Activity Mathematics: Pattern Classification in Dense Sensor Fields A brief summary of work to date

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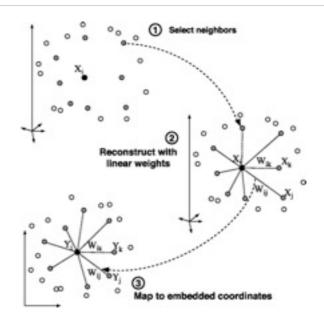
Major Ideas

- Dimensionality Reduction
- Clustering
- Pattern Matching
- Other Ideas

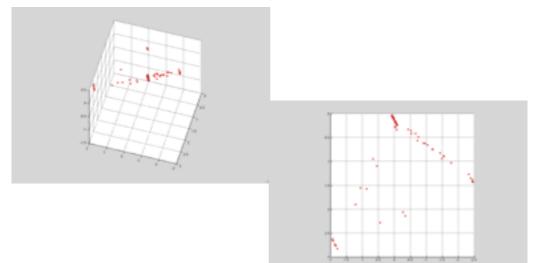
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Locally Linear Embedding



LLE - Results



Warning: Matrix is close to singular or badly scaled.

Results may be inaccurate. RCOND = 3.700743e-17.

> In eigs>AminusSigmaBsolve at 1204 In eigs at 257

In IleMod at 119 In run at 69

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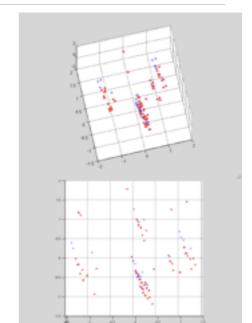
In eigs at 257 In IleMod at 119

In run at 69 Done.

LLE - What's left?

- Assumption of locally linear data valid?
- AMPLE
- Distance metric definition
 - Walk and Loiter distance

Principal Component Analysis



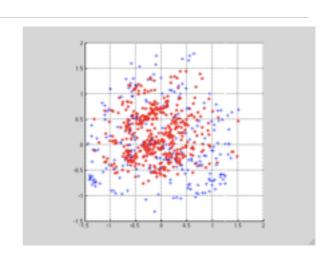
Dataset: (Dense)

1000 Points

100 Loitering Events

100 Walk Left Events

100 Walk Right Events



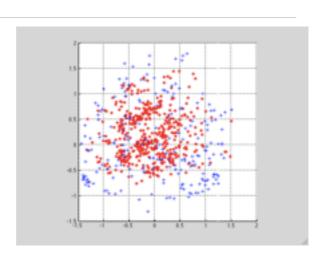
Dataset: (Sparse)

1000 Points

10 Loitering Events

10 Walk Left Events

10 Walk Right Events



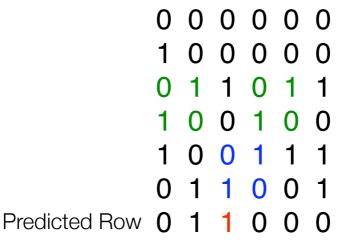
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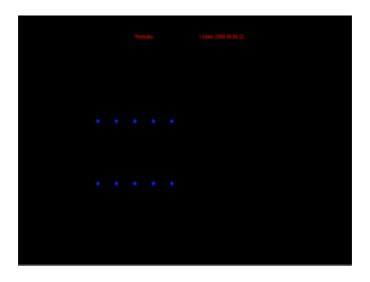
Closest Pattern Matching (CPM)

```
0 0 0 0 0
          10000
          0 1 1 0 1 1
          100100
          1 0 0 1 1 1
          0 1 1 0 0 1
Predicted Row 0 1 1 0 0 0
```

CPM - Continued



CPM - Continued



Growing Pattern CPM

```
00000
               0 0 0 0 0
                              0 0 0 0 0
                                             00000
100000
               100000
                              100000
                                             100000
0 1 1 0 1 1
               0 1 1 0 1 1
                              0 1 1 0 1 1
                                             0 1 1 0 1 1
                              100100
100100
               100100
                                             100100
100111
               100111
                              100111
                                             100111
0 1 1 0 0 1
               0 1 1 0 0 1
                              0 1 1 0 0 1
                                             0 1 1 0 0 1
0 1 1 0 0 0
               0 1 1 0 0 0
                              0 1 1 0 0 0
                                             0 1 1 0 0 0
```

Growing Pattern CPM

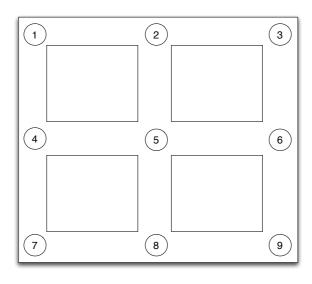
```
0 0 0 0 0 0
1 0 0 0 0
0 1 1 0 1 1
1 0 0 1 0 0
1 0 0 1 1 1
0 1 1 0 0 1
0 1 1 0 0 0
```

Growing Pattern CPM

CPM Problem

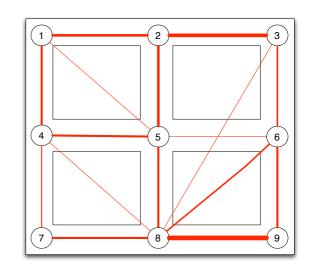


CPM - Problem



CPM - Future

Dynamically create patterns based on correlation score.



CPM - Future

Pearson Correlation

$$\rho_{X,Y} = \frac{E(XY) - E(X)E(Y)}{\sqrt{E(X^2) - E^2(X)} \sqrt{E(Y^2) - E^2(Y)}}.$$

Entropy Correlation

$$H(X) = \mathbb{E}(I(X)) = -\sum_{i=1}^{n} p(x_i) \log_2 p(x_i)$$

$$H(Y|X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \sum_{x \in X} p(x) H(Y|X = x)$$

$$= -\sum_{x \in X} p(x) \sum_{y \in Y} p(y|x) \log p(y|x)$$

$$= -\sum_{x \in X} \sum_{y \in Y} p(y,x) \log p(y|x)$$

$$= -E_{p(x,y)} \log p(y|x).$$

CPM - Future

- Construct a model per sensor
- Preprocess the data
 - Compress over time
- Incorporate contextual models

Major Ideas

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Context Discovery and Model Linking

- How can we dynamically discover contexts using only state information?
 - Prior definition
 - Use a technique to dynamically create them.
 - Simulated Annealing with Latent Semantic Analysis as a move approximation metric
- Given a set of contexts do we need to aggregate them for better accuracy?

Non Pursued Paths

- Modifying CPM's pattern shape
- Match previously defined activities to events in dataset
- Attempt to classify nodes dynamically if they exhibit behavior outside the defined realm.
- Apply a boosting approach on top of a simple classifier