Numerical Methods

Week 8 code

_____ function [V, variance] = mc_euro_call(S, E, T, r, sigma, N) % MC_EURO_CALL2 - Pricing of European call option by the Monte Carlo method % S - The underlying price - Strike price % E - Time to expiration % T - The interest rate % r - The volatility % sigma - Number of MC samples % N % V - The corresponding option price x = randn(N,1); $ST = S*exp((r-0.5*sigma^2)*T+sigma*sqrt(T)*x);$ payoff = exp(-r*T)*max(0.,ST-E);V = mean(payoff); variance = var(payoff); _____ function [V, variance] = mc_euro_call2(S, E, T, r, sigma, N) % MC_EURO_CALL2 - Pricing of European call option by the Monte Carlo method - The underlying price % E - Strike price % T - Time to expiration % r - The interest rate - The volatility % sigma % N - Number of MC samples % V - The corresponding option price V = 0.;V2 = 0.; for k = 1:Nx = randn(1,1); $ST = S*exp((r-0.5*sigma^2)*T+sigma*sqrt(T)*x);$ payoff = exp(-r*T)*max(0.,ST-E);V = V + payoff; $V2 = V2+payoff^2;$ end V = V/N;variance = $V2/N - V^2$;

```
function [V, variance] = mc_euro_call_a(S, E, T, r, sigma, N)
\% MC_EURO_CALL2 - Pricing of European call option by the Monte Carlo method
% S
          - The underlying price
% E
          - Strike price
          - Time to expiration
% T
% r
          - The interest rate
% sigma - The volatility
% N
         - Number of MC samples
% V
          - The corresponding option price
x = randn(N,1);
ST1 = S*exp((r-0.5*sigma^2)*T+sigma*sqrt(T)*x);
payoff1 = exp(-r*T)*max(0.,ST1-E);
ST2 = S*exp((r-0.5*sigma^2)*T-sigma*sqrt(T)*x);
payoff2 = exp(-r*T)*max(0.,ST2-E);
payoff = 0.5*(payoff1+payoff2);
V = mean(payoff);
variance = var(payoff);
  _____
```

2