# 目录

_	任务		2
=	设计过程		3
	(一) 总	体思路	3
	(二) 详	细过程	3
	(1)	区块 Block	3
	(2)	区块链 Blockchain	6
	(3)	工作量证明 Proof of Work	6
	(4)	序列化与持久化 Serialization and Persistence	7
	(5)	命令行界面 Command-line Interface	9
	(6)	地址 Address	12
	(7)	交易 Transactions	14
	(8)	网络 Network	16
Ξ	功能测试		16
四	总结		22
附:	录		22
	主程序		22
	区块链相关	关结构	23
	默克尔树木	目关文件	36
	交易相关。	文件	38
	命令行解核	<b>斤相关文件</b>	54
	其他程序		64
	命令行所不	有操作	74

## 一 任务

以《区块链 数据格式规范》为标准和参考,根据老师提供的原代码和文档,构建一条自己的原型区块链,必须实现交易记录和查询。不要求实现区块链网络功能。

## 二设计过程

(完整代码详见附录)

## (一) 总体思路

参考《区块链 数据格式规范》和老师提供的文档,在所提供源代码的基础上进行增删修改,逐步完成区块、区块链的形成、工作量证明、数据库、序列化、持久化、命令行接口编写、地址模块编写、交易模块编写、UTXO集、Merkle树的实现等。利用命令行进行交互,实现区块链的各功能。

## (二) 详细过程

## (1) 区块 Block

区块链中真正存储有效信息的是区块(block)。区块包含了一些技术实现的相关信息,比如版本,当前时间戳和前一个区块的哈希。设计区块的数据结构如下:

#### type Block struct {

Timestamp int64

Transactions []\*Transaction

PrevBlockHash []byte

Hash []byte

Nonce int

Accounts []\*Account

```
BDTypes []*BlockDataType

TDTypes []*TransanctionDataType

EDTypes []*EntityDataType

CDTypes []*ContractDataType

ADTypes []*AssemblyDataType

}
```

从上至下依次是时间戳、交易记录、前一个块的哈希、本块的哈希、计数器、 账户数据、区块数据、事务数据、实体数据、合约数据、配置数据。

其中账户数据、区块数据、事务数据、实体数据、合约数据和配置数据又被 定义为结构体,如下:

```
type Account struct{
    AccountPublicKey string //账户公钥
    AccountPrivateKey string //账户私钥
    AccountAsset [] int //账户资产
    DigitalCertificate[] int //数字证书
    Institution [] int //账户所属机构
}
```

账户数据包括账户公钥、账户私钥、账户资产、数字证书、账户所属机构这 5项内容。

```
type BlockDataType struct{

BlockHeight int //区换高度

BlockID string //区块标识

BlockVersion string //版本信息

MerkleTreeRoot string //默克尔树根

Difficulty int //难度系数

}
```

区块数据包括区块高度、区块标识、版本信息、默克尔根树、难度系数这 5 项内容。

```
type TransanctionDataType struct{
    TransactionID string //事务标识
```

```
TransactionType
                string //事务类型
  Signers
                 string //签名者
  TransactionTimestamp string //事务时间戳
}
   事务数据包括事务标识、事务类型、签名者、事务时间戳这 4 项内容。
type EntityDataType struct{
  SenderAddress
              string //发起方地址
  RecipientAddress string //接收方地址
  TransactionAmount int //事务处理发生额
  TransactionFee
                int //事务处理费用
  AdditionalData string //附加数据
  Memo
              string //实体数据备注
  igners
              string //签名者
  TransacTimestamp string //事务时间戳
}
   实体数据包括发起方地址、接收方地址、事务处理发生额、事务处理发生费
用、附加数据、实体数据备注、签名者、事务时间戳这8项内容。
type ContractDataType struct{
  ContrctID
             string //合约标识
  ContractVersion string //合约版本号
  ContractCode
             string //合约代码
  ContractStorage []int //合约存储
}
   合约数据包括合约标识、合约版本号、合约代码、合约存储这4项内容。
type AssemblyDataType struct{
  AssemblyVersion string //协议版本号
  SoftwareVersion string // 软件版本号
  PeerID
             string // 节点标识
```

string // 节点地址

PeerAddress

```
PeerPublicKey string // 节点公钥
```

配置数据包括协议版本号、软件版本号、节点标识、节点地址、节点公钥这 5 项内容。

在这里 block.go 中还有与块相关的多种功能,如添加块、序列化、逆序列化等等。

## (2) 区块链 Blockchain

}

尝试实现一个区块链原型:一个数组构成的一系列区块,每个块都与前一个块相关联。Blockchain 结构体定义如下:

```
type Blockchain struct {
   tip []byte
   db *bolt.DB
}
```

其中 bolt.DB 是 go 语言关于数据库操作的一个包中定义的数据类型。

在这里 blockchain.go 中还有与区块链相关的多种功能,如创建区块链、对交易签名、证实交易等等。

## (3) 工作量证明 Proof of Work

构造 ProofOfWork 结构体如下:

```
type ProofOfWork struct {
  block *Block
  target *big.Int
}
```

里面存储了指向一个块(block)和一个目标(target)的指针。这里的"目标",也就是挖矿成功的必要条件。这里使用了一个大整数,将哈希与目标进行比较: 先把哈希转换成一个大整数,然后检测它是否小于目标。

在 NewProofOfWork 函数中,可以将 big.Int 初始化为 1,然后左移 256-targetBits 位。256是一个 SHA-256 哈希的位数,将要使用的是 SHA-256 哈希算

### (4) 序列化与持久化 Serialization and Persistence

本质上, 区块链是一个分布式数据库, 如何存储是一个问题。

如果不使用数据库,而是在每次运行程序时,简单地将区块链存储在内存中。 那么一旦程序退出,所有的内容就都消失了。这样以来就没有办法再次使用这条 链,也没有办法与其他人共享,所以需要把它存储到磁盘上。

由于 BoltDB 非常简洁,用 Go 实现,不需要运行服务器,能够允许构造想要的数据结构,可以选择 BoltDB 为使用的数据库。不过数据库中存储的是键值对,并且使用字节数组,所以涉及到编码解码的工作,也即序列化,使用encoding/god 来实现的方法如下:

```
func (b *Block) Serialize() []byte {
  var result bytes.Buffer
  encoder := gob.NewEncoder(&result)

  err := encoder.Encode(b)
  if err != nil {
    log.Panic(err)
  }

  return result.Bytes()
}

func DeserializeBlock(d []byte) *Block {
  var block Block

  decoder := gob.NewDecoder(bytes.NewReader(d))
  err := decoder.Decode(&block)
  if err != nil {
    log.Panic(err)
```

```
}
  return &block
}
   而关于持久化,我们希望 NewBlockchain 能够完成:
   1. 打开一个数据库文件
   2. 检查文件里面是否已经存储了一个区块链
   3. 如果已经存储了一个区块链:
     3.1. 创建一个新的 Blockchain 实例
     3.2. 设置 Blockchain 实例的 tip 为数据库中存储的最后一个块的哈希
   4. 如果没有区块链:
     4.1. 创建创世块
     4.2. 存储到数据库
     4.3. 将创世块哈希保存为最后一个块的哈希
     4.4. 创建一个新的 Blockchain 实例, 初始时 tip 指向创世块
   实现代码如下:
func NewBlockchain() *Blockchain {
  if dbExists() == false {
    fmt.Println("No existing blockchain found. Create one first.")
    os.Exit(1)
  }
  var tip []byte
  db, err := bolt.Open(dbFile, 0600, nil)
  if err != nil {
    log.Panic(err)
  }
  err = db.Update(func(tx *bolt.Tx) error {
    b := tx.Bucket([]byte(blocksBucket))
```

tip = b.Get([]byte("1"))

return nil

```
})
if err != nil {
    log.Panic(err)
}
bc := Blockchain{tip, db}
return &bc
}
```

## (5) 命令行界面 Command-line Interface

为了优化用户体验,希望提供一个与程序交互的接口:不能只是在 main 函数中简单执行 NewBlockchain 和 bc.AddBlock,而应该在命令行输入命令。所有命令行相关的操作都会通过 CLI 结构进行处理,将 Run 函数作为入口,使用标准库里面的 flag 包来解析命令行参数,检查用户提供的命令,解析相关的 flag 子命令,接着检查解析是哪一个子命令,并调用相关函数,并使用BlockchainIterator 对区块链中的区块进行迭代。

```
部分实现代码如下:
```

```
func (cli *CLI) Run() {
    cli.validateArgs()

    getBalanceCmd := flag.NewFlagSet("getbalance", flag.ExitOnError)
    createBlockchainCmd := flag.NewFlagSet("createblockchain", flag.ExitOnError)
    createWalletCmd := flag.NewFlagSet("createwallet", flag.ExitOnError)
    listAddressesCmd := flag.NewFlagSet("listaddresses", flag.ExitOnError)
    printChainCmd := flag.NewFlagSet("printchain", flag.ExitOnError)
    reindexUTXOCmd := flag.NewFlagSet("reindexutxo", flag.ExitOnError)
    sendCmd := flag.NewFlagSet("send", flag.ExitOnError)

    getBalanceAddress := getBalanceCmd.String("address", "", "The address to get
    balance for")
    createBlockchainAddress := createBlockchainCmd.String("address", "", "The
```

```
address to send genesis block reward to")
  sendFrom := sendCmd.String("from", "", "Source wallet address")
  sendTo := sendCmd.String("to", "", "Destination wallet address")
  sendAmount := sendCmd.Int("amount", 0, "Amount to send")
  switch os.Args[1] {
  case "getbalance":
     err := getBalanceCmd.Parse(os.Args[2:])
     if err != nil {
        log.Panic(err)
     }
  case "createblockchain":
     err := createBlockchainCmd.Parse(os.Args[2:])
     if err != nil {
        log.Panic(err)
     }
  case "createwallet":
     err := createWalletCmd.Parse(os.Args[2:])
     if err != nil {
        log.Panic(err)
     }
  case "listaddresses":
     err := listAddressesCmd.Parse(os.Args[2:])
     if err != nil {
        log.Panic(err)
     }
  case "printchain":
     err := printChainCmd.Parse(os.Args[2:])
     if err != nil {
        log.Panic(err)
     }
  case "send":
```

```
err := sendCmd.Parse(os.Args[2:])
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
case "reindexutxo":
  err := reindexUTXOCmd.Parse(os.Args[2:])
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
default:
  cli.printUsage()
  os.Exit(1)
}
if getBalanceCmd.Parsed() {
  if *getBalanceAddress == "" {
     getBalanceCmd.Usage()
    os.Exit(1)
  }
  cli.getBalance(*getBalanceAddress)
}
if createBlockchainCmd.Parsed() {
  if *createBlockchainAddress == "" {
     createBlockchainCmd.Usage()
     os.Exit(1)
  }
  cli.createBlockchain(*createBlockchainAddress)
}
if createWalletCmd.Parsed() {
  cli.createWallet()
```

```
}
  if listAddressesCmd.Parsed() {
     cli.listAddresses()
  }
  if printChainCmd.Parsed() {
     cli.printChain()
  }
  if reindexUTXOCmd.Parsed() {
     cli.reindexUTXO()
  }
  if sendCmd.Parsed() {
     if *sendFrom == "" || *sendTo == "" || *sendAmount <= 0 {</pre>
        sendCmd.Usage()
        os.Exit(1)
     }
     cli.send(*sendFrom, *sendTo, *sendAmount)
  }
}
```

