

Visualize UN Carbon Dioxide Data

This project uses data from United Nation's Data website. The link is:

https://data.un.org/

Data: "CO2 Emissions Estimate"

Project Requirement:

- 1. Load CO2 emission data into data frame.
- 2. Reorganize the data to show country's CO2 Emission Total and Emission Per Capita.
- Show the data in different chart types.

When using method read_csv, we could specify the column names, the "," in the number as thousand separators, and encoding. Otherwise, the imported data might not have a correct format.

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

columns = ['region_ID', 'Country/Region', 'Year', 'Note', 'Emission_Value']

df_emission = pd.read_csv("SYB64_310_202110_Carbon Dioxide Emission Estimates.csv",

header = 1, names = columns, thousands = ",", encoding = "iso-8859-1")

df_emission_per_capita = df_emission.loc[df_emission['Note'].str.contains("Emissions per capita")]

df_emission_total = df_emission.loc[~df_emission['Note'].str.contains("Emissions per capita")]
```

Use .loc method and conditional filtering to separate the data frame into two ones.

```
df_merged = pd.merge(df_emission_per_capita, df_emission_total, how = "left",
    left on = ['Country/Region', 'Year'], right on = ['Country/Region', 'Year'],
13
    suffixes = (' per capita', ' total'))
14
15
16
    df_final = df_merged[['Country/Region', "Year", 'Emission_Value_per_capita',
17
     "Emission Value total"]]
                                           Pick out several columns to form a
18
                                           more compact data frame.
    print(df_final.head(10))
19
20
    # create a category chart: bar chart
21
    df_emission_2018 = df_final[df_final["Year"] == 2018].sort_values('Emission_Value total',
22
    ascending = False).head(10)
23
    print(df_emission_2018)
24
```

Merge the two data frames together in column direction, so each country has both CO2 emission total and emission per capita data.

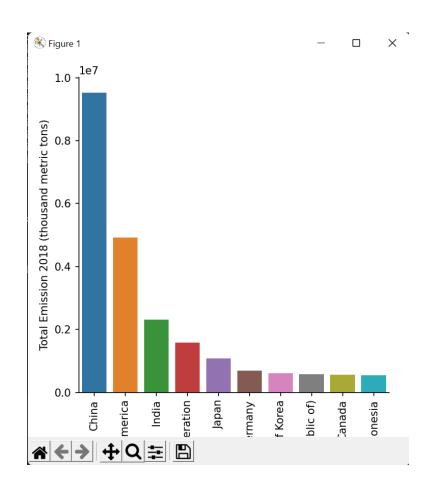
Find out the top 10 countries in terms of emission total value.

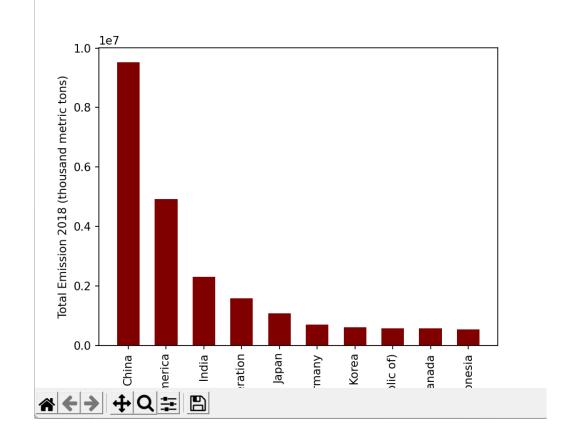
Illustration of Result

C:\Python\Python39\python.exe								
Cou	ntry/Region	Year Emission_Value_per_capita			Emission_Value_total			
0	Albania 1975		1.8		4338.0			
1	Albania 1985		2.3		6930.0			
2	Albania 2005 Albania 2010 Albania 2015 Albania 2016 Albania 2017 Albania 2018		1.3		3825.0			
3				1.3	3930.0			df final.head(10)
4				1.3 3825.0			di_iiilai.iieau(10)	
5				1.3 3674.0				
6				1.5	1.5 4342.0 1.5 4303.0			
7				1.5				
8	Algeria	Algeria 1975		0.8	0.8 135			
9	Algeria	1985		1.9	42	2073.0		
		Country/Region	Year	Emission_V	/alue_per_capita	Emissi	on_Value_total	
181	China		2018	6.8			9528214.0	
1035	United States of America		2018	15.0 4921126.0				
452	India			1.7 2307780.0		df emission 2018.head(10)		
829	Russian Federation			11.0 1587024.0 8.5 1080716.0				
516	Japan					1080716.0	ui_eiiii33i0ii_2010.iieau(10)	
380		2018	8.4 696		696131.0			
809	Re	2018	3 11.7			605775.0		
468	Iran (Islam	2018	8 7			579555.0		
165	Canada			3 15.3			565232.0	
460	Indonesia				2.0		542876.0	

