## Optional practice problems

Stat 151A, Fall 2017

September 23, 2017

1. Complete the missing values in the following R output complete

```
> summary(mod1)
```

## Call:

lm(formula = prestige ~ education + income, data = dat)

## Residuals:

Min 1Q Median 3Q Max -19.4040 -5.3308 0.0154 4.9803 17.6889

## Coefficients:

Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -6.8477787 3.2189771 -2.127 XXXXX
education XXXXX 0.3489120 11.858 < 2e-16 \*\*\*
income 0.0013612 0.0002242 6.071 2.36e-08 \*\*\*

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Signif. codes: 0 â $\breve{A}\ddot{Y}***\tilde{a}\breve{A}\acute{Z}$  0.001 â $\breve{A}\ddot{Y}**\tilde{a}\breve{A}\acute{Z}$  0.01 â $\breve{A}\ddot{Y}*\tilde{a}\breve{A}\acute{Z}$  0.05 â $\breve{A}\ddot{Y}.\tilde{a}\breve{A}\acute{Z}$  0.1 â $\breve{A}\ddot{Y}$  â $\breve{A}\acute{Z}$ 

Residual standard error: 7.81 on XXXX degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.798, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7939

F-statistic: 195.6 on 2 and 99 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

- 2. For the output above construct %95 confidence intervals for the coefficients of each of the exploratory variables.
- 3. For the following statements determine whether they are true of false. In each case provide a reason behind your choice.
  - (a) In a simple linear regression model with n > p, if  $(\beta_0, \beta_1)$  is not estimable then  $\beta_1$  is not estimable.
  - (b) In the linear regression model, the ols estimator is biased if the errors are correlated.

4. Consider the linear model with J groups

$$y_i = \mu_1 I(i \in 1st) + \ldots + \mu_J I(i \in Jth) + \epsilon_i$$
  
=  $\mu_1 x_{1i} + \ldots + \mu_J x_{Ji} + \epsilon_i$ .

Show that the ols estimator  $\hat{\mu}$  satisfies

$$\hat{\mu}_j = \frac{1}{n_j} \sum_{i \in jth \text{ group}} y_i$$

where  $n_j$  is the number of observations i in group j.

5. The following problems from the book: 5.3, 5.4, 6.6, 9.8,





