## Onset Images-Only (3 secs) CNN

March 20, 2025

### 1 CNN for Onset Images (3 secs)

#### 1.1 1 - All the imports

```
[1]: import os
  import numpy as np
  from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
  import tensorflow as tf
```

2025-03-20 08:41:43.911772: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu\_feature\_guard.cc:210] This TensorFlow binary is optimized to use available CPU instructions in performance-critical operations.

To enable the following instructions: AVX2 FMA, in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags.

#### 1.2 2 - Put the data within the model

```
[2]: # Import a single image and save it to be read by the model

image = os.path.join('blues.00000.png')

# Load the image
image = tf.io.read_file(image)

# Convert to a numpy array
image = tf.image.decode_png(image, channels=1)
image = tf.image.convert_image_dtype(image, tf.float32)
image = tf.image.resize(image, [256, 256])
image = image.numpy()
```

#### 2 3 - Create the model

```
[3]: from tensorflow.keras import models from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten, Dense, Dropout, BatchNormalization

model = models.Sequential([
```

```
Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(256, 256, 1)),
    BatchNormalization(),
    MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
    Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
    BatchNormalization(),
    MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
    Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
    BatchNormalization(),
    MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
    Conv2D(256, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
    BatchNormalization(),
    MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
    Flatten(),
    Dense(512, activation='relu'),
    Dropout(0.5),
    Dense(256, activation='relu'),
    Dropout(0.5),
    Dense(128, activation='relu'),
    Dense(10, activation='softmax')
])
```

/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-

packages/keras/src/layers/convolutional/base\_conv.py:107: UserWarning: Do not pass an `input\_shape`/`input\_dim` argument to a layer. When using Sequential models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first layer in the model instead.

super().\_\_init\_\_(activity\_regularizer=activity\_regularizer, \*\*kwargs)

# [4]: model.summary()

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 254, 254, 32)	320
<pre>batch_normalization (BatchNormalization)</pre>	(None, 254, 254, 32)	128
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 127, 127, 32)	0

conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 125, 125, 64)	18,496
<pre>batch_normalization_1 (BatchNormalization)</pre>	(None, 125, 125, 64)	256
<pre>max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 62, 62, 64)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 60, 60, 128)	73,856
<pre>batch_normalization_2 (BatchNormalization)</pre>	(None, 60, 60, 128)	512
<pre>max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 30, 30, 128)	0
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 256)	295,168
<pre>batch_normalization_3 (BatchNormalization)</pre>	(None, 28, 28, 256)	1,024
<pre>max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 14, 14, 256)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 50176)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 512)	25,690,624
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 512)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 256)	131,328
<pre>dropout_1 (Dropout)</pre>	(None, 256)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 128)	32,896
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1,290

Total params: 26,245,898 (100.12 MB)

Trainable params: 26,244,938 (100.12 MB)

Non-trainable params: 960 (3.75 KB)

