



Hybrid identity design and security considerations in Azure Active Directory

Thomas
Naunheim

aOS Germany
1/12/2020



THANKS TO OUR SPONSORS



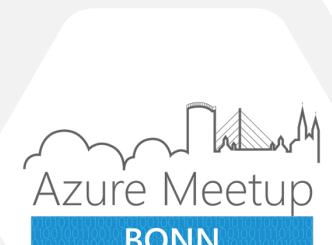
About Me

Thomas Naunheim

Cloud Solutions Architect
Koblenz, Germany

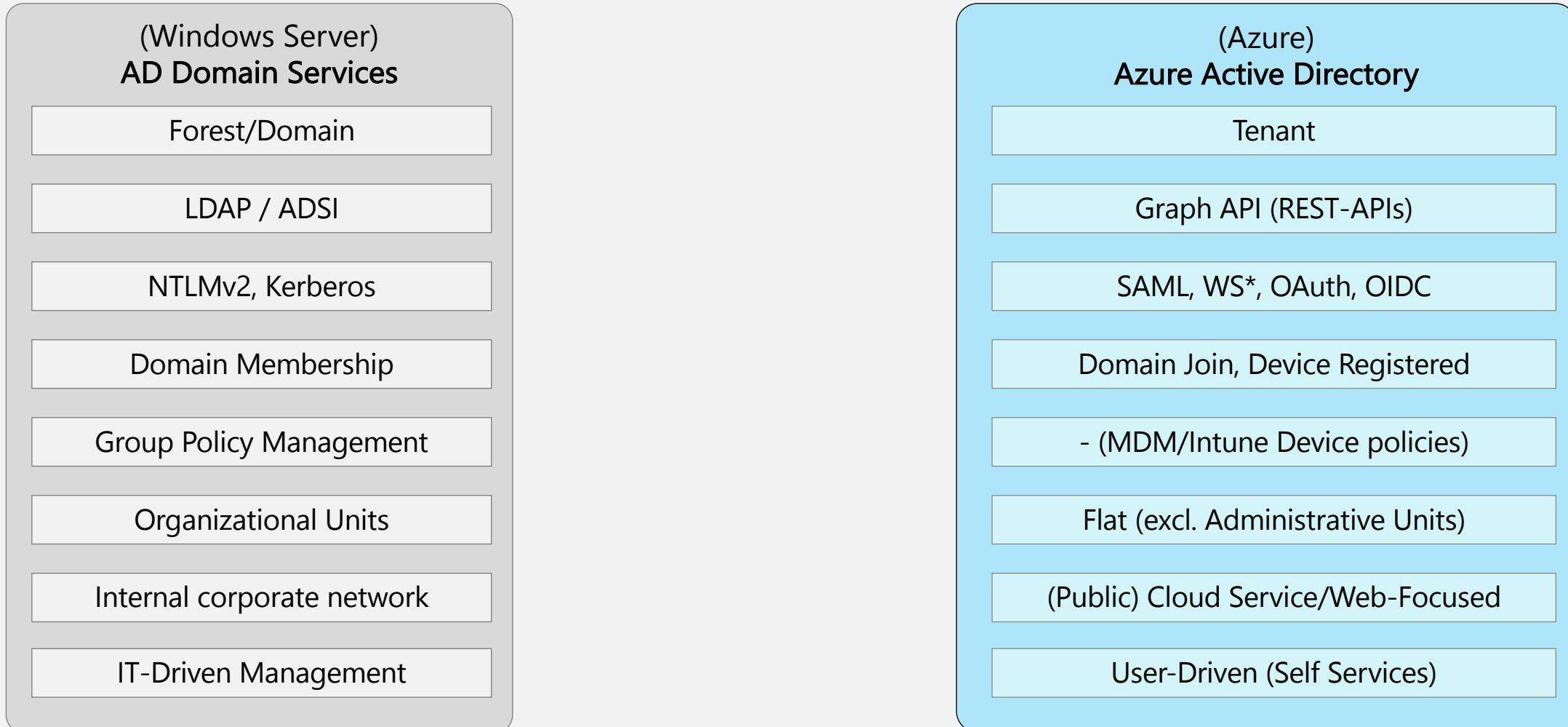
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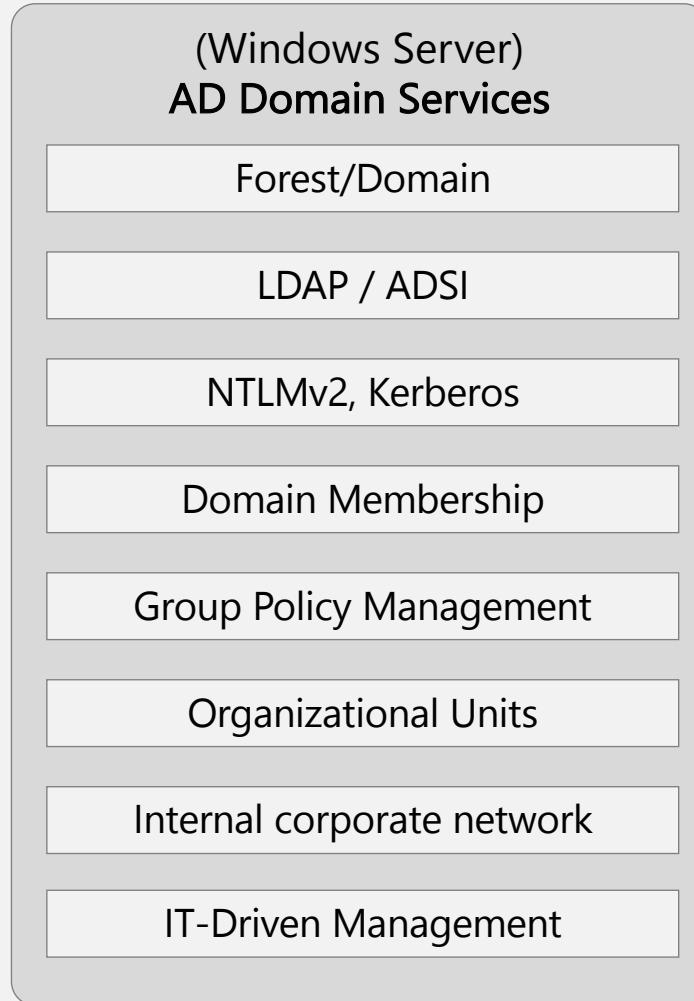
Azure Active Directory

