FUTURE TENSE CONSTRUCTION PREFERENCE IN L2 ENGLISH LEARNERS

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LING2020 – DATA SCIENCE FOR RESEARCH IN LINGUISTICS

MOTIVATION

- L2 English Speakers
- Instruction order of future construction (Bardovi-Harlig 2004)
- "going to walk" vs. "will walk"



RESEARCH QUESTION

IS THERE A CORRELATION BETWEEN FUTURE TENSE CONSTRUCTION PREFERENCE AND ENGLISH PROFICIENCY FOR L2 ENGLISH LEARNERS?

METHODOLOGY - CORPUS

- University of Pittsburgh English Language Institute Corpus (PELIC)
 - Juffs, Han, Naismith (2020)
- 7 years of English for Academic Purposes (EAP) (205-2012)
- Intensive English Program (IEP).
- 1177 students
- 46,230 texts
- 4,250,703 tokens
- Token, Lemma, POS -> determine construction

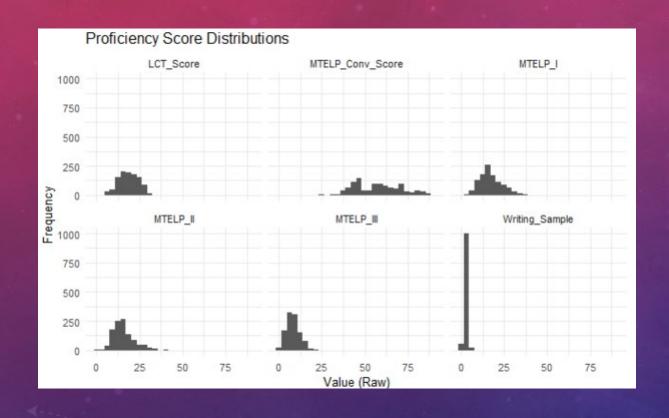
METHODOLOGY - PROFICIENCY

- Michigan Test for English Language Proficiency (MTLEP)
 - I = Grammer, II = Reading, III = Listening, Conv = Combined Score
- Writing Sample: In-house test score
- In House Listening Test (LCT)

SUMMARY STATISTICS

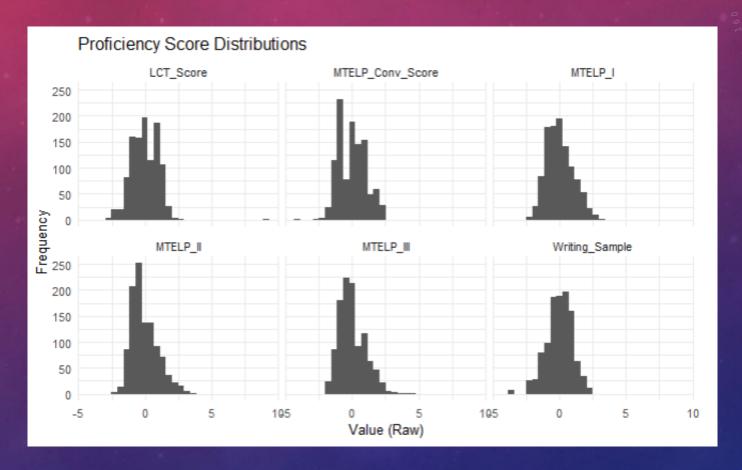
- 1078 students
- 29 different native languages
- Will Construction: 15,210
- Going To Construction: 1,728

