

DESCRIPTION OF PRACTICALS

1. WAP in C language for converting infix expression into postfix expression.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#define SIZE 50
char stack[SIZE];
int top=-1;
push(char elem)
{
    stack[++top]=elem;
}
char pop()
{
    return(stack[top--]);
}
int pr(char symbol)
{
    if(symbol == '^')
    {
        return(3);
    }
    else if(symbol == '*' || symbol == '/')
    {
        return(2);
    }
    else if(symbol == '+' || symbol == '-')
    {
        return(1);
    }
    else
    {
        return(0);
    }
}
void main()
{
    char infix[50],postfix[50],ch,elem;
    int i=0,k=0;
    printf("Enter Infix Expression : ");
    scanf("%s",infix);
    push('#');
    while( (ch=infix[i++]) != '\0')
    {
        if( ch == '(') push(ch);
        else
            if(isalnum(ch)) postfix[k++]=ch;
        else
            if( ch == ')')
            {

```

```

        while( stack[top] != '(')
            postfix[k++]=pop();
        elem=pop();
    }
    else
    {
        while( pr(stack[top]) >= pr(ch) )
            postfix[k++]=pop();
        push(ch);
    }
}
while( stack[top] != '#')
    postfix[k++]=pop();
postfix[k]='\0';
printf("\nPostfix Expression = %s\n",postfix);
}

```

Output:

```

Enter Infix Expression : A*(B+C)-D
Postfix Expression = ABC+*D-

```

2. WAP in C language for a string that accepts alphabets a & b and ended with ab.

Code:

```

#include<stdio.h>
#define max 100
main() {
    char str[max],f='1';
    int i;
    printf("enter the string to be checked: ");
    scanf("%s",str);
    for(i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++) {
        switch(f) {
            case '1': if(str[i]=='a') f='2';
                       else if(str[i]=='b') f='1';
            break;
            case '2': if(str[i]=='a') f='2';
                       else if(str[i]=='b') f='3';
            break;
            case '3': if(str[i]=='a') f='2';
                       else if(str[i]=='b') f='3';
            break;
        }
    }
    if(f=='3')
        printf("String is accepted", f);
    else printf("String is not accepted", f);
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

```
enter the string to be checked: baaaaaba
String is not accepted
```

3. WAP in C language to check the given no. is an integer, float or exponential.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {
    char number[100];
    int flag = 0;
    printf("Enter the number to check itself: ");
    scanf("%s", number);
    for (int i = 0; number[i] != 0; i++) {
        if (number[i] == '.') {
            flag = 1;
            break;
        }
    }
    if (flag)
    {
        printf("\n%s is a floating-point number.\n", number);
    }
    else{
        printf("\n%s is an integer number.\n", number);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
Enter the number to check itself: 10.2

10.2 is a floating-point number.
```

4. WAP in C language to find out identifiers, keywords and operators in syntax.

Code:

```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
bool isDelimiter(char ch)
{
    if (ch == ' ' || ch == '+' || ch == '-' || ch == '*' ||
```

```

        ch == '/' || ch == ';' || ch == ':' || ch == '>' ||
        ch == '<' || ch == '=' || ch == '(' || ch == ')' ||
        ch == '[' || ch == ']' || ch == '{' || ch == '}')
        return (true);
    return (false);
}
bool isOperator(char ch)
{
    if (ch == '+' || ch == '-' || ch == '*' ||
        ch == '/' || ch == '>' || ch == '<' ||
        ch == '=')
        return (true);
    return (false);
}
bool validIdentifier(char* str)
{
    if (str[0] == '0' || str[0] == '1' || str[0] == '2' ||
        str[0] == '3' || str[0] == '4' || str[0] == '5' ||
        str[0] == '6' || str[0] == '7' || str[0] == '8' ||
        str[0] == '9' || isDelimiter(str[0]) == true)
        return (false);
    return (true);
}
bool isKeyword(char* str)
{
    if (!strcmp(str, "if") || !strcmp(str, "else") ||
        !strcmp(str, "while") || !strcmp(str, "do") ||
        !strcmp(str, "break") ||
        !strcmp(str, "continue") || !strcmp(str, "int")
        || !strcmp(str, "double") || !strcmp(str, "float")
        || !strcmp(str, "return") || !strcmp(str, "char")
        || !strcmp(str, "case") || !strcmp(str, "char")
        || !strcmp(str, "sizeof") || !strcmp(str, "long")
        || !strcmp(str, "short") || !strcmp(str, "typedef")
        || !strcmp(str, "switch") || !strcmp(str, "unsigned")
        || !strcmp(str, "void") || !strcmp(str, "static")
        || !strcmp(str, "struct") || !strcmp(str, "goto"))
        return (true);
    return (false);
}
bool isInteger(char* str)
{
    int i, len = strlen(str);