```
# bar chart
    sns.catplot(x = "Country/Region", y = "Emission Value total", data = df emission 2018,
    kind = 'bar')
    plt.ylabel("Total Emission 2018 (thousand metric tons)")
                                                                Use seaborn's catplot()
30
                                                                method to draw the bar chart.
    plt.xticks(rotation = 90)
32
    plt.show()
33
    # same as above, but use plt directly.
34
    plt.bar(df emission 2018["Country/Region"], df emission 2018["Emission Value total"],
35
    color = 'maroon', width = 0.6)
36
37
    plt.ylabel("Total Emission 2018 (thousand metric tons)")
                                                                Use matplotlib's bar() method
    plt.xticks(rotation = 90)
38
                                                                to draw the bar chart.
    plt.show()
39
     sns.barplot(x = "Emission_Value_total", y = "Country/Region", data= df_emission_2018)
41
     plt.show()
42
```

Illustration





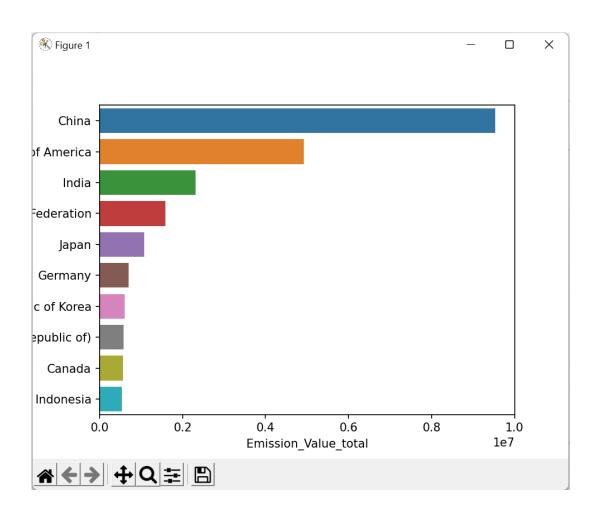
X

Use seaborn's catplot to draw the top 10 countries of total CO2 emission.

Use matplotlib's bar() method to draw the top 10 countries of total CO2 emission.

K Figure 1

Illustration

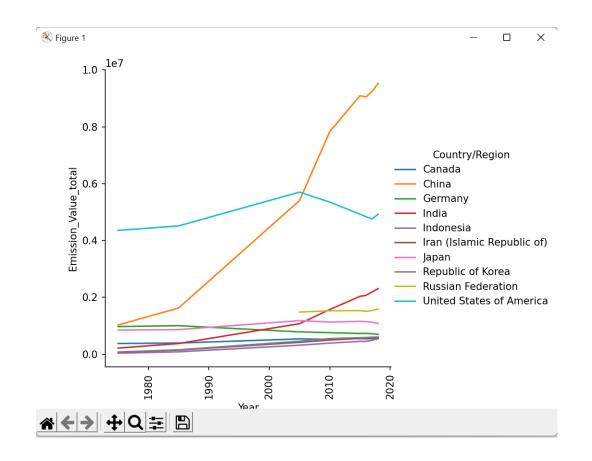


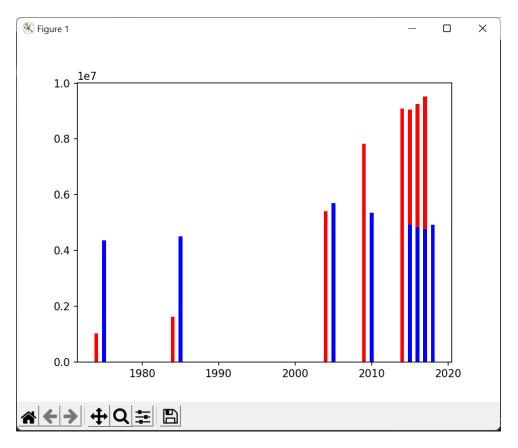
Use seaborn' barplot() method to draw horizontal bars.

Pick out the annual emission data for those top 10 countries of total emission value.

```
top emission countries = df emission 2018['Country/Region'].tolist()
    df_emission_top_countries = df_final[df_final['Country/Region'].isin(top_emission_countries)]
46
    sns.relplot(x = "Year", y = "Emission Value total", data = df emission top countries,
    kind = "line", hue = "Country/Region")
                                                     Use seaborn's relplot() method to draw line chart. Please
    plt.xticks(rotation = 90)
                                                     note the "kind" parameter should be "line".
50
    plt.show()
51
52
    # use matplotlib to do it directly
    df_china_emission = df_emission_top_countries.loc[df_emission_top_countries['Country/Region'] == 'China']
53
    df_usa_emission = df_emission_top_countries.loc[df_emission_top_countries['Country/Region'] == 'United State
54
55
    plt.bar(df china emission["Year"]-0.5, df china emission["Emission Value total"],
    color = 'r', width = 0.5)
56
57
    plt.bar(df usa emission["Year"], df usa emission["Emission Value total"],
    color = b', width = 0.5)
58
                                                     Use matplotlib's bar() method to draw side-
    plt.show()
59
                                                     by-side bar chart.
```

Illustration





Use sns.catplot(... kind= "line"...) to draw line chart.

Use plt.bar method to draw side-by-side bar chart.

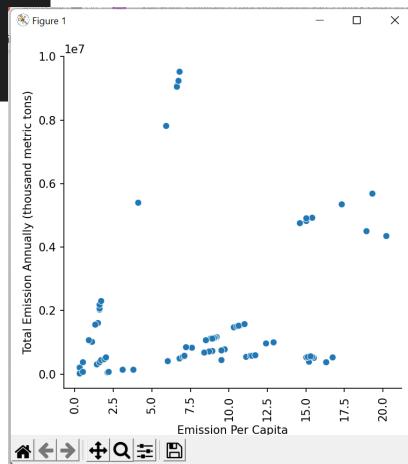
```
# create scatter chart
sns.relplot(x = "Emission_Value_per_capita", y = "Emission_Value_total",
data = df_emission_top_countries, kind ="scatter")
plt.xticks(rotation = 90)
plt.xlabel("Emission Per Capita")
plt.ylabel("Total Emission Annually (thousand metric tons)")
```

Use seaborn's relplot() method to draw scatter chart by setting "kind" parameter to "scatter".

plt.show()

The chart shows that Emission Total and Emission Per Capita has not apparent linear relationship.

Copyright 2022, www.thecodingfun.com
Internal Use Only. Please DO NOT distribute.





Enjoy the Coding and Have Fun!