TEST SCORES

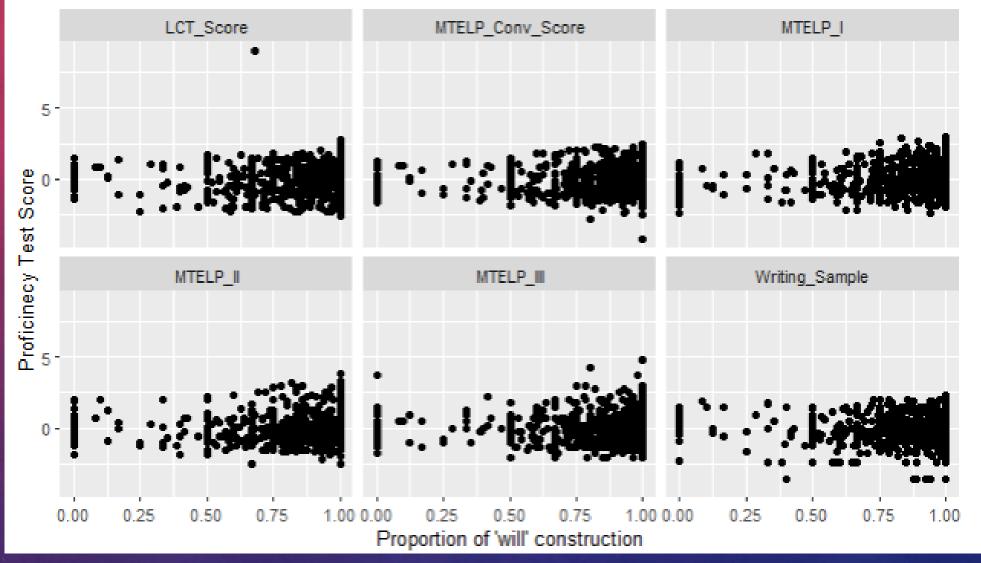




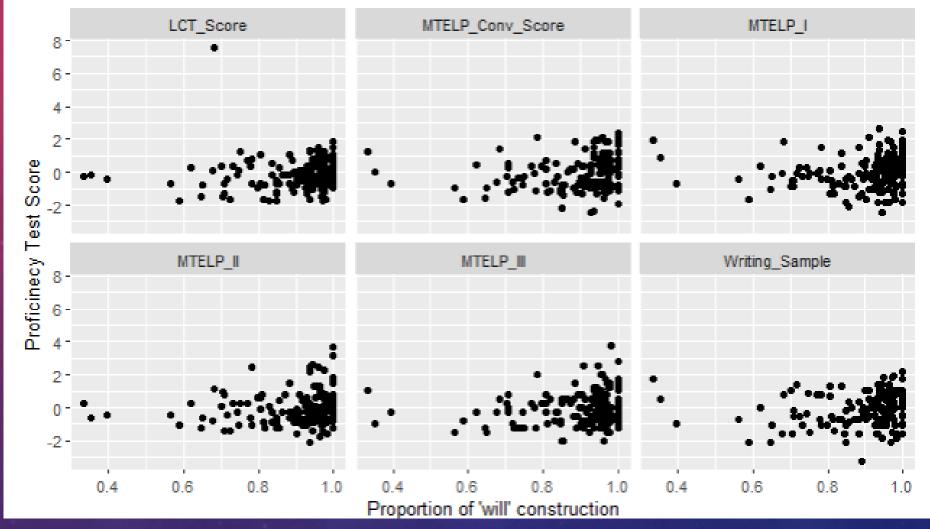
TEST SCORE NORMALIZED



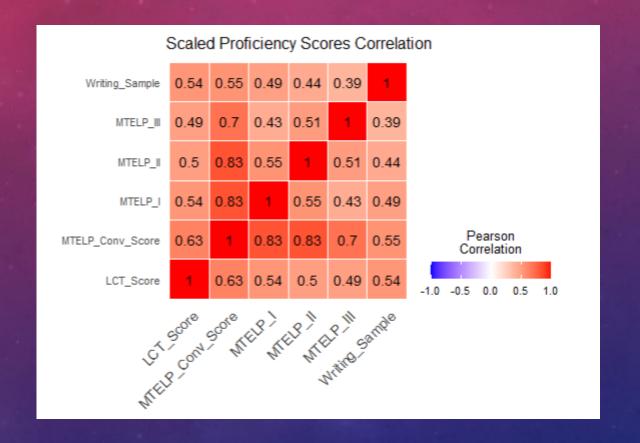
Proficiency Score Distributions

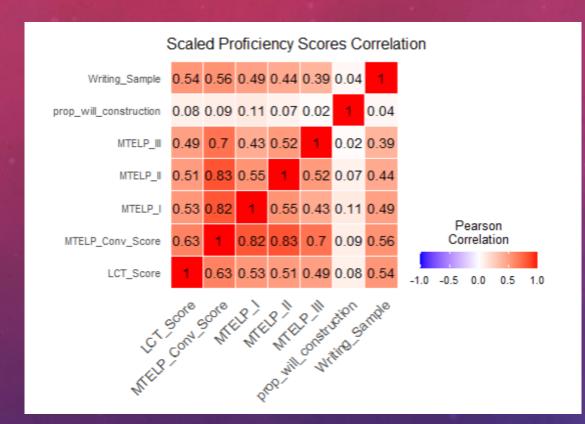


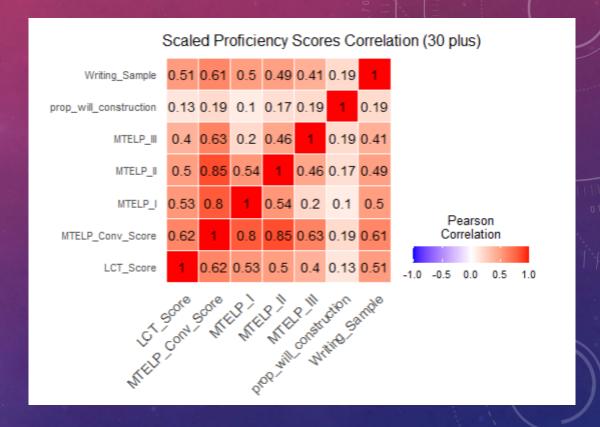




CORRELATION AMONG PROFICIENCY SCORES







LINEAR MODELS - PROPORTION OF 'WILL'

```
Residuals:
    Min
             10 Median
                                     Max
                              3Q
-0.91352 -0.04394 0.08376 0.12017 0.19061
Coefficients:
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
                0.877726
                          0.006548 134.035
                                            <2e-16 ***
LCT_Score
                0.010937 0.008851 1.236
                                           0.217
MTELP I
                0.020962 0.014941 1.403 0.161
MTELP II
                0.004578 0.014347 0.319
                                             0.750
MTELP_III
               -0.012149 0.010744 -1.131
                                             0.258
MTELP_Conv_Score 0.003907 0.026926 0.145 0.885
Writing_Sample
                -0.007985
                          0.008211 -0.973
                                             0.331
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LINEAR MODELS - PROPORTION OF 'WILL' - 30PLUS

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Residuals:
    Min
              10 Median
                               30
                                       Max
-0.60370 -0.02259 0.03388 0.07260 0.14293
Coefficients:
                  Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
                 0.9048205
                           0.0091370 99.028
                                              <2e-16 ***
LCT_Score
                 0.0001043 0.0120123 0.009