    if (len == 0)
        return (false);
    for (i = 0; i < len; i++) {
        if (str[i] != '0' && str[i] != '1' && str[i] != '2'
            && str[i] != '3' && str[i] != '4' && str[i] != '5'
            && str[i] != '6' && str[i] != '7' && str[i] != '8'
            && str[i] != '9' || (str[i] == '-' && i > 0))
            return (false);
    }
    return (true);
}
bool isRealNumber(char* str)

```

```

{
    int i, len = strlen(str);
    bool hasDecimal = false;

    if (len == 0)
        return (false);
    for (i = 0; i < len; i++) {
        if (str[i] != '0' && str[i] != '1' && str[i] != '2'
            && str[i] != '3' && str[i] != '4' && str[i] != '5'
            && str[i] != '6' && str[i] != '7' && str[i] != '8'
            && str[i] != '9' && str[i] != '.' ||
            (str[i] == '-' && i > 0))
            return (false);
        if (str[i] == '.')
            hasDecimal = true;
    }
    return (hasDecimal);
}

char* subString(char* str, int left, int right)
{
    int i;
    char* subStr = (char*)malloc(
        sizeof(char) * (right - left + 2));

    for (i = left; i <= right; i++)
        subStr[i - left] = str[i];
    subStr[right - left + 1] = '\0';
    return (subStr);
}

void parse(char* str)
{
    int left = 0, right = 0;
    int len = strlen(str);

    while (right <= len && left <= right) {
        if (isDelimiter(str[right]) == false)
            right++;

        if (isDelimiter(str[right]) == true && left == right) {
            if (isOperator(str[right]) == true)
                printf("%c' IS AN OPERATOR\n", str[right]);

            right++;
            left = right;
        } else if (isDelimiter(str[right]) == true && left != right
            || (right == len && left != right)) {
            char* subStr = subString(str, left, right - 1);

            if (isKeyword(subStr) == true)
                printf("%s' IS A KEYWORD\n", subStr);

            else if (isInteger(subStr) == true)
                printf("%s' IS AN INTEGER\n", subStr);

            else if (isRealNumber(subStr) == true)
                printf("%s' IS A REAL NUMBER\n", subStr);
        }
    }
}

```

```

        else if (validIdentifier(subStr) == true
                && isDelimiter(str[right - 1]) == false)
            printf("%s' IS A VALID IDENTIFIER\n", subStr);

        else if (validIdentifier(subStr) == false
                && isDelimiter(str[right - 1]) == false)
            printf("%s' IS NOT A VALID IDENTIFIER\n", subStr);
        left = right;
    }
}
return;
}
int main()
{
    char str[100];
    printf("Enter Expression : ");
    scanf("%s",str);
    parse(str);
    return (0);
}

```

Output:

```

Enter Expression : a=b+1c
'a' IS A VALID IDENTIFIER
'=' IS AN OPERATOR
'b' IS A VALID IDENTIFIER
'+' IS AN OPERATOR
'1c' IS NOT A VALID IDENTIFIER

```

5. WAP in C language for removing Left Recursion from given grammar.

Code:

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#define SIZE 10
int main () {
    char non_terminal;
    char beta,alpha;
    int num;
    char production[10][SIZE];
    int index=3; /* starting of the string following "->" */
    printf("Enter Number of Production : ");
    scanf("%d",&num);
    printf("Enter the grammar as E->E-A : \n");
    for(int i=0;i<num;i++){
        scanf("%s",production[i]);
    }
    for(int i=0;i<num;i++){
        printf("\nGRAMMAR : : : %s",production[i]);
        non_terminal=production[i][0];
        if(non_terminal==production[i][index]) {
            alpha=production[i][index+1];

