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USB Stack Composite Device User's Guide

1 Overview

This document describes steps to implement the composite device based on the USB stack.

The USB Stack provides three composite device demos, *hid+audio*, *msc+cdc*, and *mouse* + *keyboard*. However, users can create composite devices to fit their needs. This document is a step-by-step guide to create a customizable composite device.

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2 Introduction

The composite device combines multiple independent functionalities by unifying independent functionality code into one example. For example, the single functionality code for CDC is provided in the CDC example and the single functionality code for MSC is provided in the MSC example. Creating the CDC+MSC composite device example requires combining the CDC example code and MSC example code into a single example.

Composite device descriptors are combined from the single-function device descriptors. There are two single-function devices. Each device has an interfaces descriptor in a configuration descriptor. If the composite device is combined using two single function devices, the interface descriptor of each device should be merged into the composite device configuration descriptor.

Implementing a composite device involves combining the descriptors and the functionality of the single function devices.

3 Setup

Before developing the composite device, the user needs to:

- 1. Decide how many classes to include in this composite device.
- 2. Decide which types of classes to include in this composite device, for example, HID + AUDIO, HID + HID, and so on.
- 3. Prepare the device descriptor depending on the use case. Particularly, the IAD should be used for AUDIO/VIDEO class. For more information, see www.usb.org/developers/docs/whitepapers/iadclasscode r10.pdf.
- 4. Ensure that the functionality of the single function device code is valid.

3.1 Design Steps

- 1. A new composite device application should use the existing examples as a template.
- 2. Prepare the descriptor-related data structure to ensure that the correct information about the customized composite device is relayed to the USB device stack. See Section 4.
- 3. Prepare the descriptors array and ensure that the descriptors are consistent with the descriptor-related data structure. See Section 5.
- 4. Implement the specific descriptor-related callback function, which the USB Device stack calls to get the device descriptor. See Section 5.

4 USB Composite Device Structures

The USB composite device structures are defined in the USB stack code. The structures describe the class and are consistent with the descriptor. They are also used in single function examples.

4.1 usb_device_class_config_list_struct_t

This structure is required for the composite device and relays device callback, class callback, interface numbers, and endpoint numbers of each interface to the class driver. The structure should be placed in the "composite.c" file.

This is an example for a composite device MSD + CDC:

```
usb_device_class_config_list_struct_t g_compositeDeviceConfigList =
{
    .config = g_compositeDevice,
    .deviceCallback = USB_DeviceCallback,
    .count = 2,
};
```

The variable "count" holds the number of classes included in the composite device. Because the composite device MSD+CDC includes two classes, the value of variable "count" is 2.

The type of "config" is usb_device_class_config_struct_t. See the next Section for more information.

4.2 usb_device_class_config_struct_t

This structure is required for the composite device and provides information about each class. The structure should be placed in the "composite.c" file.

This is an example for the composite device MSD + CDC:

classCallback is the callback function pointer of each class.

classHandle is the class handle. This value is NULL and updated by the USB_DeviceClassInit function.

The type of *classInfomation* is usb_device_class_struct_t, including the configuration count, class type, and the interface list for this class.

4.3 usb_device_class_struct_t

This structure is required for each class including the class type, supported configuration count, and interface list for each configuration. The structure should be placed in the "usb_device_descriptor.c" file.

This is an example for MSD in the composite MSD + CDC device example.

```
usb_device_class_struct_t g_mscDiskClass =
{
    .interfaceList = g_mscDiskInterfaceList,
    .type = kUSB_DeviceClassTypeMsc,
    .configurations = USB_DEVICE_CONFIGURATION_COUNT,
};
```

Type represents the type of each class included in the composite device. For example, the type of MSD class is kUSB_DeviceClassTypeMsc.

interfaceList is the interface list pointer, which points to the type usb_device_interface_list_t. It includes detailed interface information about the class including interface count, alternate setting count for each interface, and ep count, ep type, and ep direction for each alternate setting. See the next Section for more information.

Configurations member indicates the count of the class supported.

4.4 usb device interface list t

This structure is required for the composite device and provides information about each class. The structure should be placed in the "usb device descriptor.c" file.

This is an example for MSC in the composite MSC + CDC device example.

Count means the interface count this class supports in each configuration.

Interfaces member indicates the interface list for each configuration.

4.5 usb_device_interfaces_struct_t

This structure provides alternate setting interface information about each interface. All structures should be placed in the "usb_device_descriptor.c" file.

Prototype:

```
uint8_t
  uint8_t
  uint8_t
  usb_device_interface_struct_t*
  uint8_t
} usb device interfaces struct t;
protocolCode;
interfaceNumber;
count;
```

Description:

classCode: The class code for this interface.

subclassCode: The subclass code for this interface.

protocolCode: The protocol code for this interface.

interfaceNumber: Interface index in the interface descriptor.

interface: Interface information structure.

count: Number of interfaces in the current interface.

This is an example for the composite device MSD + CDC:

MSD:

```
usb_device_interfaces_struct_t g_mscDiskInterfaces[USB_MSC_DISK_INTERFACE_COUNT] =
{
    USB_MSC_DISK_CLASS,
    USB_MSC_DISK_SUBCLASS,
    USB_MSC_DISK_PROTOCOL,
    USB_MSC_DISK_INTERFACE_INDEX,
    g_mscDiskInterface,
    sizeof(g_mscDiskInterface) / sizeof(usb_device_interfaces_struct_t),
};
```

USB_MSC_DISK_INTERFACE_INDEX is the interface index of this interface in a current configuration. In other words, in the interface descriptor, the interface number is USB MSC DISK INTERFACE INDEX.