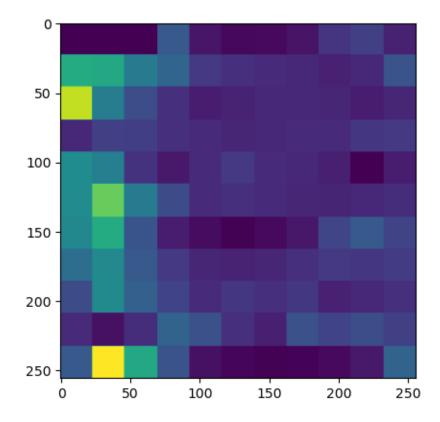
## 3 4 - Load the images

```
[5]: import tensorflow as tf
    import os
    import numpy as np
    from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    GENRES = ['blues', 'classical', 'country', 'disco', 'hiphop', 'jazz', 'metal', |
     FILE_PATH = os.path.join('Data', 'onset_images (3 secs)')
    X = \Gamma
    y = []
    GENRE_TO_INDEX = {genre: index for index, genre in enumerate(GENRES)}
    # Define the augmentation function
    def augment_image(image):
        image = tf.image.random_flip_left_right(image)
        image = tf.image.random_brightness(image, max_delta=0.1)
        image = tf.image.random_contrast(image, 0.8, 1.2)
        return image
    for genre in GENRES:
        genre_dir = os.path.join(FILE_PATH, genre)
        print(f"Going through {genre}")
        for file in os.listdir(genre dir):
            image = tf.io.read_file(os.path.join(genre_dir, file))
            image = tf.image.decode_png(image, channels=1)
            image = tf.image.convert_image_dtype(image, tf.float32)
            image = tf.image.resize(image, [256, 256])
            # Apply the augmentation
            image = augment_image(image)
            image = image.numpy() # Convert to numpy array for further processing
            X.append(image)
            y.append(GENRE_TO_INDEX[genre])
    X = np.array(X)
    y = np.array(y)
    # Split the data
    →random_state=42)
    Going through blues
```

```
Going through classical Going through country
```

```
Going through disco
Going through hiphop
Going through jazz
Going through metal
Going through pop
Going through reggae
Going through rock
```

```
[6]: # Show image as a sanity check
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.imshow(X_train[22].reshape(256, 256))
plt.show()
```



```
[8]: model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=20, validation_data=(X_test, y_test),_u
      ⇔batch_size=32, callbacks=[reduce_lr])
    Epoch 1/20
    250/250
                        1863s 7s/step -
    accuracy: 0.1132 - loss: 3.5405 - val_accuracy: 0.1170 - val_loss: 3.0788 -
    learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
    Epoch 2/20
    250/250
                        1860s 7s/step -
    accuracy: 0.1250 - loss: 2.3005 - val_accuracy: 0.1205 - val_loss: 2.2570 -
    learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
    Epoch 3/20
                        1530s 6s/step -
    250/250
    accuracy: 0.1194 - loss: 2.2837 - val_accuracy: 0.1285 - val_loss: 2.2577 -
    learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
    Epoch 4/20
    250/250
                        1350s 5s/step -
    accuracy: 0.1249 - loss: 2.2645 - val_accuracy: 0.1305 - val_loss: 2.2375 -
    learning rate: 1.0000e-04
    Epoch 5/20
    250/250
                        1366s 5s/step -
    accuracy: 0.1289 - loss: 2.2525 - val_accuracy: 0.1730 - val_loss: 2.2200 -
    learning rate: 1.0000e-04
    Epoch 6/20
    250/250
                        1222s 5s/step -
    accuracy: 0.1505 - loss: 2.2529 - val_accuracy: 0.1815 - val_loss: 2.2299 -
    learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