```

```

printf(" is left recursive.\n");
while(production[i][index]!=0 && production[i][index]!='\n')
index++;
if(production[i][index]!=0) {
beta=production[i][index+1];
printf("Grammar without left recursion:\n");
printf("%c->%c%c\n",non_terminal,beta,non_terminal);
printf("\n%c'\->%c%c'\n",non_terminal,alpha,non_terminal);
}
else
printf(" can't be reduced\n");
}
else
printf(" is not left recursive.\n");
index=3;
}
}

```

Output:

```

Enter Number of Production : 2
Enter the grammar as E->E-A :
E->EA|A
A->AT|a

GRAMMAR : : : E->EA|A is left recursive.
Grammar without left recursion:
E->AE'
E'->AE'|E

GRAMMAR : : : A->AT|a is left recursive.
Grammar without left recursion:
A->aA'
A'->TA'|E

```

6. WAP in C language for removing Left Factoring from given grammar.

Code:

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main()
{
    char gram[20],part1[20],part2[20],modifiedGram[20],newGram[20],tempGram[20];
    int i,j=0,k=0,l=0,pos;
    printf("Enter Production : A->");
    gets(gram);
    for(i=0;gram[i]!='\n';i++,j++)
        part1[j]=gram[i];
    part1[j]='\0';
    for(j=++i,i=0;gram[j]!='\0';j++,i++)
        part2[i]=gram[j];
    part2[i]='\0';

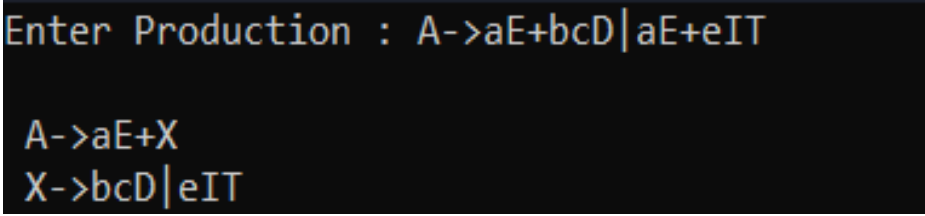
```

```

for(i=0;i<strlen(part1)||i<strlen(part2);i++)
{
    if(part1[i]==part2[i])
    {
        modifiedGram[k]=part1[i];
        k++;
        pos=i+1;
    }
}
for(i=pos,j=0;part1[i]!='\0';i++,j++){
    newGram[j]=part1[i];
}
newGram[j++]='|';
for(i=pos;part2[i]!='\0';i++,j++){
    newGram[j]=part2[i];
}
modifiedGram[k]='X';
modifiedGram[++k]='\0';
newGram[j]='\0';
printf("\n A->%s",modifiedGram);
printf("\n X->%s\n",newGram);
}

```

Output:



```

Enter Production : A->aE+bcD|aE+eIT

A->aE+X
X->bcD|eIT

```

7. WAP in C language to compute First () for given grammar.

Code:

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<ctype.h>
void FIRST(char[],char );
void addToResultSet(char[],char);
int num Productions;
char productionSet[10][10];
main()
{
    int i;
    char choice;
    char c;
    char result[20];
    printf("How many number of productions ? :");
    scanf(" %d",&numOfProductions);
    for(i=0;i<numOfProductions;i++)
    {
        printf("Enter productions Number %d : ",i+1);
        scanf(" %s",productionSet[i]);
    }
    do
    {

