《数学物理方法(下)》第八章《常微分方程本征值问题》习题

1. 将下列方程化为斯图姆一刘维尔型方程的标准形式,任选一题:

(a)

$$x\frac{\mathrm{d}^2 y}{\mathrm{d}x^2} + 2\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} + (x+\lambda)y = 0;$$

(b)

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}^2 y}{\mathrm{d}x^2} + \cot x \frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} + \lambda y = 0;$$

(c)

$$x(1-x)\frac{\mathrm{d}^2 y}{\mathrm{d}x^2} + (a-bx)\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} - \lambda y = 0;$$

(d)

$$x\frac{\mathrm{d}^2 y}{\mathrm{d}x^2} + (1-x)\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} + \lambda y = 0.$$

2. 证明下列奇异的本征值问题是自伴的, 任选一题:

(a)

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \left[(1 - x^2) \frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} \right] + \lambda y = 0, \\ y(\pm 1) \hat{\eta} \mathcal{R}; \end{cases}$$

(b)

$$\begin{cases} \frac{1}{x} \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \left(x \frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} \right) + \lambda y = 0, \\ y(0) \mathbf{f} \mathbf{\mathcal{F}}, \quad y(1) = 0. \end{cases}$$

3. 设有本征值问题:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \left[p(x) \frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} \right] + \left[\lambda \rho(x) - q(x) \right] y = 0, \\ y(b) = \alpha_{11} y(a) + \alpha_{12} y'(a), \\ y'(b) = \alpha_{21} y(a) + \alpha_{22} y'(a), \end{cases}$$

其中p(a) = p(b)。试证明, 当

$$\left| \begin{array}{cc} \alpha_{11} & \alpha_{12} \\ \alpha_{21} & \alpha_{22} \end{array} \right| = 1$$

时,对应不同本征值的本征函数正交。