

## Report Nmap

### 1-Scansione -sT

Come prima richiesta vado ad effettuare una scansione nmap sull'ip di metasploitable con -sT . Come risultato avrò una lista delle porte TCP aperte

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ sudo nmap 192.168.50.101 -sT
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-11-10 08:17 EST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.50.101
Host is up (0.00051s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
21/tcp    open  ftp
22/tcp    open  ssh
23/tcp    open  telnet
25/tcp    open  smtp
53/tcp    open  domain
80/tcp    open  http
111/tcp   open  rpcbind
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn
445/tcp   open  microsoft-ds
512/tcp   open  exec
513/tcp   open  login
514/tcp   open  shell
1099/tcp  open  rmiregistry
1524/tcp  open  ingreslock
2049/tcp  open  nfs
2121/tcp  open  ccproxy-ftp
3306/tcp  open  mysql
5432/tcp  open  postgresql
5900/tcp  open  vnc
6000/tcp  open  X11
6667/tcp  open  irc
8009/tcp  open  ajp13
8180/tcp  open  unknown
MAC Address: 08:00:27:F0:63:36 (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 13.25 seconds
```

### 2-Scansione -sS

Come seconda richiesta faccio la scansione nmap sempre sull'ip di meta con -sS.

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ sudo nmap 192.168.50.101 -sS
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-11-10 08:16 EST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.50.101
Host is up (0.00014s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
21/tcp    open  ftp
22/tcp    open  ssh
23/tcp    open  telnet
25/tcp    open  smtp
53/tcp    open  domain
80/tcp    open  http
111/tcp   open  rpcbind
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn
445/tcp   open  microsoft-ds
512/tcp   open  exec
513/tcp   open  login
514/tcp   open  shell
1099/tcp  open  rmiregistry
1524/tcp  open  ingreslock
2049/tcp  open  nfs
2121/tcp  open  ccproxy-ftp
3306/tcp  open  mysql
5432/tcp  open  postgresql
5900/tcp  open  vnc
6000/tcp  open  X11
6667/tcp  open  irc
8009/tcp  open  ajp13
8180/tcp  open  unknown
MAC Address: 08:00:27:F0:63:36 (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 13.33 seconds
```