"g_mscDiskInterface" is the interface detailed information structure. See Section 4.6 for more information.

CDC:

```
};
```

USB_CDC_VCOM_CIC_INTERFACE_INDEX is the interface index of the control interface in a current configuration. In other words, in the interface descriptor, the interface number is USB_CDC_VCOM_CIC_INTERFACE_INDEX.

USB_CDC_VCOM_DIC_INTERFACE_INDEX is the interface index of the data interface in a current configuration. In other words, in the interface descriptor, the interface number is USB_CDC_VCOM_DIC_INTERFACE_INDEX.

"g_cdcVcomCicInterface" is the control interface detail information structure. See Section 4.6 for more information.

"g_cdcVcomDicInterface" is the data interface detail information structure. See Section 4.6 for more information.

4.6 usb_device_interface_struct_t

This structure provides information about each alternate setting interface for the current interface. All structures should be placed in the "usb_device_descriptor.c" file.

Prototype:

Description:

alternateSetting: The alternate value of this interface.

endpointList: ep list struct. See the usb device endpoint list t structure.

classSpecific: The class-specific structure pointer.

Prototype:

Description:

count: Number of endpoints in the current interface.

endpoint: ep information structure.

This is an example for the composite device MSD + CDC:

MSD:

Number "0" holds the alternate setting value of the MSD interface.

USB_MSC_DISK_ENDPOINT_COUNT is the endpoint number for MSD interface when the alternate setting is 0.

"g_mscDiskEndpoints" is the ep detailed information structure. See Section 4.7 for more information.

CDC:

For control interface:

Number "0" holds the alternate setting value of the CDC control interface.

USB_CDC_VCOM_CIC_ENDPOINT_COUNT is the endpoint number for control interface when the alternate setting is 0.

"g_cdcVcomCicEndpoints" is the ep detailed information structure. See Section 4.7 for more information.

For data interface:

Number "0" holds the alternate setting value of the CDC data interface.

USB_CDC_VCOM_DIC_ENDPOINT_COUNT is the endpoint number for control interface when the alternate setting is 0.

"g_cdcVcomDicEndpoints" is the ep detailed information structure. See Section 4.7 for more information

4.7 usb_device_endpoint_struct_t

This structure is required for the composite device and provides ep information. All structures should be placed in the "usb_device_descriptor.c" file.

Prototype:

Description:

endpointAddress: Endpoint address (b7, 0 – USB_OUT, 1 – USB_IN).

transferType: The transfer type of this endpoint.

maxPacketSize: The maximum packet size of this endpoint.

This is an example for the composite device MSD + CDC:

MSD:

CDC:

This is CDC class control interface endpoint information.

```
/* Define endpoint for communication class */
usb_device_endpoint_struct_t g_cdcVcomCicEndpoints[USB_CDC_VCOM_CIC_ENDPOINT_COUNT] =
{
```

```
{
    USB_CDC_VCOM_CIC_INTERRUPT_IN_ENDPOINT | (USB_IN << 7U),
    USB_ENDPOINT_INTERRUPT,
    HS_CDC_VCOM_BULK_IN_PACKET_SIZE,
},
};</pre>
```

This is the CDC class data interface endpoint information.

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5 USB descriptor functions

All usb device descriptor and functions are placed in the "usb device descriptor.c" file.

5.1 USB descriptor

The descriptors for each class can be obtained from the class-related examples and class specification. For the composite device, combine multiple class descriptors.

Note

The interface number in the configuration descriptor must be the correct interface number value.

The endpoint number value in each endpoint descriptor must be consistent with the structures in Section 1.

5.2 USB_DeviceGetDeviceDescriptor

This function is used to get the device descriptor. All devices must implement this function.

5.3 USB_DeviceGetConfigurationDescriptor

This function is used to get the configuration descriptor. All devices must implement this function.

```
usb_status_t USB_DeviceGetConfigurationDescriptor(
    usb_device_handle handle, usb_device_get_configuration_descriptor_struct_t
*configurationDescriptor)
{
    if (USB_COMPOSITE_CONFIGURE_INDEX > configurationDescriptor->configuration)
    {
        configurationDescriptor->buffer = g_UsbDeviceConfigurationDescriptor;
        configurationDescriptor->length = USB_DESCRIPTOR_LENGTH_CONFIGURATION_ALL;
        return kStatus_USB_Success;
    }
    return kStatus_USB_InvalidRequest;
```

