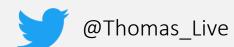
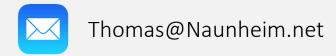


About Me

Thomas Naunheim

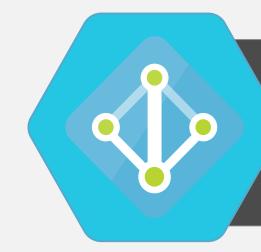
Cloud Engineer Koblenz, Germany











Azure Active Directory Tenant

Active Directory in Azure?

(Windows Server)

AD Domain Services

Forest/Domain

LDAP / ADSI

NTLMv2, Kerberos

Domain Membership

Group Policy Management

Organizational Units

Internal corporate network

IT-Driven Management

Active Directory in Azure?

(Windows Server)			
AD Domain	AD Federation Services		
Forest/Domain	ADFS Farm		
LDAP / ADSI			
NTLMv2, Kerberos	SAML, WS*, OAuth, OIDC		
Domain Membership	Workplace Join		
Group Policy Management			
Organizational Units			
Internal corporate network	External network (WAP)		
IT-Driven Management			

Active Directory in Azure?

(Windows Server) **AD Domain AD Federation Services** Forest/Domain **ADFS Farm** LDAP / ADSI NTLMv2, Kerberos SAML, WS*, OAuth, OIDC Workplace Join Domain Membership Group Policy Management Organizational Units Internal corporate network External network (WAP) IT-Driven Management

(Azure) **Azure Active Directory**Tenant

Graph API (REST-APIs)

SAML, WS*, OAuth, OIDC

Domain Join, Device Registered

- (MDM/Intune Device policies)

Flat (excl. Administrative Units)

Cloud-Services/Web-Focused

User-Driven (Self Services)

Active Directory in Azure?

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NTLMv2, Kerberos

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IT-Driven Management

Options for lift-and-shift:

- 1. Full Control of AD = Domain Controllers as IaaS
- 2. Managed AD in Azure* = Azure AD Domain Services
- 3. Third Party Managed AD =
- AWS Directory Service for AD
- GCP Managed Service for AD

*Limited functionality and <u>comparison</u> of features strongly recommended

(Azure) **Azure Active Directory**

Tenant

Graph API (REST-APIs)

SAML, WS*, OAuth, OIDC

Domain Join, Device Registered

- (MDM/Intune Device policies)

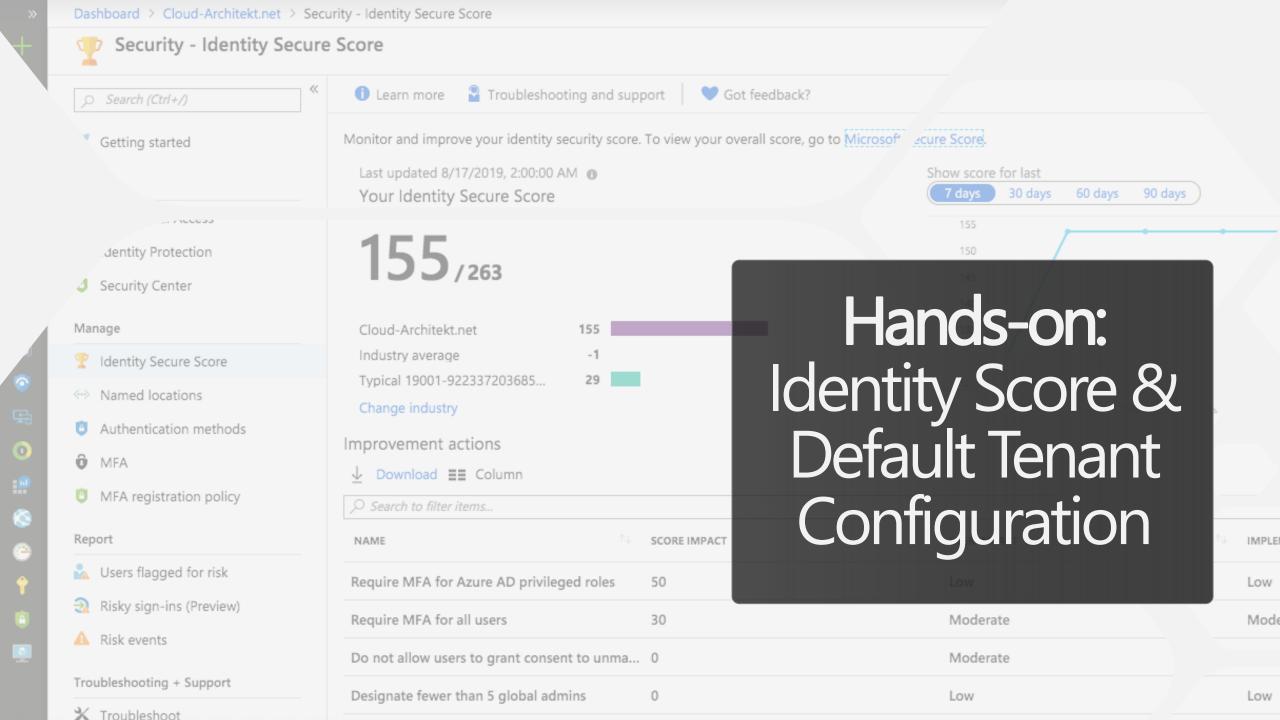
Flat (excl. Administrative Units)

