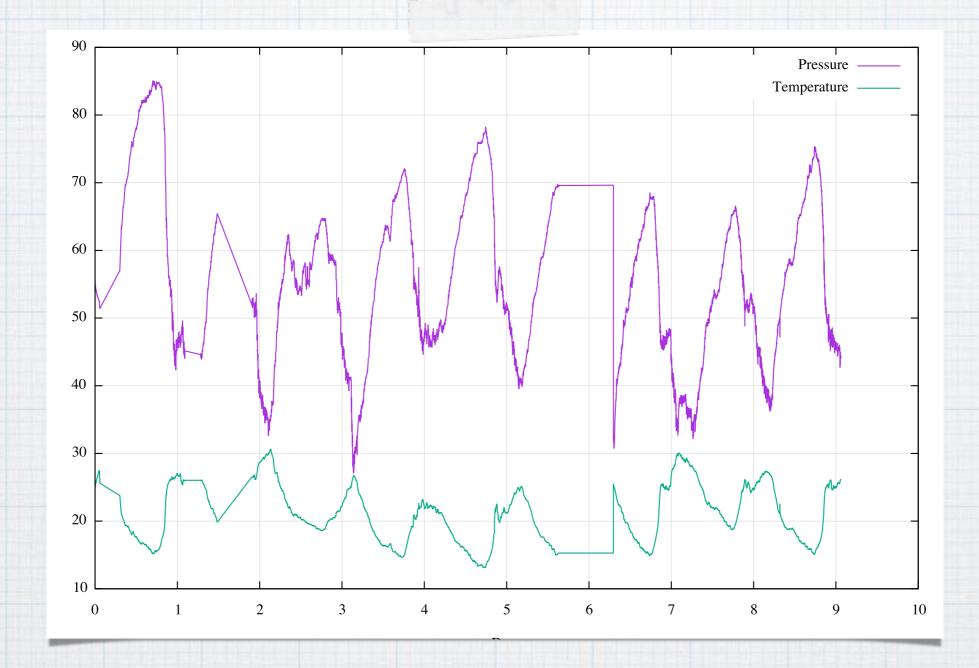
# Vata processing for lot

Sandor Markon Kobe Institute of Computing

# What to do with your data in the cloud?

- \* Pata: capture send collect now what???
- \* Convert "data" into "information"
- \* Convert "information" into "knowledge"
- \* Convert "knowledge" into "action"