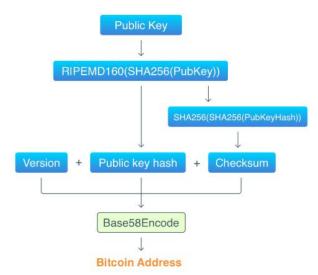
## (6) 地址 Address

为了得到更加真实的效果,我们也希望生成真实的用户地址。 使用如下步骤可以将一个公钥转换成 Base58 地址:

- 1. 使用 RIPEMD160(SHA256(PubKey))哈希算法,取公钥并对其哈希两次
- 2. 给哈希加上地址生成算法版本的前缀
- 3. 对于第二步生成的结果,使用 SHA256(SHA256(payload))再哈希,计算校

验和。校验和是结果哈希的前四个字节。

- 4. 将校验和附加到 version+PubKeyHash 的组合中。
- 5. 使用 Base58 对 version+PubKeyHash+checksum 组合进行编码。 下图为过程的示意图:



## 部分实现代码如下:

```
type Wallet struct {
    PrivateKey ecdsa.PrivateKey
    PublicKey []byte
}

type Wallets struct {
    Wallets map[string]*Wallet
}

func NewWallets() (*Wallets, error) {
    wallets := Wallets{}
    wallets.Wallets = make(map[string]*Wallet)

    err := wallets.LoadFromFile()

func newKeyPair() (ecdsa.PrivateKey, []byte) {
    curve := elliptic.P256()
```

```
private, err := ecdsa.GenerateKey(curve, rand.Reader)
if err != nil {
    log.Panic(err)
}

pubKey := append(private.PublicKey.X.Bytes(), private.PublicKey.Y.Bytes()...)

return *private, pubKey
}

return &wallets, err
}
```

## (7) 交易 Transactions

该部分代码过多, 详见附录。

## UTXO 模型

还没有被下一个交易花费的 Output 被称为 UTXO: Unspent Transaction Output,即未花费交易输出。给定任何一个区块,计算当前所有的 UXTO 金额之和,等同于自创世区块到给定区块的挖矿奖励之和。

在钱包程序中,钱包管理的是一组私钥,对应的是一组公钥和地址。钱包程序必须从创世区块开始扫描每一笔交易,如果遇到某笔交易的某个 Output 是钱包管理的地址之一,则钱包余额增加;遇到某笔交易的某个 Input 是钱包管理的地址之一,则钱包余额减少。钱包的当前余额总是钱包地址关联的所有 UTXO 金额之和。

每一笔比特币交易都会创造输出,输出都会被区块链记录下来。给某个人发送比特币,实际上意味着创造新的 UTXO 并注册到那个人的地址,可以为他所用。

## 奖励

挖矿奖励(一笔 coinbase 交易): 当一个挖矿节点开始挖出一个新块时,它会将交易从队列中取出,并在前面附加一笔 coinbase 交易。coinbase 交易只有一

个输出,里面包含了矿工的公钥哈希。

### UTXO 集

设计一个 UTXO 集,它是一个巨大的缓存,在所有区块链交易中构建索引而得到(对区块进行迭代,但是只须做一次),然后用它来计算余额和验证新的交易。

可以考虑使用以下方法:

- 1. Blockchain. FindUTXO 通过对区块进行迭代找到所有未花费输出。
- 2. UTXOSet.Reindex 使用 UTXO 找到未花费输出,然后在数据库中进行存储。这里就是缓存的地方。
- 3.UTXOSet.FindSpendableOutputs 类似 Blockchain.FindSpendableOutputs,但是使用 UTXO 集。
  - 4. UTXOSet.FindUTXO 类似 Blockchain.FindUTXO, 但是使用 UTXO 集。
  - 5. Blockchain.FindTransaction则无变动。

使用一个单一数据库,但是将 UTXO 集从存储在不同的 bucket 中。

这样以来,交易就已经被分开存储:实际交易被存储在区块链中,未花费输出被存储在 UTXO 集中。

### Merkle 树

每个块都会有一个 Merkle 树,它从叶子节点(树的底部)开始,一个叶子 节点就是一个交易哈希(比特币使用双 SHA256 哈希)。

从下往上,两两成对,连接两个节点哈希,将组合哈希作为新的哈希。新的哈希就成为新的树节点。重复该过程,直到仅有一个节点,也就是树根。根哈希然后就会当做是整个块交易的唯一标示,将它保存到区块头,然后用于工作量证明。

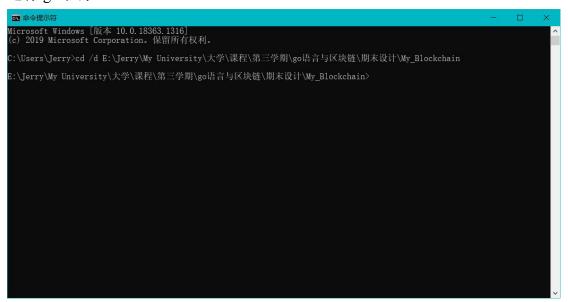
Merkle 树的好处就是一个节点可以在不下载整个块的情况下,验证是否包含某笔交易。并且这些只需要一个交易哈希,一个 Merkle 树根哈希和一个 Merkle 路径。

## (8) 网络 Network

对该部分我做了一些有益的尝试,不过最终未能跑通得到自己想要的结果,看来自己对 TCP/IP 协议的掌握程度还是不足,未能完成对去中心化的实现。同时该部分不是期末设计的核心要求,故不再叙述。

## 三 功能测试

首先打开命令行,利用 cd /d 加上 go 程序所在文件夹,前进到该路径下准备运行 go 程序。



使用命令 go run / wallet 可以生成地址,操作几次,我们可以得到多个地址,并进行之后的操作。

go run 加上./可以同时运行该文件夹下的所有 go 程序,避免了运行单一程序造成找不到文件而报错。而"./"之后的内容为我们输入的命令,通过 CLI 解析来完成相应功能。

```
E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>go run ./ createwallet Your new address: 1JGQkTlEabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>go run ./ createwallet Your new address: 1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>go run ./ createwallet Your new address: 1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNePlm46zSu7

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>go run ./ createwallet Your new address: 1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>_
```

### 使用 listaddresses 命令可以获得当前生成的所有地址:

```
E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>go run ./ listaddresses 1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNePlm46zSu7 1FBWEkmfUr6kvuMM2gZJu9fHsolPgFhQn3 1AGuGA;BoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQx5gf72NHZa 1FXDQMRLXhFZeuntZKY9yDQ9uyUNbFgp6i 1MMsuAlTHnCmgSnrNiBKXyCaBwjuf7Uzsu 1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve 164pp1PUQ3ykrictxQrte8PJ5eHEf27Fdt 1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL
```

选取其中的四个地址进行操作,给每个地址一个代号方便称呼。做成表格更加清楚:

代号	地址
Jerry	1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL
Paul	1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa
Henry	1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7
James	1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve

下面 Jerry 开始挖矿,使用已经实现的 createblockchain 命令,将地址设置为 Jerry(1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL)。如图:

```
E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语音与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>go run ./ createblockchain -address 1JGQkTlEabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL
000000a730a7302b9e39d910914b4740b02006314cdf0316fdee408ce5fa6da6
Done!
```

经过一段时间(约 15 分钟)的挖矿,成功挖到创世块,Jerry 获得 10BTC。

## 用 getbalance 查询各地址的余额如下:

```
E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL Balance of '1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL': 10
E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa Balance of '1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa': 0
E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7 Balance of '1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7': 0
E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve Balance of '1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve : 0
```

可以看到初始时除了 Jerry(1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL)的 其他各地址的钱包余额都是 0。

代号	地址	余额
Jerry	1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL	10
Paul	1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa	0
Henry	1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7	0
James	1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve	0

下面我们测试各节点间的交易,使用 send 命令,给出发送方(from)、接收方 (to)和金额(amount)就能完成,经过一段时间的挖矿就可以得到一个新块,并完成 交易。

设定如下的交易模式:

首先由 Jerry 向 Paul 转 8BTC,向 Henry 转 1BTC:

E:\Jerry\My\_University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语音与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ send -from 1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7F usPmWvaVkfrAdSL -to 1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa -amount 8 000000e77daa08e3b592d6cf9a30d4774e423e01acc8a1aafcedd9e5c11670b4

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语盲与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ send -from 1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7F usPmWvaVkfrAdSL -to 1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNePlm46zSu7 -amount 1 000000a20b27253e821b10ec56b5dfeeba6a6d8240f860ac376b036c3ea9d90b

Success!

