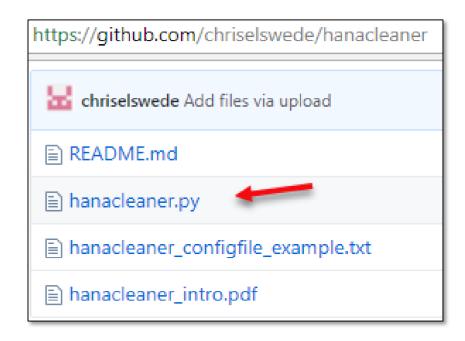
# HANACleaner - SAP Note 2399996



### SAP Note <u>2399996</u> presents a tool that can help with housekeeping tasks

2399996 - How-To: Configuring automatic SAP HANA Cleanup with SAP HANACleaner

- It is a python script to be downloaded from https://github.com/chriselswede/hanacleaner
- It is intended to be executed as <sid>adm on your SAP HANA Server (since then the proper python version is already in your path, installed together with hana)
- It connects via host, port and DB user, provided in hdbuserstore
- That DB user needs proper privileges



For more about the SAP HANACleaner see SAP Note <u>2399996</u> SAP Note <u>2400024</u> provides administration suggestions, e.g. recommendations about the hanacleaner

# HANACleaner – using hdbuserstore



#### Host, port and DB user needs to be provided in the hdbuserstore:

```
mo-fc8d991e0:~> hdbuserstore <u>SET HANACLEANER1KEY</u> mo-fc8d991e0:3001<u>5</u> HANACLEANER1 PassWord1
```

mo-fc8d991e0:~> hdbuserstore LIST

DATA FILE : /usr/sap/CH0/home/.hdb/mo-fc8d991e0/SSFS\_HDB.DAT

KEY FILE : /usr/sap/CH0/home/.hdb/mo-fc8d991e0/SSFS\_HDB.KEY

KEY HANACLEANER1KEY

ENV: mo-fc8d991e0:30015

USER: HANACLEANER1

#### Then the hanacleaner can connect using the info stored in hdbuserstore:

```
mo-fc8d991e0:/tmp/HANACleaner> whoami
```

ch0adm

mo-fc8d991e0:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -k HANACLEANER1KEY -be 20

The most used filesystem is using

21 %

In total 0 data backup entries were removed from the backup catalog

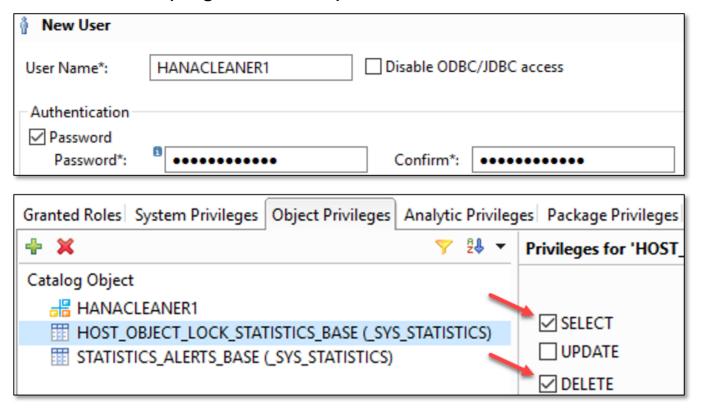
# HANACleaner – needs privileges

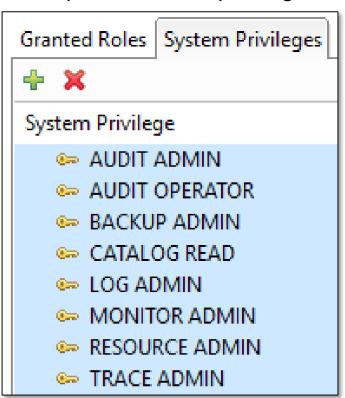


#### The DB user that hanacleaner uses to connect needs proper privileges

Depending on what housekeeping tasks the specific hanacleaner user will do he needs specific sets of privileges,

for example:





# HANACleaner – tells missing privileges



### If the DB user is missing privileges, hanacleaner will indicate that

E.g. here the user A2 is missing the system privilege CATALOG READ:

```
oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -ct 300 -dt 300 -or true -k A2KEY
The most used filesystem is using
96 %
Cleaning of the backup catalog was not done since -rb and -rd were both negative (or not specified)
INSUFICIENT PRIVILEGE WARNING: It appears that there are no traces.
One possible reason for this is that the user represented by the key A2KEY has unsuficient privilege,
e.g. lacking the system privilege CATALOG READ.
```