Microsoft Hybrid Identity



Azure Active Directory

Microsoft Hybrid Identity



Agenda

1. Azure Active Directory Tenant
2. Hybrid Identity Synchronization
3. Hybrid Identity Authentication
4. Hybrid Identity Protection
5. Privileged Identity Management



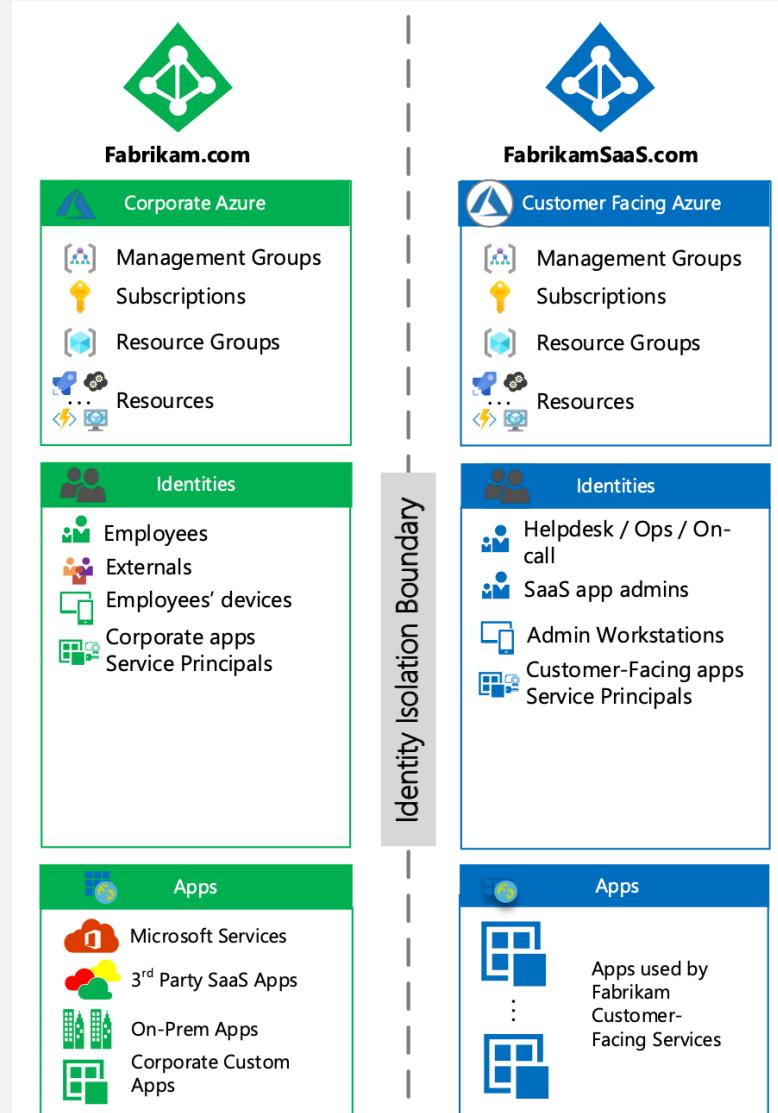


Azure Active Directory Tenant

Azure Active Directory

One tenant to rule them all...?

- Tenant isolation (security boundary)
 - Staging environments, (geopolitical/[multi-geo](#)) region or B2C (local) accounts
 - Granular control over admin permissions
→ [Administrative Units](#), [Custom Roles](#) (In Preview)
 - [Default](#) user permissions (User Type and Scope)
- [Supported topologies](#) for synchronization
 - Single Forest to single Azure AD Tenant
 - Multiple Forest to single Azure AD Tenant (via single sync service only)



Identity Secure Score

Learn more [Troubleshooting and support](#)

[Got feedback?](#)

Want to improve your identity security score. To view your overall score, go to [Microsoft Secure Score](#).

Nov 12/2020, 1:00:00 AM ⓘ

Secure Score

169 / 243

CloudArchitect.net

169

Industry average

-1

Typical 0-5 person company

17

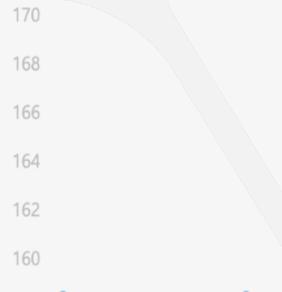
[Change industry](#)

Show score for last

7 days 28

60 days

90 days



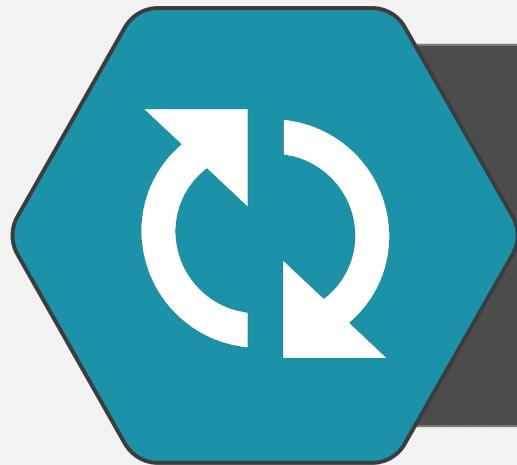
Hands-on: Identity Score & Default Tenant Configuration

Improvement actions

Download Columns

Search to filter items...