    Epoch 7/20
    250/250
                        1111s 4s/step -
    accuracy: 0.1562 - loss: 2.2266 - val_accuracy: 0.1745 - val_loss: 2.2296 -
    learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
    Epoch 8/20
    250/250
                        1088s 4s/step -
    accuracy: 0.1618 - loss: 2.2299 - val accuracy: 0.1730 - val loss: 2.2095 -
    learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
    Epoch 9/20
    250/250
                        1083s 4s/step -
    accuracy: 0.1668 - loss: 2.2180 - val_accuracy: 0.1835 - val_loss: 2.2344 -
    learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
    Epoch 10/20
    250/250
                        1147s 4s/step -
    accuracy: 0.1680 - loss: 2.2001 - val_accuracy: 0.1810 - val_loss: 2.1958 -
    learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
    Epoch 11/20
    250/250
                        1141s 4s/step -
    accuracy: 0.1603 - loss: 2.2082 - val_accuracy: 0.1810 - val_loss: 2.1725 -
    learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
    Epoch 12/20
```

```
250/250
                        1107s 4s/step -
    accuracy: 0.1694 - loss: 2.1916 - val_accuracy: 0.1845 - val_loss: 2.1874 -
    learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
    Epoch 13/20
    250/250
                        1098s 4s/step -
    accuracy: 0.1678 - loss: 2.1786 - val_accuracy: 0.1910 - val_loss: 2.1795 -
    learning rate: 1.0000e-04
    Epoch 14/20
    250/250
                        984s 4s/step -
    accuracy: 0.1880 - loss: 2.1694 - val_accuracy: 0.1875 - val_loss: 2.1693 -
    learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
    Epoch 15/20
    250/250
                        915s 4s/step -
    accuracy: 0.1941 - loss: 2.1569 - val_accuracy: 0.1955 - val_loss: 2.1518 -
    learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
    Epoch 16/20
    250/250
                        914s 4s/step -
    accuracy: 0.1906 - loss: 2.1366 - val accuracy: 0.1910 - val loss: 2.1657 -
    learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
    Epoch 17/20
    250/250
                        906s 4s/step -
    accuracy: 0.1929 - loss: 2.1492 - val_accuracy: 0.1960 - val_loss: 2.1515 -
    learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
    Epoch 18/20
    250/250
                        930s 4s/step -
    accuracy: 0.1934 - loss: 2.1295 - val_accuracy: 0.1895 - val_loss: 2.1523 -
    learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
    Epoch 19/20
                        938s 4s/step -
    250/250
    accuracy: 0.2128 - loss: 2.1029 - val_accuracy: 0.1995 - val_loss: 2.1331 -
    learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
    Epoch 20/20
    250/250
                        906s 4s/step -
    accuracy: 0.2029 - loss: 2.1045 - val_accuracy: 0.1925 - val_loss: 2.1503 -
    learning rate: 1.0000e-04
[8]: <keras.src.callbacks.history.History at 0x7ff098607e30>
[9]: evaluation = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test)
     print(f"Test accuracy: {evaluation[1]:.3f}")
                      24s 383ms/step -
    accuracy: 0.1958 - loss: 2.1536
    Test accuracy: 0.192
```