#### E.g. here the user A2 is missing the system privilege TRACE ADMIN:

```
oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -ct 225 -or true -k A2KEY
The most used filesystem is using
96 %
Cleaning of the backup catalog was not done since -rb and -rd were both negative (or not hdbsql -U A2KEY "ALTER SYSTEM CLEAR TRACES ('ALERT','CLIENT','CRASHDUMP','EMERGENCYDUMP',
   UNTIL '2016-07-15 00:00:00'"
* 258: insufficient privilege: Not authorized SQLSTATE: HY000

ERROR: The user represented by the key A2KEY could not clear traces.
One possible reason for this is unsuficient privilege,
e.g. lack of the system privilege TRACE ADMIN.
```





### For cleaning up the backup catalog (and possibly also backups) hanacleaner has the following input flags

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-be		minimum number of retained backup entries in the catalog	this number of entries of successful data backups will remain in the backup catalog	-1 (not used)
-bd	days	minimum retained days of backup entries in the catalog	the youngest successful data backup entry in the backup catalog that is older than this number of days is the oldest successful data backup entry not removed from the backup catalog	-1 (not used)
-bb	true/ false	switch to delete backups also	if set to true the backup files corresponding to the backup entries are also deteleted	false
-bo	true/ false	output the backup catalog	if set to true the backup catalog is printed before and after cleanup	false
-br	true/ false	output the deleted entries	if set to true the deleted backup entries are printed after the cleanup	false

#### **Example:**

Here backup catalog entries (i.e. not the backups themselves) older than 42 days are deleted, but at least 5 backup entries are kept, and the deleted backup entries are printed out

python hanacleaner.py -bd 42 -be 5 -br true

# HANACleaner – backupcatalog cleanup (2/2)



#### Cleaning up the backup catalog can be done with the hanacleaner

#### **Example:**

Here backup catalog entries (i.e. not the backups themselves) older than 30 days are deleted, but at least 5 backup entries are kept, and the deleted backup entries are printed out:

```
oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -bd 30 -be 5 -br true
The most used filesystem is using
96 %
******
2017-02-28 19:38:13
hdbsgl -U SYSTEMKEY "BACKUP CATALOG DELETE ALL BEFORE BACKUP ID 1485547216621"
REMOVED:
 ENTRY ID
                       ENTRY TYPE NAME
                                                                    SYS START TIME
                                            I BACKUP ID
                                                                                                   STATE NAME
                       complete data backup | 1484942410880 |
                                                                    2017-01-20 21:00:10.880000000 | successful
        1484942410880 I
In total 1 data backup entries were removed from the backup catalog
```

# HANACleaner – trace cleanup (1/2)



### For cleaning up the traces hanacleaner has the following input flags

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-tc	days	minimum retained days for trace files	trace files that are older than this number of days are removed ALTER SYSTEM CLEAR TRACES is used (see SQL. Ref.)	-1 (not used)
-tf	days	minimum retained days for trace files	trace files that are older than this number of days are removed ALTER SYSTEM REMOVE TRACES is used (see SQL. Ref.)	-1 (not used)
-to	true/ false	output trace files	displays trace files before and after the cleanup	false
-td	true/ false	output the deleted trace files	displays the trace files that were deleted	false

#### **Example:**

Here trace file contents older than 42 days is removed and trace files older than 42 days are deleted

python hanacleaner.py -tc 42 -tf 42

# HANACleaner – trace cleanup (2/2)



#### Cleaning of traces can be done with hanacleaner as in this example

#### **Example:**

Here trace files older than 200 days are deleted and the removed trace files are displayed:

```
ogladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -tc 200 -tf 200 -td true
The most used filesystem is using
96 %
*****
2017-02-28 19:52:42
******
    (Cleaning of the backup catalog was not done since -be and -bd were both negative
hdbsql -U SYSTEMKEY "ALTER SYSTEM CLEAR TRACES ('<mark>ALERT</mark>','CLIENT','CRASHDUMP','EMERGENC
REMOVED (1):
ls80010 | indexserver ls80010.30003.executed statements.000.trc
 trace files were removed
```

# HANACleaner – dump cleanup



# Manually created dump files (a.k.a. rte or fullsystem dumps) can be deleted with the following flag

Fla g	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-dr	days	retention days for dump files	manually created dump files (a.k.a. fullysytem dumps and runtime dumps) that are older than this number of days are removed	-1 (not used)