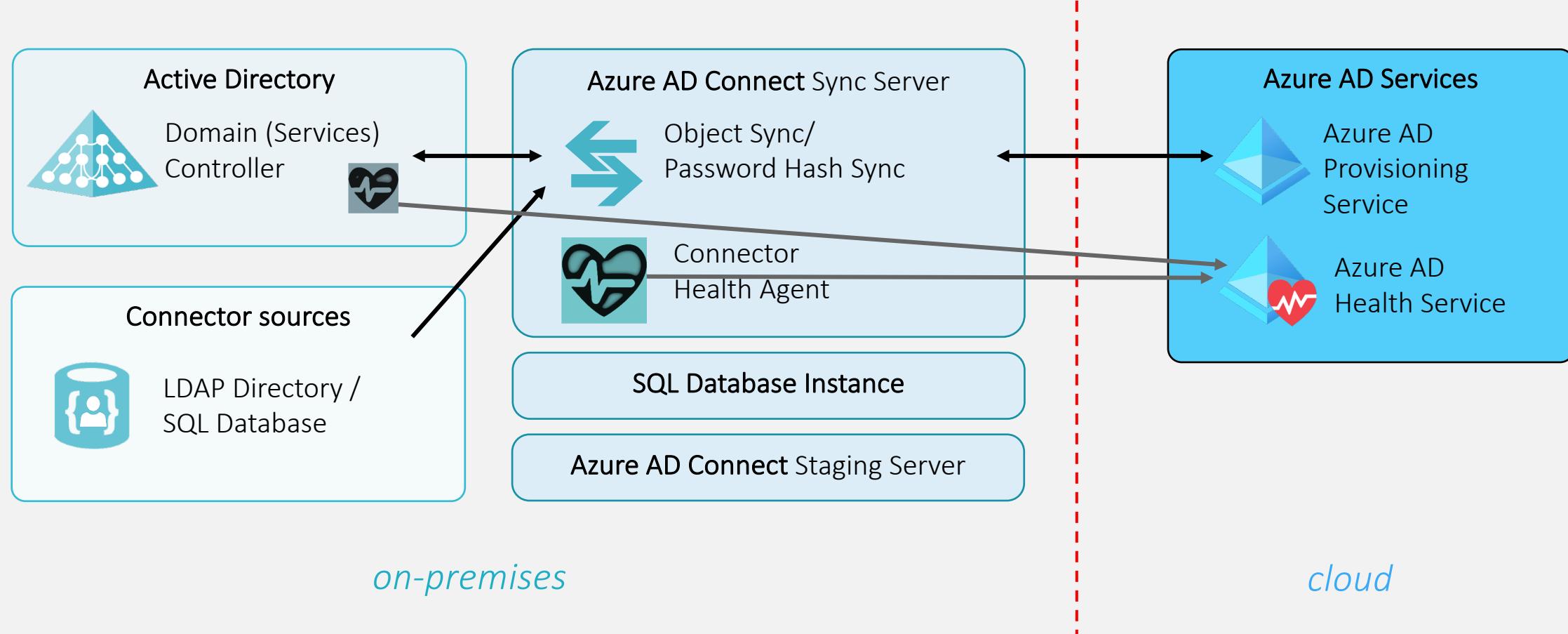
Name	↑↓ Score Impact	↑↓ User Impact
Require MFA for administrative roles	25	Low
Do not allow users to grant consent to unmanaged ap...	0	Moderate
Designate fewer than 5 global admins	0	Low
Designate more than one global admin	0	Low
Use limited administrative roles	0	Low
Do not expire passwords	0	Moderate



Hybrid Identity Synchronization

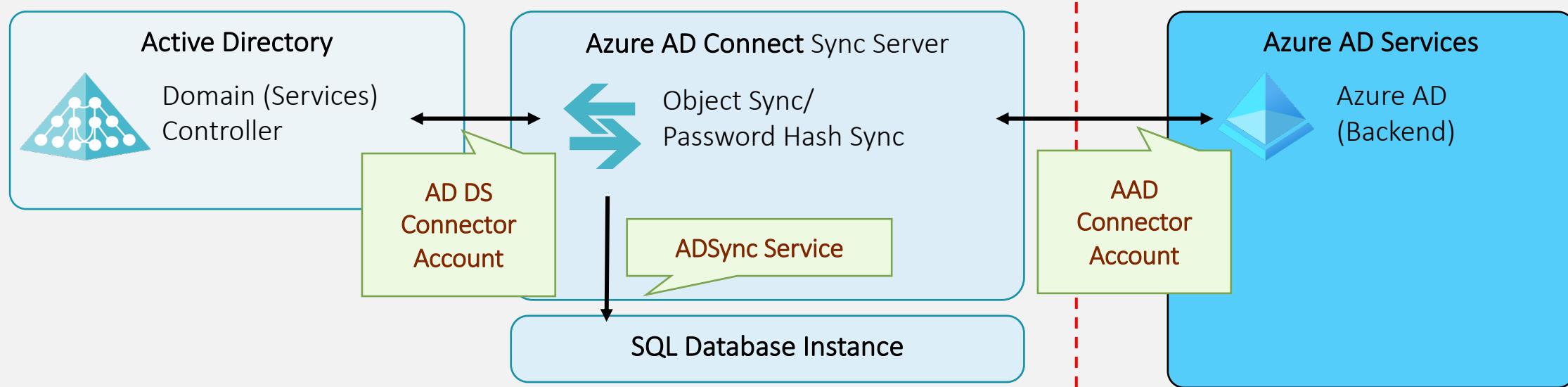
Azure AD Connect Synchronization

Architecture and components of „Identity bridge“



Azure AD Connect Synchronization

Hardening of Azure AD Connect



- Pre-created AD service accounts and delegated permissions
(based on your user scope/filter and write-backs attributes)
 - ADSync service accounts as “(Group) Managed Service Account”
 - Security advisory for AD DS connect service account
- AAD Connector Accounts needs to be excluded from Conditional Access = Monitoring!

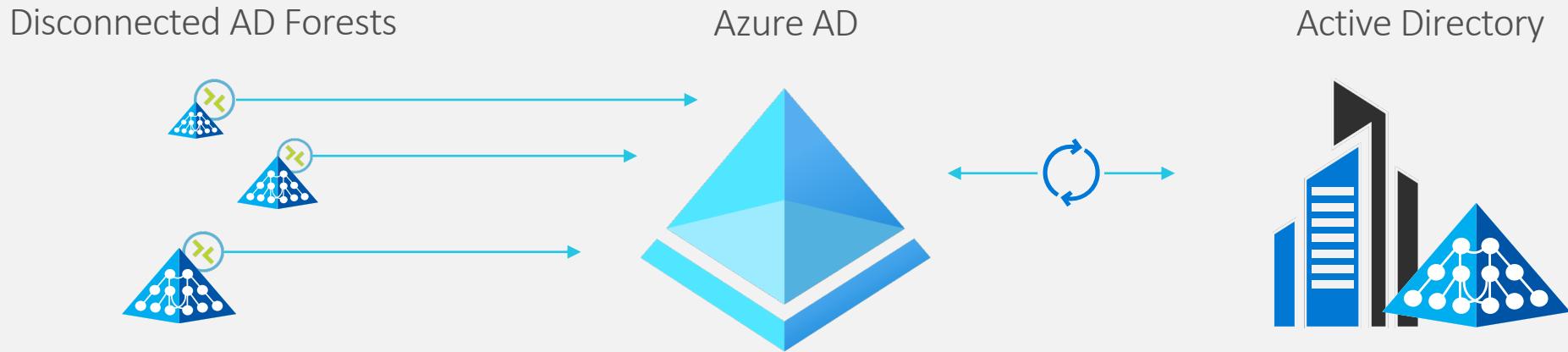
Azure AD Connect Synchronization

Design decisions and prerequisites (before implementing)