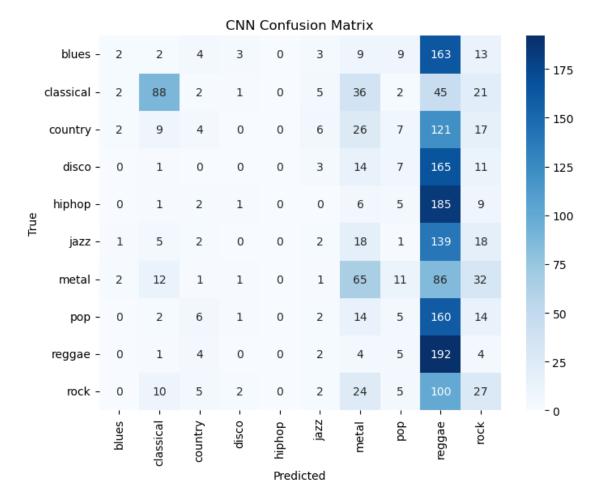
## 4 Apply the confusion matrix after the model

```
[10]: import seaborn as sns
# from sklearn.metrics import confusion
import numpy as NP
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

cnn_preds = np.argmax(model.predict(X_test), axis=1)
cnn_cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, cnn_preds)

# Plot the confusion matrix
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.heatmap(cnn_cm, annot=True, fmt="d", cmap="Blues", xticklabels=GENRES,usticklabels=GENRES)
plt.title("CNN Confusion Matrix")
plt.xlabel("Predicted")
plt.ylabel("True")
plt.show()
```