#### **Example:**

Here dump files older than 1 day are deleted

```
ch0adm@mo-fc8d991e0:/tmp/HANACleaner> cdglo
ch0adm@mo-fc8d991e0:/usr/sap/CH0/SYS/global> 11 sapcontrol/snapshots/
total 28824
-rw-r--r-- 1 ch0adm sapsys 3173927 Aug 21 15:50 fullsysteminfodump_mo-fc8d991e0_CH0_2017_08_21_15_50_33.zip
-rw-r--r-- 1 ch0adm sapsys 26300975 Aug 23 17:32 fullsysteminfodump_mo-fc8d991e0_CH0_2017_08_23_17_32_02.zip
ch0adm@mo-fc8d991e0:/usr/sap/CH0/SYS/global> cd /tmp/HANACleaner/
ch0adm@mo-fc8d991e0:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -dr 1
1 fullsysteminfodump zip files (that can contain both fullsystem dumps and runtime dumps) were removed
ch0adm@mo-fc8d991e0:/tmp/HANACleaner> cdglo
ch0adm@mo-fc8d991e0:/usr/sap/CH0/SYS/global> 11 sapcontrol/snapshots/
total 25720
-rw-r--r-- 1 ch0adm sapsys 26300975 Aug 23 17:32 fullsysteminfodump_mo-fc8d991e0_CH0_2017_08_23_17_32_02.zip
ch0adm@mo-fc8d991e0:/usr/sap/CH0/SYS/global>
```

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## HANACleaner – General File Clean Up



#### Any folder with files including any word in their file names can be cleaned:

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-gr	days	retention days for any general file	files in the directory specified with -gd and with the file names including the word specified with -gw are only saved for this number of days Note: -gd and -gw can also be same length lists with a commas as delimiter	-1 (not used)
-gd		directories	a comma separated list with full paths of directories with files to be deleted according to -gr (entries pairs with entries in -gw)	default "" (not used)
-gw		filename parts	a comma separated list with words that files should have in their names to be deleted according to -gr (entries pairs with entries in -gd)	default "" (not used)

#### **Example:**

Here files with CDPOS1 & hansitter\_output in their file names, in the folders /tmp/tmp\_analysis/ & /tmp/hanasitter\_output older than one day are deleted

```
ogladm@ls80010:/tmp> ls tmp analysis/
backint end10000.log backup 10000.log CDPOS1.py
                                                         CDPOS1.py.statements CDPOS1.py.tables
backint.log
                     backup.log
                                        CDPOS1.py.sorted CDPOS1.py.statistics CDPOS1.py.transactions
ogladm@ls80010:/tmp> ls hanasitter output/
hanasitterlog 2018-01-05.txt
                                                         kernel profiler wait 1s80010 OQL 2017-12-06 11-28-36.dot
kernel profiler cpu ls80010 OOL 2017-12-06 11-28-36.dot
oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -gr 1 -gd /tmp/hanasitter output,/tmp/tmp analysis -gw hanasitterlog,CDPOS1
   (Cleaning dumps was not done since -dr was -1 (or not specified))
7 general files were removed
    (Compression of the backup logs was not done since -zb was negative (or not specified))
ogladm@ls80010:/tmp> ls tmp analysis/
backint end10000.log backint.log backup 10000.log backup.log
ogladm@ls80010:/tmp> ls hanasitter output/
```

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kernel profiler cpu ls80010 OQL 2017-12-06 11-28-36.dot kernel profiler wait ls80010 OQL 2017-12-06 11-28-36.dot





### For compressing and renaming backup logs and backint logs hanacleaner has the following input flags

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-zb	mb	backup logs compression size limit	if there are any backup.log or backint.log file that is bigger than this size limit, then it is compressed and renamed	-1 (not used)
-zp		zip path	specifies the path of the folder (and all subfolders) where to look for the backup.log and backint.log files	the directory specified by the alias cdtrace
-zl	true/ false	zip links	specifies if symbolic links should be followed searching for backup logs	false
-zk	true/ false	keep zip file	if this is set to false the zipped file will be deleted (use with care!)	true

#### **Example:**

Here any backup.log or backint.log found in the trace folder and is larger than 50 MB will be compressed and renamed:

python hanacleaner.py -zb 50

# HANACleaner – backuplogs (2/2)



#### Compressing backup and backint logs can be done with hanacleaner

#### **Example:**

Here any backup.log or backint.log found in the trace folder and that is larger than 20 MB will be compressed and renamed:

oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -zb 20

#### And it worked:

//usr/sap/OQL/HDB00//ls80010//trace/backup.log was compressed to //usr/sap/OQL/HDB00//ls80010//trace/backup\_compressed\_2017-02-28\_20-50-41.tar.gz and then removed 1 backup logs were compressed

```
oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANACleaner> cdtrace
oqladm@ls80010:/usr/sap/OQL/HDB00/ls80010/trace> ll backup_compressed_2017-02-28_20-50-41.tar.gz
-rw-r---- 1 oqladm sapsys 1135135 Feb 28 20:50 backup_compressed_2017-02-28_20-50-41.tar.gz
```

