Formen von quadratischen Funktionen

Wiederholung

Es gibt drei Formen von quadratischen Funktionen:

Allgemeine Form:

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$$

Scheitelpunktform:

$$f(x) = a(x - b)^2 + c$$

Produktform:

$$f(x) = a(x - b)(x - c)$$

Aufgabe 1

Formt folgende quadratische Funktionen zur Scheitelpunktform um:

a)
$$f(x) = 2x^2 + 4x + 5$$

b)
$$f(x) = 5x^2 + 10x - 5$$

c)
$$f(x) = 2x^2 + 20x - 2$$

$$d) \ f(x) = 3x^2 + 18x + 5$$

e)
$$f(x) = 3(x-4)(x+2)$$

$$f) \ \ f(x) = 2(x-1)(x+3)$$

g)
$$f(x) = 4(x+2)(x-1)$$

h)
$$f(x) = (x - 1)(x + 3)$$

i)
$$f(x) = x^2 + 16x - 2$$

$$f(x) = 3(x-5)(x-3)$$

$$k) \ f(x) = 4x^2 - 16x - 5$$

$$l) \ \ f(x) = (x+3)(x-3)$$

$$m) \ f(x) = 2x^2 - 12x + 4$$

$$f(x) = 5(x+9)(x-1)$$

$$o) \ f(x) = x^2 + 4x + 4$$

$$p) f(x) = 2(x+4)(x-2)$$



Aufgabe 2

Formt folgende quadratische Funktionen zur allgemeinen Form um:

a)
$$f(x) = 2(x-2)^2 + 3$$

$$(-2)^2 + 3$$
 b) $f(x) = 4(x-1)^2 + 5$

c)
$$f(x) = 2(x-3)(x+3)$$

d)
$$f(x) = 2(x-1)(x+3)$$

e)
$$f(x) = 3(x-3)^2 + 3$$

$$f(x) = 6(x+1)^2 + 4$$

$$g) f(x) = 4(x+2)(x-1)$$

h)
$$f(x) = (x-1)(x+1)$$

i)
$$f(x) = 5(x+7)^2 + 1$$

$$f(x) = (x-2)^2 - 2$$

$$k)$$
 $f(x) = 3(x-5)(x-3)$

$$l) f(x) = (x+3)(x-3)$$

$$f(x) = 3(x+5)^2 + 2$$

$$f(x) = 9(x-2)^2 + 2$$

o)
$$f(x) = 5(x+9)(x-1)$$

$$p)$$
 $f(x) = 2(x+2)(x-2)$

Aufgabe 3

Formt folgende quadratische Funktionen zur Produktform um:

a)
$$f(x) = 3(x-1)^2 - 27$$

$$b) f(x) = 2x^2 + 4x$$

c)
$$f(x) = 4(x - 0.5)^2 - 9$$

d)
$$f(x) = 4x^2 - 16x - 48$$

e)
$$f(x) = (x-4)^2 - 1$$

$$f) \ \ f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 24$$

g)
$$f(x) = 2(x-1)^2 - 50$$

h)
$$f(x) = 3(x-3)^2 - 108$$

i)
$$f(x) = 4(x+3)^2 - 4$$

$$f(x) = 4(x-3)^2 - 4$$

$$f(x) = 2(x-5)^2 - 2$$

$$l) \ \ f(x) = x^2 - 2x - 3$$

$$m) f(x) = x^2 + 2x$$

$$n) f(x) = (x-3)^2 - 9$$

$$o) f(x) = 3(x-2)^2 - 12$$

$$f(x) = -(x-2)^2 + 4$$



Lösung Aufgabe 1

a)
$$f(x) = 2(x+1)^2 + 3$$

c)
$$f(x) = 2(x+5)^2 - 52$$

e)
$$f(x) = 3(x-1)^2 - 27$$

g)
$$f(x) = 4(x + 0.5)^2 - 9$$

i)
$$f(x) = (x+8)^2 - 66$$

$$k) f(x) = 4(x-2)^2 - 21$$

$$m) f(x) = 2(x-3)^2 - 14$$

o)
$$f(x) = (x+2)^2$$

b)
$$f(x) = 5(x+1)^2 - 10$$

d)
$$f(x) = 3(x+3)^2 - 22$$

$$f(x) = 2(x+1)^2 - 8$$

h)
$$f(x) = (x+1)^2 - 4$$

$$j) \ f(x) = 3(x-4)^2 - 3$$

$$l) f(x) = x^2 - 9$$

$$n) f(x) = 5(x+4)^2 - 125$$

$$f(x) = 2(x+1)^2 - 18$$

Lösung Aufgabe 2

a)
$$f(x) = 2x^2 - 8x + 11$$

c)
$$f(x) = 2x^2 - 18$$

$$e) \ \ f(x) = 3x^2 - 18x + 30$$

$$g) \ \ f(x) = 4x^2 + 4x - 8$$

$$i) \ \ f(x) = 5x^2 + 70x + 246$$

$$f(x) = 3x^2 - 24x + 45$$

$$m) \ f(x) = 3x^2 + 30x + 77$$

$$o) \quad f(x) = 5x^2 + 40x - 45$$

b)
$$f(x) = 4x^2 - 8x + 9$$

$$d) \ \ f(x) = 2x^2 + 4x - 6$$

$$f(x) = 6x^2 + 12x + 10$$

h)
$$f(x) = x^2 - 1$$

$$j) \ \ f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 2$$

$$l) f(x) = x^2 - 9$$

$$n) \ \ f(x) = 9x^2 - 36x + 38$$

$$p) f(x) = 2x^2 - 8$$



Lösung Aufgabe 3

a)
$$f(x) = 3(x-4)(x+2)$$

c)
$$f(x) = 4(x-2)(x+1)$$

e)
$$f(x) = (x-5)(x-3)$$

g)
$$f(x) = 2(x+4)(x-6)$$

i)
$$f(x) = 4(x+4)(x+2)$$

$$f(x) = 2(x-4)(x-6)$$

$$m) f(x) = x(x+2)$$

$$o) \quad f(x) = 3x(x-4)$$

b)
$$f(x) = 2x(x+2)$$

d)
$$f(x) = 4(x-6)(x+2)$$

$$f(x) = (x-4)(x+6)$$

h)
$$f(x) = 3(x+3)(x-9)$$

$$f(x) = 4(x-4)(x-2)$$

$$l) f(x) = (x+1)(x-3)$$

$$n) \quad f(x) = x(x-6)$$

$$p) f(x) = -x(x-4)$$