63/63 30s 467ms/step



### 4.1 9 - Limited Genres Easy (metal and classical)

```
[11]: import tensorflow as tf
      import os
      import numpy as np
      from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
      GENRES = ['classical', 'metal']
      FILE_PATH = os.path.join('Data', 'onset_images (3 secs)')
      X = []
      y = []
      GENRE_TO_INDEX = {genre: index for index, genre in enumerate(GENRES)}
      # Define the augmentation function
      def augment_image(image):
          image = tf.image.random_flip_left_right(image)
          image = tf.image.random_brightness(image, max_delta=0.1)
          image = tf.image.random_contrast(image, 0.8, 1.2)
          return image
      for genre in GENRES:
          genre_dir = os.path.join(FILE_PATH, genre)
          print(f"Going through {genre}")
          for file in os.listdir(genre_dir):
              image = tf.io.read_file(os.path.join(genre_dir, file))
              image = tf.image.decode_png(image, channels=1)
              image = tf.image.convert_image_dtype(image, tf.float32)
              image = tf.image.resize(image, [256, 256])
              # Apply the augmentation
              image = augment_image(image)
              image = image.numpy() # Convert to numpy array for further processing
              X.append(image)
              y.append(GENRE_TO_INDEX[genre])
      X = np.array(X)
      y = np.array(y)
      # Split the data
      X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2,_
       →random_state=42)
```

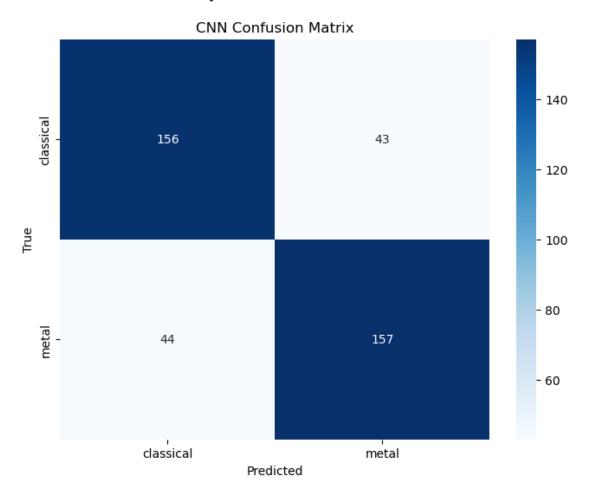
```
from tensorflow.keras import models
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten, Dense,
 →Dropout, Normalization
model = models.Sequential([
    Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', input shape=(256, 256, 1)),
    Normalization(),
    MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
    Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
    Normalization(),
    MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
    Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
    Normalization(),
    MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
    Conv2D(256, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
    Normalization(),
    MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
    Flatten(),
    Dense(512, activation='relu'),
    Dropout(0.5),
    Dense(256, activation='relu'),
    Dropout(0.5),
    Dense(128, activation='relu'),
    Dense(10, activation='softmax')
1)
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ReduceLROnPlateau
model.compile(optimizer=Adam(learning_rate=0.0001),__
 ⇔loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
reduce_lr = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor='val_loss', factor=0.5, patience=3,__
 ⇒min_lr=1e-6)
model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=20, validation_data=(X_test, y_test),__
 ⇒batch_size=32, callbacks=[reduce_lr])
evaluation = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test)
print(f"Test accuracy: {evaluation[1]:.3f}")
```

```
Going through classical
Going through metal
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages/keras/src/layers/convolutional/base_conv.py:107: UserWarning: Do not
pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When using Sequential
models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first layer in the model
instead.
  super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer, **kwargs)
Epoch 1/20
50/50
                  100s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.4175 - loss: 1.6760 - val_accuracy: 0.4975 - val_loss: 0.7377 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 2/20
50/50
                 150s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.5195 - loss: 0.8581 - val_accuracy: 0.5025 - val_loss: 0.7270 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 3/20
50/50
                 136s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.5086 - loss: 0.7997 - val_accuracy: 0.5025 - val_loss: 0.7051 -
learning rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 4/20
50/50
                 107s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.4783 - loss: 0.7946 - val_accuracy: 0.5025 - val_loss: 0.7003 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 5/20
50/50
                 142s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.4817 - loss: 0.7887 - val_accuracy: 0.4950 - val_loss: 0.7002 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 6/20
50/50
                 106s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.4998 - loss: 0.7626 - val_accuracy: 0.5025 - val_loss: 0.6978 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 7/20
50/50
                 106s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.5261 - loss: 0.7442 - val_accuracy: 0.6450 - val_loss: 0.6816 -
learning rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 8/20
50/50
                 106s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.5367 - loss: 0.7270 - val_accuracy: 0.6450 - val_loss: 0.6732 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 9/20
50/50
                  144s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.4789 - loss: 0.7390 - val_accuracy: 0.6700 - val_loss: 0.6671 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 10/20
50/50
                 98s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.5619 - loss: 0.7045 - val_accuracy: 0.6525 - val_loss: 0.6538 -
```

```
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 11/20
50/50
                  138s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.5493 - loss: 0.7117 - val_accuracy: 0.6975 - val_loss: 0.6456 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 12/20
50/50
                  148s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.6042 - loss: 0.6687 - val_accuracy: 0.7100 - val_loss: 0.6160 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 13/20
50/50
                  97s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.5932 - loss: 0.6742 - val_accuracy: 0.7625 - val_loss: 0.5815 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 14/20
50/50
                  128s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.6479 - loss: 0.6420 - val_accuracy: 0.7375 - val_loss: 0.5887 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 15/20
50/50
                  139s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.6716 - loss: 0.6262 - val_accuracy: 0.7700 - val_loss: 0.5640 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 16/20
50/50
                  85s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.6852 - loss: 0.5949 - val_accuracy: 0.7325 - val_loss: 0.5605 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 17/20
50/50
                 73s 1s/step -
accuracy: 0.6984 - loss: 0.5944 - val_accuracy: 0.8075 - val_loss: 0.5401 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 18/20
                  77s 2s/step -
50/50
accuracy: 0.6953 - loss: 0.5889 - val_accuracy: 0.7975 - val_loss: 0.5173 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 19/20
50/50
                 84s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.7287 - loss: 0.5664 - val_accuracy: 0.7925 - val_loss: 0.5113 -
learning rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 20/20
                  85s 2s/step -
50/50
accuracy: 0.7460 - loss: 0.5221 - val_accuracy: 0.7825 - val_loss: 0.4950 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
13/13
                  5s 357ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7693 - loss: 0.4996
Test accuracy: 0.783
```