5.4 USB_ DeviceGetStringDescriptor

This function is used to get the string descriptor. All devices must implement this function.

```
usb status t USB DeviceGetStringDescriptor(usb device handle handle,
                                            usb device get string descriptor struct t
*stringDescriptor)
    if (stringDescriptor->stringIndex == 0)
        stringDescriptor->buffer = (uint8 t *)g UsbDeviceLanguageList.languageString;
        stringDescriptor->length = q UsbDeviceLanguageList.stringLength;
    else
        uint8 t langId = 0;
        uint8 t langIndex = USB DEVICE STRING COUNT;
        for (; langid < USB DEVICE LANGUAGE COUNT; langid++)</pre>
            if (stringDescriptor->languageId ==
g UsbDeviceLanguageList.languageList[langId].languageId)
                if (stringDescriptor->stringIndex < USB_DEVICE_STRING_COUNT)</pre>
                    langIndex = stringDescriptor->stringIndex;
                break;
            }
        }
        if (USB DEVICE STRING COUNT == langIndex)
            return kStatus USB InvalidRequest;
        stringDescriptor->buffer = (uint8 t
*)g UsbDeviceLanguageList.languageList[langId].string[langIndex];
        stringDescriptor->length =
g UsbDeviceLanguageList.languageList[langId].length[langIndex];
    return kStatus USB Success;
```

5.5 USB_DeviceGetHidDescriptor

This function is used to get the HID descriptor. All HID devices must implement this function.

5.6 USB_DeviceGetHidReportDescriptor

This function is used to get the HID report descriptor. All HID devices must implement this function.

```
/* Get hid report descriptor request */
usb_status_t USB_DeviceGetHidReportDescriptor(usb_device_handle handle,

usb_device_get_hid_report_descriptor_struct_t *hidReportDescriptor)
{
    if (USB_HID_GENERIC_INTERFACE_INDEX == hidReportDescriptor->interfaceNumber)
    {
        hidReportDescriptor->buffer = g_UsbDeviceHidGenericReportDescriptor;
        hidReportDescriptor->length = USB_DESCRIPTOR_LENGTH_HID_GENERIC_REPORT;
    }
    else if (USB_HID_KEYBOARD_INTERFACE_INDEX == hidReportDescriptor->interfaceNumber)
    {
        hidReportDescriptor->buffer = g_UsbDeviceHidKeyboardReportDescriptor;
        hidReportDescriptor->length = USB_DESCRIPTOR_LENGTH_HID_KEYBOARD_REPORT;
    }
    else
    {
        return kStatus_USB_InvalidRequest;
    }
    return kStatus_USB_Success;
}
```

5.7 USB_DeviceGetHidPhysicalDescriptor

This function is used to get the HID physical descriptor. All HID devices must implement this function.

```
/* Get hid physical descriptor request */
usb_status_t USB_DeviceGetHidPhysicalDescriptor(
    usb_device_handle handle, usb_device_get_hid_physical_descriptor_struct_t
*hidPhysicalDescriptor)
{
    /* If this request is not supported, return the error code "kStatus_USB_InvalidRequest",
otherwise fill the hidPhysicalDescriptor with the descriptor buffer address and length based
on the interface number and the physical index. */
    return kStatus_USB_InvalidRequest;
}
```

5.8 USB_DeviceSetSpeed

This function is used to enable the EHCI. Because the HS and FS descriptors are different, the device descriptors and configurations need to be updated to match the current speed. Therefore, all devices must implement this function when the EHCI is enabled.

The device descriptors and configurations are configured by default by using FS parameters for both EHCI and KHCI. When the EHCI is enabled, the application needs to call this function to update the

