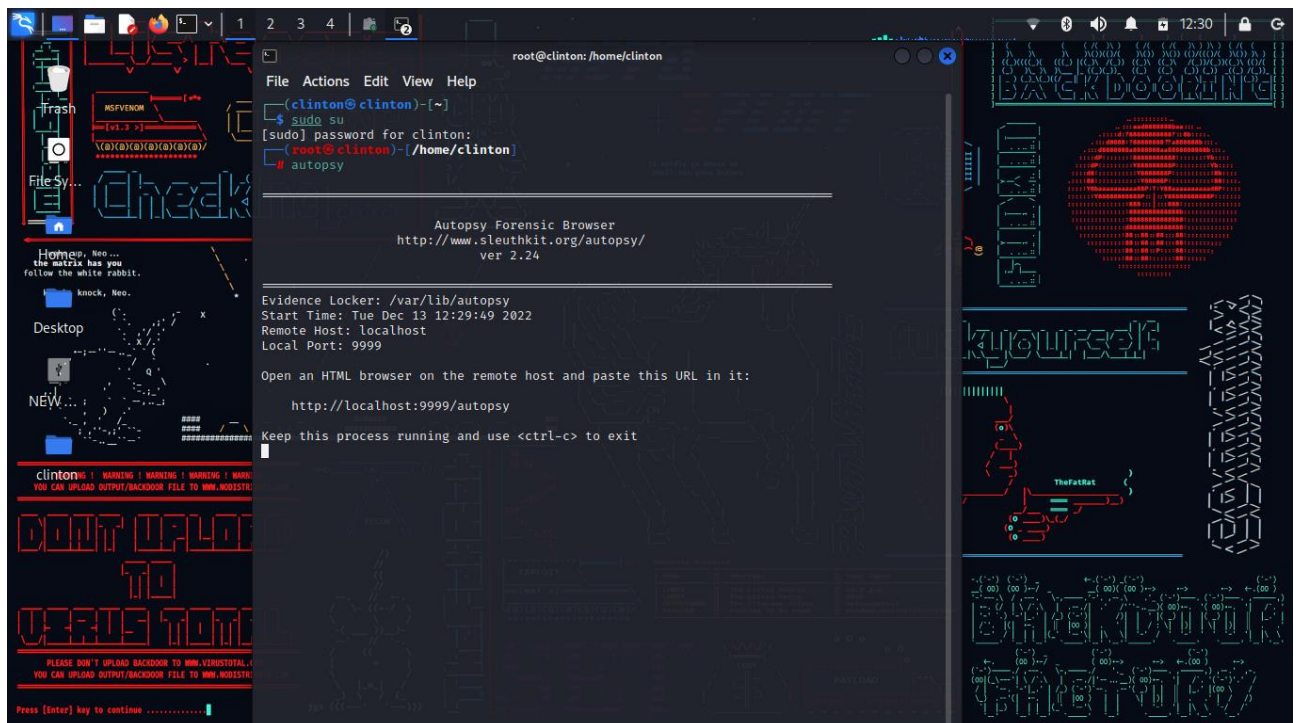


2} AUTOSPY

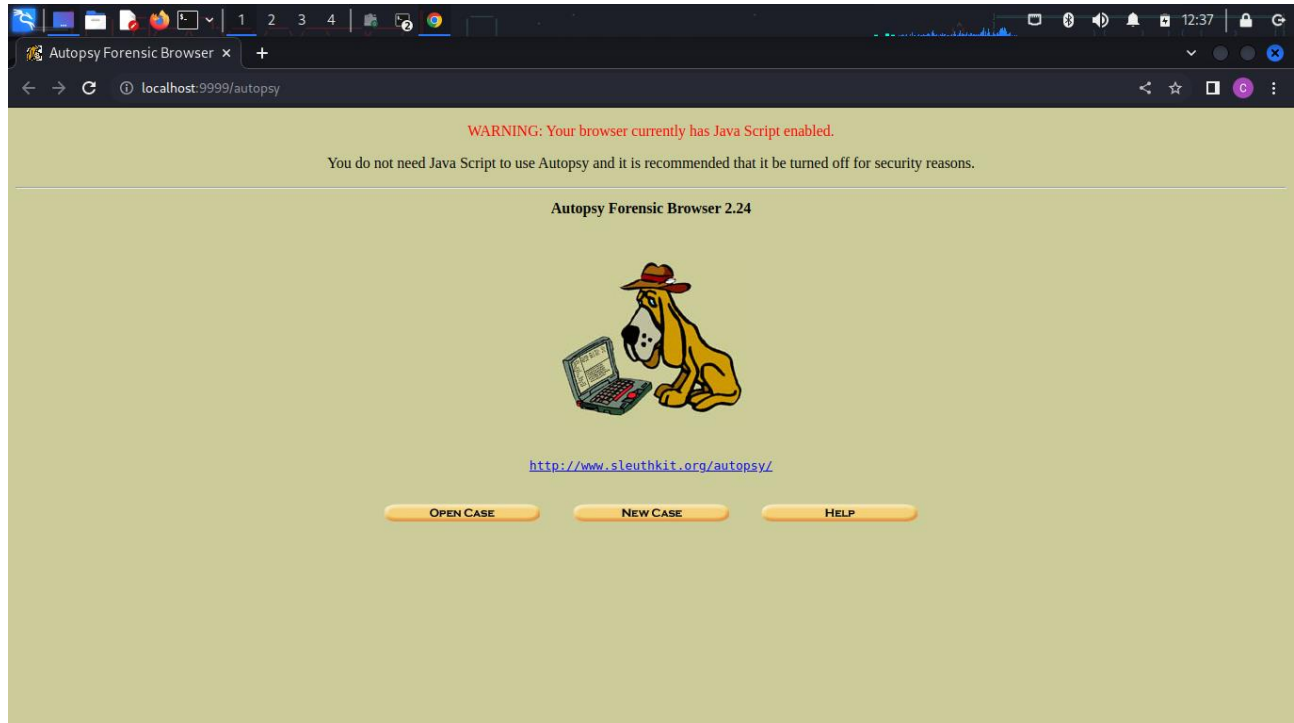
Autopsy is like a special magnifying glass for computers. When someone wants to see what's hidden on a computer or phone, like finding lost pictures or figuring out why something broke, they use Autopsy. It helps people like detectives, police, or