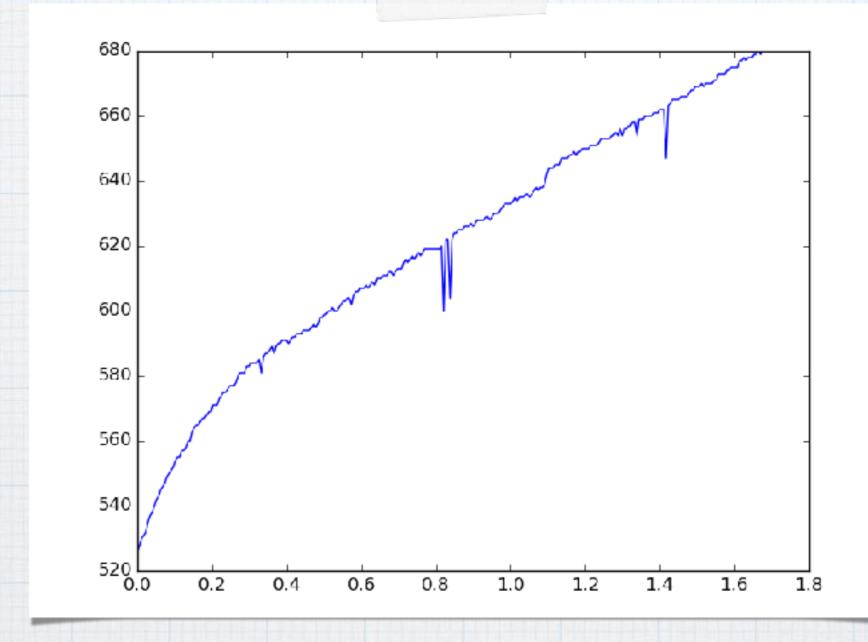


## Temporal data

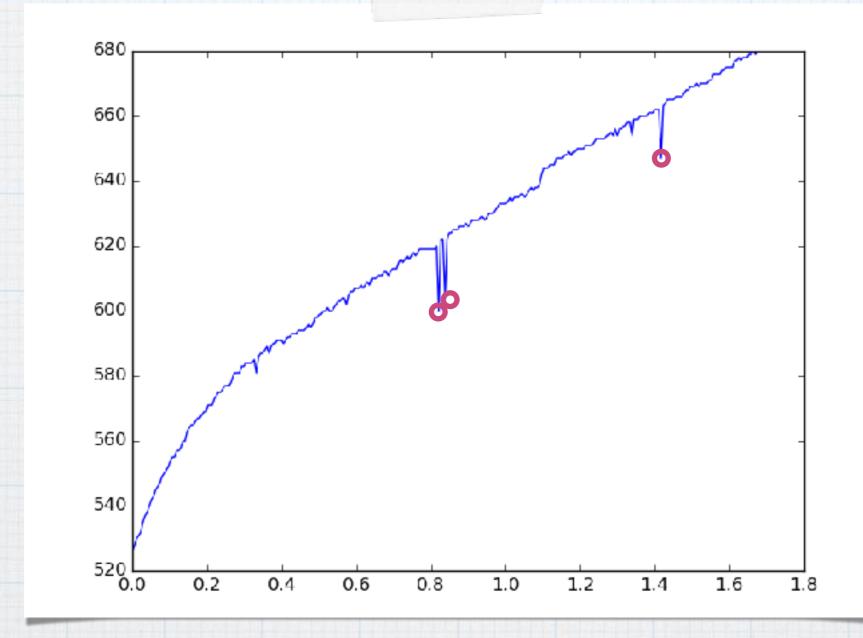
Time series: evidence of some process going on Usual task: prediction

# What to do with time series?

- \* Clean up the dirty data:
  noise
  outliers
  missing data
- \* Visualize it
- \* Predict the future



### Vata with outliers

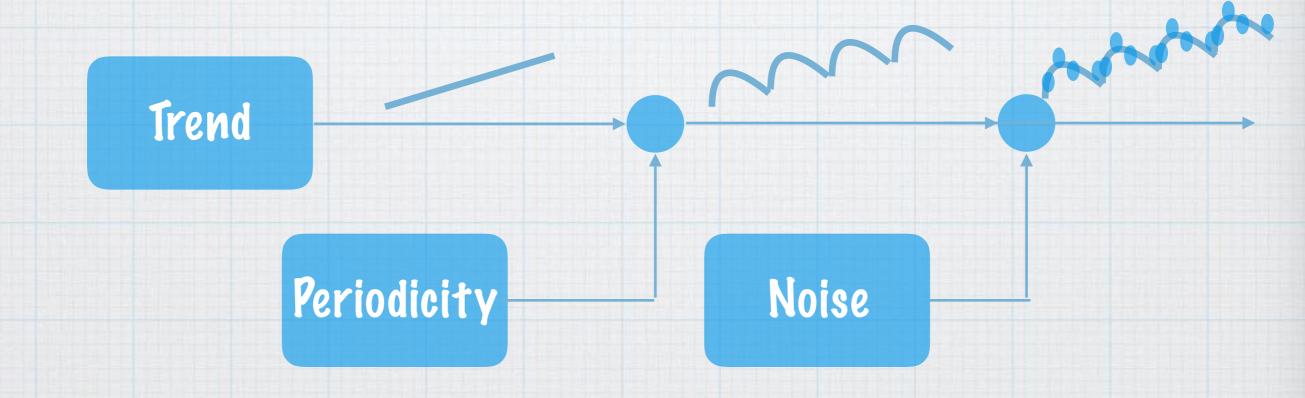


## Pata with outliers

The spikes are not real data

### Why can we predict?

- \* Pata is generated by some process
- \* Usual assumption: deterministic + noise



#### Time series in Python

- \* Numerics: numpy, scipy
- \* Plotting: matplotlib
- \* Time series: pandas http://pandas-docs.github.io/pandas-docs-travis/
- \* Prediction (statistical): pyflux http://www.pyflux.com
- \* Prediction (Al): FB Prophet

https://arnesund.com/2017/02/26/using-facebook-prophet-forecasting-library-to-predict-the-weather/







Healthy









# Image data

Photos, videos: evidence of some status Usual task: classification

ICTP Workshop on Open Source Solutions for the Internet of Things, Jun 25-29, 2017

#### Images + Python + Al

- \* Basics: OpenCV
- \* Image features: Mahotas
- \* Classification: milk

(or scikit-learn: http://scikit-learn.org/stable/)

### Simple Al for images

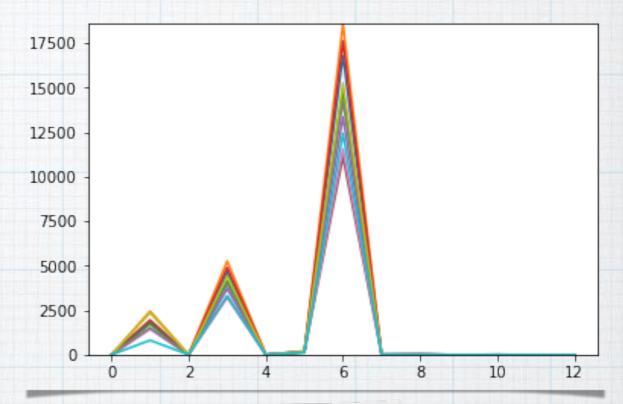
- \* Generate numerical feature vectors
- \* Select part of the images as a training set:

  Np positive samples

  Nn negative samples
- \* Train a classifier with the training set
- \* Test it with the rest of the data

negatives

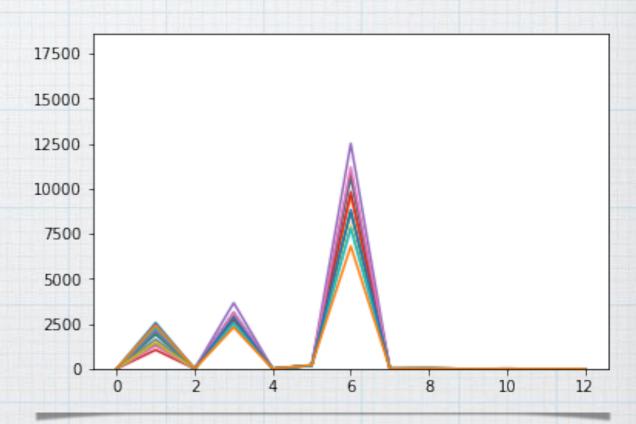


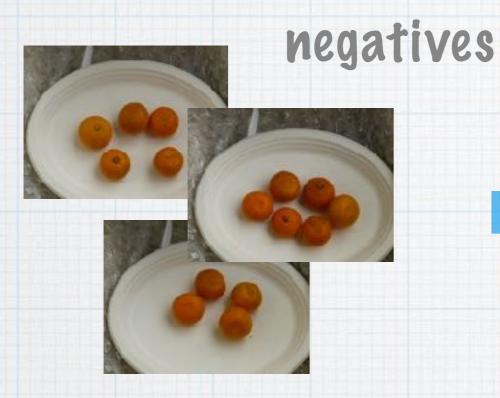


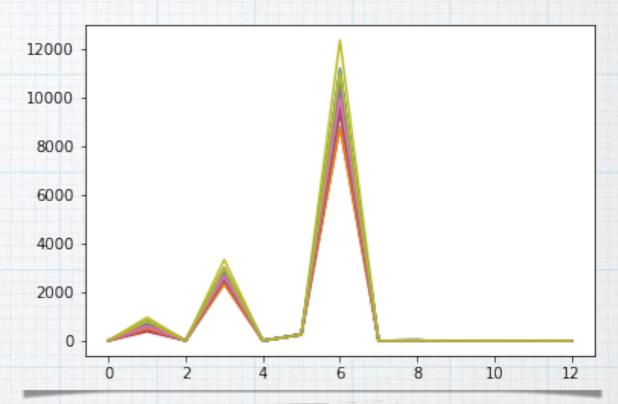
#### Features



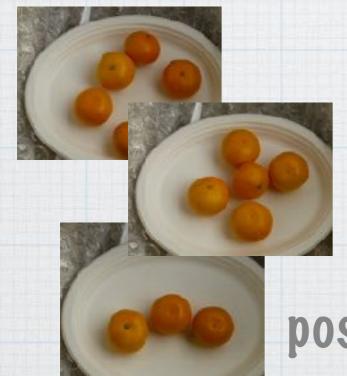
positives



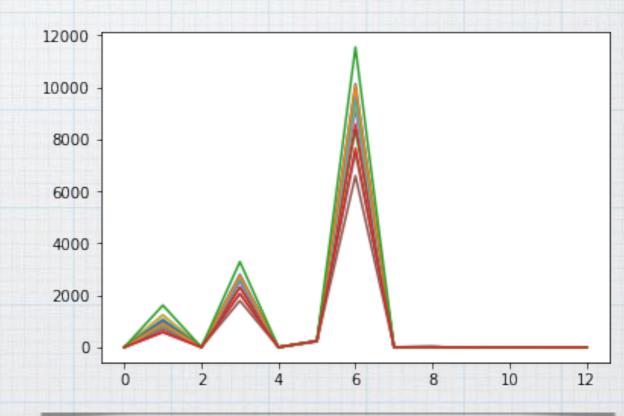




#### Features

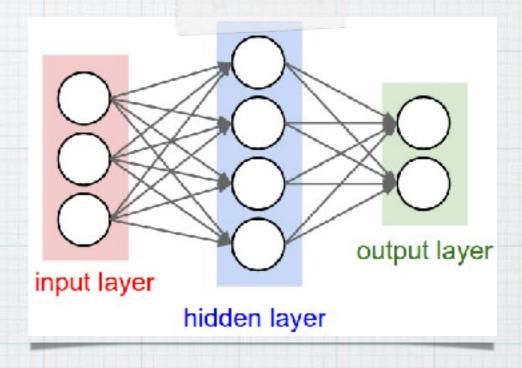


positives



#### Neural network

- \* Feed features to input layer
- \* Calculate hidden and output layer activations through connection weights
- \* Compare output with known correct output
- \* Adjust weights until output becomes correct for all input samples



#### Classification

- \* After training, the neural network classifies correctly the training samples
- \* Hopefully it will also correctly classify unknown data
- \* Some common problems (and many others...):
  - \* overfitting (can classify only the training set)
  - \* poor flexibility (too simple for the task)