查询,得到更新后的余额如下:

代号	地址	余额
Jerry	1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL	1
Paul	1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa	8
Henry	1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7	1
James	1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve	0

E:\Jerry\My\_University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1JGQkTlEat Qnw4Ayc?PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL Balance of '1JGQkTlEabQnw4Ayc?PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL': 1

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1AGuGAjBox v6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa n Ralanga of '14GuG4jBoSyv6TcUjnCUTnCOvSgf72NHZa': 8

E:\Jerry\My\_University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1F2uQPKvz t2bPji9Jb8tfBNePlm46zSu7 Balance of '1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNePlm46zSu7': 1

E:\Jerry\My\_University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1PuGH8E87z 9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve Balance of '1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve': 0

运行时间很长,挖矿时间最长的一块已经超过1个小时。原因是难度设置较高。

然后 Paul 向 Henry 转 7BTC。

E:\Jerry\My\_University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ send -from 1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpC JTnCQxSgf72NHZa -to 1F2uQPKvztt2bFji9Jb8tfBNeFlm46zSu7 -amount 7 000000339d0f394d3da1279904e11c4cd3df2c88a35dff17cbc73ee66eed4186

## 查询,得到更新后的余额如下:

代号	地址	余额
Jerry	1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL	1
Paul	1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa	1
Henry	1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7	8
James	1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve	0

:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1JGQkT1Eab nw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL alance of '1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL': 1

\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1AGuGAjBoS v6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa alance of '1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa': 1

3:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1F2uQPKvzt :2bPji9Jb8tfBNePlm46zSu7 Balance of '1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7': 8

DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve alance of '1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve': 0

## 最后 Jerry、Paul、Henry 分别向 James 转 1、1、8TC:

2:\Jerry\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ send -from 1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7F isPmWvaVkfrAdSL -to 1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve -amount 1 0000089b0c82de2830c1e6ab7d544903311325e3c6b1848090eafbfc87d625d

5:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ send -from 1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpC JTnCQxSgf72\HZa -to 1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve -amount 1 000000207fe02b05d712d474fe0albd6377daca69eb5f60658d329f5305eb033

:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ send -from 1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb tfBNePlm46zSu7 -to 1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve -amount 8 0000065fab8754aa3938724297c70cadb95e92fdccc95fc42371cc8622825d5

#### 查询,得到更新后的余额如下:

代号	地址	余额
Jerry	1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL	0
Paul	1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa	0
Henry	1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7	0
James	1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve	10

下面使用 printchain 命令打印整个区块链,效果如下图所示,可以看到所有的交易记录都在其中。

```
Transaction 175f19bec5fc610796bb8d88d61e128af591aec4ff2c5e84ebf9632cbda01c7a:
Input 0:
IXID: 9587e41c06ddfac3a5623138f42bc34dca1bf5efe8ebf71c2ebd977f51e78d794
Out: 0
Signature: bf5b80abe9ffd07ab9d7e52f8b95e28830443ae7e6295c459913e63a5bcf5e32
PubKey: Input 1:
IXID: 107cdc7f1840f116c7d292970215e8194dc063232: 55
                        u
b5b80abe9ffd07ab9d7e52f8b95e28830443ae7e6295c459913e63a5bcf5e3248e9173dc5cce5fdb9c3a09e58bf3549b9b0eb9116b43edc20c1fe365b1da361
daf35edd085eb050e2961bd547f17acb5f016602a0a3c86f3c78fd0c1b20dc1310c8269baf10b322383cba744424ea7089e13f048bac37ab38d2ac2798f82751
                       0
607ad77f592deb2b5b802d7679f9283c717cab2d3df09b95ed6bbe24162ee2a1dac41832f481aa04245b94d307eecf0ea440ffaa29d3695c71af48e3663faac9
daf35edd085eb050e2961bd547f17acb5f016602a0a3c86f3c78fd0c1b20dc1310c8269baf10b322383cba744424ea7089e13f048bac37ab38d2ac2798f82751
               Transaction 0780efe0263f6fb0alac0b9137425c5ba5e24337f2ae74aa55447fdd5cf885a5:
Input 0:
TXID: 9587e41c06ddfac3a5623138f42bc34dcalbf5efe8eb71c2ebd977f51e78d79:
Out: 1
                       9587e41c06ddfac3a5623138f42bc34dca1bf5efe8eb71c2ebd977f51e78d794
                       1 edc61700f0e00874111011fd80cd08e6999805e447e7cacb664bd34b14fdaf941ef1c88e62b0c8b4d35eab4d3af600b8d6a28d3b5a1f61d50f2ad7e12de5da44a26b8be612c2d8b84397f176168628b2392d16b8683c05b9198c7c194ace61f6af9fb85da432c67dcea45175cb72c2ef44e8eda3f04d4fa6b08ab00d1e1ea94
       Script: fb352694109e8ae2dd47e1189e4bcb0e5fcac8cf
    ------ Block 00000089b0c82de2830cle6ab7d544903311325e3c6b1848090eafbfc87d625d =--
block: 000000339d0f394d3da1279904e1lc4cd3df2c88a35dff17cbc73ee66eed4186
true
   Transaction dbb7a7fdd1ba3be6a2602199ba9abc12ba6953df9c479d2d91d90631e3532c4a:
Input 0:
IXID: 107cdc7f1840f116c7d292970215e819ddc106333hlc55c96464600ac759lc5c7
                       107cdc7f1840f116c7d292970215e819ddc06333b1c55c26464f99ea758b357d
                      Value: 1
Script: fb352694109e8ae2dd47e1189e4bcb0e5fcac8cf
   Transaction 9587e41c06ddfac3a5623138f42bc34dcalbf5efe8eb7lc2ebd977f51e78d794:
Input 0:
TXID: 918blc5bc438d6a042811bd08effb61afb983fd80c039a3ff27fac2af05.df
                       918b1c5bc438d6a042811bd08effb61afb983fd80c039a3ff37faa3af05ce45f
                      0
6c34a4c293f280f64e4a6113fabb2ab9dbb0bd7befdfa6831e5205f22f505c1f76ca449f3389d829970c05f7170a054e2df60651541a4c5bab5dd7dabd444a16
4a26b8be612c2d8b84397f176168628b2392d16b8683c05b9198c7c194ace61f6af9fb85da432c67dcaa45175cb72c2ef44e8eda3f04d4fa6b08ab00d1e1ea94
        Signature:
    Script: 99edebc0fdf519b5d863fa7f92e72cle530f1736
Output 1:
       Value: 1
Script: 65baff48208d3accdbcabe47f1ae76b996275d07
out: 1
Signature: b65e32f50f94f438a9e8e9468099f1dc3fd71a1853ee2381e6a24421c8992d158a989341d03364ded19c1a449cdc8c53c87a0f1871c8950736082b82fef95f3c
PubKey: a7e85e0623eb5ba93a77246705db6fcd15b571f21ca5839e7920ff5bb69a3200889771143f2c4f971d55b7c559294647f6fbb656ad54ab4974a04499cb40af30
   Transaction 918b1c5bc438d6a042811bd08effb61afb983fd80c039a3ff37faa3af05ce45f:
Input 0:
TXID: 565dc3b93c0e62689475e13b957453009e2289b02d94a32d0d75ea144d8dd07-
Out: 0
Signature: 3d191788c43d0ba2a2025691c1f6f57caba4448ad7b8c921429728ee86e5f0b
Pubkey: a7e85e0623eb5ba93a77746705db&fcd15b571e71ea5630_7000ce1100
                       0
3d191788c43d0ba2a2025691c1f6f57caba4448ad7b8c921429728ee86e5f0ba8356e781857116865290dfcd03d982a8a68c0614899e7003d1c0347aa483e2df
a7e85e0623eb5ba93a77246705db6fcd15b571f21ca5839e7920ff5bb69a3200889771143f2c4f971d55b7c559294647f6fbb656ad54ab4974a04499cb40af30
                  8
65baff48208d3accdbcabe47f1ae76b996275d07
             = Block 000000a730a7302b9e39d910914b4740b02006314cdf0316fdee408ce5fa6da6 =======
    block
true
   Transaction 565dc3b93c0e62689475e13b957453009e2289b02d94a32d0d75ea144d8dd07f:
Input 0:
TXID:
       riput 0.
Value: 10
Script: bd6433d7a4f3e01b2416dcc7828f63064511b697
```

在以上叙述过程中已经完成所有交易记录和查询的内容,很多其他功能也在其中。至此,我们已经完成所有实现功能的测试!

## 四 总结

在本次项目中成功搭建了一条自己的原型区块链,完成了区块、区块链的数据结构设计、工作量证明机制设计、区块链的序列化和持久化、命令行界面交互、区块链用户的地址设计、交易记录、查询等多个内容。并且针对期末设计的任务做了一些测试,通过了要求,同时额外完成了一些诸如美化界面、增加程序鲁棒性、区块链网络部分初探的内容。

通过亲手实践,我对区块链技术的诸多细节更加了解,更体会到了用 go 语言来处理区块链的便捷之处。该项目是第三学期的最后一个项目,项目的完成也为第三学期画上一个圆满的句号。希望在以后的课程中能够使用到 go 语言,并且能够继续运用区块链的思想。

## 附录

主程序

#### main.go

```
package main

func main() {
   cli := CLI{}
   cli.Run()
}
```

## 区块链相关结构

## block.go

```
package main
import (
  "bytes"
  "encoding/gob"
  "log"
  "time"
)
// Block represents a block in the blockchain
type Block struct {
  Timestamp
                int64
  Transactions
                []*Transaction
  PrevBlockHash []byte
  Hash
                []byte
  Nonce
                int
  Accounts
                []*Account
                []*BlockDataType
  BDTypes
  TDTypes
                []*TransanctionDataType
  EDTypes
                []*EntityDataType
  CDTypes
                []*ContractDataType
  ADTypes
                []*AssemblyDataType
}
type Account struct{
  AccountPublicKey string //账户公钥
  AccountPrivateKey string //账户私钥
                   [] int //账户资产
  AccountAsset
```

```
DigitalCertificate[] int //数字证书
  Institution
                [] int //账户所属机构
}
type BlockDataType struct{
  BlockHeight
               int //区块高度
  BlockID
             string //区块标识
  BlockVersion string //版本信息
  MerkleTreeRoot string //默克尔树根
               int // 难度系数
  Difficulty
}
type TransanctionDataType struct{
  TransactionID
                   string //事务标识
                  string //事务类型
  TransactionType
                   string //签名者
  Signers
  TransactionTimestamp string //事务时间戳
}
type EntityDataType struct{
  SenderAddress string //发起方地址
  RecipientAddress string //接收方地址
  TransactionAmount int //事务处理发生额
  TransactionFee
                 int //事务处理费用
  AdditionalData string // 附加数据
  Memo
                string //实体数据备注
                string //签名者
  igners
  TransacTimestamp string //事务时间戳
}
type ContractDataType struct{
  ContrctID
               string //合约标识
```

```
ContractVersion string //合约版本号
  ContractCode string //合约代码
  ContractStorage []int //合约存储
}
type AssemblyDataType struct{
  AssemblyVersion string //协议版本号
  SoftwareVersion string //软件版本号
               string // 节点标识
  PeerID
                string // 节点地址
  PeerAddress
  }
// NewBlock creates and returns Block
func NewBlock(transactions []*Transaction, prevBlockHash []byte) *Block {
  block := &Block{time.Now().Unix(), transactions, prevBlockHash, []byte{}, 0}
  pow := NewProofOfWork(block)
  nonce, hash := pow.Run()
  block.Hash = hash[:]
  block.Nonce = nonce
  return block
}
// NewGenesisBlock creates and returns genesis Block
func NewGenesisBlock(coinbase *Transaction) *Block {
  return NewBlock([]*Transaction{coinbase}, []byte{})
}
// HashTransactions returns a hash of the transactions in the block
func (b *Block) HashTransactions() []byte {
  var transactions [][]byte
  for _, tx := range b.Transactions {
```

```
transactions = append(transactions, tx.Serialize())
  }
  mTree := NewMerkleTree(transactions)
  return mTree.RootNode.Data
}
// Serialize serializes the block
func (b *Block) Serialize() []byte {
  var result bytes.Buffer
  encoder := gob.NewEncoder(&result)
  err := encoder.Encode(b)
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  return result.Bytes()
}
// DeserializeBlock deserializes a block
func DeserializeBlock(d []byte) *Block {
  var block Block
  decoder := gob.NewDecoder(bytes.NewReader(d))
  err := decoder.Decode(&block)
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  return &block
}
```