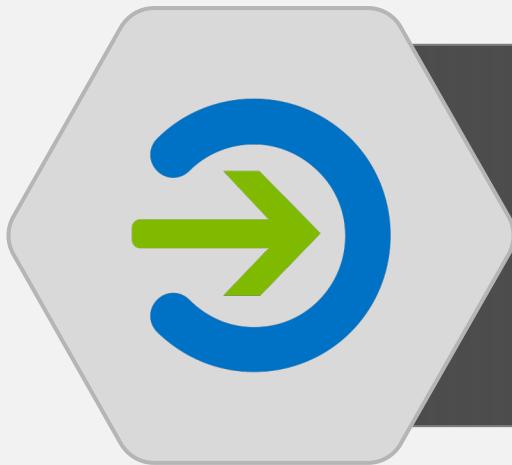
- Review of the [synced attributes](#), filtering and write-back options
 - Scope of objects and filter of attributes that are needed in Azure AD
 - [IDFix](#) to prepare and check directory objects and attributes
 - Password Write-back (Self Service Password Reset Service and Auto-Remediation)
- Placement and protection of Azure AD connect, PTAs servers and databases
 - Hybrid identity components must be protected (similarly high as domain controllers)
 - Supported options for “High availability” of PTA and [SQL cluster](#)
- Different interval of synchronization (object and password hash sync)

Azure AD Connect Synchronization

Synchronization via Cloud provisioning (in preview)



- ◆ Easy and lightweight solution
 - ◆ Super small on-prem footprint, Configure and manage in the cloud
 - ◆ 2-minute sync cycles and active, multiple active agents
 - ◆ Support for disconnected forests
- ◆ Feature Comparision to Azure AD Connect Sync Service



Hybrid Identity Authentication

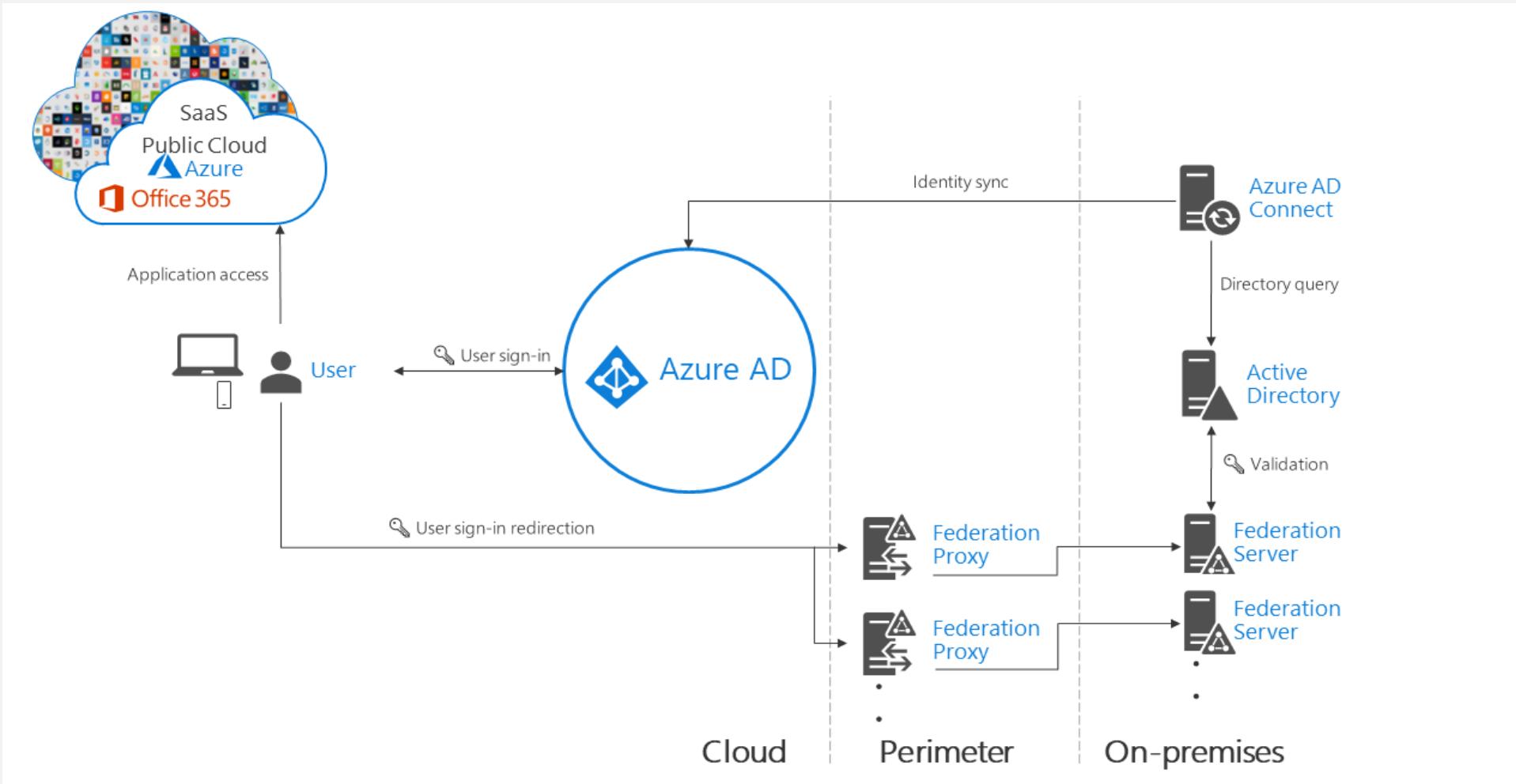
Hybrid Identity Authentication

How to choose the right model?