                                               0.993
MTELP I
                -0.0148313 0.0278126 -0.533
                                               0.595
MTELP II
                -0.0041690 0.0246332 -0.169
                                               0.866
                                               0.803
MTELP_III
                 0.0049430 0.0197463 0.250
MTELP_Conv_Score
                 0.0274367 0.0510778 0.537
                                               0.592
Writing_Sample
                 0.0130082
                           0.0118877
                                       1.094
                                               0.275
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LINEAR MODEL – MTELPI, LCT, WRITING SAMPLE

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Residuals:

Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
-0.91222 -0.04219 0.08376 0.12000 0.17888

Coefficients:

Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 0.877670 0.006544 134.123 < 2e-16 ***
LCT_Score 0.009151 0.008331 1.099 0.27225
Writing_Sample -0.008407 0.008070 -1.042 0.29781
MTELP_I 0.022657 0.008153 2.779 0.00556 **
```

CONCLUSION

- 1. There is an overwhelming preference for 'will' construction over 'going to' construction
- 2. This investigation found no distinct correlation in proficiency exam scores ad construction preference
- 3. Naturally, there was high correlation among Proficiency Exam scores
- 4. The grammar section of the MTELP was more of a predictor than any other section, as well as combined score.

FUTURE DIRECTION

- Longitudinal (3% of students had proficiency measured more than once)
- Considerations for question/prompt topics What was the need for future tense
- Constructions in speech

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