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# Notes on Subject

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	1
Preface	3
Notation:	3
Acknowledgments:	3
<b>Part 1. First Part of Notes</b>	5
Chapter 1. Heading on Level 0 (chapter)	7
1. Heading on Level 1 (section)	7
2. Lists	8
Bibliography	11
Contents	



## Preface

### Notation:

We use the following non-standard notation:

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### Acknowledgments:

Thank you to the following people for helping me, in some way, with these solutions:

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## **Part 1**

### **First Part of Notes**



## CHAPTER 1

### Heading on Level 0 (chapter)

Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place.  $\sin^2(\alpha) + \cos^2(\beta) = 1$ . If you read this text, you will get no information  $E = mc^2$ . Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look.  $\sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{ab}$ . This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language.  $\frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{\sqrt[n]{b}} = \sqrt[n]{\frac{a}{b}}$ . There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.  $a \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{a^n b}$ .

#### 1. Heading on Level 1 (section)

Hello, here is some text without a meaning.  $d\Omega = \sin \vartheta d\vartheta d\varphi$ . This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look.  $\sin^2(\alpha) + \cos^2(\beta) = 1$ . This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language  $E = mc^2$ . There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.  $\sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{ab}$ .

**1.1. Heading on Level 2 (subsection).** Hello, here is some text without a meaning.  $\frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{\sqrt[n]{b}} = \sqrt[n]{\frac{a}{b}}$ . This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place.  $a \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{a^n b}$ . If you read this text, you will get no information.  $d\Omega = \sin \vartheta d\vartheta d\varphi$ . Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.  $\sin^2(\alpha) + \cos^2(\beta) = 1$ .

**1.1.1. Heading on Level 3 (subsubsection).** Hello, here is some text without a meaning  $E = mc^2$ . This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place.  $\sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{ab}$ . If you read this text, you will get no information.  $\frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{\sqrt[n]{b}} = \sqrt[n]{\frac{a}{b}}$ . Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look.  $a \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{a^n b}$ . This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language.  $d\Omega = \sin \vartheta d\vartheta d\varphi$ . There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.

**Heading on Level 4 (paragraph).** Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place.  $\sin^2(\alpha) + \cos^2(\beta) = 1$ . If you read this text, you will get no information  $E = mc^2$ . Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look.  $\sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{ab}$ . This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language.  $\frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{\sqrt[n]{b}} = \sqrt[n]{\frac{a}{b}}$ . There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.  $a \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{a^n b}$ .



## 2. Lists

### 2.1. Example for list (itemize).

- First item in a list
- Second item in a list
- Third item in a list
- Fourth item in a list
- Fifth item in a list

#### 2.1.1. Example for list (*4\*itemize*).

- First item in a list
  - First item in a list
    - \* First item in a list
      - First item in a list
      - Second item in a list
    - \* Second item in a list
  - Second item in a list
- Second item in a list

### 2.2. Example for list (enumerate).

- (1) First item in a list
- (2) Second item in a list
- (3) Third item in a list
- (4) Fourth item in a list
- (5) Fifth item in a list

#### 2.2.1. Example for list (*4\*enumerate*).

- (1) First item in a list
  - (a) First item in a list
    - (i) First item in a list
      - (A) First item in a list
      - (B) Second item in a list
    - (ii) Second item in a list
  - (b) Second item in a list
- (2) Second item in a list

**2.3. Example for list (description).**

**First:** item in a list

**Second:** item in a list

**Third:** item in a list

**Fourth:** item in a list

**Fifth:** item in a list

**2.3.1. Example for list ( $4 \times$  description).**

**First:** item in a list

**First:** item in a list

**First:** item in a list

**First:** item in a list

**Second:** item in a list

**Second:** item in a list

**Second:** item in a list

**Second:** item in a list



## Bibliography

- [1] Writey McAuthorface, *Introduction to Advanced Intermediate: For Beginning Experts*, Publishy McPress-face, 10th Edition, 2016.