstrate different page types and navigation.

In this document, we will explain how to use a **Navigation Page**. This page type allows you to navigate from one page to another, and back.

Page type(s)

A navigation page is a common **ContentPage** that will be wrapped as a Navigation Page.

Let's say your contentpage is called MainPage, than you can turn it into a navigation page like this:

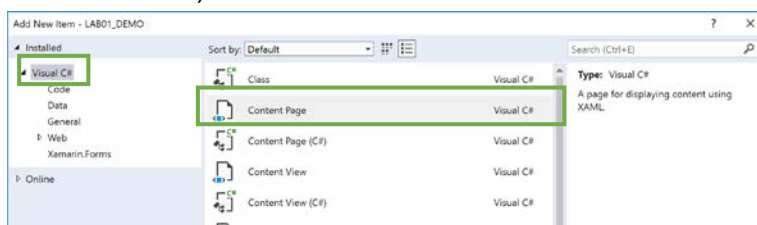
```
MainPage = new NavigationPage( new MainPage() );
```

How to create a navigation page

1. **Create a content page** where you want to navigate from (and another where you want to navigate to).
2. **Turn the content page into a navigation page** by simply changing the way it's created (for your main page, this will be in app.xml.cs).

1. Create a content page

- Create a folder '**View**' in the PCL project
- Inside this folder, add a new item and name it:



- Add your content inside the `<ContentPage.Content>` tags.
- Make sure you set the **Title** property of the ContentPage:

```
<ContentPage xmlns="http://xamarin.com/schemas/2014/forms"
              xmlns:x="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2009/xaml"
              xmlns:local="clr-namespace:LAB01_DEMO"
              x:Class="LAB01_DEMO.MainPage"
              Title="MainPage">
```

2. Turn a ContentPage into a NavigationPage

- Go to App.xaml.cs
- In the constructor, you will find:

```
MainPage = new LAB01_DEMO.MainPage();
```

- Turn the page into a navigation page by changing this line of code to:

```
MainPage = new NavigationPage( new LAB01_DEMO.MainPage() );
```

Navigating using a NavigationPage

The Push(Modal)Async function uses the power of **asynchronous programming**. We will see the concept of this further in detail later in the Device Programming II course.

For the **differences between modal and modeless pages**, we refer to the theory lesson.

a. Navigation without data exchange

- Go to the code behind of the page you wish to navigate **from** (eg.: MainPage.xaml.cs)
- You can now navigate like this:

```
Navigation.PushAsync(new PageName()); //PageName = name of your page
Navigation.PushModalAsync(new PageName()); //PageName = name of your page
```

b. Navigate sending extra data

Option 1: add a parameter to the constructor

- In the page you want to navigate **to** (eg.: DetailPage), change the constructor asking one or more parameters (of any type):

```
public FooPage(Foo foo)
{
    ...
}
```

- Pass the values in the constructor while navigating:

```
Navigation.PushAsync(new PageName("hello"));
```

Option 2: use a public property

- In the page you want to navigate **to** (eg.: DetailPage), **create a public property** of the **type** of information you want to pass. You can create as many properties as you wish.

```
Eg.: public string Foo { get; set; }
```

- Set these properties before navigating:

```
PageName page = new PageName();
page.Foo = "hello";
Navigation.PushAsync(page);
```

Other options

(These options require knowledge of databinding / MVVM, and will not be handled in this course.

However, you can find them in, amongst others, the eBook.)