## blockchain.go

```
package main
import (
  "bytes"
  "crypto/ecdsa"
  "encoding/hex"
  "errors"
  "fmt"
  "log"
   "os"
  "github.com/boltdb/bolt"
)
const dbFile = "blockchain.db"
const blocksBucket = "blocks"
const genesisCoinbaseData = "The Times 03/Jan/2009 Chancellor on brink of second
bailout for banks"
// Blockchain implements interactions with a DB
type Blockchain struct {
  tip []byte
  db *bolt.DB
}
// CreateBlockchain creates a new blockchain DB
func CreateBlockchain(address string) *Blockchain {
  if dbExists() {
     fmt.Println("Blockchain already exists.")
     os.Exit(1)
```

```
}
var tip []byte
cbtx := NewCoinbaseTX(address, genesisCoinbaseData)
genesis := NewGenesisBlock(cbtx)
db, err := bolt.Open(dbFile, 0600, nil)
if err != nil {
  log.Panic(err)
}
err = db.Update(func(tx *bolt.Tx) error {
  b, err := tx.CreateBucket([]byte(blocksBucket))
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  err = b.Put(genesis.Hash, genesis.Serialize())
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  err = b.Put([]byte("1"), genesis.Hash)
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  tip = genesis.Hash
  return nil
})
if err != nil {
  log.Panic(err)
}
bc := Blockchain{tip, db}
return &bc
```

```
}
// NewBlockchain creates a new Blockchain with genesis Block
func NewBlockchain() *Blockchain {
  if dbExists() == false {
     fmt.Println("No existing blockchain found. Create one first.")
     os.Exit(1)
  }
  var tip []byte
  db, err := bolt.Open(dbFile, 0600, nil)
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  err = db.Update(func(tx *bolt.Tx) error {
     b := tx.Bucket([]byte(blocksBucket))
     tip = b.Get([]byte("1"))
     return nil
  })
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  bc := Blockchain{tip, db}
  return &bc
}
// FindTransaction finds a transaction by its ID
func (bc *Blockchain) FindTransaction(ID []byte) (Transaction, error) {
  bci := bc.Iterator()
  for {
     block := bci.Next()
```

```
for _, tx := range block.Transactions {
        if bytes.Compare(tx.ID, ID) == 0 {
           return *tx, nil
        }
     }
     if len(block.PrevBlockHash) == 0 {
        break
     }
  }
  return Transaction{}, errors.New("Transaction is not found")
}
// FindUTXO finds all unspent transaction outputs and returns transactions with spent
outputs removed
func (bc *Blockchain) FindUTXO() map[string]TXOutputs {
  UTXO := make(map[string]TXOutputs)
  spentTXOs := make(map[string][]int)
  bci := bc.Iterator()
  for {
     block := bci.Next()
     for _, tx := range block.Transactions {
        txID := hex.EncodeToString(tx.ID)
     Outputs:
        for outIdx, out := range tx.Vout {
          // Was the output spent?
           if spentTXOs[txID] != nil {
              for _, spentOutIdx := range spentTXOs[txID] {
```

```
continue Outputs
                }
              }
           }
           outs := UTX0[txID]
           outs.Outputs = append(outs.Outputs, out)
           UTX0[txID] = outs
        }
        if tx.IsCoinbase() == false {
           for _, in := range tx.Vin {
              inTxID := hex.EncodeToString(in.Txid)
              spentTXOs[inTxID] = append(spentTXOs[inTxID], in.Vout)
           }
        }
     }
     if len(block.PrevBlockHash) == 0 {
        break
     }
  }
  return UTXO
}
// Iterator returns a BlockchainIterat
func (bc *Blockchain) Iterator() *BlockchainIterator {
  bci := &BlockchainIterator{bc.tip, bc.db}
  return bci
```

if spentOutIdx == outIdx {

```
}
// MineBlock mines a new block with the provided transactions
func (bc *Blockchain) MineBlock(transactions []*Transaction) *Block {
  var lastHash []byte
  for _, tx := range transactions {
     if bc.VerifyTransaction(tx) != true {
        log.Panic("ERROR: Invalid transaction")
     }
  }
  err := bc.db.View(func(tx *bolt.Tx) error {
     b := tx.Bucket([]byte(blocksBucket))
     lastHash = b.Get([]byte("1"))
     return nil
  })
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  newBlock := NewBlock(transactions, lastHash)
  err = bc.db.Update(func(tx *bolt.Tx) error {
     b := tx.Bucket([]byte(blocksBucket))
     err := b.Put(newBlock.Hash, newBlock.Serialize())
     if err != nil {
        log.Panic(err)
     }
     err = b.Put([]byte("1"), newBlock.Hash)
```

```
if err != nil {
        log.Panic(err)
     }
     bc.tip = newBlock.Hash
     return nil
  })
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  return newBlock
}
// SignTransaction signs inputs of a Transaction
func (bc *Blockchain) SignTransaction(tx *Transaction, privKey ecdsa.PrivateKey)
{
  prevTXs := make(map[string]Transaction)
  for _, vin := range tx.Vin {
     prevTX, err := bc.FindTransaction(vin.Txid)
     if err != nil {
        log.Panic(err)
     }
     prevTXs[hex.EncodeToString(prevTX.ID)] = prevTX
  }
  tx.Sign(privKey, prevTXs)
}
// VerifyTransaction verifies transaction input signatures
func (bc *Blockchain) VerifyTransaction(tx *Transaction) bool {
```

```
if tx.IsCoinbase() {
     return true
  }
  prevTXs := make(map[string]Transaction)
  for _, vin := range tx.Vin {
     prevTX, err := bc.FindTransaction(vin.Txid)
     if err != nil {
        log.Panic(err)
     }
     prevTXs[hex.EncodeToString(prevTX.ID)] = prevTX
  }
  return tx.Verify(prevTXs)
}
func dbExists() bool {
  if _, err := os.Stat(dbFile); os.IsNotExist(err) {
     return false
  }
  return true
}
```

## blockchain\_iterator

```
package main

import (
    "log"

    "github.com/boltdb/bolt"
```

```
)
// BlockchainIterator is used to iterate over blockchain blocks
type BlockchainIterator struct {
  currentHash []byte
  db
             *bolt.DB
}
// Next returns next block starting from the tip
func (i *BlockchainIterator) Next() *Block {
  var block *Block
  err := i.db.View(func(tx *bolt.Tx) error {
     b := tx.Bucket([]byte(blocksBucket))
     encodedBlock := b.Get(i.currentHash)
     block = DeserializeBlock(encodedBlock)
     return nil
  })
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  i.currentHash = block.PrevBlockHash
  return block
}
```

## 默克尔树相关文件

## merkle\_tree.go

```
package main
import (
  "crypto/sha256"
)
// MerkleTree represent a Merkle tree
type MerkleTree struct {
  RootNode *MerkleNode
}
// MerkleNode represent a Merkle tree node
type MerkleNode struct {
  Left *MerkleNode
  Right *MerkleNode
  Data []byte
}
// NewMerkleTree creates a new Merkle tree from a sequence of data
func NewMerkleTree(data [][]byte) *MerkleTree {
  var nodes []MerkleNode
  if len(data)%2 != 0 {
     data = append(data, data[len(data)-1])
  }
  for _, datum := range data {
     node := NewMerkleNode(nil, nil, datum)
```

```
nodes = append(nodes, *node)
  }
  for i := 0; i < len(data)/2; i++ {
     var newLevel []MerkleNode
     for j := 0; j < len(nodes); j += 2 {
        node := NewMerkleNode(&nodes[j], &nodes[j+1], nil)
        newLevel = append(newLevel, *node)
     }
     nodes = newLevel
  }
  mTree := MerkleTree{&nodes[0]}
  return &mTree
}
// NewMerkleNode creates a new Merkle tree node
func NewMerkleNode(left, right *MerkleNode, data []byte) *MerkleNode {
  mNode := MerkleNode{}
  if left == nil && right == nil {
     hash := sha256.Sum256(data)
     mNode.Data = hash[:]
  } else {
     prevHashes := append(left.Data, right.Data...)
     hash := sha256.Sum256(prevHashes)
     mNode.Data = hash[:]
  }
```

```
mNode.Left = left
  mNode.Right = right
  return &mNode
}
交易相关文件
transaction.go
package main
import (
  "bytes"
  "crypto/ecdsa"
  "crypto/elliptic"
  "crypto/rand"
  "crypto/sha256"
  "math/big"
  "encoding/gob"
  "encoding/hex"
  "fmt"
  "log"
  "strings"
)
const subsidy = 10
// Transaction represents a Bitcoin transaction
type Transaction struct {
```