### 3-Scansione -A

Come terza richiesta faccio la stessa scansione ma con -A che abilita il rilevamento del sistema operativo, il rilevamento della versione, la scansione degli script e il traceroute

```
(kali@kali)~$ sudo nmap 192.168.50.101 -A
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-11-10 08:19 EST
Nmap scan report for 192.168.50.101
Host is up (0.00039s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE        VERSION
21/tcp    open  ftp            vsftpd 2.3.4
|_ftp-anon: Anonymous FTP login allowed (FTP code 230)
|_ftp-syst:
|_STAT:
|_FTP server status:
|_Connected to 192.168.50.100
|_Logged in as ftp
|_TYPE: ASCII
|_No session bandwidth limit
|_Session timeout in seconds is 300
|_Control connection is plain text
|_Data connections will be plain text
|_vsftpd 2.3.4 - secure, fast, stable
|_End of status
22/tcp    open  ssh            OpenSSH 4.7p1 Debian 8ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
|_ssh-hostkey:
|_1024 600fcfe1c05f6a74d69024fac4d56ccd (DSA)
|_2048 5656240f211ddea72bae61b1243de8f3 (RSA)
23/tcp    open  telnet         Linux telnetd
25/tcp    open  smtp           Postfix smtpd
|_smtp_commands: metasploitable.localdomain, PIPELINING, SIZE 10240000, VRFY, ETRN, STARTTLS, ENHANCEDSTATUSCODES, 8BITMIME, DSN
53/tcp    open  domain         ISC BIND 9.4.2
|_dns-nsid:
|_bind.version: 9.4.2
80/tcp    open  http           Apache httpd 2.2.8 ((Ubuntu) DAV/2)
|_http-title: Metasploitable2 - Linux
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2
111/tcp   open  rpcbind        2 (RPC #100000)
|_rpcinfo:
|_program version port/proto service
|_100000 2 111/tcp rpcbind
|_100000 2 111/udp rpcbind
|_100003 2,3,4 2049/tcp nfs
|_100003 2,3,4 2049/udp nfs
|_100005 1,2,3 51018/udp mountd
|_100005 1,2,3 57625/tcp mountd
|_100021 1,3,4 39427/tcp nlockmgr
|_100021 1,3,4 50750/udp nlockmgr
|_100024 1 42547/tcp status
|_100024 1 46483/udp status
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn    Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
445/tcp   open  netbios-ssn    Samba smbd 3.0.20-Debian (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
512/tcp   open  exec           netkit-rsh rexecd
513/tcp   open  login?
514/tcp   open  shell          Netkit rshd
1524/tcp  open  bindshell      Metasploitable root shell
2049/tcp  open  nfs            2-4 (RPC #100003)
2121/tcp  open  ftp            ProFTPD 1.3.1
3306/tcp  open  mysql          MySQL 5.0.51a-3ubuntu5
|_mysql-info:
|_Protocol: 10
|_Version: 5.0.51a-3ubuntu5
|_Thread ID: 8
|_Capabilities flags: 43564
|_Some Capabilities: LongColumnFlag, Support41Auth, SupportsTransactions, SwitchToSSLAfterHandshake, ConnectWithDatabase, Speaks41ProtocolNew, SupportsCompression
|_Status: Autocommit
|_Salt: T6NHA30R+IaG-fb968,P
5432/tcp  open  postgresql     PostgreSQL DB 8.3.0 - 8.3.7
|_ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=ubuntu004-base.localdomain/organizationName=OCA/StateOrProvinceName=There is no such thing outside US/countryName=XX
|_Not valid before: 2010-03-17T14:07:45
|_Not valid after: 2010-04-16T14:07:45
|_ssl-date: 2022-11-10T13:21:40+00:00; -1s from scanner time.
5900/tcp  open  vnc            VNC (protocol 3.3)
|_vnc-info:
|_Protocol version: 3.3
|_Security types:
|_VNC Authentication (2)
6000/tcp  open  X11            (access denied)
6667/tcp  open  irc            UnrealIRCd
8009/tcp  open  ajp13          Apache Jserv (Protocol v1.3)
|_ajp-methods: Failed to get a valid response for the OPTIONS request
8180/tcp  open  http           Apache Tomcat/Coyote JSP engine 1.1
|_http-favicon: Apache Tomcat
|_http-title: Apache Tomcat/5.5
MAC Address: 08:00:27:F0:63:36 (Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Device type: general purpose
Running: Linux 2.6.X
OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:2.6
OS details: Linux 2.6.9 - 2.6.33
Network Distance: 1 hop
Service Info: Hosts: metasploitable.localdomain, irc.Metasploitable.LAN; OSs: Unix, Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

Host script results:
|_nbstat: NetBIOS name: METASPLOITABLE, NetBIOS user: <unknown>, NetBIOS MAC: 000000000000 (Xerox)
|_smb2-time: Protocol negotiation failed (SMB2)
|_smb-security-mode:
|_account_used: guest
|_authentication_level: user
|_challenge_response: supported
|_message_signing: disabled (dangerous, but default)
|_smb-os-discovery:
|_OS: Unix (Samba 3.0.20-Debian)
|_Computer name: metasploitable
```

#### TRACEROUTE

```
HOP RTT ADDRESS
1 0.39 ms 192.168.50.101
```

OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at <http://s://nmap.org/submit/>.

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 142.85 seconds

### 4-Evidenziare differenza tra TCP(-sT) e SYN(-sS)

Ho effettuando la scansione con Wireshark e andando a filtrare una porta specifica vado a vedere le differenze.

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
27	13.100747177	192.168.50.100	192.168.50...	TCP	60	33716 → 53 [SYN] Seq=0 Win
35	13.100883526	192.168.50.101	192.168.50...	TCP	62	53 → 33716 [SYN, ACK] Seq
37	13.100905986	192.168.50.100	192.168.50...	TCP	56	33716 → 53 [RST] Seq=1 Win

In questa prima foto la scansione SYN e vediamo come una volta ricevuto il pacchetto SYN/ACK capisce che la porta è aperta chiude la comunicazione con un RST(reset).

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
62	0.001510898	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	76	35196 → 53 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=642
74	0.001708095	192.168.50.101	192.168.50.100	TCP	76	53 → 35196 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ac
76	0.001717092	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	68	35196 → 53 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 W
85	0.001872079	192.168.50.100	192.168.50.101	TCP	68	35196 → 53 [RST, ACK] Seq=1 Ac

In questa seconda foto invece con la scansione TCP(-sT), vediamo come a differenza della scansione SYN ,nmap completa il 3-way-handshake creando così il canale.

##### 5-Tabella con i risultati delle scan

Fonte dello scan	Destinazione	Tipo di scan	Risultati
Linux 192.168.50.100	Meta 192.168.50.101	-sT	12 servizi attivi per le porte well know
Linux 192.168.50.100	Meta 192.168.50.101	-sS	12 servizi attivi per le porte well know
Linux 192.168.50.100	Meta 192.168.50.101	-A	12 servizi attivi per le porte well know