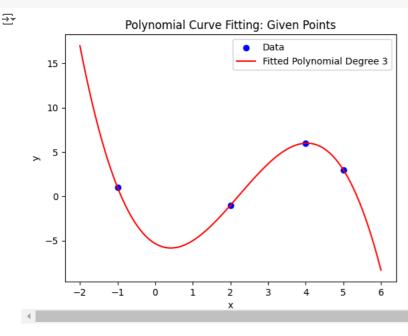
```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.datasets import load_diabetes
```

Textbook Problem (Q3)

```
# Define the points
x_{points} = np.array([2, 5, 4, -1])
y_points = np.array([-1, 3, 6, 1])
# Fit a polynomial of degree 3
degree = 3
coefficients = np.polyfit(x_points, y_points, degree)
# Create the polynomial model using the coefficients
polynomial = np.poly1d(coefficients)
# Generate the values of the fitted polynomial
x_{fit} = np.linspace(min(x_points) - 1, max(x_points) + 1, 100)
y_{fit} = polynomial(x_{fit})
# Plotting the original data and the fitted polynomial curve
plt.scatter(x_points, y_points, color='blue', label='Data')
plt.plot(x_fit, y_fit, color='red', label=f'Fitted Polynomial Degree {degree}')
plt.legend()
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.title('Polynomial Curve Fitting: Given Points')
plt.show()
```



Based on diabetes dataset

Load the Diabetes dataset

```
diabetes = load_diabetes()
X = diabetes.data[:, 2] # Body Mass Index (bmi)
y = diabetes.target
                         # Disease progression (y)
# Fit a polynomial of degree 3
degree = 3
coefficients = np.polyfit(X, y, degree)
# Create the polynomial model using the coefficients
polynomial = np.poly1d(coefficients)
# Generate the values of the fitted polynomial
X_fit = np.linspace(X.min(), X.max(), 100)
y_fit = polynomial(X_fit)
# Plotting the original data and the fitted polynomial curve
plt.scatter(X, y, color='blue', label='Data')
plt.plot(X_fit, y_fit, color='red', label=f'Fitted Polynomial Degree {degree}')
plt.legend()
plt.xlabel('Body Mass Index (BMI)')
plt.ylabel('Disease Progression')
plt.title('Polynomial Curve Fitting: BMI vs Disease Progression')
plt.show()
```

