WEEK 3

• Fast Growth, Slow Growth - Practice quiz on Exponents and Logarithms (12 questions)

Practice quiz on Exponents and Logarithms Teste para praticar • 40 min NOTA ✓ Parabéns! Você foi aprovado! Continue aprendendo 100% PARA SER APROVADO 75% ou superior **Practice quiz on Exponents and Logarithms** NÚMERO TOTAL DE PONTOS 12 1. Re write the number $784 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 7 \times 7$ using exponents. 1 / 1 ponto \bigcirc $(2^4)(7^2)$ \bigcirc $(16^4)(49^2)$ $\bigcirc (2 \times 7)^6$ $\bigcirc (2^6)(7^6)$ ✓ Correto For this type of problem, count the number of times each relevant factor appears in the product. That number is the exponent for that factor. 2. What is $(x^2 - 5)^0$? 1 / 1 ponto 1 \bigcirc -4 $\bigcirc (x^2)$ $(x^2) - 5$ ✓ Correto Any real number (except zero) raised to the "zeroith" power =1.

- $\bigcirc (x-5)$
- $(x-5)^{-1}$
- $(x-5)^{-5}$
- $(x-5)^{-6}$

✓ Correto

By Rule 2, "Power to a Power," multiply the exponents and get:

$$(x-5)^{(2\times-3)} = (x-5)^{-6}$$

By the definition of negative exponents, this is equal to $\dfrac{1}{\left(x-5
ight)^6}$

 $^{\text{4.}} \quad \text{Simplify } \big(\frac{8^2}{8^7}\big)^2$

1 / 1 ponto

- \bigcirc 8^{-4}
- \bigcirc 8⁻⁵
- \circ 8⁻¹

✓ Correto

We can first simplify what is inside the parenthesis to 8^{-5} using the Division and Negative Powers Rule.

Then apply division and negative powers-- the result is the same. $\dfrac{8^4}{8^{14}}=8^{-10}$

5. $\log 35 = \log 7 + \log x$

1 / 1 ponto

Solve for \boldsymbol{x}

- O 7
- O 28
- 5
- \bigcirc 4

$$\log(x) = \log 35 - \log 7$$

$$\log(x) = \log\left(\frac{35}{7}\right)$$

By the Quotient Rule $\log x = \log 5$

6. $\log_2(x^2 + 5x + 7) = 0$

1/1 ponto

Solve for \boldsymbol{x}

- $\bigcirc x = 3$
- $\bigcirc x = 2$
- $\bigcirc \hspace{-.7cm} \begin{array}{c} x=-2 \hspace{.2cm} \text{or} \hspace{.2cm} x=-3 \end{array}$
- $\bigcirc \ \ x=2 \ {\rm or} \ \ x=3$

✓ Correto

Use both sides as exponent for 2.

$$2^{\log_2 x^2 + 5x + 7} = 2^0$$

$$x^2 + 5x + 7 = 1$$

$$x^2 + 5x + 6 = 0$$

$$(x+3)(x+2) = 0$$

$$x=-3$$
 or

$$x = -2$$

- 7. Simplify $\log_2 72 \log_2 9$
 - 3
 - O 4
 - $\bigcirc \log_2 63$
 - $\bigcirc \ \log_2 4$

/ Correto

By the quotient rule, this is $\log_2\,rac{72}{9}=\log_22^3=3$

1 / 1 ponto

1 / 1 ponto

- $\bigcirc \log_3 8$
- 0 8
- O 15
- \bigcirc $\log_3 15$

✓ Correto

By the Quotient and Product Rules, this is $\log_3 \, \frac{9 \times 5}{3} \, = \log_3 15$

9. Simplify $\log_2(3^8 \times 5^7)$

- $\bigcirc \ (5 \times \log_2 3) + (8 \times \log_2 5)$
- \bigcirc 15 $\times \log_2 56$
- $\bigcirc 56 \times \log_2 15$

✓ Correto

We first apply the Product Rule to convert to the sum: $\log_2(3^8) + \log_2(5^7)$. Then apply the power and root rule.

10. If $\log_{10} y = 100$, what is $\log_2 y = ?$

- 332.19
- 301.03
- O 500
- \bigcirc 20

✓ Correto

Use the change of base formula, $\log_a b = \frac{\log_x b}{\log_x a}$

Where the "old" base is x and the "new" base is a.

So
$$\frac{100}{\log_{10}(2)} = \frac{100}{0.30103} = 332.19$$

^{11.} A tree is growing taller at a continuous rate. In the past 12 years it has grown from 3 meters to 15 meters. What is its rate of growth per year?

1 / 1 ponto

- 0 11.41%
- **1**3.41%
- 0 10.41%
- 0 12.41%

$$\frac{\ln\frac{15}{3}}{12} = 0.1341$$

 $^{12\cdot}$ Bacteria can reproduce exponentially if not constrained. Assume a colony grows at a continually compounded rate of 400% per day. How many days before a colony with initial mass of 6.25 X 10^{-10} grams weights 1000 Kilograms?

1 / 1 ponto

- 875 days
- O 87.5 days
- 8.75 days
- \bigcirc 0.875 days

$$6.25 imes 10^{-10} imes e^{4t} = 10^6$$

$$4t = \ln \left(\frac{10^6}{(6.25 \times 10^{-10})} \right) = 35.00878$$

$$t = \ln \, \frac{10^6}{6.25 \times 10^{-10}} = 8.752195$$