computer doctors look at the insides of a computer without messing it up.

Autopsy provides a GUI to perform cyber forensic investigations like file hashing, deleted file recovery, file

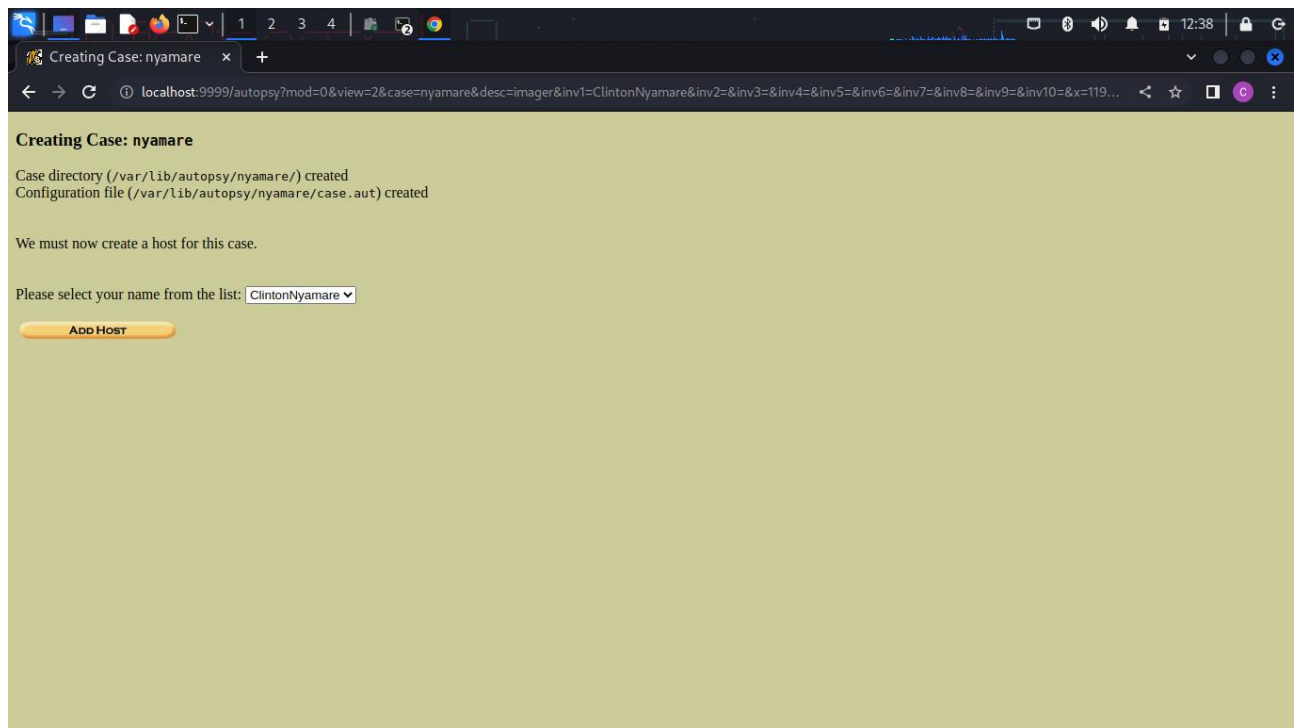


Start autopsy from the command line. It automatically opens the default browser as it runs as a web application.

