Historical Correlation Estimation

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Abstract

The document discussed the difference between weekly esimation and daily estimation on historical correlation with assumption that assets were traded continously.

1 Assumptions

For simplicity, we assumed the interest rates satisfy normal distribution and their covariance matrix were constant. Let \mathbf{X}, \mathbf{Y} be two normal random variables, and X, Y be their sample path from 1 to T, which they can also be the sample paths of interest rates.

$$\mathbf{X} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2), \quad \mathbf{Y} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu', \sigma'^2)$$
 (1)

And assumed there were N weeks in the history, then T = 7N, and

$$X = (x_1, x_2, x_3, ..., x_{7N})$$

$$Y = (y_1, y_2, y_3, ..., y_{7N})$$
(2)

Since the interest rates in weekend are not visible, the daily raturn series can be expressed as below,

$$X^{w} = (x_{2}, x_{3}, x_{4}, x_{5}, x_{6} + x_{7} + x_{8}, x_{9}, x_{10}, x_{11}, x_{12}, ..., x_{7N-2})$$

$$Y^{w} = (y_{2}, y_{3}, y_{4}, y_{5}, y_{6} + y_{7} + y_{8}, y_{9}, y_{10}, y_{11}, y_{12}, ..., y_{7N-2})$$
(3)

And the weekly return was

$$X^{w} = (\sum_{m=0}^{6} x_{1+m}, \sum_{m=0}^{6} x_{2+m}, \sum_{m=0}^{6} x_{3+m}, ..., \sum_{m=0}^{6} x_{7N-6+m})$$

$$Y^{w} = (\sum_{m=0}^{6} y_{1+m}, \sum_{m=0}^{6} y_{2+m}, \sum_{m=0}^{6} y_{3+m}, ..., \sum_{m=0}^{6} y_{7N-6+m})$$

$$(4)$$

2 Sample Covariance

Since we know,

$$Correl(X,Y) = \frac{Cov(X,Y)}{\sqrt{Var(X)}\sqrt{Var(Y)}}$$

and

$$Var(X) = Cov(X, X)$$

we could directly compared the covariance between these methods, and the sample covariance was

$$Cov(X,Y) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (X_i - \bar{X})(Y_i - \bar{Y})}{N - 1} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} X_i Y_i}{N - 1} - \frac{N\bar{X}\bar{Y}}{N - 1}$$
(5)

3 Analysis

3.1 Daily Estimation

Recall the formula (3), it can be generalized as

$$X^{d} = (x_{n+1}, x_{n+2}, x_{n+3}, x_{n+4}, \sum_{m=0}^{2} x_{n+m+5})_{n=1}^{N}$$

$$Y^{d} = (y_{n+1}, y_{n+2}, y_{n+3}, y_{n+4}, \sum_{m=0}^{2} y_{n+m+5})_{n=1}^{N}$$
(6)

$$Cov(X^d, Y^d) = \mathbb{E}\{X^d Y^d\} - \mathbb{E}\{X^d\} \mathbb{E}\{Y^d\}$$
(7)

and its covariance is

$$\hat{Cov}(X^d, Y^d) = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^{N} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{4} x_{n+i} y_{n+i} + \left(\sum_{m=0}^{2} x_{n+m+5} \right) \left(\sum_{m=0}^{2} y_{n+m+5} \right) \right)}{5N - 1} \\
- \frac{5N}{5N - 1} \left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^{7N} x_j}{5N} \right) \left(\frac{\sum_{k=1}^{7N} y_k}{5N} \right) \\
= \frac{\sum_{n=1}^{N} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{4} x_{n+i} y_{n+i} + \sum_{m=0}^{2} \sum_{p=0}^{2} x_{n+m+5} y_{n+p+5} \right)}{5N - 1} \\
- \frac{5N}{5N - 1} \left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^{7N} x_j}{5N} \right) \left(\frac{\sum_{k=1}^{7N} y_k}{5N} \right) \tag{8}$$