### 4.2 10 - Confusion Matrix Easy (classical and metal)

13/13 6s 392ms/step



#### 4.3 11 - Limited genres Hard (disco and pop)

```
[13]: import tensorflow as tf
      import os
      import numpy as np
      from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
      GENRES = ['disco', 'pop']
      FILE_PATH = os.path.join('Data', 'onset_images (3 secs)')
      X = []
      y = []
      GENRE_TO_INDEX = {genre: index for index, genre in enumerate(GENRES)}
      # Define the augmentation function
      def augment_image(image):
          image = tf.image.random_flip_left_right(image)
          image = tf.image.random_brightness(image, max_delta=0.1)
          image = tf.image.random_contrast(image, 0.8, 1.2)
          return image
      for genre in GENRES:
          genre_dir = os.path.join(FILE_PATH, genre)
          print(f"Going through {genre}")
          for file in os.listdir(genre_dir):
              image = tf.io.read_file(os.path.join(genre_dir, file))
              image = tf.image.decode_png(image, channels=1)
              image = tf.image.convert_image_dtype(image, tf.float32)
              image = tf.image.resize(image, [256, 256])
              # Apply the augmentation
              image = augment_image(image)
              image = image.numpy() # Convert to numpy array for further processing
              X.append(image)
              y.append(GENRE_TO_INDEX[genre])
      X = np.array(X)
      y = np.array(y)
      # Split the data
      X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2,_
       →random_state=42)
```

```
from tensorflow.keras import models
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten, Dense,
 →Dropout, Normalization
model = models.Sequential([
    Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', input shape=(256, 256, 1)),
    Normalization(),
    MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
    Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
    Normalization(),
    MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
    Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
    Normalization(),
    MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
    Conv2D(256, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
    Normalization(),
    MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
    Flatten(),
    Dense(512, activation='relu'),
    Dropout(0.5),
    Dense(256, activation='relu'),
    Dropout(0.5),
    Dense(128, activation='relu'),
    Dense(10, activation='softmax')
1)
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ReduceLROnPlateau
model.compile(optimizer=Adam(learning_rate=0.0001),__
 ⇔loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
reduce_lr = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor='val_loss', factor=0.5, patience=3,__
 ⇒min_lr=1e-6)
model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=20, validation_data=(X_test, y_test),__
 ⇒batch_size=32, callbacks=[reduce_lr])
evaluation = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test)
print(f"Test accuracy: {evaluation[1]:.3f}")
```

```
Going through disco
Going through pop
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages/keras/src/layers/convolutional/base_conv.py:107: UserWarning: Do not
pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When using Sequential
models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first layer in the model
instead.
  super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer, **kwargs)
Epoch 1/20
50/50
                  92s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.4711 - loss: 1.5474 - val_accuracy: 0.4975 - val_loss: 0.7273 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 2/20
50/50
                  85s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.5005 - loss: 0.8964 - val_accuracy: 0.4975 - val_loss: 0.7434 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 3/20
50/50
                  142s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.5047 - loss: 0.8305 - val_accuracy: 0.4975 - val_loss: 0.7535 -
learning rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 4/20
50/50
                  76s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.5056 - loss: 0.7747 - val_accuracy: 0.4975 - val_loss: 0.7063 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 5/20
50/50
                  78s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.4867 - loss: 0.7940 - val_accuracy: 0.4975 - val_loss: 0.7180 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 6/20
50/50
                  84s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.4767 - loss: 0.7776 - val_accuracy: 0.5175 - val_loss: 0.7024 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 7/20
50/50
                 84s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.5087 - loss: 0.7436 - val_accuracy: 0.5250 - val_loss: 0.6969 -
learning rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 8/20
50/50
                  83s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.5095 - loss: 0.7388 - val_accuracy: 0.5325 - val_loss: 0.7045 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 9/20
50/50
                  73s 1s/step -
accuracy: 0.5498 - loss: 0.7101 - val_accuracy: 0.5450 - val_loss: 0.6918 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 10/20
50/50
                  81s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.5490 - loss: 0.7197 - val_accuracy: 0.5925 - val_loss: 0.6827 -
```

```
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 11/20
50/50
                 71s 1s/step -
accuracy: 0.5592 - loss: 0.7007 - val_accuracy: 0.5750 - val_loss: 0.6790 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 12/20
50/50
                 83s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.5863 - loss: 0.6899 - val_accuracy: 0.5875 - val_loss: 0.6649 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 13/20
50/50
                  69s 1s/step -
accuracy: 0.5869 - loss: 0.6779 - val_accuracy: 0.5475 - val_loss: 0.6949 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 14/20
50/50
                  86s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.5788 - loss: 0.6911 - val_accuracy: 0.6125 - val_loss: 0.6633 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 15/20
50/50
                  113s 1s/step -
accuracy: 0.5975 - loss: 0.6617 - val_accuracy: 0.6075 - val_loss: 0.6639 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 16/20
50/50
                  53s 1s/step -
accuracy: 0.6041 - loss: 0.6818 - val_accuracy: 0.6100 - val_loss: 0.6561 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 17/20
50/50
                  66s 1s/step -
accuracy: 0.5724 - loss: 0.6777 - val_accuracy: 0.6300 - val_loss: 0.6569 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 18/20
50/50
                  99s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.6226 - loss: 0.6694 - val_accuracy: 0.6200 - val_loss: 0.6494 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 19/20
50/50
                 83s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.6243 - loss: 0.6526 - val_accuracy: 0.6325 - val_loss: 0.6521 -
learning rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 20/20
50/50
                  71s 1s/step -
accuracy: 0.6321 - loss: 0.6214 - val_accuracy: 0.5775 - val_loss: 0.6825 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
13/13
                  5s 371ms/step -
accuracy: 0.6019 - loss: 0.6623
Test accuracy: 0.577
```

