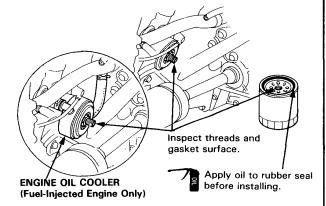
Engine Tune-up

Oil Filter Replacement

CAUTION:

- After the engine has been run, the exhaust pipes will be hot; be careful when working around the exhaust manifold.
- Used engine oil may cause skin cancer if repeatedly left in contact with the skin for prolonged periods. Although this is unlikely unless you handle used oil on a daily basis, it is still advisable to thoroughly wash your hands with soap and water as soon as possible after handling used oil.
- 1. Remove the oil filter with the special oil filter socket.
- Inspect the threads and rubber seal on the new filter. Wipe off seat on engine block, then apply a light coat of oil to the filter rubber seal.

NOTE: Use only filters with a built-in bypass system.

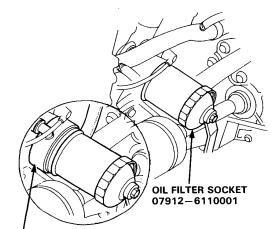


- 3. Install the oil filter by hand.
- After the rubber seal is seated, tighten the oil filter clockwise with the special tool.

Tighten: 7/8 turn clockwise.

Tightening torque: 22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 lb-ft)

CAUTION: Installation procedures other than the one above could result in serious engine defects due to oil leakage.



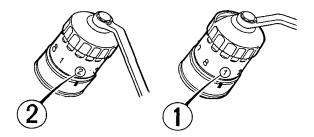
ENGINE OIL COOLER (Fuel-Injected Engine Only)



Eight numbers (1 to 8) are printed on the surface of the filter.

The following explains the procedure for tightening filters using these numbers.

- Make a mark on the cylinder block under the number that shows at the bottom of the filter when the rubber seal is seated.
- 2) Tighten the filter by turning it clockwise seven numbers from the marked point. For example, if a mark is made under the number 2 when the rubber seal is seated, the filter should be tightened until the number 1 comes up to the marked point.



Number when rubber seal is seated.

Number after tightening.

Number when rubber seal is seated	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Number after tightening	8	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

After installation, fill the engine with oil up to the specified level, run the engine for more than 3 minutes, then check for oil leakage.