Taylor级数展开

单变量函数的Taylor幂级数展开

〉数学表示

➤ 在 x=0 点附近的Taylor幂级数

$$f(x) = a_1 + a_2x + a_3x^2 + \dots + a_kx^{k-1} + o(x^k)$$

> 其中
$$a_i = \frac{1}{i!} \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\mathrm{d}^{i-1}}{\mathrm{d}x^{i-1}} f(x), \quad i = 1, 2, 3, \cdots.$$

- ightharpoonupMATLAB**格式** F = taylor(fun, x, 'Order', k)
- >早期版本 F = taylor(fun, x, k)

关于 x=a 的 Taylor展开

 \rightarrow 关于x = a 点的 Taylor 展开

$$f(x) = b_1 + b_2(x - a) + b_3(x - a)^2 + \cdots$$
$$+b_k(x - a)^{k-1} + o[(x - a)^k]$$

- >其中 $b_i = \frac{1}{i!} \lim_{x \to a} \frac{\mathrm{d}^{i-1}}{\mathrm{d}x^{i-1}} f(x), \quad i = 1, 2, 3, \cdots$
- ➤MATLAB格式

 $F = \mathsf{taylor}(\mathit{fun}, x, a, \mathsf{'Order'}, k)$

>早期版本 F = taylor(fun, x, k, a)

例3-35 函数的Taylor级数

- **沙逐数** $f(x) = \frac{\sin x}{x^2 + 4x + 3}$
- ➤ 在 x=0, x=2 和 x=a 求其 Taylor 幂级数展开
 - ➤ 在 x=0 进行 Taylor 展开
 - >> syms x; f=sin(x)/(x^2+4*x+3);
 y=taylor(f,x,'Order',9)
 - ➤ 在x=2进行Taylor展开
 - >> F=taylor(f,x,2,'Order',9)
 - \rightarrow 在 x = a 进行 Taylor 展开
 - >> syms a; taylor(f,x,a,'Order',5)

近似效果

- ▶检查有限项的近似结果
 - ▶ 在区间[-1,1]内绘图
 - >> ezplot(f,[-1,1]), hold on;
 h=ezplot(y,[-1,1]);
 set(h,'Color','r'), hold off
 - ▶ 更小的区间[-0.6,0.6]
 - >> ezplot(f,[-0.6,0.6]), hold on;
 h=ezplot(y,[-0.6,0.6]);
 set(h,'Color','r'), hold off

例3-36 正弦函数的幂级数逼近

- ▶原函数 $y(t)=\sin(t)$
- ➤ MATLAB逼近

```
>> syms x; y=sin(x); ezplot(y), hold on
for n=[6:2:16],
    p=taylor(y,x,'Order',n), ezplot(p),
end
```

多变量函数的Taylor幂级数展开

- >多元函数 $f(x_1, x_2, \cdots, x_n)$
- ➤Taylor幂级数展开

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = f(\mathbf{a}) + \left[(x_1 - a_1) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} + \dots + (x_n - a_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right] f(\mathbf{x}) \Big|_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}} + \frac{1}{2!} \left[(x_1 - a_1) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} + \dots + (x_n - a_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right]^2 f(\mathbf{x}) \Big|_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}} + \dots + \frac{1}{k!} \left[(x_1 - a_1) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} + \dots + (x_n - a_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right]^k f(\mathbf{x}) \Big|_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}} + \dots + \frac{1}{k!} \left[(x_1 - a_1) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} + \dots + (x_n - a_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right]^k f(\mathbf{x}) \Big|_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}} + \dots + \frac{1}{k!} \left[(x_1 - a_1) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} + \dots + (x_n - a_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right]^k f(\mathbf{x}) \Big|_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}} + \dots + \frac{1}{k!} \left[(x_1 - a_1) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} + \dots + (x_n - a_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right]^k f(\mathbf{x}) \Big|_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}} + \dots + \frac{1}{k!} \left[(x_1 - a_1) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} + \dots + (x_n - a_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right]^k f(\mathbf{x}) \Big|_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}} + \dots + \frac{1}{k!} \left[(x_1 - a_1) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} + \dots + (x_n - a_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right]^k f(\mathbf{x}) \Big|_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}} + \dots + \frac{1}{k!} \left[(x_1 - a_1) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} + \dots + (x_n - a_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right]^k f(\mathbf{x}) \Big|_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}} + \dots + \frac{1}{k!} \left[(x_1 - a_1) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} + \dots + (x_n - a_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right]^k f(\mathbf{x}) \Big|_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}} + \dots + \frac{1}{k!} \left[(x_1 - a_1) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} + \dots + (x_n - a_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right]^k f(\mathbf{x}) \Big|_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}} + \dots + \frac{1}{k!} \left[(x_1 - a_1) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} + \dots + (x_n - a_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right]^k f(\mathbf{x}) \Big|_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}} + \dots + \frac{1}{k!} \left[(x_1 - a_1) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} + \dots + (x_n - a_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right]^k f(\mathbf{x}) \Big|_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}} + \dots + \frac{1}{k!} \left[(x_1 - a_1) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} + \dots + (x_n - a_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right]^k f(\mathbf{x}) \Big|_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}} + \dots + \frac{1}{k!} \left[(x_1 - a_1) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} + \dots + (x_n - a_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right]^k f(\mathbf{x}) \Big|_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}} + \dots + \frac{1}{k!} \left[(x_1 - a_1) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} + \dots + (x_n - a_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right]^k f(\mathbf{x}) \Big|_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}} + \dots + \frac{1}{k!} \left[(x_1 - a_1) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} + \dots + (x_n - a_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right]^k f(\mathbf{x}) \Big|_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}} + \dots + \frac{1}{k!} \left[(x_1 - a_1) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} + \dots + (x_n - a_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right]^k f(\mathbf{x}) \Big|_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}} + \dots + \frac{1}{k!} \left[(x_1 - a_1) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} + \dots + (x_n - a_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right]^k f(\mathbf{x}) \Big|_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}} + \dots + \frac{1}{k!} \left[(x_1 - a_1) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} + \dots + (x_n - a_n) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right]^k \Big|_{\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{a}} + \dots + \frac{1}{k!$$

 $F = \mathsf{taylor}(f, [x_1, x_2, \cdots, x_n], [a_1, a_2, \cdots, a_n], \mathsf{'Order'}, k)$

例3-37 二元函数Taylor展开

- **运数** $z = f(x,y) = (x^2 2x)e^{-x^2 y^2 xy}$
- ➤ 在原点展开 Taylor 级数
 - >> syms x y; f=(x^2-2*x)*exp(-x^2-y^2-x*y);
 F=taylor(f,[x,y],[0,0],'Order',8);
 collect(F,x)
- ▶关于(1, a)点展开
 - >> syms a;
 F=taylor(f,[x,y],[1,a],'Order',3),
 F1=simplify(F)

