CGL Data Structures Specification Sheet

Node Class:

Contains an ID to identify itself. Equality comparisons would check if the IDs are matching. A node precedes another if its ID is smaller than the other's. Maintains a set of edges connected to this node.

Edge Class:

Contains two nodes in a vector in this format {upstream node id, downstream node id}. Also keep track if it's a directed or undirected edge. If it's directed, the relationship would be upstream node->downstream node. If it's undirected, the relationship would be upstream node<->downstream node.

```
class Edge {
       private:
             vector<int64> nodes;
             bool isDirected;
             bool isBackwards;
       public:
             Edge(int64 id1, int64 id2, bool isDirected, bool isBackwards = false);
             bool reverse();
             int64 getUpstreamId();
                                                  // Both upstream and downstream
                                                     depends if the edge is backwards
             int64 getDownstreamId();
             int64 traverse(int id);
             bool operator==(const Edge& other); // Checks if both edges have the
                                                    same upstream node
}
```

NodeTraversal Class:

Node wrapper class that traverses the given node. Maintains a backwards value that could reverse edges. Returns any edge that would be traversed from node as the upstream node.