Step 2: Start a New Case



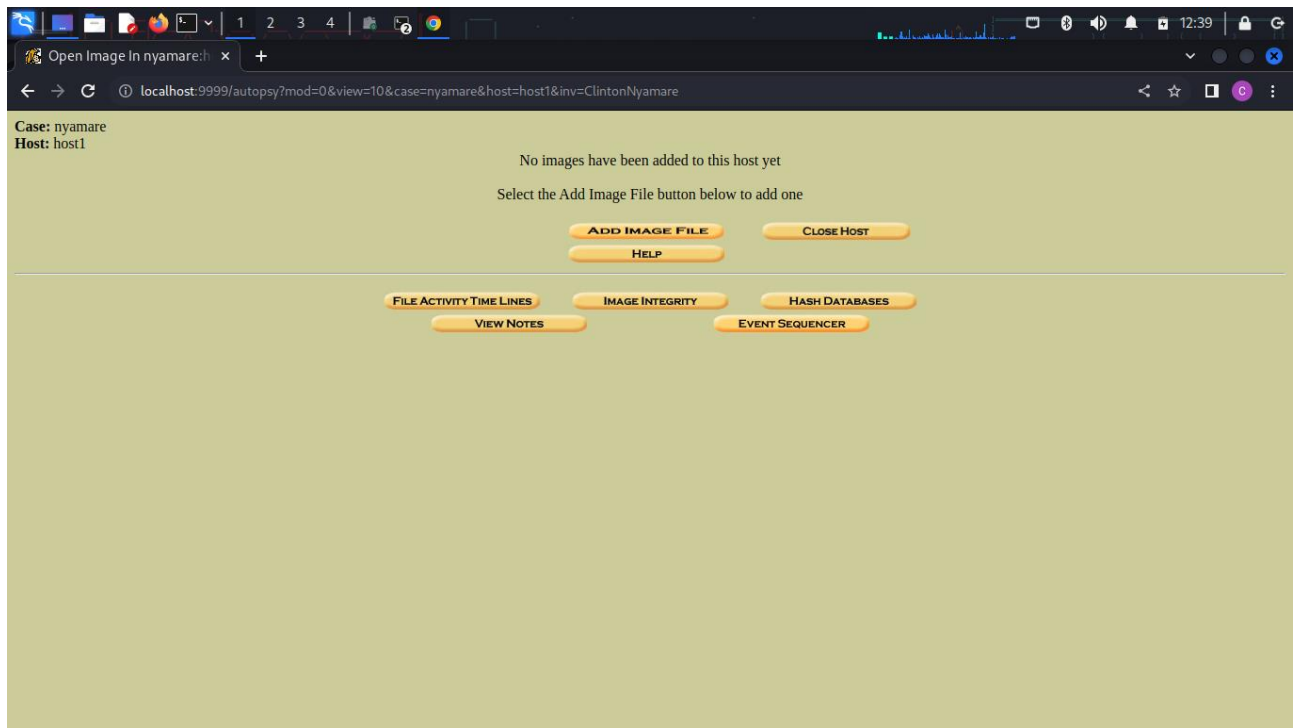
1. In the browser, click "Create New Case."
2. Fill in the case name, description, and examiner information.
3. Choose the location to store your case files



choose also the host name of the computer being investigated.

A screenshot of a web browser window showing the 'Add A New Host To nyamare' interface. The browser's address bar displays the URL: localhost:9999/autopsy?mod=0&view=7&case=nyamare&inv=ClintonNyamare&x=129&y=5. The page has a light green background. At the top, it says 'Case: nyamare' and 'ADD A NEW HOST'. Below this is a yellow box containing a list of six fields with descriptions and input areas: 1. **Host Name:** The name of the computer being investigated. It can contain only letters, numbers, and symbols. (Input: host1) 2. **Description:** An optional one-line description or note about this computer. (Input:) 3. **Time zone:** An optional timezone value (i.e. EST5EDT). If not given, it defaults to the local setting. A list of time zones can be found in the help files. (Input:) 4. **Timeskew Adjustment:** An optional value to describe how many seconds this computer's clock was out of sync. For example, if the computer was 10 seconds fast, then enter -10 to compensate. (Input: 0) 5. **Path of Alert Hash Database:** An optional hash database of known bad files. (Input:) 6. **Path of Ignore Hash Database:** An optional hash database of known good files. (Input:) At the bottom of the yellow box are three orange buttons: 'ADD HOST', 'CANCEL', and 'HELP'.