device by using the current speed. The updated information includes the endpoint maximum packet size, endpoint interval, and so on.

```
usb status t USB DeviceSetSpeed(usb_device_handle handle, uint8_t speed)
    usb descriptor union t *ptrl;
    usb descriptor union t *ptr2;
    ptr1 = (usb descriptor union t *)(&g UsbDeviceConfigurationDescriptor[0]);
    ptr2 = (usb descriptor union t
*)(&g UsbDeviceConfigurationDescriptor[USB DESCRIPTOR LENGTH CONFIGURATION ALL - 1]);
    while (ptr1 < ptr2)
        if (ptr1->common.bDescriptorType == USB DESCRIPTOR TYPE ENDPOINT)
            if (USB SPEED HIGH == speed)
                if (USB_CDC_VCOM_CIC_INTERRUPT_IN_ENDPOINT ==
                    (ptr1->endpoint.bEndpointAddress & USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK))
                    ptr1->endpoint.bInterval = HS CDC VCOM INTERRUPT IN INTERVAL;
USB_SHORT_TO_LITTLE_ENDIAN_ADDRESS(HS_CDC_VCOM_INTERRUPT_IN_PACKET_SIZE,
                                                       ptr1->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
                else if (USB CDC VCOM DIC BULK IN ENDPOINT ==
                         (ptr1->endpoint.bEndpointAddress & USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK))
                    USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS (HS CDC VCOM BULK IN PACKET SIZE,
ptr1->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
                else if (USB CDC VCOM DIC BULK OUT ENDPOINT ==
                         (ptr1->endpoint.bEndpointAddress & USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK))
                    USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS (HS CDC VCOM BULK OUT PACKET SIZE,
ptr1->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
                else if (USB MSC DISK BULK IN ENDPOINT == (ptr1->endpoint.bEndpointAddress
& USB_ENDPOINT_NUMBER MASK))
                    USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS (HS MSC DISK BULK IN PACKET SIZE,
ptr1->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
                else if (USB MSC DISK BULK OUT ENDPOINT ==
(ptr1->endpoint.bEndpointAddress & USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK))
                    USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS(HS MSC DISK BULK OUT PACKET SIZE,
ptr1->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
            else
                if (USB CDC VCOM CIC INTERRUPT IN ENDPOINT ==
                    (ptrl->endpoint.bEndpointAddress & USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK))
                    ptr1->endpoint.bInterval = FS CDC VCOM INTERRUPT IN INTERVAL;
USB_SHORT_TO_LITTLE_ENDIAN_ADDRESS(FS_CDC_VCOM_INTERRUPT_IN_PACKET_SIZE,
                                                       ptr1->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
                else if (USB CDC VCOM DIC BULK IN ENDPOINT ==
```

```
(ptr1->endpoint.bEndpointAddress & USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK))
                    USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS(FS CDC VCOM BULK IN PACKET SIZE,
ptr1->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
                else if (USB CDC VCOM DIC BULK OUT ENDPOINT ==
                         (ptr1->endpoint.bEndpointAddress & USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK))
                    USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS(FS CDC VCOM BULK OUT PACKET SIZE,
ptr1->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
                else if (USB MSC DISK BULK IN ENDPOINT == (ptr1->endpoint.bEndpointAddress
& USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK))
                    USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS(FS MSC DISK BULK IN PACKET SIZE,
ptr1->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
                }
                else if (USB MSC DISK BULK OUT ENDPOINT ==
(ptr1->endpoint.bEndpointAddress & USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK))
                    USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS(FS MSC DISK BULK OUT PACKET SIZE,
ptr1->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
        ptr1 = (usb descriptor union t *)((uint8 t *)ptr1 + ptr1->common.bLength);
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < USB CDC VCOM CIC ENDPOINT COUNT; i++)
        if (USB SPEED HIGH == speed)
            g cdcVcomCicEndpoints[i].maxPacketSize =
HS CDC VCOM INTERRUPT IN PACKET SIZE;
        else
            g cdcVcomCicEndpoints[i].maxPacketSize =
FS_CDC_VCOM_INTERRUPT_IN_PACKET_SIZE;
    for (int i = 0; i < USB CDC VCOM DIC ENDPOINT COUNT; i++)
        if (USB SPEED HIGH == speed)
        {
            g cdcVcomDicEndpoints[i].maxPacketSize = HS CDC VCOM BULK IN PACKET SIZE;
        else
            q cdcVcomDicEndpoints[i].maxPacketSize = FS CDC VCOM BULK IN PACKET SIZE;
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < USB MSC DISK ENDPOINT COUNT; i++)
        if (USB SPEED HIGH == speed)
            g mscDiskEndpoints[i].maxPacketSize = HS MSC DISK BULK IN PACKET SIZE;
        else
```

```
g_mscDiskEndpoints[i].maxPacketSize = FS_MSC_DISK_BULK_IN_PACKET_SIZE;
}
return kStatus_USB_Success;
```

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6 USB Stack Configurations

Class Configuration:

This section describes a use case where two or more same classes are used in the composite device.

To reduce the footprint, the released USB stack does not support multiple instances of the same class in the default configuration. If two or more same classes are used in the composite device, the user needs to configure the class.

- For HID class, USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_HID must be configured in the usb_device_config.h.
- For CDC class, USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_CDC_ACM must be configured in the usb_device_config.h.
- For MSD class, USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_MSC must be configured in the usb_device_config.h.
- For AUDIO class, USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_AUDIO must be configured in the usb_device_config.h.
- For PHDC class, USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_PHDC must be configured in the usb device config.h.
- For VIDEO class, USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_VIDEO must be configured in the usb_device_config.h.
- For CCID class, USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_CCID must be configured in the usb_device_config.h.

The value of the configuration depends on use cases and user requirements.

For example, for the composite device HID+HID, the USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_HID must be set to 2.

Note:

USBCFG_DEV_MAX_ENDPOINTS must not be less than "max used endpoint number + 1". "max used endpoint number" indicates the maximum endpoint number that the example uses.

7 Application template

The redesigned USB stack makes the composite device application easy to implement and aligned with the general device.

7.1 Application structure template

For a general device, a demo contains only one class. However, for the composite device, a demo contains more than one class. Likewise, a structure is required to manage the application involving more than one class.

```
typedef struct composite device struct
   usb device handle
                                      deviceHandle;
   class handle t
                                      classHandle1;
   class handle t
                                      classHandle2;
   class handle t
                                      classHandlen;
   uint8 t
                                       speed;
   uint8 t
                                       attach;
                                       currentConfiguration;
   uint8 t
   uint8 t
currentInterfaceAlternateSetting[USB COMPOSITE INTERFACE COUNT];
}composite device struct t;
```

deviceHandle: The handle pointer to a device, which is returned by the USB DeviceClassInit.

speed: Speed of the USB device. USB SPEED FULL/USB SPEED LOW/USB SPEED HIGH.

attach: Indicates whether the device is attached or not

currentConfiguration: The current device configuration value.

currentInterfaceAlternateSetting: The current alternate setting for each interface.

classHandlen: The pointer to a class.

This is an example for a composite device HID mouse + HID keyboard:

This structure is in the "composite.h" file.