Cloud-Services/Web-Focused

User-Driven (Self Services)

One tenant to rule them all...?

- Tenant isolation (security boundary)
 - Staging environments, (geopolitical/multi-geo) region or B2C (local) accounts
 - Granulator control over admin permissions → <u>Administrative Units</u>
 - <u>Default</u> user permissions
- Tenant friending
- Supported topologies for synchronization (multi-forest-support)
- Location of <u>identity data storage</u> and <u>security considerations</u>
 - Data privacy regulation (workers' council, data privacy)? Where is my data located?

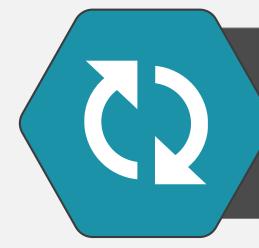


Azure AD Tenant

Checklist

- ✓ Regular review of (changed) default or new (feature) settings
- ✓ Monitor your identity score, usage and insights reports
- ✓ Prevent elevated access to manage all Azure resources as "Global Admin"
- ✓ Check technical contact and notification mail address
- ✓ CSP customers: Verify <u>delegated admin</u> privileges to partners
- ✓ Planning and monitoring assignment of licenses and application/service principals
- ✓ Service Health alerts of Azure AD and MFA service

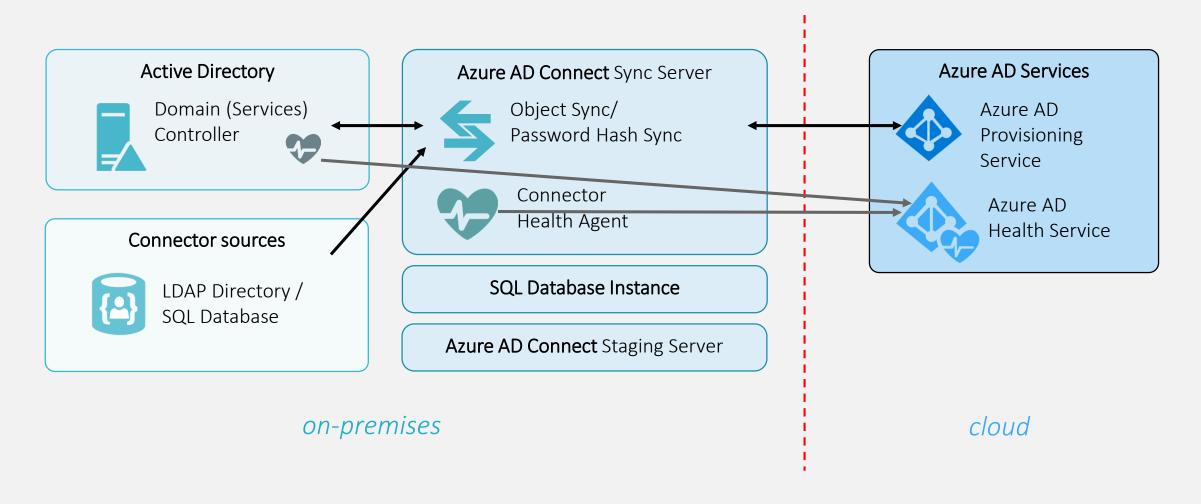




Hybrid Identity Synchronization

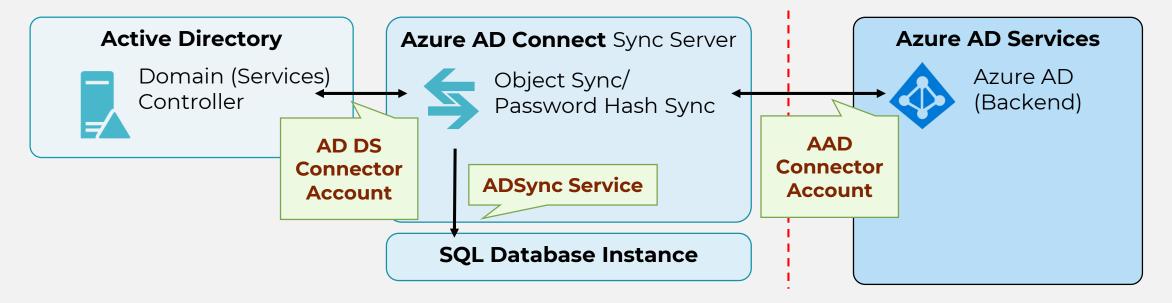
Azure AD Connect Synchronization

Architecture and components of "Identity bridge"



Azure AD Connect Synchronization

Hardening of Azure AD Connect



- Pre-created service accounts and <u>delegated permissions</u>
 (based on your user scope/filter and write-backs attributes)
 - ADSync service accounts as "(Group) Managed Service Account"
 - Security advisory for AD DS connect service account

Azure AD Connect Synchronization

Design decisions and prerequisites (before implementing)

- Review of the <u>synced attributes</u>, filtering and write-back options
 - <u>IDFix</u> to prepare and check directory objects and attributes
- Placement and protection of Azure AD connect, PTAs servers and databases
 - Hybrid identity components must be protected (similarly high as domain controllers)
 - Supported options for "High availability" of PTA and <u>SQL cluster</u>
- Required internet connectivity (direct / proxy)
 - Running tests with "AADConnect-CommunicationsTest.ps1"
- Identity lifecycle and security use cases that needs to be validated
 - Example: Expired user password, nested (AD) groups, Force password reset

Hybrid Identity SynchronizationChecklist

- ✓ Least privilege and write-scope of AD DS Connector account
- ✓ Monitor your synchronization with Azure AD Connect Health
- ✓ Hardening of your hybrid identity components AND database
- ✓ Consideration for <u>changing default configuration</u>
- ✓ Use "Azure AD Connect Config Documenter" (compare configuration)