## **HANACleaner** – alerts



# For deleting old alerts from the alert table (filled by the statistics service) hanacleaner has the following input flags

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-ar	days	minimum number retained days of the alerts	minimum retained age of statistics server alerts	-1 (not used)
-ao	true/ false	output alerts	if true, then all alerts will be displayed before and after the cleanup (if number of alerts are more than 10 thousand, hanacleaner will not do this output)	false
-ad	true/ false	output deleted alerts	if true, then deleted alerts will be displaye after the cleanup (if number of alerts are more than 10 thousand, hanacleaner will not do this output)	false

#### **Example:**

Here alerts older than 5 days are removed from the statistics server alert table:





#### For reclaiming free log segments hanacleaner has the following input flag

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-Ir		maximum number of free log segments per service	if there are more free log segments for a service that this number then ALTER SYSTEM RECLAIM LOG will be executed	-1 (not used)

#### **Example:**

Here the ALTER SYSTEM RECLAIM LOG command is executed since there was a hana process that had more than one free log segment:

```
oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -lr 1
The most used filesystem is using
96 %
******************
2017-02-28 21:32:13
**************************
hdbsql -j -A -U SYSTEMKEY "ALTER SYSTEM RECLAIM LOG"
In total 1 log segments were reclaimed
```





#### To clear the audit log database table hanacleaner has the following input flag

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-ur		retention time [days] of the audit log table	if the audit log database table has audit log older than these number days ALTER SYSTEM CLEAR AUDIT LOG UNTIL will be executed	-1 (not used)

#### **Example:**

Here the ALTER SYSTEM CLEAR AUDIT LOG UNTIL is executed and 29 entries in the audit log table were removed:

# **HANACleaner – Unknown Object Lock Entries**



The transactional lock history in HOST\_OBJECT\_LOCK\_STATISTICS may have unknown object entries that refer to dropped temporary tables (as per SAP Note 2147247)

These entries can be removed by the hanacleaner with following input flag

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-kr	days	min retained unknown object lock days	min age (today not included) of retained object lock entries with OBJECT_NAME = '(unknown)', see SAP Note 2147247	-1 (not used)

#### **Example:**

Here all transactional lock history entries with OBJECT NAME = '(unknown)' are removed:

```
mo-fc8d991e0:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -kr 0
Will now check most used memory in the file systems.
The most used filesystem is using
35 %
*******************

2017-08-15 18:47:58
hanacleaner by SYSTEMKEY
**************

(Cleaning of the backup catalog was not done since -be and -bd
(Cleaning traces was not done since -tc and -tf were both -1 (
(Compression of the backup logs was not done since -zb was neg
(Cleaning of the alerts was not done since -ar was negative (o
13345 object locks entries with unknown object names were removed
```

# **HANACleaner – Object History**



#### Object history can be cleaned (as per SAP Note 2479702) using these flags:

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-om	mb	object history table max size	if the table _SYS_REPO.OBJECT_HISTORY is bigger than this threshold this table will be cleaned up according to SAP Note 2479702	-1 (not used)
-00	true/ false	output cleaned memory from object table	displays how much memory was cleaned up from object history table	-1 (not used)

#### **Example:**

In this example there was nothing to clean up from the object history:

hsiadm@dewdfglp00836:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -om 1 -oo true
Will now check most used memory in the file systems. If it hangs there is an
(Cleaning of unknown object locks entries was not done since -kr was nega
Object History was:0 mb and is now 0 mb.
0 mb were cleaned from object history

# **HANACleaner – Disk Fragmentation (1/2)**



### Unused space in the disk volumes can be fixed with the flag -fl

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-fl	%	fragmentation limit	maximum fragmentation of data volume files, of any service, before defragmentation of that service is started: ALTER SYSTEM RECLAIM DATAVOLUME ' <host>:<port>' 120 DEFRAGMENT Note: If you use HSR see next slide</port></host>	-1 (not used)
-fo	true/false	output fragmentation	displays data volume statistics before and after defragmentation	false

#### **Example:**

Here defragmentation will be done of all ports if fragmentation is more than 20% for any port:

BEFORE FRAGMENTA				
lost	Port	Used Space [B]	Total Space [B]	Fragmentation [%]
lewdfglp00765	30003	4337033216	4747952128	9.0
lewdfg1p00765	30007	70078464	268566528	74.0
FTER FRAGMENTAT	ION:			
lost	Port	Used Space [B]	Total Space [B]	Fragmentation [%
ewdfglp00765	30003	4337033216	4747952128	9.0
lewdfglp00765	30007	93069312	268435456	65.0

# **HANACleaner – Disk Fragmentation (2/2)**



#### If SAP HANA has snapshots preserved RECLAIM DATAVOLUME fails with

general error: Shrink canceled, probably because of snapshot pages

This situation is normal if you use SAP HANA System Replication (HSR) (see SAP Note 1999880 Q19)

SAP Note 2332284 explains that to make RECLAIM DATAVOLUME work if you have HSR you have to temporarily change some parameters

This is not, and will not be, implemented in SAP HANACleaner!

### Why?

- HANACleaner is an automatic house-keeper → dangerous if it starts to automatically change SAP HANA parameters
- Additionally, from security point of view, the technical user used to execute SAP HANACleaner should not have INIFILE ADMIN

# **HANACleaner – Table Compression (1/2)**



### Compression re-optimization of column store tables can be automated

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default		
	•	lags, -cc, and -ce, must be > 0 to cord_count = 0):	control the force compression optimization on tables that never was compression re-optimize	ed (i.e.		
-cc		Max allowed raw main records	If number raw main rows are larger this could be compression optimized if compressed rows = 0 and -ce indicates it also	-1 (not used) e.g. 10000000		
-ce	[GB]	Max allowed estimated size	If estimated size is larger this could be compression optimized if compressed rows = 0 and -cc indicates it also	-1 (not used) e.g. 1		
	2. All following three flags, -cr, -cs, and -cd, must be > 0 to control the force compression optimization on tables with columns with compression type 'DEFAULT' (i.e. no additional compression algorithm in main)					
-cr		Max allowed rows	If a column has more rows and compression = 'DEFAULT' this table could be re- compressed if -cs and -cd indicate it also	-1 (not used) e.g. 10000000		
-cs	[MB]	Max allowed size	If a column is larger and compression = 'DEFAULT' this table could be re-compressed if -cr and -cd indicate it also	-1 (not used) e.g. 500		
-cd	[%]	Min allowed distinct count	If a column has smaller distinct row quota this table could be re-compressed if -cr and -cs indicate it also	-1 (not used) e.g. 5		
	3. Both following two flags, -cq and -cu, must be > 0 to control the force compression optimization on tables whose UDIV quota is too large, i.e. #UDIVs/(#raw main + #raw delta)					
-cq	[%]	Max allowed UDIV quota	If a column's UDIV quota is larger this table could be re-compressed if -cu indicates it also	-1 (not used) e.g. 150		
-cu		Max allowed UDIVs	If a column has more UDIVs → compress if –cq indicates it also	-1 (not used) e.g. 10000000		

# **HANACleaner – Table Compression (2/2)**



#### Some column store tables might have to have its compression re-optimized

This can be atomized with the following flags:

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
4. Flag -	cb must be > 0 to	control the force compressi	on optimization on tables with columns with SPARSE (<122.02) or	PREFIXED and a BLOCK index
-cb		Max allowed rows	If more rows → compress if BLOCK and PREFIXED	-1 (not used) e.g. 100000
Followin	g three flags are g	eneral; they control all three	e, 1., 2., 3., and 4. compression optimization possibilities above	
-ср	[true/false]	Per partition	Switch to consider above flags per partition	false
-cm	[true/false]	Merge before	Switch to perform a delta merge before compression	false
-co	[true/false]	Output	Switch to print out tables selected for compression optimization	false

**Example:** Here (1.) tables that were never compressed with more than 10 million raw records and more than 1 GB of estimated size or (2.) tables with columns only default compressed with more than 10 million rows and size more than 500 MB or (3.) tables with UDIV quota larger than 150% and more than 10 million UDIVs, will be compression re-optimized:

oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -cc 10000000 -ce 1
-cr 10000000 -cs 500 -cd 5 -cq 150 -cu 10000000 -cp true -cm true

(Reclaim of row store containers was not done since -rc was negative 2 column store tables were compression re-optimized





#### Events can be acknowledged and handled (in case of unhandled events) with the following input flags

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-eh	day	minimum retained days for handled events	handled events that are older that this number of days will be acknowledged and then deleted	-1 (not used)
-eu	day	minimum retained days for unhandled events	unhandled events that are older that this number of days will be handled, acknowledged and then deleted	-1 (not used)

#### **Example:**

Here handled events older than 5 days and unhandled events older than 34 days were deleted. It turned out the 113 unhandled events were deleted:

oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -eh 5 -eu 34
In total 113 events were cleaned, 0 of those were handled. There are 61 events left, 0 of those are handled.