Prototype:

```
typedef struct usb device composite struct
   usb device handle
                                       deviceHandle;
   class_handle_t
                                      hidMouseHandle;
   class handle t
                                      hidKeyboardHandle;
   uint8 t
                                       speed;
   uint8 t
                                       attach:
   uint8 t
                                       currentConfiguration;
   uint8 t
currentInterfaceAlternateSetting[USB_COMPOSITE_INTERFACE_COUNT];
} usb_device_composite_struct_t;
```

7.2 Application initialization process

- 1. Before initializing the USB stack by calling the USB_DeviceClassInit function, the usb_device_class_config_list_struct_t and usb_device_class_config_struct_t are assigned values respectively. For example, for MSC + CDC, the steps are as follows:
 - Declare the g_compositeDeviceConfigList as global variables of the type usb device class config list struct t.

```
usb_device_class_config_list_struct_t g_compositeDeviceConfigList =
{
    g_compositeDevice,
    USB_DeviceCallback,
    2,
};
```

 Declare the g_compositeDevice as global variables of the type usb device class config struct t.

Add a function for the USB device ISR.

```
For EHCI,
#if defined(USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_EHCI) && (USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_EHCI > 0U)
void USBHS_IRQHandler(void)
{
     USB_DeviceEhciIsrFunction(g_composite.deviceHandle);
}
#endif

For KHCI,
#if defined(USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_KHCI) && (USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_KHCI > 0U)
void USB0_IRQHandler(void)
{
     USB_DeviceKhciIsrFunction(g_composite.deviceHandle);
}
#endif
```

2. Enable the USB device clock.

```
For EHCI,
```

```
CLOCK_EnableUsbhsOClock(kCLOCK_UsbSrcPll0, CLOCK_GetFreq(kCLOCK_PllFllSelClk));
USB EhciPhyInit(CONTROLLER ID, BOARD XTAL0 CLK HZ);
```

For KHCI,

```
#if ((defined FSL_FEATURE_USB_KHCI_IRC48M_MODULE_CLOCK_ENABLED) &&
(FSL_FEATURE_USB_KHCI_IRC48M_MODULE_CLOCK_ENABLED))
CLOCK_EnableUsbfs0Clock(kCLOCK_UsbSrcIrc48M, 48000000U);
#else
CLOCK_EnableUsbfs0Clock(kCLOCK_UsbSrcPl10, CLOCK_GetFreq(kCLOCK_Pl1F1lSelClk));
#endif /* FSL FEATURE USB KHCI_IRC48M_MODULE_CLOCK_ENABLED_*/
```

3. Call the USB DeviceClassInit function.

```
if (kStatus_USB_Success != USB_DeviceClassInit(CONTROLLER_ID,
&g_compositeDeviceConfigList, &g_composite.deviceHandle))
{
    usb_echo("USB device composite demo init failed\r\n");
    return;
}
else
{
    usb_echo("USB device composite demo\r\n");
    ......
}
```

4. Get a handle for each class.

For example,

CDC virtual com:

```
g_composite.cdcVcom.cdcAcmHandle =
g_compositeDeviceConfigList.config[0].classHandle;
```

MSC ramdisk:

g composite.mscDisk.mscHandle = g compositeDeviceConfigList.config[1].classHandle;

5. Initialize each class application.

Such as,

CDC virtual com:

```
USB DeviceCdcVcomInit(&g composite);
```

MSC ramdisk:

USB_DeviceMscDiskInit(&g_composite);

6. Set the interrupt priority and enable the UB device interrupt.

```
NVIC_SetPriority((IRQn_Type)irqNo, USB_DEVICE_INTERRUPT_PRIORITY);
NVIC_EnableIRQ((IRQn_Type)irqNo);
```

7. Enable the USB device functionly.

```
USB DeviceRun(g composite.deviceHandle);
```

8 HID keyboard + HID generic Composite device example

In this section, HID keyboard + HID generic composite device are used as an example.