ID []byte

```
Vin []TXInput
  Vout []TXOutput
}
// IsCoinbase checks whether the transaction is coinbase
func (tx Transaction) IsCoinbase() bool {
  return len(tx.Vin) == 1 \&\& len(tx.Vin[0].Txid) == 0 \&\& tx.Vin[0].Vout == -1
}
// Serialize returns a serialized Transaction
func (tx Transaction) Serialize() []byte {
  var encoded bytes.Buffer
  enc := gob.NewEncoder(&encoded)
  err := enc.Encode(tx)
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  return encoded.Bytes()
}
// Hash returns the hash of the Transaction
func (tx *Transaction) Hash() []byte {
  var hash [32]byte
  txCopy := *tx
  txCopy.ID = []byte{}
  hash = sha256.Sum256(txCopy.Serialize())
  return hash[:]
```

```
}
// Sign signs each input of a Transaction
func (tx *Transaction) Sign(privKey ecdsa.PrivateKey, prevTXs
map[string]Transaction) {
  if tx.IsCoinbase() {
     return
  }
  for _, vin := range tx.Vin {
     if prevTXs[hex.EncodeToString(vin.Txid)].ID == nil {
        log.Panic("ERROR: Previous transaction is not correct")
     }
  }
  txCopy := tx.TrimmedCopy()
  for inID, vin := range txCopy.Vin {
     prevTx := prevTXs[hex.EncodeToString(vin.Txid)]
     txCopy.Vin[inID].Signature = nil
     txCopy.Vin[inID].PubKey = prevTx.Vout[vin.Vout].PubKeyHash
     txCopy.ID = txCopy.Hash()
     txCopy.Vin[inID].PubKey = nil
     r, s, err := ecdsa.Sign(rand.Reader, &privKey, txCopy.ID)
     if err != nil {
        log.Panic(err)
     }
     signature := append(r.Bytes(), s.Bytes()...)
     tx.Vin[inID].Signature = signature
  }
```

```
}
// String returns a human-readable representation of a transaction
func (tx Transaction) String() string {
  var lines []string
  lines = append(lines, fmt.Sprintf("--- Transaction %x:", tx.ID))
  for i, input := range tx.Vin {
     lines = append(lines, fmt.Sprintf("
                                            Input %d:", i))
     lines = append(lines, fmt.Sprintf("
                                              TXID:
                                                         %x", input.Txid))
     lines = append(lines, fmt.Sprintf("
                                              Out:
                                                         %d", input.Vout))
     lines = append(lines, fmt.Sprintf("
                                              Signature: %x", input.Signature))
     lines = append(lines, fmt.Sprintf("
                                                         %x", input.PubKey))
                                              PubKey:
  }
  for i, output := range tx.Vout {
     lines = append(lines, fmt.Sprintf(" Output %d:", i))
     lines = append(lines, fmt.Sprintf("
                                              Value: %d", output.Value))
     lines = append(lines, fmt.Sprintf("
                                              Script: %x", output.PubKeyHash))
  }
  return strings.Join(lines, "\n")
}
// TrimmedCopy creates a trimmed copy of Transaction to be used in signing
func (tx *Transaction) TrimmedCopy() Transaction {
  var inputs []TXInput
  var outputs []TXOutput
  for _, vin := range tx.Vin {
```

```
inputs = append(inputs, TXInput{vin.Txid, vin.Vout, nil, nil})
  }
  for _, vout := range tx.Vout {
     outputs = append(outputs, TXOutput{vout.Value, vout.PubKeyHash})
  }
  txCopy := Transaction{tx.ID, inputs, outputs}
  return txCopy
}
// Verify verifies signatures of Transaction inputs
func (tx *Transaction) Verify(prevTXs map[string]Transaction) bool {
  if tx.IsCoinbase() {
     return true
  }
  for _, vin := range tx.Vin {
     if prevTXs[hex.EncodeToString(vin.Txid)].ID == nil {
        log.Panic("ERROR: Previous transaction is not correct")
     }
  }
  txCopy := tx.TrimmedCopy()
  curve := elliptic.P256()
  for inID, vin := range tx.Vin {
     prevTx := prevTXs[hex.EncodeToString(vin.Txid)]
     txCopy.Vin[inID].Signature = nil
     txCopy.Vin[inID].PubKey = prevTx.Vout[vin.Vout].PubKeyHash
     txCopy.ID = txCopy.Hash()
```

```
txCopy.Vin[inID].PubKey = nil
     r := big.Int{}
     s := big.Int{}
     sigLen := len(vin.Signature)
     r.SetBytes(vin.Signature[:(sigLen / 2)])
     s.SetBytes(vin.Signature[(sigLen / 2):])
     x := big.Int{}
     y := big.Int{}
     keyLen := len(vin.PubKey)
     x.SetBytes(vin.PubKey[:(keyLen / 2)])
     y.SetBytes(vin.PubKey[(keyLen / 2):])
     rawPubKey := ecdsa.PublicKey{curve, &x, &y}
     if ecdsa.Verify(&rawPubKey, txCopy.ID, &r, &s) == false {
        return false
     }
  }
  return true
// NewCoinbaseTX creates a new coinbase transaction
func NewCoinbaseTX(to, data string) *Transaction {
  if data == "" {
     randData := make([]byte, 20)
     _, err := rand.Read(randData)
     if err != nil {
        log.Panic(err)
     }
```

```
data = fmt.Sprintf("%x", randData)
  }
  txin := TXInput{[]byte{}, -1, nil, []byte(data)}
  txout := NewTXOutput(subsidy, to)
  tx := Transaction{nil, []TXInput{txin}, []TXOutput{*txout}}
  tx.ID = tx.Hash()
  return &tx
}
// NewUTXOTransaction creates a new transaction
func NewUTXOTransaction(from, to string, amount int, UTXOSet *UTXOSet) *Transaction
{
  var inputs []TXInput
  var outputs []TXOutput
  wallets, err := NewWallets()
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  wallet := wallets.GetWallet(from)
  pubKeyHash := HashPubKey(wallet.PublicKey)
  acc, validOutputs := UTXOSet.FindSpendableOutputs(pubKeyHash, amount)
  if acc < amount {</pre>
     log.Panic("ERROR: Not enough funds")
  }
  // Build a list of inputs
  for txid, outs := range validOutputs {
     txID, err := hex.DecodeString(txid)
```

```
if err != nil {
        log.Panic(err)
     }
     for _, out := range outs {
        input := TXInput{txID, out, nil, wallet.PublicKey}
        inputs = append(inputs, input)
     }
  }
  // Build a list of outputs
  outputs = append(outputs, *NewTXOutput(amount, to))
  if acc > amount {
     outputs = append(outputs, *NewTXOutput(acc-amount, from)) // a change
  }
  tx := Transaction{nil, inputs, outputs}
  tx.ID = tx.Hash()
  UTXOSet.Blockchain.SignTransaction(&tx, wallet.PrivateKey)
  return &tx
transaction input.go
package main
import "bytes"
// TXInput represents a transaction input
type TXInput struct {
  Txid
            []byte
  Vout
            int
```

```
Signature []byte
  PubKey
            []byte
}
// UsesKey checks whether the address initiated the transaction
func (in *TXInput) UsesKey(pubKeyHash []byte) bool {
  lockingHash := HashPubKey(in.PubKey)
  return bytes.Compare(lockingHash, pubKeyHash) == 0
}
transaction output.go
package main
import (
   "bytes"
   "encoding/gob"
  "log"
)
// TXOutput represents a transaction output
type TXOutput struct {
  Value
             int
  PubKeyHash []byte
}
// Lock signs the output
func (out *TXOutput) Lock(address []byte) {
  pubKeyHash := Base58Decode(address)
  pubKeyHash = pubKeyHash[1 : len(pubKeyHash)-4]
  out.PubKeyHash = pubKeyHash
}
```

```
// IsLockedWithKey checks if the output can be used by the owner of the pubkey
func (out *TXOutput) IsLockedWithKey(pubKeyHash []byte) bool {
  return bytes.Compare(out.PubKeyHash, pubKeyHash) == 0
}
// NewTXOutput create a new TXOutput
func NewTXOutput(value int, address string) *TXOutput {
  txo := &TXOutput{value, nil}
  txo.Lock([]byte(address))
  return txo
}
// TXOutputs collects TXOutput
type TXOutputs struct {
  Outputs []TXOutput
}
// Serialize serializes TXOutputs
func (outs TXOutputs) Serialize() []byte {
  var buff bytes.Buffer
  enc := gob.NewEncoder(&buff)
  err := enc.Encode(outs)
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  return buff.Bytes()
}
```

```
// DeserializeOutputs deserializes TXOutputs
func DeserializeOutputs(data []byte) TXOutputs {
  var outputs TXOutputs
  dec := gob.NewDecoder(bytes.NewReader(data))
  err := dec.Decode(&outputs)
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  return outputs
}
wallet.go
package main
import (
  "bytes"
  "crypto/ecdsa"
  "crypto/elliptic"
  "crypto/rand"
  "crypto/sha256"
  "log"
  "golang.org/x/crypto/ripemd160"
)
const version = byte(0x00)
const walletFile = "wallet.dat"
const addressChecksumLen = 4
// Wallet stores private and public keys
```

```
type Wallet struct {
  PrivateKey ecdsa.PrivateKey
  PublicKey []byte
}
// NewWallet creates and returns a Wallet
func NewWallet() *Wallet {
  private, public := newKeyPair()
  wallet := Wallet{private, public}
  return &wallet
}
// GetAddress returns wallet address
func (w Wallet) GetAddress() []byte {
  pubKeyHash := HashPubKey(w.PublicKey)
  versionedPayload := append([]byte{version}, pubKeyHash...)
  checksum := checksum(versionedPayload)
  fullPayload := append(versionedPayload, checksum...)
  address := Base58Encode(fullPayload)
  return address
}
// HashPubKey hashes public key
func HashPubKey(pubKey []byte {
  publicSHA256 := sha256.Sum256(pubKey)
  RIPEMD160Hasher := ripemd160.New()
  _, err := RIPEMD160Hasher.Write(publicSHA256[:])
```

```
if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  publicRIPEMD160 := RIPEMD160Hasher.Sum(nil)
  return publicRIPEMD160
}
// ValidateAddress check if address if valid
func ValidateAddress(address string) bool {
  pubKeyHash := Base58Decode([]byte(address))
  actualChecksum := pubKeyHash[len(pubKeyHash)-addressChecksumLen:]
  version := pubKeyHash[0]
  pubKeyHash = pubKeyHash[1 : len(pubKeyHash)-addressChecksumLen]
  targetChecksum := checksum(append([]byte{version}, pubKeyHash...))
  return bytes.Compare(actualChecksum, targetChecksum) == 0
}
// Checksum generates a checksum for a public key
func checksum(payload []byte) []byte {
  firstSHA := sha256.Sum256(payload)
  secondSHA := sha256.Sum256(firstSHA[:])
  return secondSHA[:addressChecksumLen]
}
func newKeyPair() (ecdsa.PrivateKey, []byte) {
  curve := elliptic.P256()
  private, err := ecdsa.GenerateKey(curve, rand.Reader)
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
```

```
}
  pubKey := append(private.PublicKey.X.Bytes(), private.PublicKey.Y.Bytes()...)
  return *private, pubKey
}
wallets.go
package main
import (
  "bytes"
  "crypto/elliptic"
  "encoding/gob"
  "fmt"
  "io/ioutil"
  "log"
  "os"
)
// Wallets stores a collection of wallets
type Wallets struct {
  Wallets map[string]*Wallet
}
// NewWallets creates Wallets and fills it from a file if it exists
func NewWallets() (*Wallets, error) {
  wallets := Wallets{}
  wallets.Wallets = make(map[string]*Wallet)
  err := wallets.LoadFromFile()
  return &wallets, err
```

```
}
// CreateWallet adds a Wallet to Wallets
func (ws *Wallets) CreateWallet() string {
  wallet := NewWallet()
  address := fmt.Sprintf("%s", wallet.GetAddress())
  ws.Wallets[address] = wallet
  return address
}
// GetAddresses returns an array of addresses stored in the wallet file
func (ws *Wallets) GetAddresses() []string {
  var addresses []string
  for address := range ws.Wallets {
     addresses = append(addresses, address)
  }
  return addresses
}
// GetWallet returns a Wallet by its address
func (ws Wallets) GetWallet(address string) Wallet {
  return *ws.Wallets[address]
}
// LoadFromFile loads wallets from the file
func (ws *Wallets) LoadFromFile() error {
  if _, err := os.Stat(walletFile); os.IsNotExist(err) {
     return err
```

```
}
  fileContent, err := ioutil.ReadFile(walletFile)
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  var wallets Wallets
  gob.Register(elliptic.P256())
  decoder := gob.NewDecoder(bytes.NewReader(fileContent))
  err = decoder.Decode(&wallets)
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  ws.Wallets = wallets.Wallets
  return nil
// SaveToFile saves wallets to a file
func (ws Wallets) SaveToFile() {
  var content bytes.Buffer
  gob.Register(elliptic.P256())
  encoder := gob.NewEncoder(&content)
  err := encoder.Encode(ws)
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
```

```
err = ioutil.WriteFile(walletFile, content.Bytes(), 0644)
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
}
命令行解析相关文件
cli.go
package main
import (
  "flag"
  "fmt"
  "log"
  "os"
)
// CLI responsible for processing command line arguments
type CLI struct{}
func (cli *CLI) printUsage() {
  fmt.Println("Usage:")
  fmt.Println(" createblockchain -address ADDRESS - Create a blockchain and send
genesis block reward to ADDRESS")
  fmt.Println(" createwallet - Generates a new key-pair and saves it into the
wallet file")
  fmt.Println(" getbalance -address ADDRESS - Get balance of ADDRESS")
  fmt.Println(" listaddresses - Lists all addresses from the wallet file")
```