```



```

    printf("\n Find the FIRST of :");
    scanf(" %c",&c);
    FIRST(result,c);
    printf("\n FIRST(%c)= { ",c);
    for(i=0;result[i]!='\0';i++)
        printf(" %c ",result[i]);
    printf(" }\n");
    printf("press 'y' to continue : ");
    scanf(" %c",&choice);
}
while(choice=='y'||choice=='Y');
}
void FIRST(char* Result,char c)
{
    int i,j,k;
    char subResult[20];
    int foundEpsilon;
    subResult[0]='\0';
    Result[0]='\0';
    if(!(isupper(c)))
    {
        addToResultSet(Result,c);
        return ;
    }
    for(i=0;i<numOfProductions;i++)
    {
        if(productionSet[i][0]==c)
        {
            if(productionSet[i][2]=='$') addToResultSet(Result,$);
            else
            {
                j=2;
                while(productionSet[i][j]!='\0')
                {
                    foundEpsilon=0;
                    FIRST(subResult,productionSet[i][j]);
                    for(k=0;subResult[k]!='\0';k++)
                        addToResultSet(Result,subResult[k]);
                    for(k=0;subResult[k]!='\0';k++)
                        if(subResult[k]=='$')
                        {
                            foundEpsilon=1;
                            break;
                        }
                    if(!foundEpsilon)
                        break;
                }
                j++;
            }
        }
    }
}
return ;
}

void addToResultSet(char Result[],char val)
{

```

```

int k;
for(k=0 ;Result[k]!='\0';k++)
    if(Result[k]==val)
        return;
Result[k]=val;
Result[k+1]='\0';
}

```

Output:

```

How many number of productions ? :8
Enter productions Number 1 : E=TD
Enter productions Number 2 : D=+TD
Enter productions Number 3 : D=$
Enter productions Number 4 : T=FS
Enter productions Number 5 : S=*FS
Enter productions Number 6 : S=$
Enter productions Number 7 : F=(E)
Enter productions Number 8 : F=a

Find the FIRST of :E
FIRST(E)= { ( a ) }
press 'y' to continue : y

Find the FIRST of :D
FIRST(D)= { + $ }
press 'y' to continue : y

Find the FIRST of :T
FIRST(T)= { ( a ) }
press 'y' to continue : y

Find the FIRST of :S
FIRST(S)= { * $ }
press 'y' to continue :

```

8. WAP in C language to compute Follow () for given grammar.

Code:

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int n,m=0,p,i=0,j=0;
char a[10][10],f[10];
void follow(char c);
void first(char c);
int main()
{
    int i,z;
    char c,ch;
    printf("Enter the no.of productions:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Enter the productions(epsilon=$):\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        scanf("%s%c",a[i],&ch);

    do
    {
        m=0;
        printf("Enter the element whose FOLLOW is to be found:");

        scanf("%c",&c);
        follow(c);
        printf("FOLLOW(%c) = { ",c);
        for(i=0;i<m;i++)
            printf("%c ",f[i]);
        printf(" }\n");
        printf("Do you want to continue(0/1)?");
        scanf("%d%c",&z,&ch);
    }
}

```

```

    }
    while(z==1);
}
void follow(char c)
{

    if(a[0][0]==c)f[m++]=('$');
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        for(j=2;j<strlen(a[i]);j++)
        {
            if(a[i][j]==c)
            {
                if(a[i][j+1]!='\0')first(a[i][j+1]);

                if(a[i][j+1]=='\0'&&c!=a[i][0])
                    follow(a[i][0]);

            }
        }
    }
}
void first(char c)
{
    int k;
    if(!(isupper(c)))f[m++]=c;
    for(k=0;k<n;k++)
    {
        if(a[k][0]==c)
        {
            if(a[k][2]=='$') follow(a[i][0]);
            else if(islower(a[k][2]))f[m++]=a[k][2];
            else first(a[k][2]);
        }
    }
}

```

Output:

```

Enter the no.of productions:8
Enter the productions(epsilon=$):
E=TD
D=+TD
D=$
T=FS
S=*FS
S=$
F=(E)
F=a
Enter the element whose FOLLOW is to be found:E
FOLLOW(E) = { $ ) }
Do you want to continue(0/1)?1
Enter the element whose FOLLOW is to be found:T
FOLLOW(T) = { + $ ) }
Do you want to continue(0/1)?1
Enter the element whose FOLLOW is to be found:S
FOLLOW(S) = { + $ ) }
Do you want to continue(0/1)?

```

9. WAP in C language to recognize strings under 'a', 'a*b+ ', 'abb'.

Code:

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void main()
{
char s[20],c;
int state=0,i=0;

printf("\n Enter a string:");
gets(s);
while(s[i]!='\0')
{
switch(state)
{
case 0: c=s[i++];
if(c=='a')
state=1;
else if(c=='b')
state=2;
else
state=6;
break;
case 1: c=s[i++];
if(c=='a')
state=3;
else if(c=='b')
state=4;
else
state=6;
break;
case 2: c=s[i++];