Click on add a new image file to incorporate a disk image or similar file for forensic analysis



Choose the location of the image, its image is a disk or a single partion and choose the import method.

Case: nyamare
Host: host1

ADD A NEW IMAGE

1. Location
Enter the full path (starting with /) to the image file.
If the image is split (either raw or EnCase), then enter '*' for the extension.

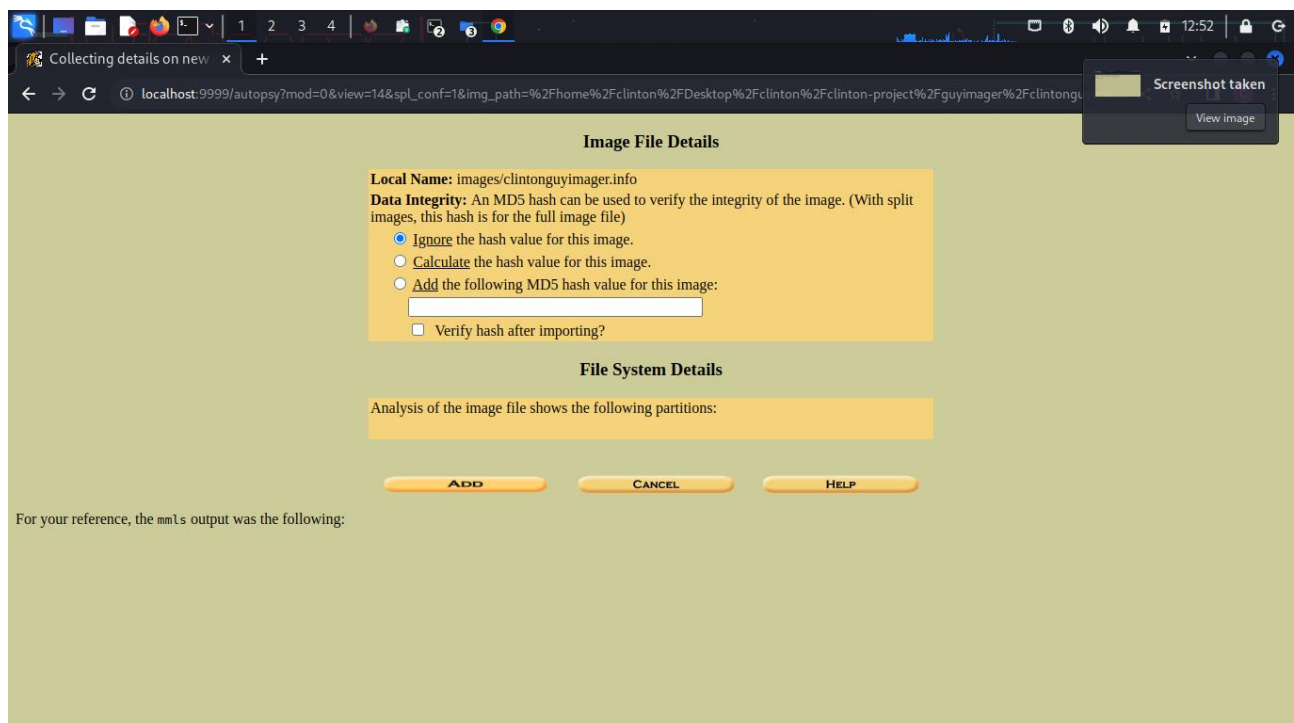
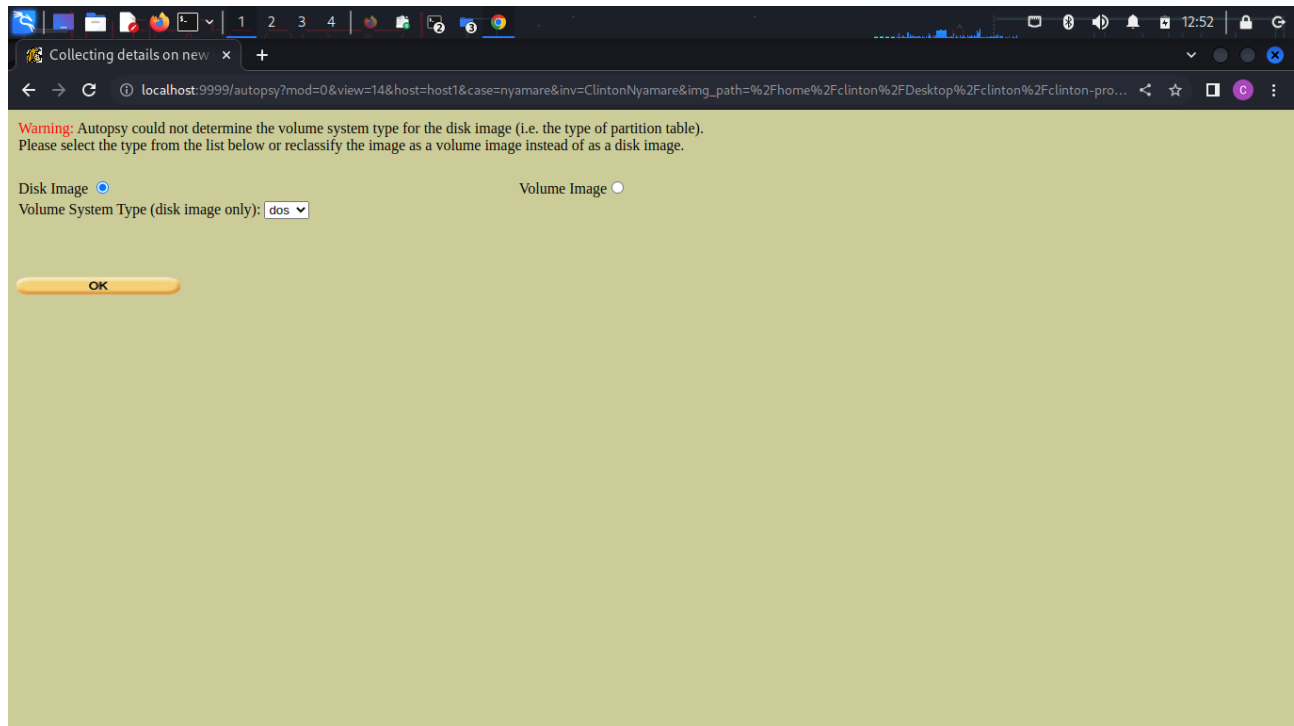
2. Type
Please select if this image file is for a disk or a single partition.
☒ Disk ☐ Partition

