

Problem 1:

Solve: (1) The characterization of the system is shown as follows:

An input image: $f(x,y)$, size $M \times N$, and its DFT is $F(u,v)$ A filter in frequency domain: $H(u,v)$

$$\text{where } H(u,v) = e^{-\left[\frac{u^2}{150} + \frac{v^2}{150}\right]} + 1 - e^{-\left[\frac{(u-50)^2}{150} + \frac{(v-50)^2}{150}\right]}$$

An output image: $g(x,y) = \text{IDFT} \{ F(u,v) \cdot H(u,v) \}$

(2) Since $e^{-\left[\frac{u^2}{150} + \frac{v^2}{150}\right]}$ (1) is the Gaussian lowpass filter in the frequency domain
 and $1 - e^{-\left[\frac{(u-50)^2}{150} + \frac{(v-50)^2}{150}\right]}$ (2) is the Gaussian highpass filter in the frequency domain

we can know $H(u,v) = (1) + (2)$ is a band-stop filter in the frequency domain

Problem 2:

Solve: (1) From $|G(u,v)|^2 = |F(u,v)|^2 \cdot |H(u,v)|^2 + |N(u,v)|^2$,

due to that $|F(u,v)|^2 = |F(u,v)|^2$ and $|F(u,v)|^2 = |R(u,v)|^2 \cdot |G(u,v)|^2$

$$\text{So } |F(u,v)|^2 = |R(u,v)|^2 \cdot [|F(u,v)|^2 \cdot |H(u,v)|^2 + |N(u,v)|^2]$$

$$\text{Therefore } R(u,v) = \sqrt{\frac{|F(u,v)|^2}{|F(u,v)|^2 \cdot |H(u,v)|^2 + |N(u,v)|^2}}$$

$$(2) \hat{F}(u,v) = R(u,v) \cdot G(u,v)$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{|F(u,v)|^2}{|F(u,v)|^2 \cdot |H(u,v)|^2 + |N(u,v)|^2}} \cdot G(u,v)$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1}{|H(u,v)|^2 + \frac{|N(u,v)|^2}{|F(u,v)|^2}}} \cdot G(u,v)$$

Since the power spectrum $|N(u,v)|^2$'s density is $S_N(u,v)$
the power spectrum $|F(u,v)|^2$'s density is $S_F(u,v)$

$$\text{Therefore } \hat{F}(u,v) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{|H(u,v)|^2 + \frac{S_N(u,v)}{S_F(u,v)}}} \cdot G(u,v)$$