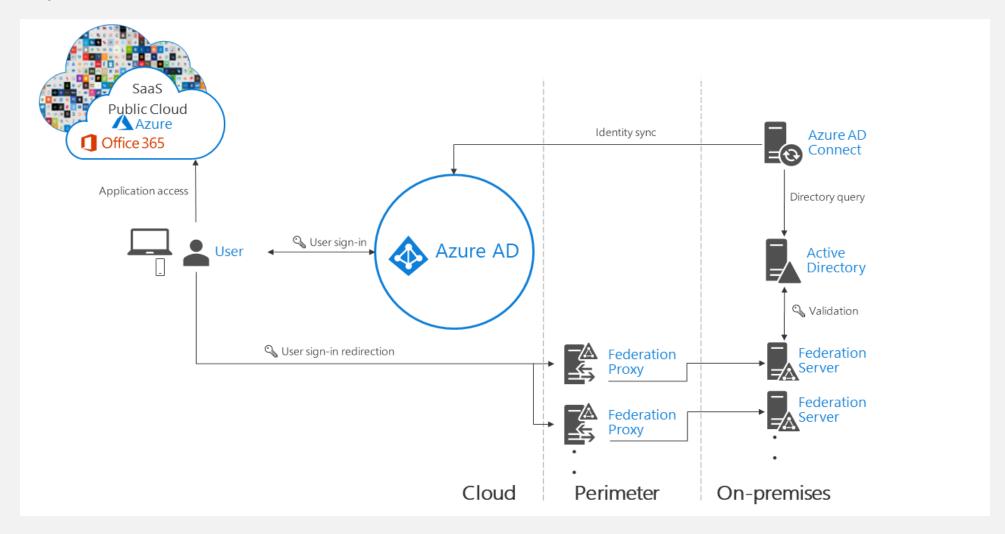




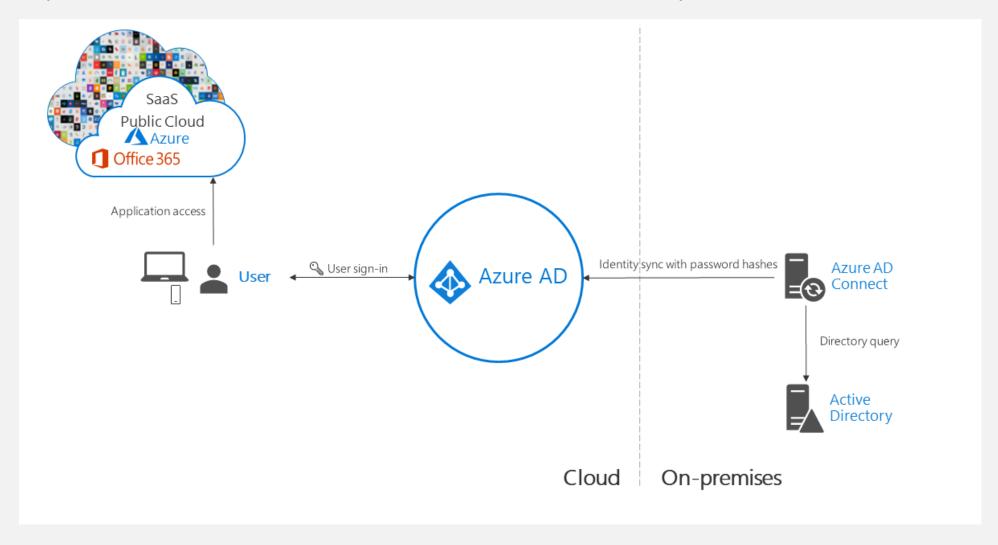
How to choose the right model?

- <u>Decision tree</u> and detailed considerations by Microsoft
- Define your (identity) <u>strategy</u> and <u>level of transformation</u>
 - Collect business, security and technical requirements and discuss considerations
- Cloud vs. Federated Authentication?
 - Defense of brute force and password spray?