Take an expectation,

$$\mathbb{E}\{\hat{Cov}(X^d, Y^d)\} = \mathbb{E}\{\frac{\sum_{n=1}^{N} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{4} x_{n+i} y_{n+i} + \sum_{m=0}^{2} \sum_{p=0}^{2} x_{n+m+5} y_{n+p+5}\right)}{5N - 1}\}$$

$$= \frac{\mathbb{E}\{\sum_{n=1}^{N} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{4} x_{n+i} y_{n+i} + \sum_{m=0}^{2} x_{n+m+5} y_{n+m+5}\right)\}}{5N - 1}$$

$$+ \frac{\mathbb{E}\{\sum_{m=0}^{2} \sum_{p=0, p\neq m}^{2} x_{n+m+5} y_{n+p+5}\}}{5N - 1}$$

$$= \frac{7N}{5N - 1} Cov(x, y)$$
(9)

Since

$$\hat{Cov}(X,Y) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{7N} \mathbb{E}(x_i y_i)}{7N - 1} - \frac{7N}{7N - 1} \left(\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{7N} \mathbb{E}(x_i)}{7N}\right) \left(\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{7N} \mathbb{E}(y_i)}{7N}\right)$$
(10)

3.2 Weekly Estimation

Recall the formula (4),

$$X^{w} = \left(\sum_{m=0}^{6} x_{n+m}\right)_{n=1}^{N}$$

$$Y^{w} = \left(\sum_{m=0}^{6} y_{n+m}\right)_{n=1}^{N}$$
(11)

and its covariance is

$$\hat{Cov}(X^w, Y^w) = \frac{\sum_{7N-6}^{n=1} \left(\sum_{m=0}^6 x_{m+n} \sum_{m=0}^6 y_{m+n}\right)}{7N - 7} \\
- \frac{7N - 6}{7N - 7} \left(\frac{\sum_{n=1}^{7N-6} \sum_{i=n}^{n+6} x_i}{7N - 6}\right) \left(\frac{\sum_{n=1}^{7N-6} \sum_{i=n}^{n+6} y_i}{7N - 6}\right)$$
(12)

Take and expectation

$$\mathbb{E}\{\hat{Cov}(X^{w}, Y^{w})\} = \mathbb{E}\{\frac{\sum_{7N-6}^{n=1} \left(\sum_{m=0}^{6} x_{m+n} \sum_{m=0}^{6} y_{m+n}\right)}{7N-7}\}$$

$$-\mathbb{E}\left(\frac{7N-6}{7N-7} \left(\frac{\sum_{n=1}^{7N-6} \sum_{i=n}^{n+6} x_{i}}{7N-6}\right) \left(\frac{\sum_{n=1}^{7N-6} \sum_{i=n}^{n+6} y_{i}}{7N-6}\right)\right)$$

$$= \mathbb{E}\{\frac{\sum_{7N-6}^{n=1} \left(\sum_{m=0}^{6} \sum_{p=0}^{6} x_{m+n} y_{p+n}\right)}{7N-7}\} - \frac{36(7N-6)}{7N-7} \mathbb{E}(x) \mathbb{E}(y)$$

$$= \mathbb{E}\{\frac{\sum_{7N-6}^{n=1} \left(\sum_{m=0}^{6} x_{m+n} y_{m+n} + \sum_{m=0}^{6} \sum_{p=0, p\neq m}^{6} x_{m+n} y_{p+n}\right)}{7N-7}\}$$

$$-\frac{36(7N-6)}{7N-7} \mathbb{E}(x) \mathbb{E}(y)$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{n=1}^{7N-6} \sum_{m=0}^{6} \mathbb{E}(xy) + 0}{7N-7} - \frac{6(7N-6)^{2}}{7N-7} \mathbb{E}(x) \mathbb{E}(y)$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{n=1}^{7N-6} \sum_{m=0}^{6} (Cov(x,y) + \mathbb{E}(x)\mathbb{E}(y))}{7N-7} - \frac{36(7N-6)}{7N-7} \mathbb{E}(x) \mathbb{E}(y)$$

$$= \frac{6(7N-6)}{7N-7} (Cov(x,y) + \mathbb{E}(x)\mathbb{E}(y)) - \frac{36(7N-6)}{7N-7} \mathbb{E}(x) \mathbb{E}(y)$$

$$(13)$$