fmt.Println(" printchain - Print all the blocks of the blockchain")

```
fmt.Println(" reindexutxo - Rebuilds the UTXO set")
  fmt.Println(" send -from FROM -to TO -amount AMOUNT - Send AMOUNT of coins from
FROM address to TO")
}
func (cli *CLI) validateArgs() {
  if len(os.Args) < 2 {</pre>
     cli.printUsage()
     os.Exit(1)
  }
}
// Run parses command line arguments and processes commands
func (cli *CLI) Run() {
  cli.validateArgs()
  getBalanceCmd := flag.NewFlagSet("getbalance", flag.ExitOnError)
  createBlockchainCmd := flag.NewFlagSet("createblockchain", flag.ExitOnError)
  createWalletCmd := flag.NewFlagSet("createwallet", flag.ExitOnError)
  listAddressesCmd := flag.NewFlagSet("listaddresses", flag.ExitOnError)
  printChainCmd := flag.NewFlagSet("printchain", flag.ExitOnError)
  reindexUTXOCmd := flag.NewFlagSet("reindexutxo", flag.ExitOnError)
  sendCmd := flag.NewFlagSet("send", flag.ExitOnError)
  getBalanceAddress := getBalanceCmd.String("address", "", "The address to get
balance for")
  createBlockchainAddress := createBlockchainCmd.String("address", "", "The
address to send genesis block reward to")
  sendFrom := sendCmd.String("from", "", "Source wallet address")
  sendTo := sendCmd.String("to", "", "Destination wallet address")
  sendAmount := sendCmd.Int("amount", 0, "Amount to send")
```

```
switch os.Args[1] {
case "getbalance":
  err := getBalanceCmd.Parse(os.Args[2:])
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
case "createblockchain":
  err := createBlockchainCmd.Parse(os.Args[2:])
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
case "createwallet":
  err := createWalletCmd.Parse(os.Args[2:])
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
case "listaddresses":
  err := listAddressesCmd.Parse(os.Args[2:])
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
case "printchain":
  err := printChainCmd.Parse(os.Args[2:])
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
case "send":
  err := sendCmd.Parse(os.Args[2:])
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
case "reindexutxo":
```

```
err := reindexUTXOCmd.Parse(os.Args[2:])
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
default:
  cli.printUsage()
  os.Exit(1)
}
if getBalanceCmd.Parsed() {
  if *getBalanceAddress == "" {
     getBalanceCmd.Usage()
     os.Exit(1)
  }
  cli.getBalance(*getBalanceAddress)
}
if createBlockchainCmd.Parsed() {
  if *createBlockchainAddress == "" {
     createBlockchainCmd.Usage()
    os.Exit(1)
  }
  cli.createBlockchain(*createBlockchainAddress)
}
if createWalletCmd.Parsed() {
  cli.createWallet()
}
if listAddressesCmd.Parsed() {
  cli.listAddresses()
}
```

```
if printChainCmd.Parsed() {
    cli.printChain()
}

if reindexUTXOCmd.Parsed() {
    cli.reindexUTXO()
}

if sendCmd.Parsed() {
    if *sendFrom == "" || *sendTo == "" || *sendAmount <= 0 {
        sendCmd.Usage()
        os.Exit(1)
    }

    cli.send(*sendFrom, *sendTo, *sendAmount)
}</pre>
```

## cli\_createblockchain.go

```
import (
    "fmt"
    "log"
)

func (cli *CLI) createBlockchain(address string) {
    if !ValidateAddress(address) {
        log.Panic("ERROR: Address is not valid")
```

```
}
  bc := CreateBlockchain(address)
  defer bc.db.Close()
  UTXOSet := UTXOSet{bc}
  UTXOSet.Reindex()
  fmt.Println("Done!")
}
cli_createwallet.go
package main
import "fmt"
func (cli *CLI) createWallet() {
  wallets, _ := NewWallets()
  address := wallets.CreateWallet()
  wallets.SaveToFile()
  fmt.Printf("Your new address: %s\n", address)
}
cli.gebalance.go
package main
import (
  "fmt"
  "log"
```

```
)
func (cli *CLI) getBalance(address string) {
  if !ValidateAddress(address) {
     log.Panic("ERROR: Address is not valid")
  }
  bc := NewBlockchain()
  UTXOSet := UTXOSet{bc}
  defer bc.db.Close()
  balance := 0
  pubKeyHash := Base58Decode([]byte(address))
  pubKeyHash = pubKeyHash[1 : len(pubKeyHash)-4]
  UTXOs := UTXOSet.FindUTXO(pubKeyHash)
  for _, out := range UTXOs {
     balance += out.Value
  }
  fmt.Printf("Balance of '%s': %d\n", address, balance)
}
cli listaddress.go
package main
import (
  "fmt"
  "log"
)
```

```
func (cli *CLI) listAddresses() {
  wallets, err := NewWallets()
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  addresses := wallets.GetAddresses()
  for _, address := range addresses {
     fmt.Println(address)
  }
}
cli_printchain.go
package main
import (
  "fmt"
  "strconv"
)
func (cli *CLI) printChain() {
  bc := NewBlockchain()
  defer bc.db.Close()
  bci := bc.Iterator()
  for {
     block := bci.Next()
     fmt.Printf("======= Block %x ======\n", block.Hash)
```

```
fmt.Printf("Prev. block: %x\n", block.PrevBlockHash)
pow := NewProofOfWork(block)
fmt.Printf("PoW: %s\n\n", strconv.FormatBool(pow.Validate()))
for _, tx := range block.Transactions {
    fmt.Println(tx)
}
fmt.Printf("\n\n")

if len(block.PrevBlockHash) == 0 {
    break
}
}
```

## cli\_reindexutxo.go

```
package main

import "fmt"

func (cli *CLI) reindexUTXO() {
   bc := NewBlockchain()
   UTXOSet := UTXOSet{bc}
   UTXOSet.Reindex()

   count := UTXOSet.CountTransactions()
   fmt.Printf("Done! There are %d transactions in the UTXO set.\n", count)
}
```

## cli\_send.go

```
package main
import (
  "fmt"
  "log"
)
func (cli *CLI) send(from, to string, amount int) {
  if !ValidateAddress(from) {
     log.Panic("ERROR: Sender address is not valid")
  }
  if !ValidateAddress(to) {
     log.Panic("ERROR: Recipient address is not valid")
  }
  bc := NewBlockchain()
  UTXOSet := UTXOSet{bc}
  defer bc.db.Close()
  tx := NewUTXOTransaction(from, to, amount, &UTXOSet)
  cbTx := NewCoinbaseTX(from, "")
  txs := []*Transaction{cbTx, tx}
  newBlock := bc.MineBlock(txs)
  UTXOSet.Update(newBlock)
  fmt.Println("Success!")
}
```

