

2 Git Commands and User Interface

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SPC Git/GitHub Workshop Noumea, 13 April 2022

Overview



First steps clone, status, diff

Submitting changes add, commit, push

Refresh and document pull, log, tag

Undo things rm, checkout, clean, reset

User interface command line, rstudio, web browser, other



First Steps

First Steps



clone Download a copy of remote repo to your computer

status See files you have changed

diff See lines you have changed

.git is a hidden folder containing a database of tracked changes



Submitting Changes

Submitting Changes



add Specify files to commit

commit Describe what was changed

push Upload to remote repo

3-step combo move

Submitting Changes





Commit Messages



Tips for writing commit messages

Relatively short \sim 60 *char*

Describe purpose or specific things that were changed

Present tense often starting with a verb like 'Add', 'Improve', 'Document', ...

Examples

MFCL

skj22

yft-2017

Commit Messages







Refresh and Document

Refresh and Document



pull Refresh local repo download latest commits from remote repo

log View commit messages can also view on github.com

tag Mark significant commit with a nickname example: 2.0.0

SHA Hash



Every Git commit has a unique identifier

This identifier (SHA hash) is 40 characters long random combination of 0123456789abcdef

It's enough to use the first 7 characters

For example, the first commit of this workshop's GitHub repo:

e15ccce7ad92c6ae5a67b707816add8da25d4cfa

= e15ccce

We use tags to give commits meaningful nicknames



Undoing Things

Undoing Things



rm Remove file from repo it will still be 'remembered' in history

clean Remove files that are not part of the repo example: MFCL output files

reset Rewind to a previous snapshot of the project pull to go back to the 'present' (also) Un-add files



User Interface

User Interface



Command line Works on all computers, full Git functionality especially practical if you know the basic shell commands

RStudio Convenient if you're already using RStudio small subset of Git commands, noticeable lag, creates 'garbage' files

Web browser Commit history, files and lines changed, GitHub features

Other Most editors have Git support, also many dedicated Git clients view current changes (not yet committed)

User Interface (cont)



Arni's shell scripts and aliases

```
add, br, clone, co, commit, di, log, merge, pull, push, reset, show, st, stash, tag
                                                                                 shorthand
    clone and rename OFP-SAM repo
commits
           that are not yet pushed
     Emacs Magit
eg
files
      that were changed in a given commit
lfh
     log-full | head
shortlog show commits by author
tag-delete
            remote repo
url
    show remote repo location
br-full, commits-full, files-full, log-full, shortlog-full, show-full, tag-full
```

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