```

```

if(c=='a')
state=6;
else if(c=='b')
state=2;
else
state=6;
break;
case 3: c=s[i++];
if(c=='a')
state=3;
else if(c=='b')
state=2;
else
state=6;
break;
case 4: c=s[i++];
if(c=='a')
state=6;

else if(c=='b')
state=5;
else
state=6;
break;
case 5: c=s[i++];
if(c=='a')
state=6;
else if(c=='b')
state=2;
else
state=6;
break;
case 6: printf("\n %s is not recognised.",s);
exit(0);
}
}
if(state==1)
printf("\n %s is accepted under rule 'a'",s);
else if((state==2)||(state==4))
printf("\n %s is accepted under rule 'a*b+'",s);
else if(state==5)
printf("\n %s is accepted under rule 'abb'",s);
getch();
}

```

Output:

Enter a string:aaaabbbbb

aaaabbbbb is accepted under rule 'a*b+'

10. WAP in C language to identify whether a given line is a comment or not.

Code:

Create Binary Tree & Tree Traversal:

```
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<stdio.h>
struct node{
    int data;
    struct node *left;
    struct node *right;
};
typedef struct node;
void print_preorder(struct node * root){
    if (root){
        printf("%d\n",root->data);
        print_preorder(root->left);
        print_preorder(root->right);}
}

void print_inorder(struct node * root){
    if (root){
        print_inorder(root->left);
        printf("%d\n",root->data);
        print_inorder(root->right);}
}

void print_postorder(struct node * root){
    if (root){
        print_postorder(root->left);
        print_postorder(root->right);
        printf("%d\n",root->data);}
}


void main(){
    int i,n,val,ch;
    struct node *p , *q , *root;
    root = NULL;
    printf(" Create Binary Tree & Tree Traversal: ");
    printf(" \n 1. create \n 2. print_preorder \n 3. print_inorder \n 4. print_postorder \n 5. exit ");
    while (1){
        printf("\n enter your choice : ");
        scanf("%d",&ch);
        switch(ch){
        case 1:{
            printf("\n Enter the number of nodes : ");
            scanf("%d",&n);
            for(i=0;i<n;i++){
                p = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
                scanf("%d",&p->data);
                p->left = NULL;
                p->right = NULL;
                if(i == 0){
                    root = p;}
                else{
                    q = root;
                    while(1)
                        if(p->data > q->data){
                            if(q->right == NULL){
```

```

        q->right = p;
        break;}
    else
        q = q->right;}
else{
    if(q->left == NULL){
        q->left = p;
        break;}
    else
        q = q->left;}}}}
    break;}
case 2:{
    printf("\n Pre Order Display : \n");
    print_preorder(root);
    break;}
case 3:{
    printf("\n In Order Display : \n");
    print_inorder(root);
    break;}
case 4:{
    printf("\n Post Order Display : \n");
    print_postorder(root);
    break;}
case 5:{
    exit(0);}}
}

```

Output:



```

Enter comment://hello

It is a comment

```

11.WAP in C language to convert a regular expression into NFA.

Code:

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<ctype.h>
int r[100];
static int pos = 0;
static int sc = 0;
void nfa(int st, int p, char*s)
{
    int i,sp,fs[15],fsc=0;
    sp=st;pos=p;sc=st;
    while(*s!=NULL)
    {
        if(isalpha(*s))
        {
            r[pos++]=sp;
            r[pos++]=*s;
            r[pos++]=++sc;}
        if(*s=='.')

```