## 其他程序

```
utils.go
package main
import (
  "bytes"
  "crypto/elliptic"
  "encoding/gob"
  "fmt"
  "io/ioutil"
  "log"
  "os"
)
// Wallets stores a collection of wallets
type Wallets struct {
  Wallets map[string]*Wallet
}
// NewWallets creates Wallets and fills it from a file if it exists
func NewWallets() (*Wallets, error) {
  wallets := Wallets{}
  wallets.Wallets = make(map[string]*Wallet)
  err := wallets.LoadFromFile()
  return &wallets, err
}
// CreateWallet adds a Wallet to Wallets
func (ws *Wallets) CreateWallet() string {
```

```
wallet := NewWallet()
  address := fmt.Sprintf("%s", wallet.GetAddress())
  ws.Wallets[address] = wallet
  return address
}
// GetAddresses returns an array of addresses stored in the wallet file
func (ws *Wallets) GetAddresses() []string {
  var addresses []string
  for address := range ws.Wallets {
     addresses = append(addresses, address)
  }
  return addresses
}
// GetWallet returns a Wallet by its address
func (ws Wallets) GetWallet(address string) Wallet {
  return *ws.Wallets[address]
}
// LoadFromFile loads wallets from the file
func (ws *Wallets) LoadFromFile() error {
  if _, err := os.Stat(walletFile); os.IsNotExist(err) {
     return err
  }
  fileContent, err := ioutil.ReadFile(walletFile)
  if err != nil {
```

```
log.Panic(err)
  }
  var wallets Wallets
  gob.Register(elliptic.P256())
  decoder := gob.NewDecoder(bytes.NewReader(fileContent))
  err = decoder.Decode(&wallets)
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  ws.Wallets = wallets.Wallets
  return nil
}
// SaveToFile saves wallets to a file
func (ws Wallets) SaveToFile() {
  var content bytes.Buffer
  gob.Register(elliptic.P256())
  encoder := gob.NewEncoder(&content)
  err := encoder.Encode(ws)
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  err = ioutil.WriteFile(walletFile, content.Bytes(), 0644)
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
```

```
}
}
utxo_set.go
package main
import (
  "encoding/hex"
  "log"
  "github.com/boltdb/bolt"
)
const utxoBucket = "chainstate"
// UTXOSet represents UTXO set
type UTXOSet struct {
  Blockchain *Blockchain
}
// FindSpendableOutputs finds and returns unspent outputs to reference in inputs
func (u UTXOSet) FindSpendableOutputs(pubkeyHash []byte, amount int) (int,
map[string][]int) {
  unspentOutputs := make(map[string][]int)
  accumulated := 0
  db := u.Blockchain.db
  err := db.View(func(tx *bolt.Tx) error {
     b := tx.Bucket([]byte(utxoBucket))
     c := b.Cursor()
     for k, v := c.First(); k != nil; k, v = c.Next() {
```

```
txID := hex.EncodeToString(k)
        outs := DeserializeOutputs(v)
        for outIdx, out := range outs.Outputs {
           if out.IsLockedWithKey(pubkeyHash) && accumulated < amount {</pre>
              accumulated += out.Value
              unspentOutputs[txID] = append(unspentOutputs[txID], outIdx)
           }
        }
     }
     return nil
  })
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  return accumulated, unspentOutputs
}
// FindUTXO finds UTXO for a public key hash
func (u UTXOSet) FindUTXO(pubKeyHash []byte) []TXOutput {
  var UTXOs []TXOutput
  db := u.Blockchain.db
  err := db.View(func(tx *bolt.Tx) error {
     b := tx.Bucket([]byte(utxoBucket))
     c := b.Cursor()
     for k, v := c.First(); k != nil; k, v = c.Next() {
        outs := DeserializeOutputs(v)
```

```
for _, out := range outs.Outputs {
           if out.IsLockedWithKey(pubKeyHash) {
             UTXOs = append(UTXOs, out)
          }
        }
     }
     return nil
  })
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  return UTXOs
}
// CountTransactions returns the number of transactions in the UTXO set
func (u UTXOSet) CountTransactions() int {
  db := u.Blockchain.db
  counter := 0
  err := db.View(func(tx *bolt.Tx) error {
     b := tx.Bucket([]byte(utxoBucket))
     c := b.Cursor()
     for k, _ := c.First(); k != nil; k, _ = c.Next() {
        counter++
     }
     return nil
  })
  if err != nil {
```

```
log.Panic(err)
  }
  return counter
}
// Reindex rebuilds the UTXO set
func (u UTXOSet) Reindex() {
  db := u.Blockchain.db
  bucketName := []byte(utxoBucket)
  err := db.Update(func(tx *bolt.Tx) error {
     err := tx.DeleteBucket(bucketName)
     if err != nil && err != bolt.ErrBucketNotFound {
        log.Panic(err)
     }
     _, err = tx.CreateBucket(bucketName)
     if err != nil {
        log.Panic(err)
     }
     return nil
  })
  if err != nil {
     log.Panic(err)
  }
  UTXO := u.Blockchain.FindUTXO()
  err = db.Update(func(tx *bolt.Tx) error {
     b := tx.Bucket(bucketName)
```

```
for txID, outs := range UTXO {
        key, err := hex.DecodeString(txID)
        if err != nil {
          log.Panic(err)
        }
        err = b.Put(key, outs.Serialize())
        if err != nil {
           log.Panic(err)
        }
     }
     return nil
  })
}
// Update updates the UTXO set with transactions from the Block
// The Block is considered to be the tip of a blockchain
func (u UTXOSet) Update(block *Block) {
  db := u.Blockchain.db
  err := db.Update(func(tx *bolt.Tx) error {
     b := tx.Bucket([]byte(utxoBucket))
     for _, tx := range block.Transactions {
        if tx.IsCoinbase() == false {
           for _, vin := range tx.Vin {
             updatedOuts := TXOutputs{}
             outsBytes := b.Get(vin.Txid)
             outs := DeserializeOutputs(outsBytes)
```

```
for outIdx, out := range outs.Outputs {
        if outIdx != vin.Vout {
           updatedOuts.Outputs = append(updatedOuts.Outputs, out)
        }
     }
     if len(updatedOuts.Outputs) == 0 {
        err := b.Delete(vin.Txid)
        if err != nil {
          log.Panic(err)
        }
     } else {
        err := b.Put(vin.Txid, updatedOuts.Serialize())
        if err != nil {
           log.Panic(err)
        }
     }
  }
}
newOutputs := TXOutputs{}
for _, out := range tx.Vout {
  newOutputs.Outputs = append(newOutputs.Outputs, out)
}
err := b.Put(tx.ID, newOutputs.Serialize())
if err != nil {
  log.Panic(err)
}
```

```
return nil
})
if err != nil {
    log.Panic(err)
}
```

# 命令行所有操作

```
\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>go run ./ createwallet
ur new address: 1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa
\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学朋\go语言与区块链\期未设计\My_Blockchain>go run ./ createwallet
ur new address: 1F2uQFKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNePlm46zSu7
,Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>go run ./ createwallet
ur new address: 1PuGHSE87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve
Jerry'My University'大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1JGQkTlEabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL
existing blockchain found. Create one first.
\Jerry'My University\大学\课程\第三学朋\golfaj与环块链\朋末设计My_Blockchain>go run ./ createblockchain=address 1JGQkTlEabQnw4Ayc7PusPuWvaVkfrAdSL
0000a730a730259a39a91091947400b230631acdf0316fdee408ce5fa6da6
\Jerry'My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go讲言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>go rum./ getbalance -address 1JQQkTlEabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL
lance of 'lJQQkTlEabQnw4AycfPusPmWvaVkfrAdSL: 10
\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1F2uQFKvztt2bFji9Jb8tfBNePlm46zSu7
lance of 'lF2uQFKvztt2bFji9Jb8tfBNePlm46zSu7': 0
Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4e
ance of '1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve': 0
 Jerry'My University'人学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain\go run ./ listaddresses
NDFKvztt'DhFi9Th8tFBWaPladfe-Sun7
Jerry Ne Iniversity 大学、证明、第二字 则或语言 写版,则成说 则 K设计 My_Blockchain on run / send from 1JQQkTlEabqme4AycTPusPmWraVkfrAdSL -to 1AQuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnQQxSgf72NHZa -amount 8
0000Ffaabg80Sgf05gf05gf05gf04ff46329quc86agf64df965il70Agf64df965il70Agf
\Jerry\My_University\大学\课程\第三学则\go语音与区块链\期未设计\My_Blockchain>go_run_./ getbalance -address 1JGQkTlEabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL
Jance_of '1JGQkTlEabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL': 1
\Jerry'Wy University\大学\课程\第三学期\goll;行与区块链\期未设计\My_Blockchain'go run . / getbalance -address IAGuGAjBoxv6TcUjpCJTnGQx5gf72MEa
Jance of "IAGuGAjBoxv6TcUjpCJTnGQx5gf72MEa : 8
\Jerry\My University\大学\覆附\第三学期\goifi言与环块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain)go run ./ getbalance -address lPuGH5857z9DQg7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve
Jance of 'lPuGH8857z9DQg7nBhE89tFNiH4euvz7ve'; 0
\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go请音与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1JGQkTlEabQnm4AycTPusPmWvaVkfrAdSL
lance of 'lJGQkTlEabQnm4AycTPusPmWvaYkfrAdSL: 1
\Jerry\Wy_University\大学\课程\第三学期\go\H言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa
lance of *lAGuGA]BoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa: 1
\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go讲言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain)go run ./ getbalance -address 1PuGHSES7z9DQp7nBnES9tFNiH4euvz7ve
lance of '1PuGHSES7z9DQp7nBnES9tFNiH4euvz7ve : 0
Jerry My University 大学 (現程) 第三学期(go语言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain) go run ./ getbalance -address 1JGQkT1EabQnw4AycFPusPmWvaVkfrAdSL
ance of '1JGQkT1EabQnw4AycFPusPmWvaYkfrAdSL': 0
\]erry\My_University\大学\课程\第三学期\golfa与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>go_run_./ getbalance -address 1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnQxSgf72MHZa
lance of *1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUpCJTnQxSgf72MHZa:0
\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go讲言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain)go run ./ getbalance -address 1F2uQFKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfENePla#6zSu7
lance of "1F2uQFKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfENePla#6zSu7": 0
\Jerry\Wy_University\大学\课程\第三学期\go语言与区块链\期末设计\My_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1PuGHSE87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve
lance of '1PuGHSE87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve': 10
```

```
07ab9d7e52f8b95e28830443ae7e6295c459913e63a5bcf5e3248e9173dc5cce5fdb9c3a09e58bf3549b9b0eb9116b43edc20c1fe365b1da36
550e2961bd547f17acb5f016602a0a3c86f3c78fd0c1b20dc1310c8269baf10b322383cba744424ea7089e13f048bac37ab38d2ac2798f8275
.
24cd61700f0e00874111011fd80cd08e6999805e447e7cacb664bd34b14fdaf941ef1c88e62b0c8b4d35eab4d3af600b8d6a28d3b5a1f61d50f2ad7e12de5da4
4a26b8bef12c2d8b84397f176168628b2392d16b8683c05b9198c7c194ace61f6af9fb85da432c67dcea45175cb72c2ef44e8eda3f04d4fa6b08ab00d1e1ea94
```

Microsoft Windows 「版本 10.0.18363.1316]

(c) 2019 Microsoft Corporation。保留所有权利。

C:\Users\Jerry>cd /d E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My Blockchain

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计

 $\verb|\My_Blockchain>go run ./ createwallet|$ 

Your new address: 1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ createwallet

Your new address: 1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ createwallet

Your new address: 1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ createwallet

Your new address: 1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL

No existing blockchain found. Create one first.

exit status 1

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计 \My\_Blockchain>go run ./ createblockchain -address 1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL

000000a730a7302b9e39d910914b4740b02006314cdf0316fdee408ce5fa6da6

Done!