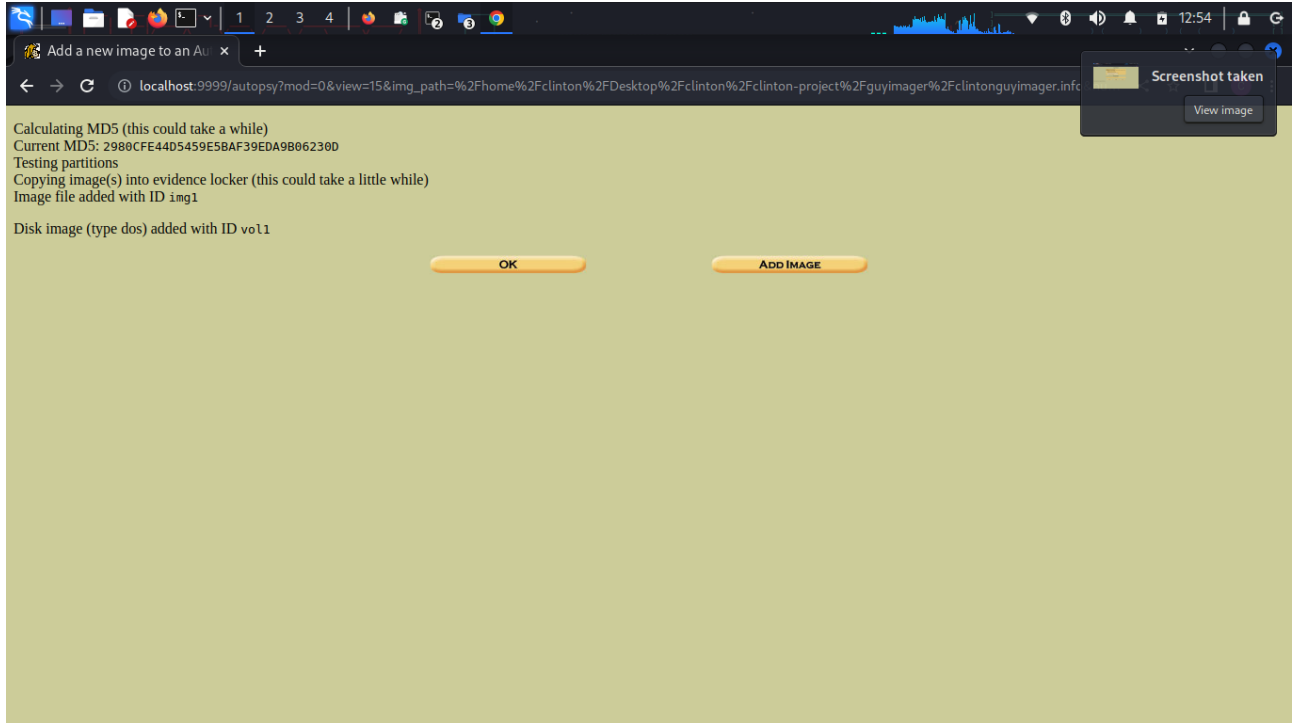
3. Import Method
To analyze the image file, it must be located in the evidence locker. It can be imported from its current location using a symbolic link, by copying it, or by moving it. Note that if a system failure occurs during the move, then the image could become corrupt.
☒ Symlink ☐ Copy ☐ Move