```

{
    sp=sc;
    r[pos++]=sc;
    r[pos++]=238;
    r[pos++]=++sc;
    sp=sc;
}
if(*s=='|')
{
    sp=st;
    fs[fsc++]=sc;
}
if(*s=='*')
{
    r[pos++]=sc;
    r[pos++]=238;
    r[pos++]=sp;
    r[pos++]=sp;
    r[pos++]=238;
    r[pos++]=sc;
}
if(*s=='(')
{
    char ps[50];
    int i=0,flag=1;
    s++;
    while(flag!=0)
    {
        ps[i++]=*s;
        if(*s=='(')
            flag++;
        if(*s==')')
            flag--;
        s++;
    }
    ps[--i]='\0';
    nfa(sc,pos,ps);
    s--;
}
s++;
}
sc++;
for(i=0;i<fsc;i++)
{
    r[pos++]=fs[i];
    r[pos++]=238;
    r[pos++]=sc;
}
r[pos++]=sc-1;
r[pos++]=238;
r[pos++]=sc;
}
void main()
{
    int i;
    char *inp;

```



```

printf("enter the regular expression :");
gets(inp);
nfa(1,0,inp);
printf("\nstate input state\n");
for(i=0;i<pos;i=i+3)
printf("%d --%c--> %d\n", r[i], r[i+1], r[i+2]);
printf("\n");
getch();
}

```

Output:

```

enter the regular expression :a+b
state input state
1  --a--> 2
1  --b--> 3
3  --ε--> 4

```

12.WAP in C language to count no. of white-spaces and new lines in a program segment.

Code:

```

#include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
    char str [81];
    int nletter, ndigit, nspace, nother;
    int i;
    printf("Enter a line of text:\n");
    gets(str);
    nletter = ndigit = nspace = nother = 0;
    i = 0;
    while (str[i] != '\0')
    {
        char ch= str[i];
        if (ch>= 'A' && ch<= 'Z' || ch>= 'a' && ch<= 'z')
            nletter++;
        else if (ch>= '0' && ch<= '9')
            ndigit++;
        else if (ch == ' ' || ch == '\n' || ch == '\t')
            nspace++;
        else nother++;
        i++;
    }
    printf("Letters: %d \tWhite spaces : %d", nletter, nspace);
    printf(" Digits : %d \tOther chars : %d\n", ndigit, nother);
    getch();
}

```

Output:

```

Enter a line of text:
1- Today is beautiful day but I am not see.(By Blind Person)
Letters: 44      White spaces : 11 Digits : 1      Other chars : 4

```

13.WAP in C language to implement Symbol Table for a given program segment.

Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<ctype.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void main()
{
    int x=0, n, i=0,j=0;
    void *mypointer,*T4Tutorials_address[5];
    char ch,T4Tutorials_Search,T4Tutorials_Array2[15],T4Tutorials_Array3[15],c;
    printf("Input the expression ending with $ sign:");
    while((c=getchar())!='$')
    {
        T4Tutorials_Array2[i]=c;
        i++;
    }
    n=i-1;
    printf("Given Expression:");
    i=0;
    while(i<=n)
    {
        printf("%c",T4Tutorials_Array2[i]);
        i++;
    }
    printf("\n Symbol Table display\n");
    printf("Symbol \t addr \t type");
    while(j<=n)
    {
        c=T4Tutorials_Array2[j];
        if(isalpha(toascii(c)))
        {
            mypointer=malloc(c);
            T4Tutorials_address[x]=mypointer;
            T4Tutorials_Array3[x]=c;
            printf("\n%c \t %d \t identifier\n",c,mypointer);
            x++;
            j++;
        }
        else
        {
            ch=c;
            if(ch=='+'||ch=='-'||ch=='*'||ch=='=')
            {
                mypointer=malloc(ch);
                T4Tutorials_address[x]=mypointer;
                T4Tutorials_Array3[x]=ch;
                printf("\n %c \t %d \t operator\n",ch,mypointer);
                x++;
                j++;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Output:

```
Input the expression ending with $ sign:x=a+b
$
Given Expression:x=a+b

Symbol Table display
Symbol  addr    type
x        6909008    identifier
=        6909136    operator
a        6909216    identifier
+        6909328    operator
b        6909392    identifier
```

14. WAP in C language to test whether a given identifier is valid or not.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<ctype.h>
void main()
{
    char a[10]
    int flag, i=1
    clrscr()
    printf("\n Enter an identifier:")
    gets(a)
    if(isalpha(a[0])) flag=1
    else printf("\n Not a valid identifier")
    while(a[i]!='\0') { if(!isdigit(a[i])&&!isalpha(a[i])) { flag=0
    break
    } i++
    } if(flag==1) printf("\n Valid identifier")
    getch()
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Enter an identifier: first

Valid identifier

Enter an identifier: 1aqw

Not a valid identifier
```