 - Certificate management (Golden SAML)?
 - Hardening of perimeter-network components?
 - Enforcing local (AD) security policies?
- Disaster recovery / SLA (on-premises dependency)?
- Security concerns of password (hashes) in the cloud?
- Identity protection features (<u>leaked credentials</u>)?

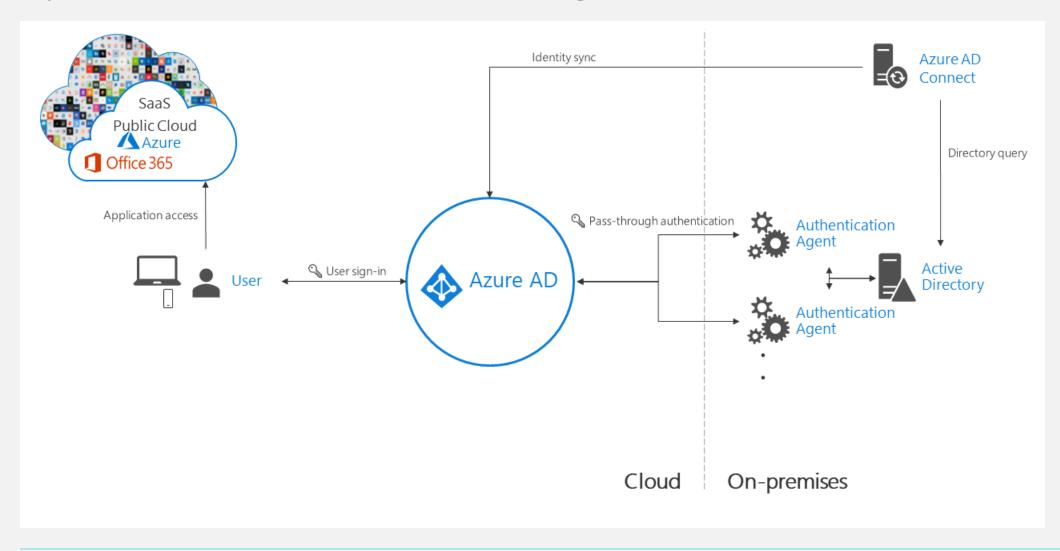
Hybrid Authentication with Federation Services (AD FS)