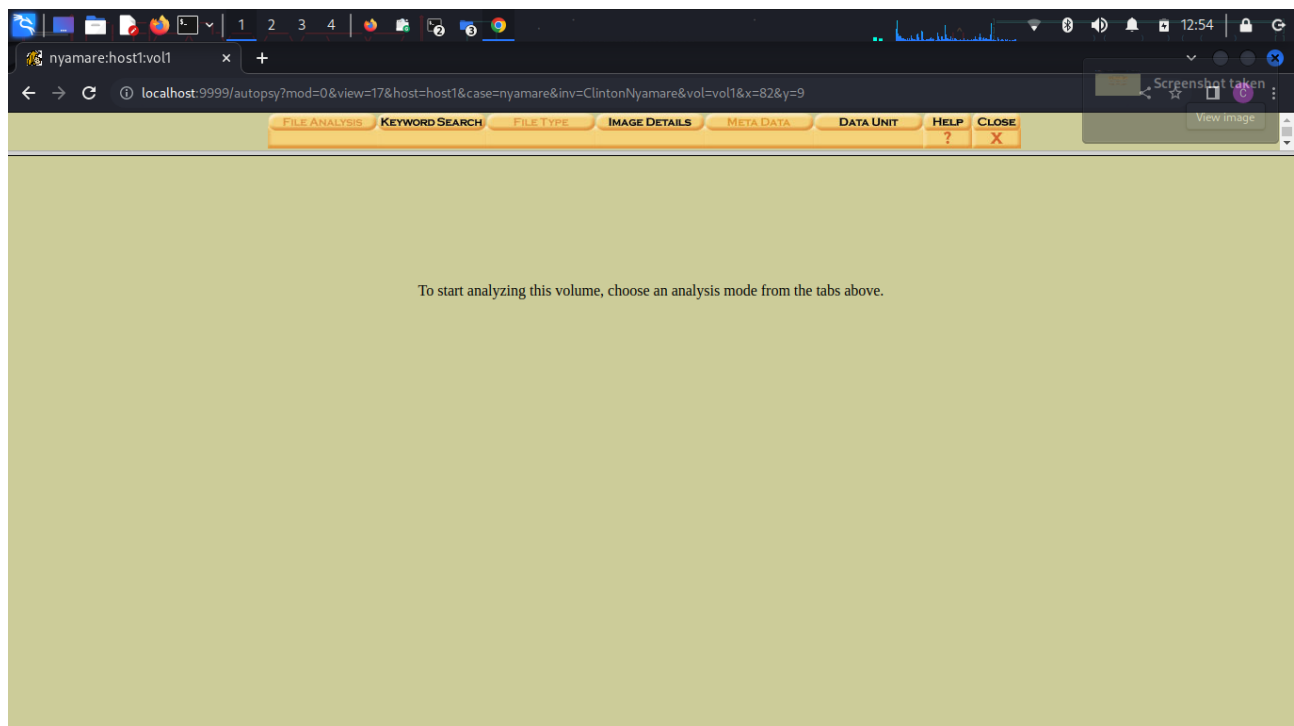
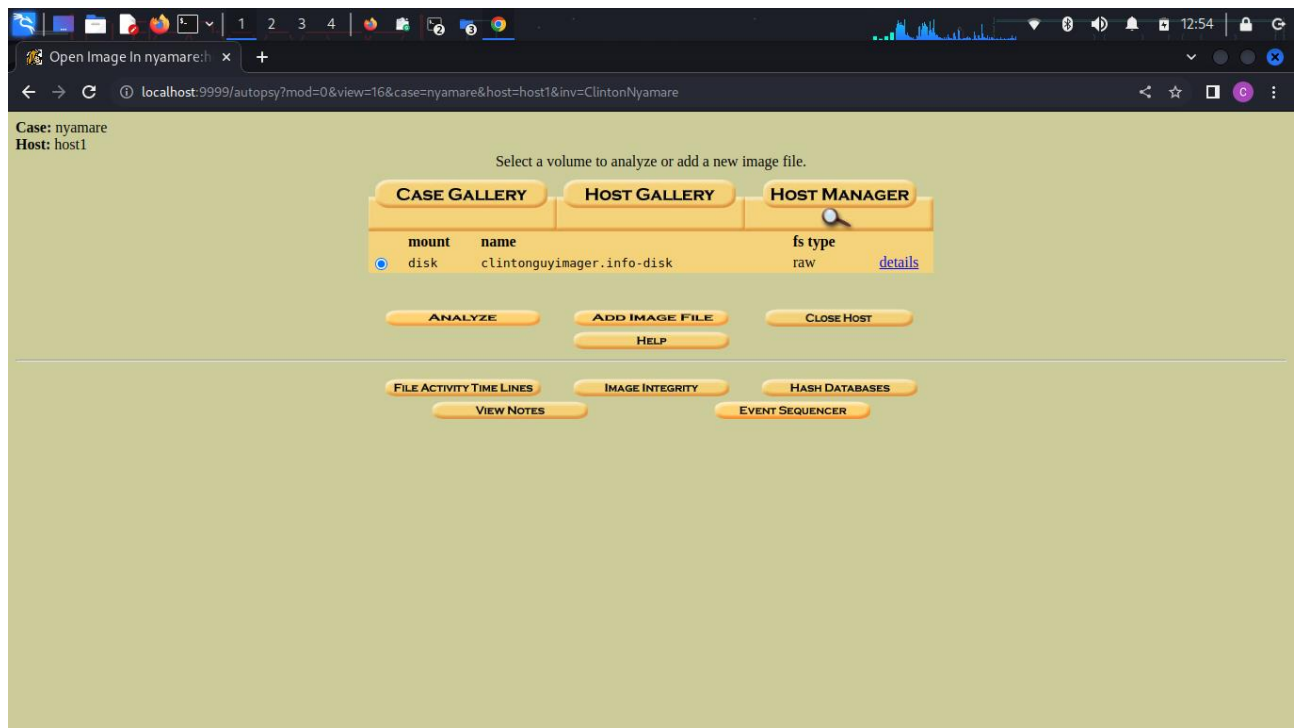
NEXT

