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1° (1) what are the gradients of $\frac{\partial y_k}{\partial w_{kj}}$, $\frac{\partial y_k}{\partial w_{ji}}$ for regression & classification?

regression $\frac{\partial y_k}{\partial w_{kj}} = h'(a_j) \sum_k w_{kj} z_i$

$$a_j = \sum_i w_{ji} z_i, z_j = h(a_j) \Rightarrow \frac{\partial y_j}{\partial w_{ji}} = z_i$$

$$a_k = \sum_j w_{kj} z_j, y_k = a_k$$

classification $\frac{\partial y_k}{\partial a_k} = y_k(1-y_k), y_k = \sigma(a_k)$

$$\frac{\partial y_k}{\partial w_{kj}} = y_k(1-y_k) z_i, \frac{\partial y_j}{\partial w_{ji}} = y_k(1-y_k) h'(a_j) \sum_k w_{kj} z_i$$

(2) what are the gradients of $\frac{\partial z_n}{\partial w_{kj}}$, $\frac{\partial z_n}{\partial w_{ji}}$ for regression & classification?

regression $\frac{\partial z_n}{\partial w_{kj}} = \frac{\partial z_n}{\partial a_k} \frac{\partial a_k}{\partial w_{kj}} = \delta_k z_j, \delta_k = \frac{\partial z_n}{\partial a_k} = y_k - t_k, y_k = a_k$

$$\frac{\partial z_n}{\partial w_{ji}} = \frac{\partial z_n}{\partial a_j} \frac{\partial a_j}{\partial w_{ji}} = \delta_j z_i, \delta_j = h'(a_j) \sum_k w_{kj} \delta_k$$

classification $y_k = \sigma(a_k)$

(3) what are the gradients of $\frac{\partial y_k}{\partial z_i}$ for regression & classification?

regression $\frac{\partial y_k}{\partial z_i} = \sum_k w_{kj} h'(a_j) \sum_j w_{ji}$

classification $\frac{\partial y_k}{\partial z_i} = y_k(1-y_k) \sum_k w_{kj} h'(a_j) \sum_j w_{ji}$

2° If the prior on w is $p(w) = N(m_0, \Sigma_0^{-1})$, then

(1) what are the MAP solutions of w , $p(w|D)$ for regression & classification where $D = \{[x, \dots, x_N], [t_1, \dots, t_N]\}$

regression $w_{MAP} \leftarrow w^{new} = w^{old} - A^{-1} \nabla \mathcal{L}(w)$

$$\nabla \mathcal{L}(w) = \alpha w + \beta \sum_{n=1}^N (y_n - t_n) g_n, g = \nabla_w y(x, w)$$

$$p(w|D) \propto p(w) p(t|x, w, \beta), p(w) = N(m_0, \Sigma_0^{-1})$$

$$p(t|x, w, \beta) = N(t|y(x, w_{MAP}) + g_{MAP}^T (w - w_{MAP}), \beta^{-1})$$

$$\Rightarrow p(w|D) = N(w|w_{MAP}, A^{-1})$$

classification $w_{\text{MAP}} \leftarrow w^{\text{new}} = w^{\text{old}} - A^{-1} \nabla Z(w)$

$$\nabla Z(w) = \alpha w + \sum_{n=1}^N (y_n - t_n) g_n$$

$$p(w|D) \propto p(w) p(D|w), \quad p(w) = N(m_0, \Sigma_0^{-1})$$

$$\Rightarrow p(w|D) = N(w | w_{\text{MAP}}, A^{-1})$$

2) what are the predictive distribution of $\{x_{N+1}, t_{N+1}\}$ for regression and classification?

regression $p(t|x, D, \alpha, \beta) = N(t | y(x, w_{\text{MAP}}), g_{\text{MAP}}^T A^{-1} g_{\text{MAP}} + \beta^{-1})$

classification $p(t|x, D) = \int p(t|x, w) q(w|D) dw$
 $= p(t|x, w_{\text{MAP}}).$