- [Decision tree](#) and detailed considerations by Microsoft
- Define your (identity) [strategy](#) and [level of transformation](#)
- Cloud vs. Federated/On-Prem Authentication?
 - Defense of initial authentication attacks (brute force and password spray)?
 - Certificate management ([Golden SAML](#))?
 - Hardening of perimeter-network components?
 - Enforcing and validation of local (AD) security policies and identity lifecycle?
 - Example by PHS: ["Force Password Change on Next Logon"](#), [Account Experation](#)
 - [Resilience of IAM](#) Infrastructure (SLA and On-Premises dependency)?
- Identity Protection features ([leaked credentials](#))?

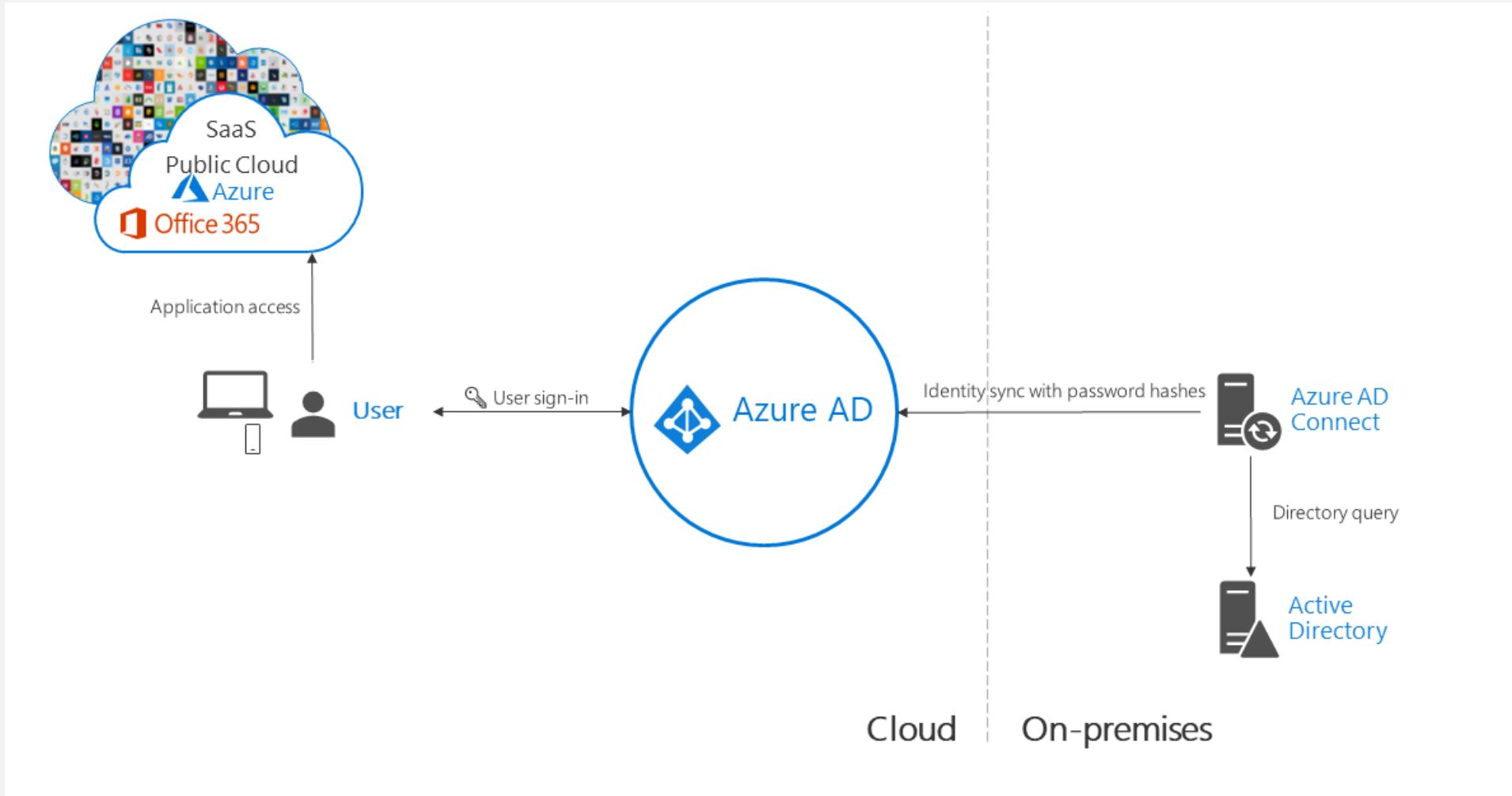
Hybrid Identity Authentication

Hybrid Authentication with Federation Services (AD FS)