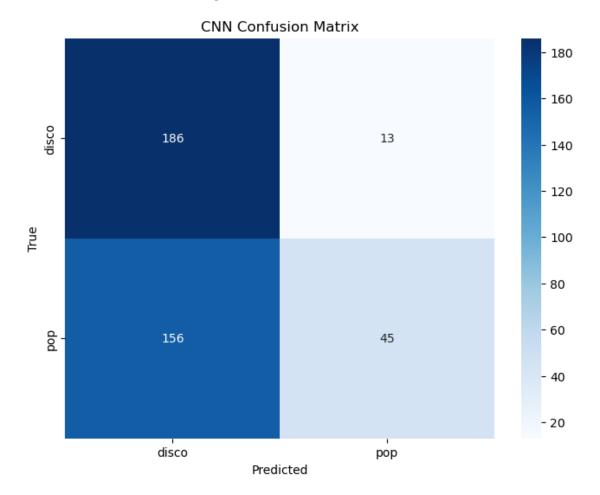
### 4.4 12 - Confusion Matrix Hard (disco and pop)

```
import seaborn as sns
# from sklearn.metrics import confusion
import numpy as NP
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix

cnn_preds = np.argmax(model.predict(X_test), axis=1)
cnn_cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, cnn_preds)

# Plot the confusion matrix
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.heatmap(cnn_cm, annot=True, fmt="d", cmap="Blues", xticklabels=GENRES,usyticklabels=GENRES)
plt.title("CNN Confusion Matrix")
plt.xlabel("Predicted")
plt.ylabel("True")
plt.show()
```

