Refactoring Practices

- 1. Consider these smells:
 - a. Comments
 - b. Large Class
 - c. Long Method
 - d. Long Parameter List

For each refactoring in the following list, write the letter for the smell(s) it might help cure:

Duplicate Observed Data
Extract Class
Extract Interface
Extract Method
Extract Subclass
Introduce Assertion
Introduce Parameter Object
Preserve Whole Object
Rename Method
Replace Parameter with Method

- 2. In the following code,
 - a. What duplication do you see?
 - b. What would you do to remove the duplication? (You don't have to actually write code here, but be as specific as you can about the actions you would take.)

```
try {
   String template = new String(sourceTemplate);
    // Substitute for %CODE%
    int templateSplitBegin = template.indexOf("%CODE%");
    int templateSplitEnd = templateSplitBegin + 6;
    String templatePartOne = new String(
   template.substring(0, templateSplitBegin));
    String templatePartTwo = new String(
   template.substring(templateSplitEnd, template.length()));
    code = new String(reqId);
    template = new String(templatePartOne + code +
templatePartTwo);
    // Substitute for %ALTCODE%
    templateSplitBegin = template.indexOf("%ALTCODE%");
    templateSplitEnd = templateSplitBegin + 9;
    templatePartOne = new String(
        template.substring(0, templateSplitBegin));
    templatePartTwo = new String(
        template.substring(templateSplitEnd,
template.length());
    altcode = code.substring(0,5) + "-" + code.substring<math>(5,8);
    out.print(templatePartOne + altcode + templatePartTwo);
```

```
} catch (Exception e) {
        System.out.println("Error in substitute()");
}
```

3. Consider this code fragment:

```
if (!((score > 700) ||
     ((income >= 40000) && (income <= 100000)
     && authorized && (score > 500)) ||
     (income > 100000)))
     reject();
else
     accept();
```

- a. What code smells do you see in this code? Give examples of each smell you list.
- b. Apply DeMorgan's Law to simplify this as much as possible.
- c. Starting from the original, rewrite the condition by introducing explaining variables.
- d. Starting from the original, flip the if and else clauses, then break the original into several if clauses. (You'll call accept() in three different places.)
- e. Consolidate Conditional Expression by extracting a method to compute the condition.
- f. Which approach was the simplest? The clearest? Can you combine the techniques? Explain your answers.
- 4. a Refactor the following method:

```
double getPayAmount() {
     double result;
     if (_isDead) result = deadAmount();
     else {
          if (_isSeparated) result = separatedAmount();
          else {
                if (_isRetired) result = retiredAmount();
                else result = normalPayAmount();
          };
     }
     return result;
};
```

b. What refactoring(s) did you use? Why did you choose the one(s) you did?