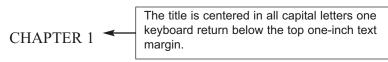
Example: Chapter page (three-level system). If printed two sided, the first page of each chapter begins on an odd-numbered, or right-hand page. Page numbers in the thesis body are in arabic numerals, beginning with one (1) on the first page of chapter 1. This system uses heading levels A, B, and C with varying indentations.



CHARACTERIZING THE RESPONSE OF A GPR

Calibrating the response of a GPR system is essential for making measurements of subsurface materials properties. Duke (1990) calibrated the overall response of a GPR system by making measurements of the . . .

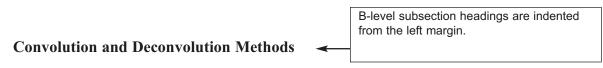
A least one paragraph of text must separate headings, subheadings and sub-subheadings.

Background and Previous Work

This chapter describes the methodology that has been used to determine the response of an impulse GPR. The characterization includes a response function for the receiving electronics, simulations



There are many techniques for making high frequency electrical measurements in electrical networks and antenna systems, and there are also many methods for manipulating the data from these measurements . . .



Convolution is a mathematical operation that can be used to describe how a linear network element modifies a signal as the signal passes through it . . .

Scattering Parameters Scattering parameters (S parameters) are often used to discuss the scattering of guided waves traveling in electrical networks

(Smith, 1995) . . . C-level subsection headings are indented incrementally from the B-level indentation margin. The text begins on the same line as the subheading.

The Response of the RTDGPR Receiving Electronics