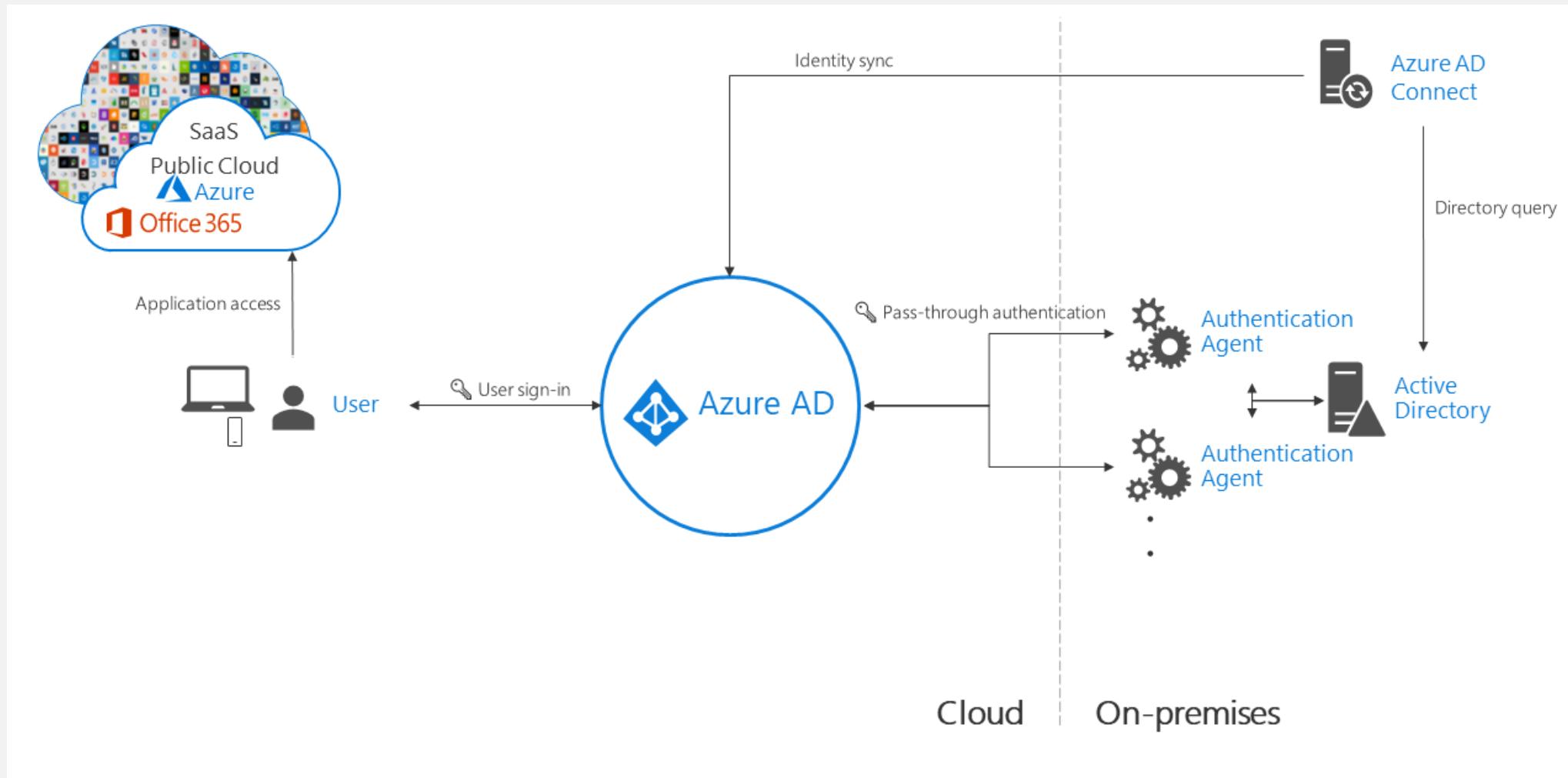
Hybrid Identity Authentication

Hybrid Authentication with Password hash sync (PHS)



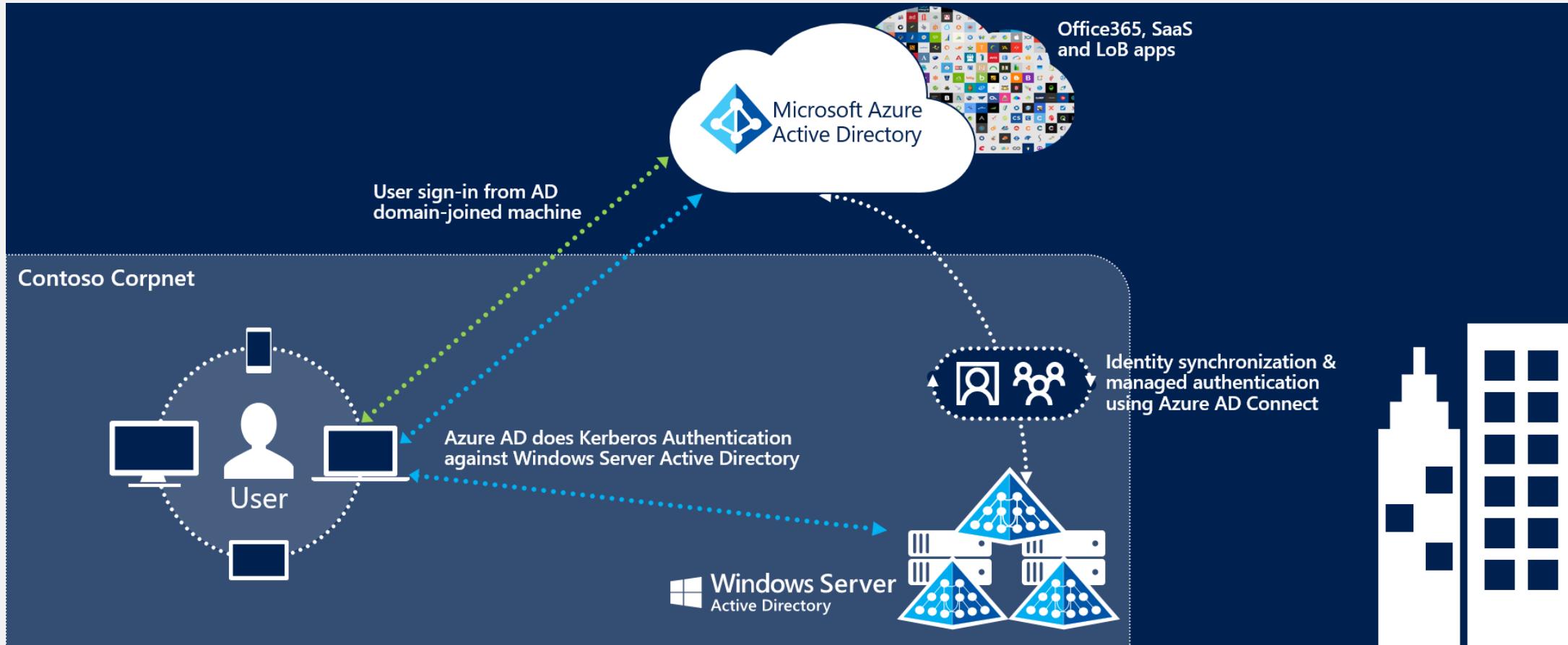
Hybrid Identity Authentication

Hybrid Authentication with Pass-through Authentication (PTA)



Hybrid Identity Authentication

Hybrid Authentication and Seamless Single-Sign On (sSSO)



Hybrid Identity Authentication

Weakness of Seamless SSO (sSSO)