# Smart Data Access Virtual Tables can get their statistics created, according to SAP Note 1872652, with the -vs flag

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-vs	true / false	create statistics for virtual tables	Switch to create optimization statistics for those virtual tables that are missing statistics (Note: could cause expensive operations!)	false

#### **Example:**

Here statistics optimization was created for 3 out of 4 virtual tables (the 4<sup>th</sup> already had statistics):

haladm@dewdfglp00766:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -vs true
Will now check most used memory in the file systems. If it hangs there is an issue with df -h,
Optimization statistics was created for 3 virtual tables (in total there are 4 virtual tables)

(Cleaning of the nanacleaner logs was not done since -or was negative (or not specified))





#### To remove old inifile content history hanacleaner has the following input flag

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-ir	days	inifile content history retention	deletes older inifile content history (should be more than 1 year)	-1 (not used)

#### **Example:**

oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -ir 300

INPUT ERROR: -ir must be larger than 365. Please see --help for more information. (If you disagree please remove this check on your own risk.)

#### **Example:**

oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -ir 400

ERROR: the -ir flag is only supported starting with SAP HANA 2.0 SPS03. You run on SAP HANA 1 revision 122 maintenance revision 15

# HANACleaner – INI File History (≥H2SPS03) (2/2)



#### To remove old inifile content history hanacleaner has the following input flag

Fla	g Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-ir	days	inifile content history retention	deletes older inifile content history (should be more than 1 year)	-1 (not used)

#### **Example:**

pqladm@atgls90012:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py \_-ir 400 -k HANACLEANERUSERKEY\_PQL90012 Will now check most used memory in the file systems. If it hangs there is an issue with df -h,

(Creation of optimization statistics for virtual tables was not done since -vs was false (or 5 inifile history contents were removed

(Cleaning of the hanacleaner logs was not done since -or was negative (or not specified))
pgladm@atgls90012:/tmp/HANACleaner>





# HANACleaner questions are normally HANA questions! With these flags it is possible to let HANACleaner print out the crucial SQLs without actually executing them $\rightarrow$ useful for debugging

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-es	true/false	execute sql	Execute all crucial housekeeping tasks (useful to turn off for investigations with -os=true)	True
-os	true/false	output sql	Prints all crucial housekeeping tasks (useful for debugging with -es=false)	False

```
ogladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -es false -os true -be 12 -bd 12 -tc 42 -ar 12 -lr 0
Will now check most used memory in the file systems. (If it takes too long, investigate why \, df -h \, hangs.)
The most used filesystem is using
94%
****************
2017-09-24 11:38:47
hanacleaner by SYSTEMKEY
Cleanup Statements will NOT be executed
**************
SELECT * from DUMMY
BACKUP CATALOG DELETE ALL BEFORE BACKUP ID 1501268432361
0 data backup entries and 0 log backup entries were removed from the backup catalog
ALTER SYSTEM CLEAR TRACES ('ALERT','CLIENT','CRASHDUMP','EMERGENCYDUMP','EXPENSIVESTATEMENT','RTEDUMP','UNLOAD'
0 trace files were removed
    (Cleaning dumps was not done since -dr was -1 (or not specified))
    (Compression of the backup logs was not done since -zb was negative (or not specified))
DELETE FROM SYS STATISTICS.STATISTICS ALERTS BASE WHERE ALERT TIMESTAMP < ADD DAYS(CURRENT TIMESTAMP, -12)
0 alerts were removed
    (Cleaning of unknown object locks entries was not done since -kr was negative (or not specified))
    (Cleaning of the object history was not done since -om was negative (or not specified))
ALTER SYSTEM RECLAIM LOG
0 log segments were reclaimed
```

## HANACleaner – Server Full Check



# By default HANACleaner will not run if file system is too full, then manual cleanup is needed before This is for safety only, and can be ignored, fully or partially with following flags

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-fs		file system	path to server to check for disk full situation before hanacleaner runs	blank, i.e. df -h is used
-if		ignore filesystems and mounts	before hanacleaner starts it checks that there is no disk full situation in any of the filesystems and/or mounts, this flag makes it possible to ignore some filesystems, with comma separated list, from the df -h command (filesystems are in the first column and mounts normally in the 5th or 6th column)	blank
-df	true/false	filesystem check switch	it is possible to completely ignore the filesystem check (necessary if non-ascii comes out from df -h). However, hanacleaner is NOT supported in case of full filesystem so if you turn this to false it is necessary that you check for disk full situation manually!	true