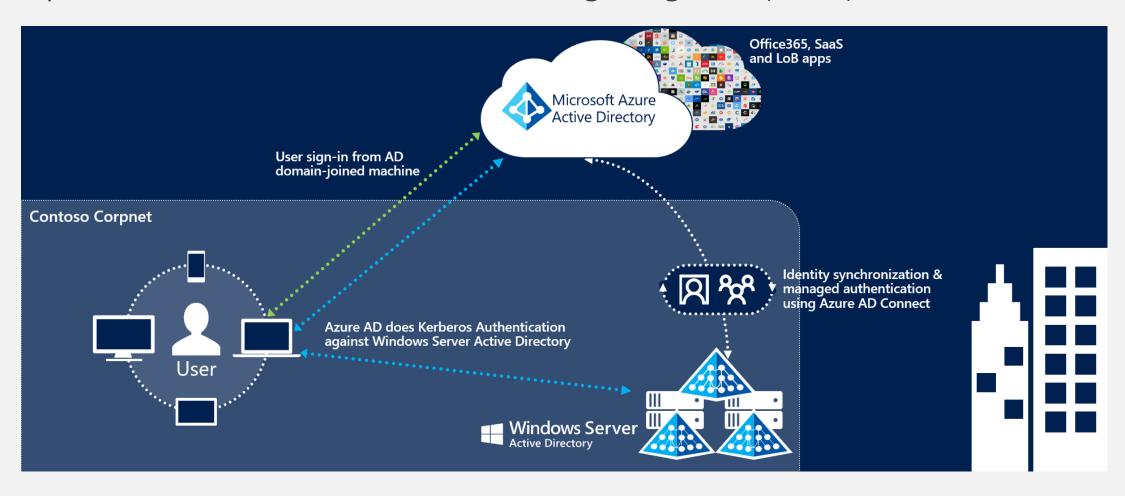
Hybrid Authentication with Password hash sync (PHS)



Hybrid Authentication with Pass-trough Authentication (PTA)



Hybrid Authentication & Seamless Single-Sign On (sSSO)



Weakness of Seamless SSO (sSSO)

- Kerberos (Silver Ticket) Attacks to AZUREADSSOACCT
- Limitation of sSSO Kerberos Encryption types
 - "Seamless SSO uses the RC4_HMAC_MD5 encryption type for Kerberos. Disabling the use of the RC4_HMAC_MD5 encryption type in your Active Directory settings will break Seamless SSO."

 Source: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/hybrid/tshoot-connect-sso#manual-reset-of-the-feature&guot
- Roll over the Kerberos decryption key (min. every 30 days) *Update-AzureADSSOForest* (Automated rollover in work)
- Alternative solution: Windows Hello for Business (Hybrid)
 - Azure AD-joined device + Synchronized "msDS-KeyCredentialLink" via AAD Connect
 = Azure AD (PRT) and AD (TGT) → Credential Guard!