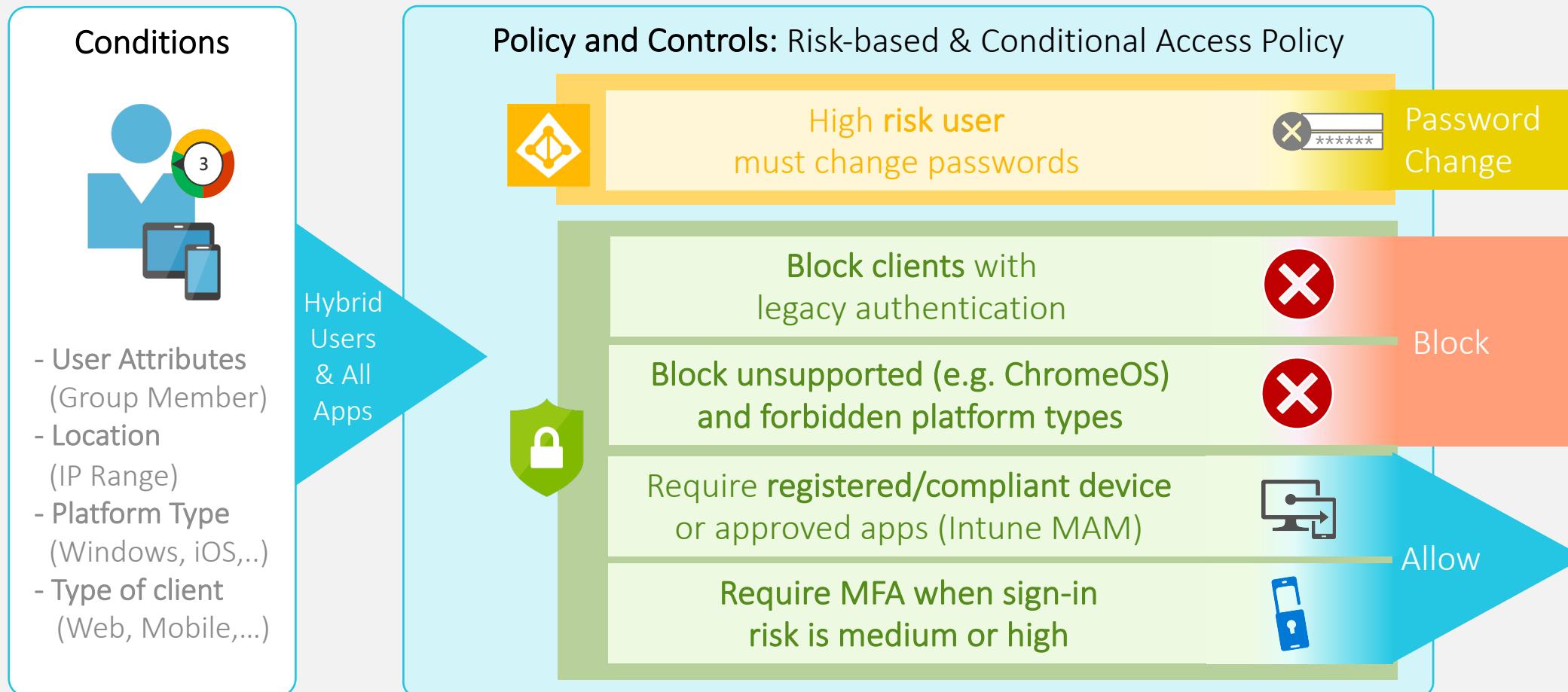
- Kerberos (Silver Ticket) Attacks to AZUREADSSOACCT
- Limitation of sSSO Kerberos Encryption types in the past:
 - *Support of AES256_HMAC_SHA1 is available (since October 2019), before: RC4_HMAC_MD5 encryption type was only supported*
- Source: <https://feedback.azure.com/forums/169401-azure-active-directory/suggestions/36121711-add-support-for-kerberos-aes-and-drop-rc4-hmac-md5>
- Known issues and manual roll over Kerberos decyrption key
 - At least every 30 days to mitigate potential compromise of „Computer Account“