13/13 5s 402ms/step



#### 4.5 13 - Limited Genres Medium (5 random)

```
[15]: import tensorflow as tf
     import os
     import numpy as np
     from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
     import random
     GENRES = ['blues', 'classical', 'country', 'disco', 'hiphop', 'jazz', 'metal',
      GENRES = random.sample(GENRES, 5)
     print(GENRES)
     FILE PATH = os.path.join('Data', 'onset images (3 secs)')
     X = []
     y = []
     GENRE_TO_INDEX = {genre: index for index, genre in enumerate(GENRES)}
     # Define the augmentation function
     def augment_image(image):
          image = tf.image.random_flip_left_right(image)
          image = tf.image.random_brightness(image, max_delta=0.1)
         image = tf.image.random_contrast(image, 0.8, 1.2)
         return image
     for genre in GENRES:
          genre_dir = os.path.join(FILE_PATH, genre)
         print(f"Going through {genre}")
         for file in os.listdir(genre_dir):
              image = tf.io.read_file(os.path.join(genre_dir, file))
             image = tf.image.decode_png(image, channels=1)
              image = tf.image.convert_image_dtype(image, tf.float32)
             image = tf.image.resize(image, [256, 256])
              # Apply the augmentation
             image = augment_image(image)
             image = image.numpy() # Convert to numpy array for further processing
             X.append(image)
             y.append(GENRE_TO_INDEX[genre])
     X = np.array(X)
     y = np.array(y)
```

```
# Split the data
→random_state=42)
from tensorflow.keras import models
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten, Dense,
 →Dropout, Normalization
model = models.Sequential([
   Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(256, 256, 1)),
   Normalization(),
   MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
   Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
   Normalization(),
   MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
   Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
   Normalization(),
   MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
   Conv2D(256, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
   Normalization(),
   MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
   Flatten(),
   Dense(512, activation='relu'),
   Dropout(0.5),
   Dense(256, activation='relu'),
   Dropout(0.5),
   Dense(128, activation='relu'),
   Dense(10, activation='softmax')
])
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ReduceLROnPlateau
model.compile(optimizer=Adam(learning_rate=0.0001),__
 ⇔loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
reduce_lr = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor='val_loss', factor=0.5, patience=3,_
⇔min_lr=1e-6)
model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=20, validation_data=(X_test, y_test),_u
 ⇒batch_size=32, callbacks=[reduce_lr])
```

```
evaluation = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test)
print(f"Test accuracy: {evaluation[1]:.3f}")
['metal', 'hiphop', 'rock', 'pop', 'reggae']
Going through metal
Going through hiphop
Going through rock
Going through pop
Going through reggae
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages/keras/src/layers/convolutional/base_conv.py:107: UserWarning: Do not
pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When using Sequential
models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first layer in the model
instead.
  super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer, **kwargs)
Epoch 1/20
125/125
                   217s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.1711 - loss: 1.9709 - val_accuracy: 0.1910 - val_loss: 1.6577 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 2/20
125/125
                   211s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.2235 - loss: 1.7180 - val_accuracy: 0.2850 - val_loss: 1.5746 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 3/20
125/125
                   261s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.2406 - loss: 1.6507 - val_accuracy: 0.2980 - val_loss: 1.5391 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 4/20
125/125
                   212s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.2706 - loss: 1.6051 - val_accuracy: 0.3070 - val_loss: 1.5561 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 5/20
125/125
                   211s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.2951 - loss: 1.5643 - val_accuracy: 0.3060 - val_loss: 1.5512 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 6/20
125/125
                   207s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.3046 - loss: 1.5388 - val_accuracy: 0.3220 - val_loss: 1.4770 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 7/20
125/125
                   267s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.3286 - loss: 1.4867 - val_accuracy: 0.3390 - val_loss: 1.4539 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 8/20
125/125
                   200s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.3491 - loss: 1.4441 - val_accuracy: 0.3520 - val_loss: 1.4432 -
```

```
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 9/20
125/125
                    211s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.3473 - loss: 1.4379 - val_accuracy: 0.3850 - val_loss: 1.4166 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 10/20
125/125
                    209s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.3772 - loss: 1.4155 - val_accuracy: 0.3580 - val_loss: 1.4156 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 11/20
125/125
                    209s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.3976 - loss: 1.3669 - val_accuracy: 0.3700 - val_loss: 1.4038 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 12/20
125/125
                    211s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.4297 - loss: 1.3329 - val_accuracy: 0.3630 - val_loss: 1.4242 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 13/20
125/125
                    198s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.4218 - loss: 1.3162 - val_accuracy: 0.3870 - val_loss: 1.4086 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 14/20
125/125
                    212s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.4469 - loss: 1.2922 - val_accuracy: 0.3960 - val_loss: 1.3872 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 15/20
125/125
                    201s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.4581 - loss: 1.2677 - val_accuracy: 0.3890 - val_loss: 1.3838 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 16/20
125/125
                    211s 2s/step -
accuracy: 0.4746 - loss: 1.2510 - val_accuracy: 0.3990 - val_loss: 1.4205 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 17/20
125/125
                    236s 1s/step -
accuracy: 0.5125 - loss: 1.1667 - val_accuracy: 0.3930 - val_loss: 1.4099 -
learning rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 18/20
125/125
                    134s 1s/step -
accuracy: 0.5258 - loss: 1.1525 - val_accuracy: 0.4010 - val_loss: 1.4010 -
learning_rate: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 19/20
125/125
                    135s 1s/step -
accuracy: 0.5778 - loss: 1.0529 - val_accuracy: 0.4060 - val_loss: 1.4144 -
learning_rate: 5.0000e-05
Epoch 20/20
                    134s 1s/step -
125/125
accuracy: 0.5897 - loss: 1.0158 - val_accuracy: 0.4020 - val_loss: 1.4457 -
```

### 4.6 14 - Confusion Matrix Medium (5 random)

32/32 7s 220ms/step