8.1 USB Composite Device Structure examples

```
/* Two HID classes */
usb device class config list struct t g UsbDeviceCompositeConfigList =
    g CompositeClassConfig,
    USB_DeviceCallback,
    2U,
};
/* Two HID classes definition */
usb_device_class_config_struct_t g_CompositeClassConfig[2] =
        USB DeviceHidKeyboardCallback,
        (class handle t) NULL,
        &g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardConfig,
    },
        USB DeviceHidGenericCallback,
        (class handle t) NULL,
        &g UsbDeviceHidGenericConfig,
};
/* HID generic device config */
usb_device_class_struct_t g_UsbDeviceHidGenericConfig =
    g UsbDeviceHidGenericInterfaceList, /* The interface list of the HID generic */
    kUSB DeviceClassTypeHid,
                                        /* The HID class type */
    USB DEVICE CONFIGURATION COUNT,
                                             /* The configuration count */
/* HID generic device interface list */
usb device interface list t
g UsbDeviceHidGenericInterfaceList[USB DEVICE CONFIGURATION COUNT] =
{
        USB HID GENERIC INTERFACE COUNT, /* The interface count of the HID generic */
                                            /* The interfaces handle */
        g UsbDeviceHidGenericInterfaces,
    },
};
/* HID generic device interfaces */
usb device interfaces struct t
g_UsbDeviceHidGenericInterfaces[USB_HID_GENERIC_INTERFACE_COUNT] =
                                     /* HID generic class code */
    USB HID GENERIC CLASS,
                                     /* HID generic subclass code */
   USB HID GENERIC SUBCLASS,
   USB HID GENERIC PROTOCOL,
                                    /* HID generic protocol code */
   USB HID GENERIC INTERFACE INDEX, /* The interface number of the HID generic */
    g UsbDeviceHidGenericInterface,
                                            /* Interfaces handle */
    sizeof(g_UsbDeviceHidGenericInterface) / sizeof(usb_device_interfaces_struct_t),
```

```
};
/* HID generic device interface and alternate setting device information */
usb device interface struct t q UsbDeviceHidGenericInterface[] =
       OU, /* The alternate setting of the interface */
           USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT COUNT, /* Endpoint count */
           g UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints,
                                                /* Endpoints handle */
        },
   }
};
/* HID generic device endpoint information for interface USB HID GENERIC INTERFACE INDEX and
alternate setting is 0. */
usb device endpoint struct t
g UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints[USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT COUNT] =
    /* HID generic interrupt IN pipe */
       USB_HID_GENERIC_ENDPOINT_IN | (USB_IN <<</pre>
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION SHIFT),
       USB ENDPOINT INTERRUPT,
       FS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT IN PACKET SIZE,
   },
   /* HID generic interrupt OUT pipe */
   {
       USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT OUT | (USB OUT <<
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION SHIFT),
       USB ENDPOINT INTERRUPT,
       FS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT PACKET SIZE,
   },
};
/* HID keyboard device config */
usb_device_class_struct_t g_UsbDeviceHidKeyboardConfig =
   q UsbDeviceHidKeyboardInterfaceList, /* The interface list of the HID keyboard */
   kUSB DeviceClassTypeHid,
                                       /* The HID class type */
   USB DEVICE CONFIGURATION COUNT,
                                           /* The configuration count */
};
/* HID keyboard device interface list */
usb device interface list t
q UsbDeviceHidKeyboardInterfaceList[USB DEVICE CONFIGURATION COUNT] =
   {
       USB_HID_KEYBOARD_INTERFACE_COUNT, /* The interface count of the HID keyboard */
       },
};
/* HID generic device interfaces */
usb device interfaces struct t
g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardInterfaces[USB HID KEYBOARD INTERFACE COUNT] =
                                     /* HID keyboard class code */
   USB HID KEYBOARD CLASS,
   USB HID KEYBOARD SUBCLASS,
                                    /* HID keyboard subclass code */
   USB HID KEYBOARD PROTOCOL,
                                    /* HID keyboard protocol code */
   USB_HID_KEYBOARD_INTERFACE_INDEX, /* The interface number of the HID keyboard */
   g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardInterface,
                                          /* Interfaces handle */
```

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```
sizeof(g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardInterface) / sizeof(usb device interfaces struct t),
};
/* HID generic device interface and alternate setting device information */
usb device interface struct t g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardInterface[] =
        OU, /* The alternate setting of the interface */
            USB HID KEYBOARD ENDPOINT COUNT, /* Endpoint count */
            g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardEndpoints,
                                                /* Endpoints handle */
    }
};
/* HID generic device endpoint information for interface USB HID GENERIC INTERFACE INDEX and
alternate setting is 0. */
usb device endpoint struct t
g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardEndpoints[USB HID KEYBOARD ENDPOINT COUNT] =
    /* HID keyboard interrupt IN pipe */
        USB HID KEYBOARD ENDPOINT IN | (USB IN <<
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION SHIFT),
        USB ENDPOINT INTERRUPT,
        FS HID KEYBOARD INTERRUPT IN PACKET SIZE,
};
```

8.2 USB Composite Device descriptor examples

Modify the vendor ID and product ID for the device descriptor in the "usb_device_descriptor.c" file.

Change the interface number as shown in the configuration descriptor in the "usb_device_descriptor.c" file.

Merge the HID keyboard and HID generic configuration descriptor (in the "usb_device_descriptor.c" file) from the HID mouse + HID keyboard example and hid_generic example and change the endpoint number to be consistent with Section 8.1.

8.2.1 USB_DeviceGetDeviceDescriptor

8.2.2 USB_DeviceGetConfigurationDescriptor

```
/* Get device configuration descriptor request */
usb_status_t USB_DeviceGetConfigurationDescriptor(
```

```
usb_device_handle handle, usb_device_get_configuration_descriptor_struct_t
*configurationDescriptor)
{
    if (USB_COMPOSITE_CONFIGURE_INDEX > configurationDescriptor->configuration)
    {
        configurationDescriptor->buffer = g_UsbDeviceConfigurationDescriptor;
        configurationDescriptor->length = USB_DESCRIPTOR_LENGTH_CONFIGURATION_ALL;
        return kStatus_USB_Success;
    }
    return kStatus_USB_InvalidRequest;
}
```

8.2.3 USB_DeviceGetStringDescriptor

```
/* Get device string descriptor request */
usb status t USB DeviceGetStringDescriptor(usb device handle handle,
                                             usb device get string descriptor struct t
*stringDescriptor)
    if (stringDescriptor->stringIndex == 0U)
        stringDescriptor->buffer = (uint8 t *)g UsbDeviceLanguageList.languageString;
        stringDescriptor->length = g UsbDeviceLanguageList.stringLength;
    }
    else
        uint8 t languageId = OU;
        uint8 t languageIndex = USB DEVICE STRING COUNT;
        for (; languageId < USB DEVICE STRING COUNT; languageId++)</pre>
            if (stringDescriptor->languageId ==
g UsbDeviceLanguageList.languageList[languageId].languageId)
                if (stringDescriptor->stringIndex < USB DEVICE STRING COUNT)</pre>
                    languageIndex = stringDescriptor->stringIndex;
                break;
            }
        }
        if (USB DEVICE STRING COUNT == languageIndex)
            return kStatus_USB_InvalidRequest;
        stringDescriptor->buffer = (uint8 t
*)g UsbDeviceLanguageList.languageList[languageId].string[languageIndex];
        stringDescriptor->length =
g UsbDeviceLanguageList.languageList[languageId].length[languageIndex];
    return kStatus USB Success;
```

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8.2.4 USB_DeviceGetHidDescriptor

8.2.5 USB_DeviceGetHidReportDescriptor