Hybrid Identity Protection

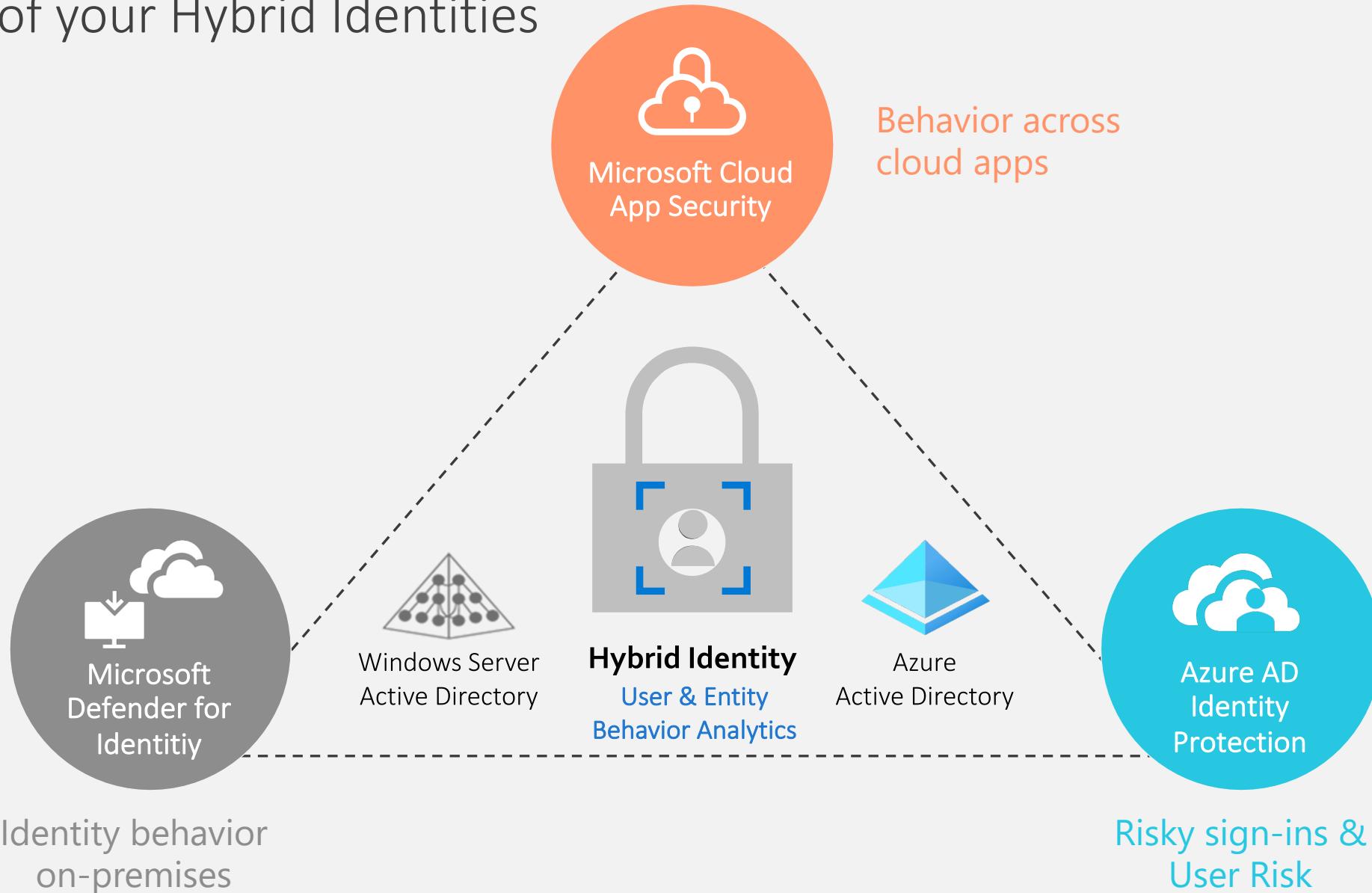
Hybrid Identity Protection

Design your Identity Protection and Conditional Access Strategy



Hybrid Identity Protection

Guards of your Hybrid Identities



Microsoft Azure

Home < Home > Azure AD Identity Protection - Sign-in risk policy

Azure AD Identity Protection - Sign-in risk policy

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Search (Ctrl+ /)

GENERAL

- Overview
- Getting started

INVESTIGATE

- Users flagged for risk
- Risk events
- Vulnerabilities

CONFIGURE

- MFA registration
- User risk policy
- Sign-in risk policy**

SETTINGS

- Alerts
- Weekly Digest
- Pin to dashboard

Troubleshooting + support

- Troubleshoot
- New support request

Policy name
Sign-in risk remediation policy

Assignments

Users All users

Conditions Sign-in risk

Controls

Access Require multi-factor authentication

Review

Estimated impact Number of sign-ins impacted

Enforce Policy **On**

Save

Hands-on: Identity Protection and Monitoring

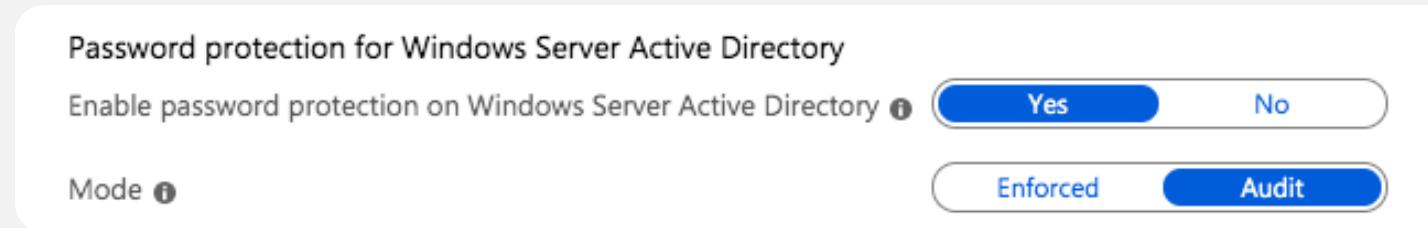
Advanced protection of identities and access

Password Protection

- Reset or change password checks current version of „global banned password list“
- Based on known bad patterns (passwOrds and k3ywords)
- Custom banned password list (max. 1000 terms and 16 characters)



- On-premises integration with “Azure AD Password Protection” (including [monitoring](#))





Privileged Identity Management in Azure AD

Lower exposure of privileged accounts

Foundation of securing privileged access



Separated privileged identities

Issue managed and separated accounts for (least) privileged access
strong or password less authentication



Non-persistent and audited access

Provide zero rights by default, auditing and regular review of access
Just-in-time (JIT) privileges based on a standardized RBAC model



Secure devices

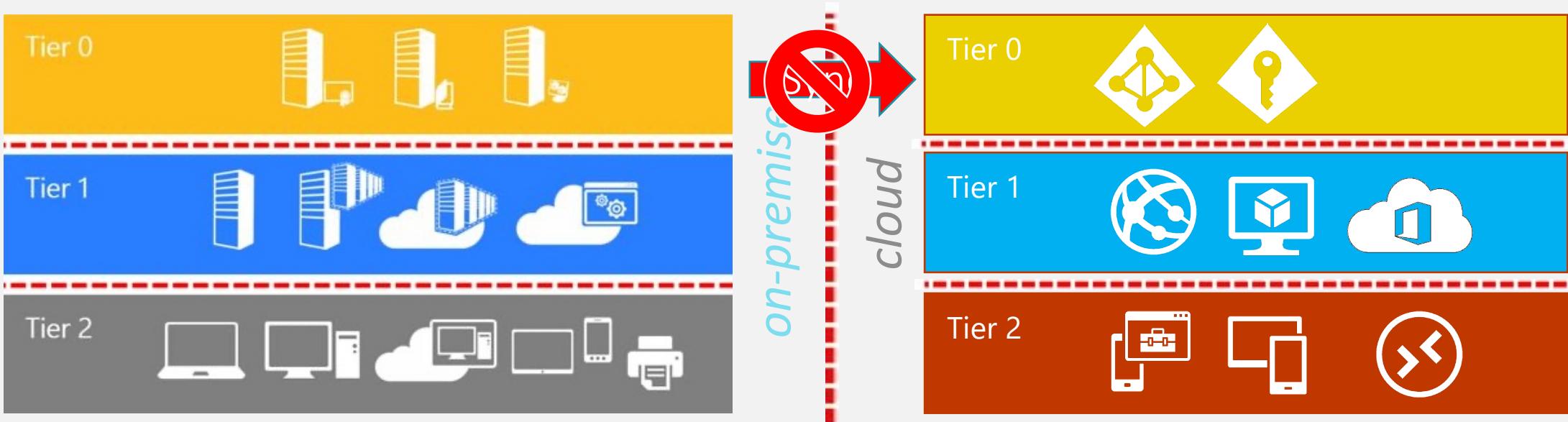
Establish a separate device/workstation for administrative tasks
Various kinds of security levels and implementations

Privileged Identity Management (PIM)

Securing privileged access for hybrid and cloud deployments

„To mitigate risk of identity compromise, or bad actors, implement tiered administration and ensure that you follow principles of least privilege for Azure AD Administrator Roles.“

Source: „*Securing Azure Environments with Azure AD (Architecture and Design Guide)*“, Page 8



Source: [Active Directory administrative tier model](#)



Danke



DANKESCHÖN!



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