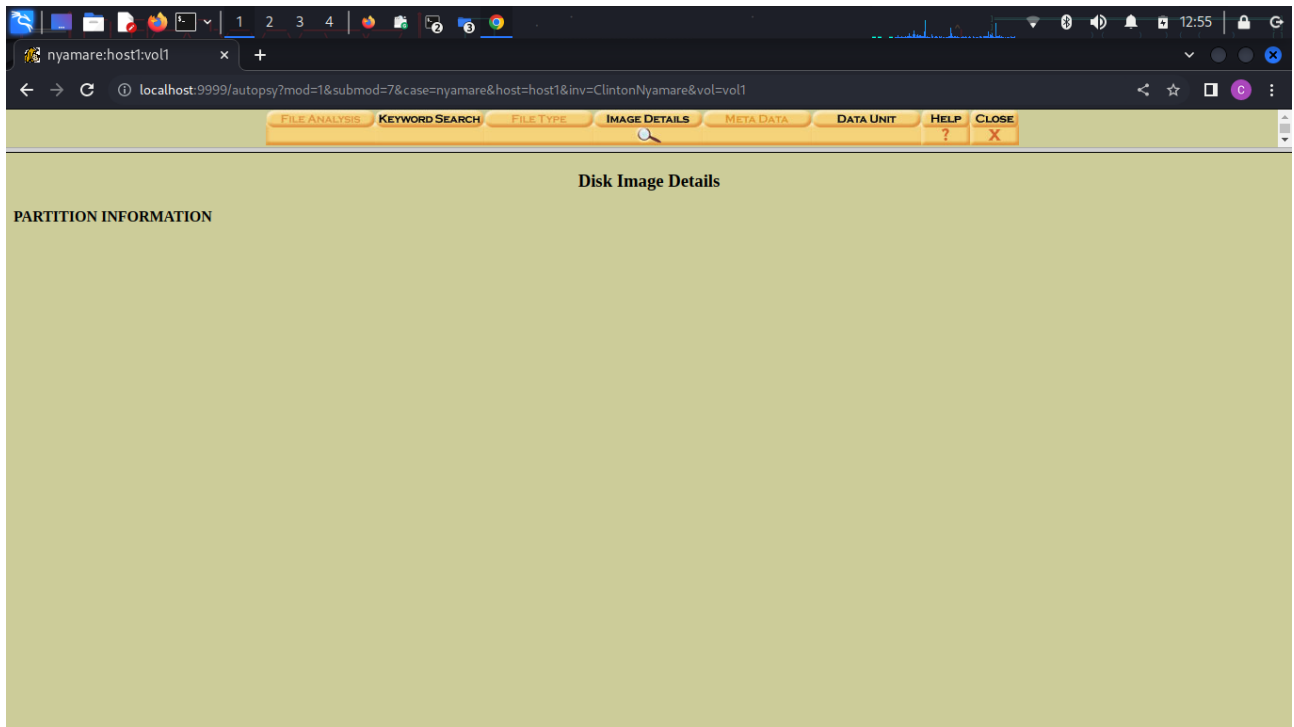
CANCEL **HELP**

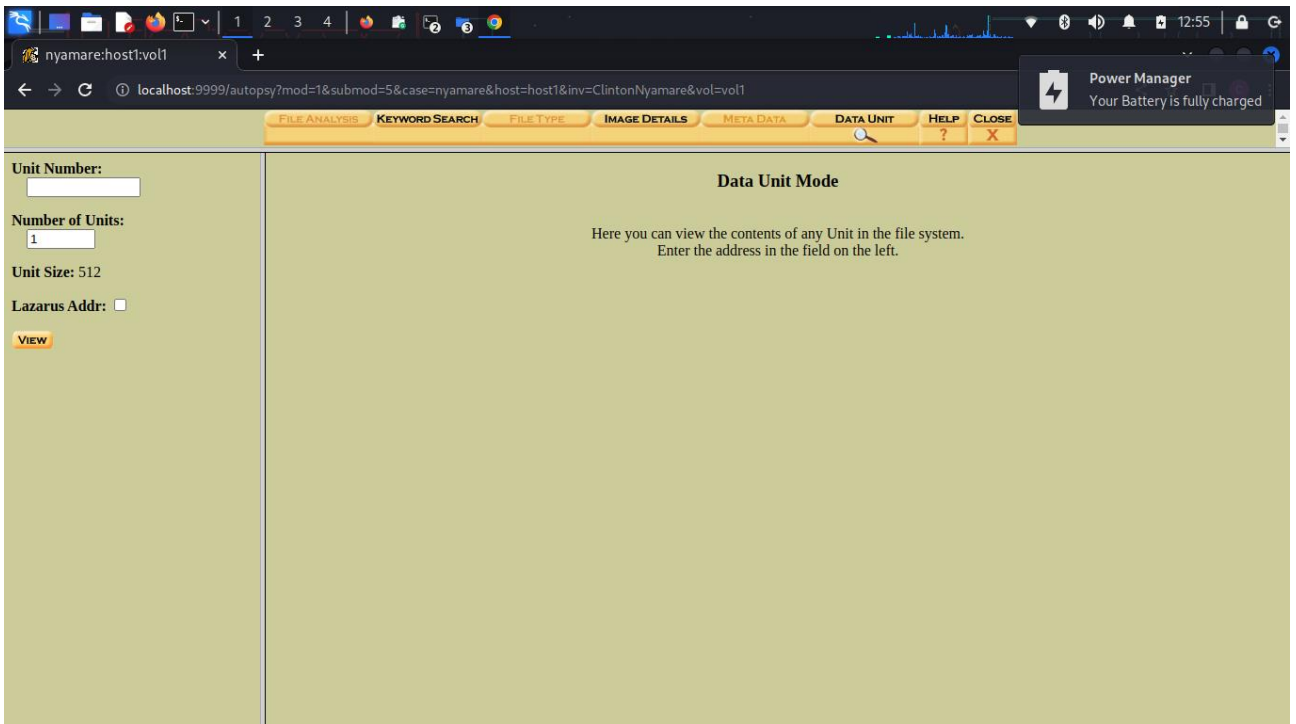
In case of an error re- clarify your options and press ok











Advantages of Autopsy

Easy to Use: It's like having a treasure map that shows exactly where to look. You don't need to be super smart to use it.

Finds Hidden Stuff: If something is deleted or lost, it can help bring it back, like finding a toy under your bed.

Free: You don't need to pay to use it, like free candy!

Shows a Lot of Information: It can find pictures, videos, messages, or even secrets someone tried to hide.

Disadvantages of Autopsy

Needs a Good Computer: If your computer is slow, Autopsy will also be slow, like walking through sticky mud.

Lots of Information: Sometimes it shows too much, and it's hard to know what's important, like too many toys in one box.

Not Perfect: It can miss some stuff, especially if the bad guys are very smart at hiding things.