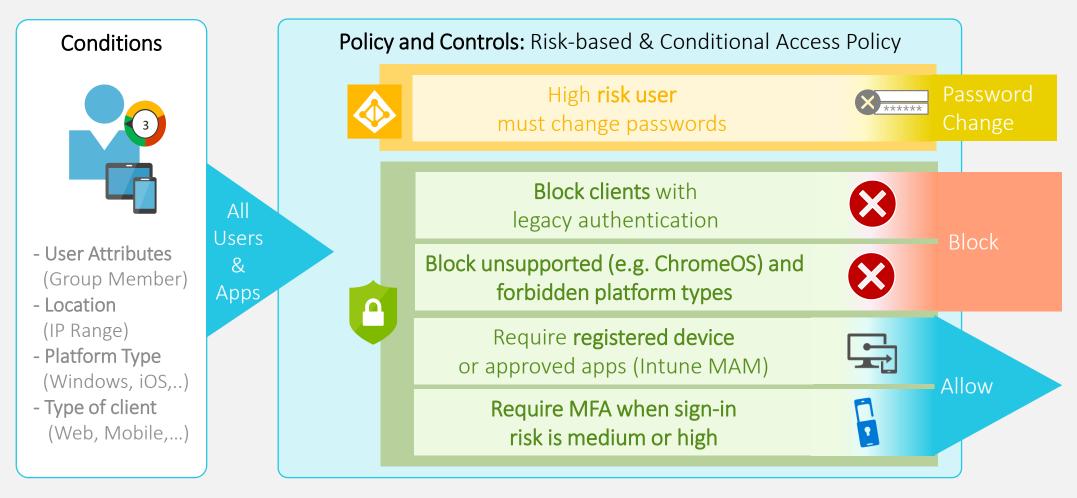
Hybrid Identity Authentication Checklist

- ✓ Use cloud authentication / password hash synchronization
- ✓ Implement of "Windows Hello for Business" (Hybrid) for employees
- ✓ Enable all users to register MFA (Fallback WHfB) and SSPR information
- ✓ PTA: Configure "Smart Lockout Policy" and consider your AD lockout policy
- ✓ Move "change password" and "self-service password reset" (SSPR) process to Azure AD or implement "Azure AD Password Protection"





Design your Identity Protection and Conditional Access Strategy



Microsoft's recommendation on Conditional Access Policies

Microsoft 365 "Golden Config"
 (recommendation on identity and device access configuration)

Protection level	Azure AD conditional access policies	Include	Exclude
Baseline	Require multi-factor authentication (MFA) when sign-in risk is medium or high	All users	Conditional access exclusion group
Sensitive	Require MFA when sign- in risk is low, medium, or high	Executive staff	Conditional access exclusion group
Highly regulated	Always require MFA	Top secret project X team	Conditional access exclusion group

Investigation on cloud authentication, cloud apps and on-premises



Risky sign-ins & User Risk

Sign-ins from unfamiliar locations/Leaked credentials



Identity behavior on-premises

Suspicious VPN connection/Kerberos Attacks

Data exfiltration over SMB

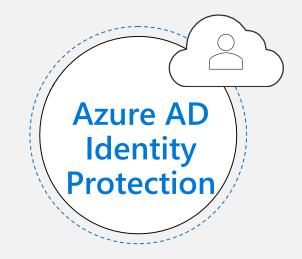


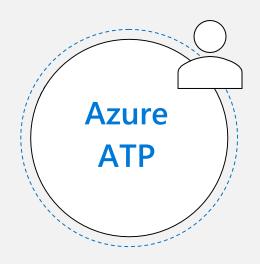
Behavior across cloud apps

Activity from infrequent country

Data exfiltration to unsanctioned apps

Unified SecOps Investigation of hybrid environments



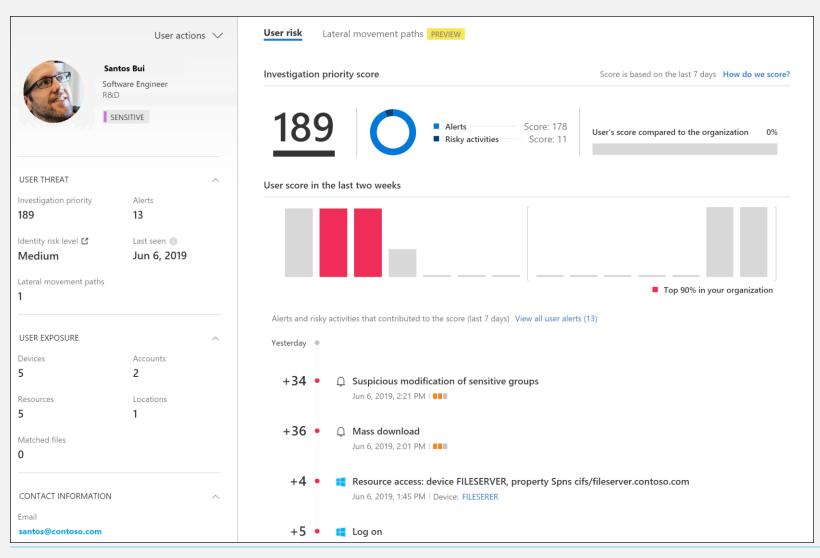




User and Entity Behavior Analytics (UEBA)