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计 \My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL

Balance of '1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL': 10

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa
Balance of '1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa': 0

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7
Balance of '1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7': 0

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address
1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve
Balance of '1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve': 0

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计 \My\_Blockchain>go run ./ listaddresses

1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7

1FBWEkmfUr6kvuMM2gZJu9fHso1PgFhQn3

1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa

1FXDQMRLXhFZeuntZKY9yDQ9uyUNbFgp6i

1MMsuA1THnCmgSnrNiBKXyCaBwjuf7Uzsu

1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve

164pp1PUQ3ykrictxQrte9RJ5eHEf27Fdt

1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ send -from 1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL-to 1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa -amount 8 000000e77daa08e3b592d6cf9a30d4774e423e01acc8a1aafcedd9e5c11670b4

#### Success!

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ send -from 1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL-to 1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7 -amount 1 0000000a20b27253e821b10ec56b5dfeeba6a6d8240f860ac376b036c3ea9d90b

## Success!

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL
Balance of '1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL': 1

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1AGuGAjBoxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa n
Balance of '1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa': 8

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7
Balance of '1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7': 1

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address
1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve
Balance of '1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve': 0

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ send -from 1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa-to 1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7 -amount 7

### Success!

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL
Balance of '1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL': 1

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa
Balance of '1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa': 1

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7
Balance of '1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7': 8

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve Balance of '1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve': 0

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ send -from 1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL-to 1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve -amount 1 00000089b0c82de2830c1e6ab7d544903311325e3c6b1848090eafbfc87d625d

## Success!

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计

\My\_Blockchain\go run ./ send -from 1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa -to 1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve -amount 1 000000207fe02b05d712d474fe0a1bd6377daca69eb5f60658d329f5305eb033

### Success!

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ send -from 1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7-to 1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve -amount 8 00000065fab8754aa3938724297c70cadb95e92fdccc95fc42371cc8622825d5

### Success!

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL Balance of '1JGQkT1EabQnw4Ayc7PusPmWvaVkfrAdSL': 0

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa
Balance of '1AGuGAjBoSxv6TcUjpCJTnGQxSgf72NHZa': 0

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7
Balance of '1F2uQPKvztt2bPji9Jb8tfBNeP1m46zSu7': 0

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计\My\_Blockchain>go run ./ getbalance -address 1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve Balance of '1PuGH8E87z9DQp7nBnE89tFNiH4euvz7ve': 10

E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计
\My_Blockchain>go run ./ printchain
======== Block
00000065fab8754aa3938724297c70cadb95e92fdccc95fc42371cc8622825d5
=======================================
Prev. block:
000000207fe02b05d712d474fe0a1bd6377daca69eb5f60658d329f5305eb033
PoW: true
Transaction
175f19bec5fc610796bb8d88d61e128af591aec4ff2c5e84ebf9632cbda01c7a:
Input 0:
TXID:
9587e41c06ddfac3a5623138f42bc34dca1bf5efe8eb71c2ebd977f51e78d794
Out: 0
Signature:
bf5b80abe9ffd07ab9d7e52f8b95e28830443ae7e6295c459913e63a5bcf5e3248e91
73dc5cce5fdb9c3a09e58bf3549b9b0eb9116b43edc20c1fe365b1da361
PubKey:
daf35edd085eb050e2961bd547f17acb5f016602a0a3c86f3c78fd0c1b20dc1310c82
69baf10b322383cba744424ea7089e13f048bac37ab38d2ac2798f82751
Input 1:
TXID:
107cdc7f1840f116c7d292970215e819ddc06333b1c55c26464f99ea758b357d
Out: 0
Signature:
607 a d77 f592 deb2 b5 b802 d7679 f9283 c717 cab2 d3 df09 b95 ed6 bbe24162 ee2 a1 dac41 be26 data for the contraction of the
832f481aa04245b94d307eecf0ea440ffaa29d3695c71af48e3663faac9
PubKey:
$\tt daf35edd085eb050e2961bd547f17acb5f016602a0a3c86f3c78fd0c1b20dc1310c82$

69 baf 10 b 32 23 83 cba 7444 24 ea 7089 e 13f 048 bac 37 ab 38 d 2 ac 2798 f 82751

======== Block
000000207fe02b05d712d474fe0a1bd6377daca69eb5f60658d329f5305eb033
Prev. block:
00000089b0c82de2830c1e6ab7d544903311325e3c6b1848090eafbfc87d625d
PoW: true
Transaction
0780efe0263f6fb0a1ac0b9137425c5ba5e24337f2ae74aa55447fdd5cf885a5:
Input 0:
TXID:
9587e41c06ddfac3a5623138f42bc34dca1bf5efe8eb71c2ebd977f51e78d794
Out: 1
Signature:
2edc61700f0e00874111011fd80cd08e6999805e447e7cacb664bd34b14fdaf941ef1
c88e62b0c8b4d35eab4d3af600b8d6a28d3b5a1f61d50f2ad7e12de5da4
PubKey:
4a26b8be612c2d8b84397f176168628b2392d16b8683c05b9198c7c194ace61f6af9f
b85da432c67dcea45175cb72c2ef44e8eda3f04d4fa6b08ab00d1e1ea94
Output 0:
Value: 1
Script: fb352694109e8ae2dd47e1189e4bcb0e5fcac8cf
======== Block
00000089b0c82de2830c1e6ab7d544903311325e3c6b1848090eafbfc87d625d

Script: fb352694109e8ae2dd47e1189e4bcb0e5fcac8cf

Output 0:

Value: 8

Prev. block	:
000000339d0f394d3da1279904e11c4cd3df2c88a35dff17cbc73ee66eed4186	
PoW: true	
Transaction	on
lbb7a7fdd1ba3be6a2602199ba9abc12ba6953df9c479d2d91d90631e3532c4a:	
Input 0:	
TXID:	
107cdc7f1840f116c7d292970215e819ddc06333b1c55c26464f99ea758b357d	
Out: 1	
Signature:	
ba17f1648a999075f2b0d4e3b8aed83623e95849eefb6ad2c77dc64b879d3da3c53a	13
ld6fb1e51827739c29fd6bdb056616d0dc465cb4c79af142c1a65f685c0	
PubKey:	
a7e85e0623eb5ba93a77246705db6fcd15b571f21ca5839e7920ff5bb69a32008897	7
1143f2c4f971d55b7c559294647f6fbb656ad54ab4974a04499cb40af30	
Output 0:	
Value: 1	
Script: fb352694109e8ae2dd47e1189e4bcb0e5fcac8cf	
Bloc	ck
000000339d0f394d3da1279904e11c4cd3df2c88a35dff17cbc73ee66eed4186	
========	
Prev. block	:
000000a20b27253e821b10ec56b5dfeeba6a6d8240f860ac376b036c3ea9d90b	
PoW: true	
Transaction	n
9587e41c06ddfac3a5623138f42bc34dca1bf5efe8eb71c2ebd977f51e78d794:	
Input 0:	
TXID:	

918b1c5bc438d6a042811bd08effb61afb983fd80c039a3ff37faa3af05ce45f
Out: 0
Signature:
6c34a4c293f280f64e4a6113fabb2ab9dbb0bd7befdfa6831e5205f22f505c1f76ca4
49f3389d829970c05f7170a054e2df60651541a4c5bab5dd7dabd444a16
PubKey:
4a26b8be612c2d8b84397f176168628b2392d16b8683c05b9198c7c194ace61f6af9f
b85 da 432 c67 dc ea 45175 cb 72 c2 ef 44 e8 eda 3f 04 d4 fa 6b 08 ab 00 d1 e1 ea 94
Output 0:
Value: 7
Script: 99edebc0fdf519b5d863fa7f92e72c1e530f1736
Output 1:
Value: 1
Script: 65baff48208d3accdbcabe47f1ae76b996275d07
========= Block
000000a20b27253e821b10ec56b5dfeeba6a6d8240f860ac376b036c3ea9d90b ==========
Prev. block:
000000e77daa08e3b592d6cf9a30d4774e423e01acc8a1aafcedd9e5c11670b4
PoW: true
Transaction
107cdc7f1840f116c7d292970215e819ddc06333b1c55c26464f99ea758b357d:
Input 0:
TXID:
918b1c5bc438d6a042811bd08effb61afb983fd80c039a3ff37faa3af05ce45f
Out: 1
Signature:
b65e32f50f94f438a9e8e9468099f1dc3fd71a1853ee2381e6a24421c8992d158a989
341d03364ded19c1a449cdc8c53c87a0f1871c8950736082b82fef95f3c

PubKey:
a7e85e0623eb5ba93a77246705db6fcd15b571f21ca5839e7920ff5bb69a320088977
1143f2c4f971d55b7c559294647f6fbb656ad54ab4974a04499cb40af30
Output 0:
Value: 1
Script: 99edebc0fdf519b5d863fa7f92e72c1e530f1736
Output 1:
Value: 1
Script: bd6433d7a4f3e01b2416dcc7828f63064511b697
======== Block
000000e77 daa 08e3b592d6cf9a30d4774e423e01acc8a1aafcedd9e5c11670b4
Prev. block:
000000a730a7302b9e39d910914b4740b02006314cdf0316fdee408ce5fa6da6
PoW: true
Transaction
918b1c5bc438d6a042811bd08effb61afb983fd80c039a3ff37faa3af05ce45f:
Input 0:
TXID:
565 dc 3b 93 c 0e 62689475 e 13b 957453009 e 2289b 02d 94a 32d 0d 75e a 144d 8d d07f
Out: 0
Signature:
3 d 191788 c 43 d 0 b a 2 a 2025691 c 1f 6f 57 c a b a 4448 a d 7b 8 c 921429728 e e 86 e 5f 0 b a 8356 e
$781857116865290 {\rm dfcd} 03 {\rm d} 982 {\rm a} 8a68 {\rm c} 0614899 {\rm e} 7003 {\rm d} 1 {\rm c} 0347 {\rm a} a483 {\rm e} 2 {\rm d} f$
PubKey:
a7e85e0623eb5ba93a77246705db6fcd15b571f21ca5839e7920ff5bb69a320088977
1143f2c4f971d55b7c559294647f6fbb656ad54ab4974a04499cb40af30
Output 0:

Value: 8

Value: 2
Script: bd6433d7a4f3e01b2416dcc7828f63064511b697
======== Block
000000a730a7302b9e39d910914b4740b02006314cdf0316fdee408ce5fa6da6
=========
Prev. block:
PoW: true
Transaction
565 dc 3b 93 c 0e 62689475 e 13b 957453009 e 2289b 02d 94a 32d 0d 75e a 144d 8dd 07f:
Input 0:
TXID:
Out: -1
Signature:
PubKey:
5468652054696d65732030332f4a616e2f32303039204368616e63656c6c6f72206f6
e206272696e6b206f66207365636f6e64206261696c6f757420666f722062616e6b73
Output 0:
Value: 10
Script: bd6433d7a4f3e01b2416dcc7828f63064511b697
E:\Jerry\My University\大学\课程\第三学期\go 语言与区块链\期末设计

Script: 65baff48208d3accdbcabe47f1ae76b996275d07

Output 1:

 $\verb|\My_Blockchain>|$