```
/* Get the HID report descriptor request */
usb_status_t USB_DeviceGetHidReportDescriptor(usb_device_handle handle,

usb_device_get_hid_report_descriptor_struct_t *hidReportDescriptor)
{
    if (USB_HID_GENERIC_INTERFACE_INDEX == hidReportDescriptor->interfaceNumber)
    {
        hidReportDescriptor->buffer = g_UsbDeviceHidGenericReportDescriptor;
        hidReportDescriptor->length = USB_DESCRIPTOR_LENGTH_HID_GENERIC_REPORT;
    }
    else if (USB_HID_KEYBOARD_INTERFACE_INDEX == hidReportDescriptor->interfaceNumber)
    {
        hidReportDescriptor->buffer = g_UsbDeviceHidKeyboardReportDescriptor;
        hidReportDescriptor->length = USB_DESCRIPTOR_LENGTH_HID_KEYBOARD_REPORT;
    }
    else
    {
        return kStatus_USB_InvalidRequest;
    }
    return kStatus_USB_Success;
}
```

8.2.6 USB_DeviceGetHidPhysicalDescriptor

```
/* Get the HID physical descriptor request */
usb_status_t USB_DeviceGetHidPhysicalDescriptor(
    usb_device_handle handle, usb_device_get_hid_physical_descriptor_struct_t
*hidPhysicalDescriptor)
{
    /* If this request is not supported, return the error code "kStatus_USB_InvalidRequest".
Otherwise, fill the hidPhysicalDescriptor with the descriptor buffer address and length based
on the interface number and the physical index. */
    return kStatus_USB_InvalidRequest;
}
```

8.2.7 USB_DeviceSetSpeed

/* Because HS and FS descriptors are different, update the device descriptors and configurations to match the current speed.

```
* By default, the device descriptors and configurations are configured by using FS parameters
for both EHCI and KHCI.
 * When the EHCI is enabled, the application needs to call this function to update the device
by using current speed.
* The updated information includes the endpoint max packet size, endpoint interval, and so
on. */
usb status t USB DeviceSetSpeed(usb device handle handle, uint8 t speed)
    usb descriptor union t *descriptorHead;
   usb descriptor union t *descriptorTail;
    descriptorHead = (usb descriptor union t *)&g UsbDeviceConfigurationDescriptor[0];
    descriptorTail = (usb descriptor union t
*)(&g UsbDeviceConfigurationDescriptor[USB DESCRIPTOR LENGTH CONFIGURATION ALL - 1U]);
    while (descriptorHead < descriptorTail)
        if (descriptorHead->common.bDescriptorType == USB DESCRIPTOR TYPE ENDPOINT)
            if (USB SPEED HIGH == speed)
                if (USB HID KEYBOARD ENDPOINT IN ==
(descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress & USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK))
                    descriptorHead->endpoint.bInterval =
HS HID KEYBOARD INTERRUPT IN INTERVAL;
USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS(HS HID KEYBOARD INTERRUPT IN PACKET SIZE,
descriptorHead->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
                else if (((descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION IN) ==
                          USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION IN) &&
                         (USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT IN ==
(descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress & USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK)))
                    descriptorHead->endpoint.bInterval =
HS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT IN INTERVAL;
USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS (HS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT IN PACKET SIZE,
descriptorHead->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
                else if (((descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION OUT) ==
                          USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION OUT) &&
                         (USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT OUT ==
(descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress & USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK)))
                    descriptorHead->endpoint.bInterval =
HS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT INTERVAL;
USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS(HS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT PACKET SIZE,
descriptorHead->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
```

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```
}
            else
                if (USB HID KEYBOARD ENDPOINT IN ==
(descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress & USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK))
                    descriptorHead->endpoint.bInterval =
FS_HID_KEYBOARD_INTERRUPT_IN_INTERVAL;
USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS(FS HID KEYBOARD INTERRUPT IN PACKET SIZE,
descriptorHead->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
                else if (((descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION IN) ==
                          USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION IN) &&
                         (USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT IN ==
(descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress & USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK)))
                    descriptorHead->endpoint.bInterval =
FS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT IN INTERVAL;
USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS(FS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT IN PACKET SIZE,
descriptorHead->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
                else if (((descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress &
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION OUT) ==
                          USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION OUT) &&
                         (USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT OUT ==
(descriptorHead->endpoint.bEndpointAddress & USB ENDPOINT NUMBER MASK)))
                    descriptorHead->endpoint.bInterval =
FS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT INTERVAL;
USB SHORT TO LITTLE ENDIAN ADDRESS(FS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT PACKET SIZE,
descriptorHead->endpoint.wMaxPacketSize);
        descriptorHead = (usb descriptor union t *)((uint8 t *)descriptorHead +
descriptorHead->common.bLength);
    }
    for (int i = OU; i < USB HID GENERIC ENDPOINT COUNT; i++)
        if (USB SPEED HIGH == speed)
            if (g UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints[i].endpointAddress &
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION IN)
                g UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints[i].maxPacketSize =
HS_HID_GENERIC_INTERRUPT_IN_PACKET_SIZE;
            }
            else
```

```
g UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints[i].maxPacketSize =
HS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT PACKET SIZE;
        }
       else
            if (g UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints[i].endpointAddress &
USB DESCRIPTOR ENDPOINT ADDRESS DIRECTION IN)
                g UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints[i].maxPacketSize =
HS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT PACKET SIZE;
            }
            else
                g UsbDeviceHidGenericEndpoints[i].maxPacketSize =
FS HID GENERIC INTERRUPT OUT PACKET SIZE;
        }
    }
    if (USB SPEED HIGH == speed)
        g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardEndpoints[0].maxPacketSize =
HS HID KEYBOARD INTERRUPT IN PACKET SIZE;
    else
        g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardEndpoints[0].maxPacketSize =
FS HID KEYBOARD INTERRUPT IN PACKET SIZE;
    return kStatus USB Success;
```

