

Warm Up:

What is the name of the Ransomware Worm that disabled hospitals worldwide in May of 2017?



Forensix

Basic Linux

Better Google, Better Results

- Search for the right things
 - Terms like “hardening”, “security practices”
- Search conventions
 - “something”
 - Exact match
 - -something
 - Exclude
 - Site:something.com
 - Specific site
 - Type:pdf
 - Search by filetype



● Bad thing?

- `dpkg -l`
 - Shows packages and what they do
 - `dpkg -l | grep "<package name>" | less`
- If you don't know what something means google it
 - "Sniffers", "crackers", "brute force", are generally bad
 - Even if something may be useful, consider what a hacker could do with it if they enter your system
 - Read the ReadMe

- How to bad thing go away?

- - sudo apt-get
 - remove
 - Gets rid of package
 - purge
 - Gets rid of package and configs
 - autoremove
 - Gets rid of package and dependencies
 - purge --autoremove



“

*“What the **** does the asterisk mean???” - Anya*

- What are forensics?

- - You will get several forensics questions on every competition image
 - Start with 2 and get more
 - These are generally questions about your system but may include simple CTF materials (mostly crypto)
 - Includes but isn't limited to file hunting, file properties (size, ownership, perms, etc.), log analysis, system info

“

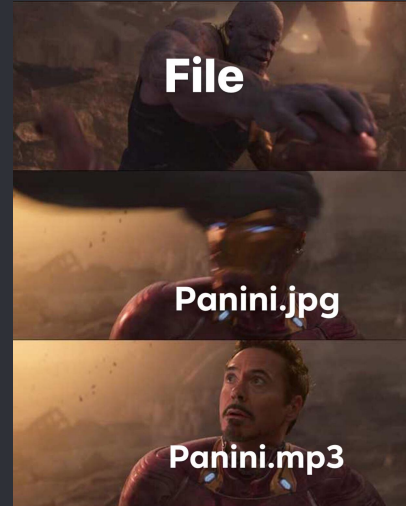
CP likes to keep things spicy; we will give you some starting tips but there will probably be something new to google almost every round

“

*“Why can’t I open this jpg?!?! REEEEE!!!”
- y’all*

File

- file <filename/path>
 - Will show what the file's real file type is
 - Forensics questions will sometime ask for a file's type, or it may ask you to open or manipulate a file with the wrong extension
 - Just change the thing



● How file hunt?



- Two (2) tools we commonly use
 - find
 - grep
- Each works differently, use depends on situation or personal preference

Find

- General syntax
 - `find <filename/path>`
- To find a certain filetype
 - `find <directory> -name *.<file extension>`
 - Use `/` for directory to search entire filesystem
 - EX: `find /home -name *.<file extension>` if file is known to be in a user directory
- Other options exist, look in the man page and play around in your spare time if you want

● Grep

- General syntax
 - `grep <pattern> <file>`
- To find certain filetype
 - `find <directory> | grep [.]<file extension>`
 - Uses find to get all files in the directory, then uses grep to search for the file extension
 - Same rules as before for find
- Grep has MANY fun options to use, it is strongly recommended to play with it some time

● Find vs Grep

- Can be used together
- find looks for file names and can be used for directories
- grep looks for strings/patterns and can only be used on text
 - Note that grep can look inside files^^
- Both use regex (regular expressions) to search for things
 - Advanced topic
 - If you want to, you can how to use regex to do all kinds of crazy things with grep
 - can make searching for certain strings (EX: IP Addresses) within files very easy
 - <https://regexone.com/> is a useful training if you have spare time

“

“What?! This isn’t Caesar Cipher!!”

suffers mental breakdown

*- no0bs who did two (2) PicoCTF
problems in middle school*

● Crypto

- *CTF Crypto problems get much harder than what is covered here very fast*
- More often than not, Crypto problems will be a simple base conversion or shift cipher
- Base Conversions
 - Binary, Octal, Hex, Base64
 - Find translators online
- Other simple things
 - <http://rumkin.com/tools/cipher/>
- Try googling ciphertext traits if these don't work
 - EX: "=" signs at the end, only numbers, 3 keys, R-value provided

● File properties

- Lots of info can be provided by ls
- Man ls and play around with the options
 - Most commonly used are ls -a and ls -l
 - Shorthand for ls -a is la
 - Hidden files
 - Shorthand for ls -l is ll
 - Long list format, provides most of the useful file properties for forensics (perms, ownership)
 - *note, lla and lal don't exist, if you want to see hidden files with long list properties you'll have to use ls -la to stack the effects*

- Godspeed and good hunting