#### HANACleaner can be controlled with a configuration file (additional flags will overwrite the config file)

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-ff		flag file	full path to the configuration file	

#### **Example:**

```
xshadm@atqvmls666:/tmp/HANACleaner> more hanacleaner configfile.txt
My HANACleaner Configuration:
-zb 50
-t.f 42
td true
-ar 42
eh 7
-eu 42
-fs /dev/sdb1
-op /tmp/hanacleaneroutput/
or 42
-fs "|grep sdc3"
xshadm@atqvmls666:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -ff hanacleaner configfile.txt
Will now check most used memory in the file systems. (If it takes too long, investigate why
                                                                                            df -h hangs.)
The most used filesystem is using
18%
*******
2017-09-05 09:42:57
hanacleaner by SYSTEMKEY
********
    (Cleaning of the backup catalog was not done since -be and -bd were both negative (or not specified))
0 trace files were removed
   (Cleaning dumps was not done since -dr was -1 (or not specified))
 backup logs were compressed
 alerts were removed
```

## **HANACleaner** – output



#### To control the output of the hanacleaner there are these flags

Flag	Flag Unit Details		Explanation	Default
-op		output path	full path of the folder where the hanacleaner logs are written	(not used)
-so		standard out switch	1: write to std out, 0: do not write to std out	1

#### **Example:**

Here a output folder is deleted and then automatically created again by hanacleaner and the daily log file written into it:

# HANACleaner – MDC (1/4)



#### In a MDC system the hanacleaner can clean the SystemDB and multiple Tenants in one execution

List the DB users for the system and the tenants in hdbuserstore and list them with the -k flag

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-k		DB user key(s)	This is the DB user key saved in the hdbuserstore, it could also be a list of comma separated userkeys (useful in MDC environments)	SYSTEMKEY

#### **Example:**

Here two keys are stored; one for SystemDB and one for a Tenant:

```
xshadm@atgvmls666:/tmp/HANACleaner> hdbuserstore LIST
KEY AKEYSYSDB
ENV : atgvmls666.wdf.sap.corp:30013
USER: AUSER
DATABASE: SYSTEMDB
KEY AKEYTEN1
ENV : atgvmls666.wdf.sap.corp:30047
USER: AUSER
DATABASE: XS1
SQL Port for indexserver at Tenant
```

# HANACleaner - MDC (2/4)



#### **Example:**

Here trace files older than 42 days are deleted from the SystemDB and from a Tenant:

```
xshadm@atgvmls666:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -tf 42 -k AKEYSYSDB, AKEYTEN1
Will now check most used memory in the file systems. If it hangs there is an issue with
The most used filesystem is using
85%
2017-09-27 15:14:35
hanacleaner by AKEYSYSDB
Cleanup Statements will be executed
***********************************
49 trace files were removed
*********************************
2017-09-27 15:14:38
hanacleaner by AKEYTEN1
Cleanup Statements will be executed
***********
21 trace files were removed
```

# HANACleaner - MDC (3/4)

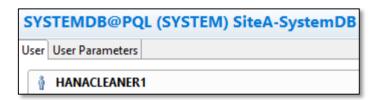


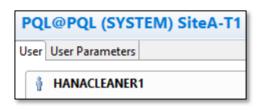
#### In a MDC system the hanacleaner can clean the SystemDB and multiple Tenants with one key

Maintain a user with same user name and same password in multiple DBs in one HANA System

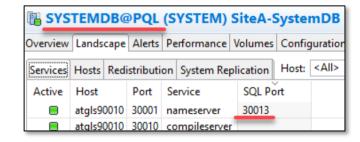
#### **Example:**

Here the user HANACLEANER1 with same password was created in both SystemDB and in a Tenant





(for privileges, see earlier slides)



Then only one key, for the SystemDB, was provided in hdbuserstore

pqladm@atqls90010:/tmp> hdbuserstore set SDBKEY atgls90010:30013 HANACLEANER1 PassWd1234

Test that this single key can be used to access both databases:

```
pgladm@atgls90010:/tmp> hdbsgl -i -A -x -U SDBKEY -d SYSTEMDB
                                                                   "select * from m database
                                  START TIME
                                                                     VERSION
                                                                                                 USAG
                    atgls90010 |
                                  2018-09-27 15:27:00.060000000 | 2.00.032.00.1533114046
                                                                                                TEST
pgladm@atgls90010:/tmp>
pgladm@atgls90010:/tmp> hdbsql -j -A -x -U SDBKEY -d PQL "select * from m database"
 \mathbf{s}\mathbf{y}\mathbf{s}
        DAT
               HOST
                             START TIME
                                                                                           USAG
              atgls90010 |
                            2018-09-27 15:27:10.593000000 | 2.00.032.00.1533114046
                                                                                           TEST
```