8.3 USB Composite Device application example

8.3.1 Class Configuration

USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_HID is set to 2 in usb_device_config.h
USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_ENDPOINTS is set to 4 in usb_device_config.h

8.3.2 HID+HID Application structure

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```
/* HID keyboard structure */
typedef struct usb device hid keyboard struct
    uint8 t
                              buffer[USB HID KEYBOARD IN BUFFER LENGTH];
    uint8 t
                              idleRate;
} usb_device_hid_keyboard_struct_t;
/* HID generic structure */
typedef struct _usb_device_hid_generic_struct
    uint32 t
                              buffer[2][USB HID GENERIC IN BUFFER LENGTH>>2];
    uint8 t
                              bufferIndex;
    uint8 t
                              idleRate;
} usb_device_hid_generic_struct_t;
```

8.3.3 HID + HID Application

1. Define and initialize the configuration structure.

```
static usb_device_composite_struct_t g_UsbDeviceComposite;
usb_device_class_struct_t g_UsbDeviceHidGenericConfig;
usb_device_class_struct_t g_UsbDeviceHidKeyboardConfig;
usb device class config struct t g CompositeClassConfig[2] =
    {
        USB DeviceHidKeyboardCallback,
        (class_handle_t) NULL,
        &g UsbDeviceHidKeyboardConfig,
    },
        USB DeviceHidGenericCallback,
        (class handle t) NULL,
        &g UsbDeviceHidGenericConfig,
};
usb_device_class_config_list_struct_t g_UsbDeviceCompositeConfigList =
    g CompositeClassConfig,
    USB DeviceCallback,
};
```

2. Add USB ISR.

```
#if defined(USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_EHCI) && (USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_EHCI > 0U)
void USBHS_IRQHandler(void) {
USB_DeviceEhciIsrFunction(g_UsbDeviceComposite.deviceHandle); }
#endif
#if defined(USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_KHCI) && (USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_KHCI > 0U)
void USB0_IRQHandler(void) {
USB_DeviceKhciIsrFunction(g_UsbDeviceComposite.deviceHandle); }
#endif
```

3 Enable the USB device clock

4. Set the default state.

```
g_UsbDeviceComposite.speed = USB_SPEED_FULL;
g_UsbDeviceComposite.attach = 0U;
g_UsbDeviceComposite.hidGenericHandle = (class_handle_t)NULL;
g_UsbDeviceComposite.hidKeyboardHandle = (class_handle_t)NULL;
g_UsbDeviceComposite.deviceHandle = NULL;
```

5. Initialize the USB device.

6. Save each class handle when the device is initialized successfully.

```
/* Get the HID keyboard class handle */
    g_UsbDeviceComposite.hidKeyboardHandle =
g_UsbDeviceCompositeConfigList.config[0].classHandle;
    /* Get the HID generic class handle */
    g_UsbDeviceComposite.hidGenericHandle =
g_UsbDeviceCompositeConfigList.config[1].classHandle;
```

7. Initialize the HID keyboard and HID generic application.

```
USB_DeviceHidKeyboardInit(&g_UsbDeviceComposite);
USB DeviceHidGenericInit(&g_UsbDeviceComposite);
```

8. Set the device ISR priority and enable the device interrupt.

```
NVIC_SetPriority((IRQn_Type)irqNumber, USB_DEVICE_INTERRUPT_PRIORITY);
NVIC EnableIRQ((IRQn Type)irqNumber);
```

9. Start the device functionallity.

```
USB_DeviceRun(g_UsbDeviceComposite.deviceHandle);
```

10. Poll the device task when the "USB_DEVICE_CONFIG_USE_TASK" is none-zero. Poll the HID keyboard and HID generic task when these tasks are implemented.

9 Revision history

This table summarizes revisions to this document since the release of the previous version.

Table 1 Revision History				
Revision number	Date	Substantive changes		
0	12/2014	Initial release		
1	04/2015	Substantive changes		
2	09/2015	Section 5.3, Section 6, Section 8.2.2, Section 8.3.1		
3	12/2015	Updated for KSDK 2.0		

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