15.WAP in C language to find out whether the given grammar is LL(1) or not ,Grammar: $E \rightarrow TE'$, $E' \rightarrow +TE'$ | ϵ , $T \rightarrow FT'$, $T' \rightarrow *FT'$ | ϵ , $F \rightarrow (E)$ | id.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<ctype.h>
char ch;
#define id 0
#define CONST 1
#define mulop 2
#define addop 3
#define op 4
#define cp 5
#define err 6
#define col 7
#define size 50
int token;
char lexbuff[size];
int lookahead=0;
int main() {
clrscr();
printf(" Enter the string :");
gets(lexbuff);
parser();
return 0; }
parser() {
if(E())
printf("valid string");
else
printf("invalid string");
getch();
return 0; }
E() {
if(T()) {
if(EPRIME())
return 1;
else
return 0;
}
else
return 0; }
T() {
if(F())
{
if(TPRIME())
return 1;
else
return 0;
}
else
return 0; }
```

```

EPRIME() {
    token=lexer();
    if(token==addop)

    {
        lookahead++;
        if(T())

        {
            if(EPRIME())
                return 1;
            else
                return 0;

        }
        else
            return 0;

    }
    els
    e
        return 1; }
TPRIME() {
    token=lexer();
    if(token==mulop)

    {
        lookahead++;
        if(F())

        {
            if(TPRIME())
                return 1;
            else
                return 0;

        }
        else
            return 0;

    }
    else
        return 1;
    }
F() {
    token=lexer();
    if(token==id)
        return 1;
    else

    {
        if(token==4)

        {
            if(E())

```

```

{
if(token==5)
return 1;
else
return 0;

}
else
return 0;

}
else
return 0; } }
lexer() {
if(lexbuff[lookahead]!='
\n')

{
while(lexbuff[lookahead]=='
\t')
lookahead++;
if(isalpha(lexbuff[lookahead]))

{
while(isalnum(lexbuff[lookahead]))
lookahead++;
return(id);

}
else

{
if(isdigit(lexbuff[lookahead]))

{
while(isdigit(lexbuff[lookahead]))
lookahead++;
return CONST;

}
else

{
if(lexbuff[lookahead]=='+')

{
return(addop);

}
else

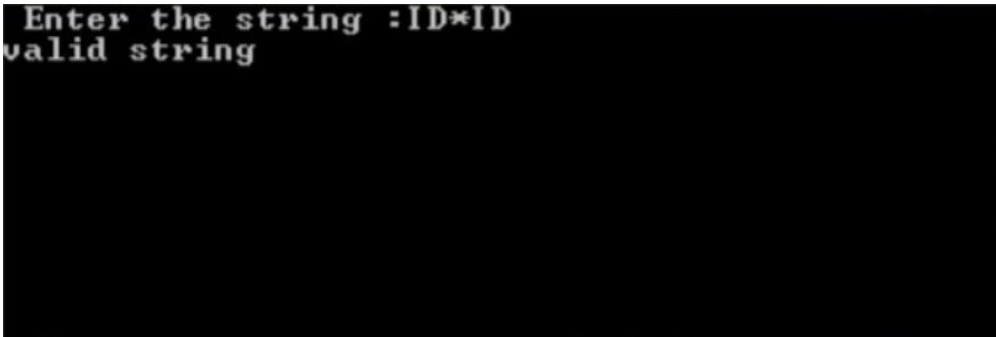
{
if(lexbuff[lookahead]=='*') {
return(mulop); }
else {
if(lexbuff[lookahead]=='(')

```

```
{
lookahead++;
return(op);

}
else
{
if(lexbuff[lookahead]==')')
{
return(op);
}
else
{
return(err);
}
}
}
}
}
}
else
return (col);
}
```

OUTPUT



```
Enter the string :ID*ID
valid string
```