# HANACleaner – MDC (4/4)



#### In a MDC system the hanacleaner can clean the SystemDB and multiple Tenants with one key

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-dbs		DB key(s)	this can be a list of databases accessed from the system defined by -k (-k can only be one key if -dbs is used)	II

#### **Example:**

Here the key SDBKEY is used to access the system, then it is specified with -dbs that two databases, SYSTEMDB and PQL, will be cleaned up on their old trace files

```
pqladm@atqls90010:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -k SDBKEY -dbs SYSTEMDB,PQL -tc 20
Will now check most used memory in the file systems. If it hangs there is an issue with df -h
The most used filesystem is using
***********************
2018-10-08 20:10:50
hanacleaner by SDBKEY on POL(00) on DB SYSTEMDB with
hanacleaner.py -k SDBKEY -dbs SYSTEMDB, PQL -tc 20
Cleanup Statements will be executed (-es is default true)
Before using HANACleaner read the disclaimer!
python hanacleaner.py --disclaimer
*****************
    (Cleaning of the backup catalog was not done since -be and -bd were both negative (or not
0 trace files were removed
    (Cleaning dumps was not done since -dr was -1 (or not specified))
***********************
2018-10-08 20:10:51
hanacleaner by SDBKEY on POL(00) on DB POL with
hanacleaner.py -k SDBKEY -dbs SYSTEMDB, PQL -tc 20
Cleanup Statements will be executed (-es is default true)
Before using HANACleaner read the disclaimer!
python hanacleaner.py --disclaimer
******************
    (Cleaning of the backup catalog was not done since -be and -bd were both negative (or not
6 trace files were removed
    (Cleaning dumps was not done since -dr was -1 (or not specified))
```

### **HANACleaner** – Interval



#### Run hanacleaner "forever" with the -hci flag

Flag	Unit	Details	Explanation	Default
-hci	Days	hanacleaner interval	After these number days hanacleaner will restart	-1 (exits)

### **Example:** (tries to clean trace

files older than 400 days again after 1 day):

```
ogladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANACleaner> python hanacleaner.py -tc 400 -hci 1
The most used filesystem is using
80 %
**********
2017-07-02 20:18:09
hanacleaner by SYSTEMKEY
    (Cleaning of the backup catalog was not done since -be and -bd were both negative (or not specified))
23 trace files were removed
    (Compression of the backup logs was not done since -zb was negative (or not specified))
    (Cleaning of the alerts was not done since -ar was negative (or not specified))
    (Cleaning of the object history was not done since -om was negative (or not specified))
    (Reclaim of free logsements was not done since -lr was negative (or not specified))
    (Cleaning of events was not done since -eh and -eu were negative (or not specified))
    (Defragmentation was not done since -fl was negative (or not specified))
    (Reclaim of row store containers were not done since -rc was negative (or not specified))
    (Cleaning of the hanacleaner logs was not done since -or was negative (or not specified))
*******
2017-07-03 20:19:49
hanacleaner by SYSTEMKEY
    (Cleaning of the backup catalog was not done since -be and -bd were both negative (or not specified))
0 trace files were removed
    (Compression of the backup logs was not done since -zb was negative (or not specified))
```

## **HANACleaner & CRON**

Do not use together with -hci flag!



#### HANACleaner can be scheduled with CRON to do cleanup e.g once per day

Note: hanacleaner expects the environment of <sid>adm → same environment as <sid>adm has to be provided to use CRON

Example: In /etc/passwd it is specified what environment <sid>adm is using, here bash:
oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANACleaner> grep oqladm /etc/passwd
oqladm:x:1001:1002:SAP HANA Database System Administrator:/home/oqladm:/bin/bash

This shell script, hanacleaner.sh, provides the <sid>adm environment, with source \$HOME/.bashrc and then executes the hanacleaner command: oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANACleaner> vi hanacleaner.sh #! /bin/bash

Then a new crontab can be created, calling this shell script, e.g. once every night at 1 o'clock:

```
oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANACleaner> crontab -e
0 1 * * * /tmp/HANACleaner/hanacleaner.sh
```

Note: if you want to log the output to std\_out set up the crontab like this:

```
oqladm@ls80010:/tmp/HANACleaner> crontab -e
0 1 * * * /tmp/HANACleaner/hanacleaner.sh >> /tmp/HANACleaner/hanacleaner.log 2>&1
```