Auditing and Monitoring of Azure Active Directory

Investigation Priority built on User and Entity Behavior Analytics



Checklist

- ✓ Securing access with conditional access policies (strong baseline e.g. block legacy auth!)
- ✓ Protect and monitor your identities with Azure ATP, MCAS and Identity protection
- ✓ Exclude emergency accounts from every policy and manage (temporary) exclusions with <u>Azure AD access reviews</u>
- ✓ Monitoring your audit, sign-in and security logs (part of your SecOps)
 - → Plan an <u>reporting and monitoring deployment</u>
 - → Integration in SIEM products or Microsoft's Azure Sentinel





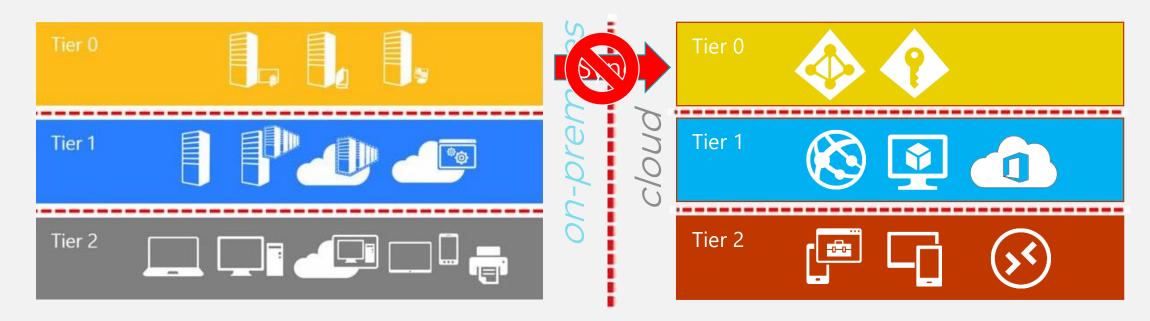
Priviliged Identity Management in Azure AD

Priviliged Identity Management (PIM)

Securing privileged access for hybrid and cloud deployments

Security isolation level of privileged identities

- <u>Separate</u> your work account and privileged account
- <u>Do not</u> sync on-premises accounts as cloud admins
- Tiering model of Enhanced Security Administrative Environment (ESAE)



Priviliged Identity Management (PIM)

Design your Azure AD roles

Built-in Azure AD directory roles and limitations

- Azure AD Built-in Directory roles and least-privileged roles by task
- Custom directory roles → Available in public preview for "app registration"
- No support for security group assignment → "Under <u>review</u>" by AAD product group

Azure AD roles - Quick start

Cloud-Architekt.net

Overview

Quick start



Azure AD Privileged Identity Managem at

Azure AD PIM is a Premium feature that enables you to limit standing a n access to privileged roles and much more. Learn more

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My requests

Approve requests

Review access

Manage

Roles

Members

Alerts

0

Access reviews

Wizard

Settings

Activity

Directory roles audit history

My audit history

Troubleshooting + Support



Assign

Assign users or current admins as eligible admins for specific Azure AD roles, so that they only have access when necessary

Assign eligibility







Priviliged Identity Management

Checklist

- ✓ Built your Azure and Azure AD RBAC model with least privilege
- ✓ Adapt Azure AD PIM to reduce expose of privileged accounts
 → Microsoft IT showcase: Elevated access with tools and privileged credentials
- ✓ Require strong (or passwordless) authentication and compliant device for admins
- ✓ Manage two <u>emergency accounts</u> (alerting by sign-in attempts)
- ✓ Access to Azure portals and shell from secured device only (<u>Secure Admin Workstation</u>)
- ✓ Prevent lateral movement (Local Admin Password Solution in Azure? <u>SLAPS</u>!)
- ✓ <u>Regularly review</u> of critical accounts and permissions

